

EXHIBIT C

Facility Descriptions

MATERIAL RECOVERY FACILITY

The Material Recovery Facility (MRF) receives the residential and commercial municipal solid waste loads from the South Lake Tahoe service area. These loads have recoverable materials to be separated and processed on the conveyor systems and through floor sort recovery operations. Residential and commercial collection route loads are tipped in the southern tipping area, next to the floor conveyor, to facilitate waste loading operations onto the top line conveyor. Glass, aluminum, tin, plastics and paper products are sorted on the top line. These materials are stored in bunkers and baled prior to transport to recycling processors. A conveyor line moves pine needles and other organic materials recovered on the top line directly to the Resource Recovery Facility (see below).

Selected waste loads, including commercial and public self-haul, are tipped onto the tipping floor in the northern tipping area where floor sort personnel recover targeted recyclable material. Large recoverable materials, including metals, wood, tires, asphalt, concrete, cardboard, appliances and electronic waste, including cathode ray tubes (CRTs), are separated from the waste on the tipping floor and placed in storage areas and boxes until transported to processors and end users. Uncontaminated dirt, concrete and asphalt are tipped into respective storage areas. Large, bulky, or unrecoverable wastes are moved directly to the compactor loading area. Self-haul wastes that have the potential of recovery are pushed by loaders from the tipping floor toward an excavator that loads these wastes onto the conveyor system or sorts them directly into 6-yard holding containers. Residual waste and commercial compacted loads are pushed into the compacting equipment on the basement level where it is loaded into transport trailers for transport to regional landfills.

RESOURCE RECOVERY FACILITY

The South Tahoe Refuse Resource Recovery Facility (RRF) provides a 33,698 square foot building for the processing of organic materials. Initially, the RRF will recycle natural vegetation such as pine needles, grass, slash, brush, trees, and stumps as well as a large volume of milled wood.

Under the current state Solid Waste permit, the RRF accepts clean loads of organic waste materials, including yard waste from residential collection routes and clean organic loads from the public, capturing large volumes of pine needles and other local vegetation. Commercial operators, including general contractors, tree service and landscapers are provided with direct access to the RRF through commercial accounts.

The organic materials are shredded inside the RRF to reduce volume and weight. Native organics such as pine needles and wood chips are stored in bunkers for use in local erosion and revegetation projects. The remainder of the recovered organic materials are transported to regional composting operations. Other organics, such as food waste, green residuals from

grocery stores, and fiber materials, may be added as markets become available for high organic-content products.

Computerized inbound and outbound scales are tied to an automated system to record weights and other pertinent data for disposal reporting requirements by the regulatory agencies and customer billing purposes. Reduced fees for clean organic loads, computerized reporting for CalGreen and LEED projects, as well as shorter traffic lines, provide an incentive to commercial operators to participate in the recycling efforts at this facility. Material Recovery Facility (MRF) floor and line personnel continue to recover organic waste from the MRF, which is transferred to the RRF for processing via a conveyor line and/or with loader equipment.

Unloading, processing and loading of all organic materials takes place inside the RRF building, minimizing external odor, noise and air quality issues. The RRF can accommodate truck and trailer equipment with an extended height of 35'. The RRF building is designed to accommodate reasonably anticipated future unloading requirements, as well as maintaining a safe buffer for unloading large, irregular materials such as stumps. The building provides a 42' internal height, with a 40' clear height requirement for unloading, plus allowance for additional structural depth, and a total external building height of 51'-4".

The RRF is designed to meet current and future organic waste recovery volumes and operating requirements, including the projected increases in construction and demolition waste stream and potential expansion to house emerging waste processing and conversion technologies.