Introduced by Senator Correa

February 15, 2013

An act to add Section 972.3 to the Military and Veterans Code, relating to county veterans service officers, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 296, as introduced, Correa. County veterans service officers.

Existing law requires funds to be disbursed each fiscal year on a pro rata basis to counties that have established and maintained a county veterans service officer in accordance with the staffing level and workload of each county veterans service officer, under a specified formula.

This bill would appropriate the sum of \$5,000,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Veterans Affairs for the disbursement to counties to fund the activities of county veterans service officers, as specified.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

3 (a) The recent conflicts in the countries of Iraq and Afghanistan

4 are creating an entirely new generation of veterans who may be

5 eligible for federal veterans benefits because of their war service

6 and their physical and mental condition. California service

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1 members make up to 10 percent of the military forces used in these 2 conflicts.

2 conflicts.

(b) The California National Guard and California-based reserve
 units have contributed significantly to these current conflicts.

5 (c) Many of these returning California veterans are not aware 6 of the federal and state benefits that are available to them.

7 (d) Additionally, it is estimated that in California there may be
8 over two million veterans and their widows or widowers, who are
9 unaware that they may be eligible for pensions from the federal
10 government based upon their past military service in World War
11 II, Korea, Vietnam, or the Gulf War.

(e) California's county veterans service officers (CVSO's) are
the initial local point of contact for claimants accessing the United
States Department of Veterans Affairs.

15 (f) The costs of maintaining CVSO's are shared from county 16 general funds and state reimbursement to the counties. In 1997, in 17 order to track performance, the Governor signed into law Senate 18 Bill 608, which required the Department of Veterans Affairs to 19 annually report the amount of monetary benefits paid to veterans 20 by the federal government that were attributable to the assistance 21 of CVSO's. Senate Bill 608 of the 1997-98 Regular Session 22 requires the Department of Finance to consider an increase in the 23 annual budget for CVSO's of up \$5,000,000, if approved in the 24 yearly budget process. In 2009, the Governor signed Senate Bill 25 419 into law, which raised this amount to \$11,000,000, if approved 26 in the yearly budget process.

27 (g) As a result of this annual reporting, by the end of 2011 it 28 had been determined that from 1995 to 2011, the state had 29 cumulatively budgeted \$36.2 million for its share of the cost of 30 the CVSO's. As a result of this investment, CVSO's were able to 31 assist local veterans in obtaining \$3.3 billion in new federal 32 moneys. This is a return of about \$91 for every dollar the state allocates to CVSO's. Furthermore, \$3.6 billion only reflects the 33 34 actual monetary benefits qualified for in a given year. The monetary 35 benefits qualified for in prior years are not tracked, yet the veterans 36 and their dependents may continue to receive those benefits for 37 the rest of their life. Added to this stellar return on the state's 38 investment, but not counted in the annual reporting are the 39 Medi-Cal cost avoidance savings incurred as a result of CVSO's

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qualifying and shifting veterans away from Medi-Cal and onto the 1 2

appropriate federal veterans program.

3 (h) CVSO's had accomplished all of this without ever reaching 4 the allowable state budget allocation of \$5 million, set in 1997, or 5 the updated allowable allocation set in 2009. To date, the CVSO's 6 have not received more than \$2.6 million per year from the state. 7 (i) It is critical that the CVSO's receive an increase in this 8 allocation because there continues to be a large number of 9 underserved veterans and their dependents who are not aware of

10 the federal benefits available to them as a result of their military 11 service. Studies from other states have shown that increases in CVSO's have resulted in larger amounts of federal moneys to the 12 veterans. These new federal moneys and benefits are paid directly 13 from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs to the 14

15 qualifying veteran or their dependent and are used in the local 16 economy.

17 SEC. 2. Section 972.3 is added to the Military and Veterans 18 Code, to read:

19 972.3. Notwithstanding any other law, the sum of five million

20 dollars (\$5,000,000) is hereby appropriated from the General Fund

21 to the Department of Veterans Affairs for the disbursement to

counties in accordance with the existing procedures established 22

under Section 972.1. 23

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