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**ORDINANCE NO.** \_\_\_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING amending Chapter 8.42 Solid Waste Management

**THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF EL DORADO DOES  
ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:**

***CHAPTER 8.42. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT***

***ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL***

**Sec. 8.42.010. Title.**

Whenever reference to the provisions of this chapter is required, this chapter may be referred to as the County Solid Waste Management Ordinance.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.010)

**Sec. 8.42.020. Definitions.**

Whenever the following terms are used in this chapter, they shall have the following meanings, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

*Biomedical waste* means solid waste or other materials, substances or items which may be reasonably considered infectious, pathological or biohazardous, originating from hospitals, public or private medical clinics, departments of research laboratories, pharmaceutical industries, blood banks, forensic medical departments, mortuaries, veterinary facilities and other similar facilities and includes (without limitation) equipment, instruments, utensils, fomites, laboratory waste (including pathological specimens and fomites attendant thereto), surgical facilities, equipment, bedding and utensils (including pathological specimens and disposal fomites attendant thereto), sharps (hypodermic needles, syringes, etc.), dialysis unit waste, chemotherapeutic waste, animal carcasses, offal and body parts, biological materials (vaccines, medicines, etc.), and other similar materials.

*Buy-back recycling center* means a facility that pays a fee for the delivery and transfer of ownership to the facility of source separated materials for the purpose of recycling, transformation or composting.

*Collection* means the operation of gathering together and transporting to the point of disposal or processing any garbage, refuse, rubbish, solid waste, recyclable, transformable or compostable waste materials.

*Commercial premises* means that portion of any building or other premises which is not a residence,

residential unit or housekeeping unit.

*Compostable materials or compostables* includes vegetable, yard, and wood wastes which are not hazardous waste.

*Department* means the Department of Environmental Management or its designee.

*Development project* means any of the following:

1. A project for which a discretionary development approval or a building permit is required for any public facility, commercial, industrial, or institutional building, marina, or residential building having five or more units, where solid waste is collected and loaded and any residential project where solid waste is collected and loaded in a location serving five or more units.
2. Any new public facility where solid waste is collected and loaded and any improvements for areas of a public facility used for the collecting and loading of solid waste.
3. The definition of development project only includes subdivisions of single family homes, if within the proposed subdivisions there is an area where solid waste is collected and loaded in a location which serves five or more units. In such instances, recycling areas as specified in this chapter are only required to serve the needs of the living units which utilize the solid waste collection and loading area.

*Director* means the County Director of Environmental Management or his or her designee.

*Disposal site* means any land and facilities franchised by the Board pursuant to this chapter, whether owned by the County or another person and whether or not open to the public, used for the final disposal of solid wastes, and does not include transfer stations or transformation or processing facilities.

*Drop-off recycling center* means a facility which accepts delivery or transfer of ownership, without paying a fee, of source separated materials, including, but not limited to, glass, scrap paper, corrugated paper, newspaper, tin cans, aluminum, plastic and used oil which will be transported and/or sold to third parties for reuse or resale. The donation of materials to collecting organizations, such as charitable groups, is included in this definition.

*East Slope Waste Management Service Area* means Zone C of County Service Area No. 10, also known as the County portion of the Lake Tahoe Basin Watershed as may be modified from time to time by the Board.

*Franchisee* means any person that has entered into a franchise agreement with the County to collect, remove, transport, process or dispose of solid waste or recyclables or compostables, or to operate any solid waste facility.

*Hazardous waste* means any and all of the following:

1. Wastes, materials or substances defined or characterized as hazardous waste by the Federal Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended, including the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 USC 6901 et seq.) as amended from time to time, or regulations promulgated thereunder;
2. Waste, materials or substances defined or characterized from time to time as hazardous waste by the California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA) having jurisdiction over hazardous waste generated by facilities within the State, and pursuant to any other applicable government regulations;
3. Wastes, materials or substances, the storage, treatment, transportation or disposal of which is subject to regulation under the Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 USC 2601-2654, as amended from time to time, or regulations promulgated thereunder;

4. Radioactive wastes, materials, substances or items, the storage, treatment, transportation or disposal of which is subject to government regulations; and
5. Wastes, materials, substances or items which contain polychlorinated biphenyls.

The term "hazardous waste" will be construed to have the broader, more encompassing definition where a conflict exists in the definitions employed by two or more governmental entities having concurrent or overlapping jurisdiction over hazardous waste.

*Household hazardous waste* means household-generated hazardous wastes, as defined in any of the following: Public Resources Code § 40141; Title 14 California Code of Regulations Section 17225.32; and the California Hazardous Substances Act (Health and Safety Code § 108100 et seq.).

*Litter* means any quantity of improperly discarded solid waste, including, but not limited to, discarded furniture and appliances, overflowing residential and commercial trash cans, pieces of lumber and scrap metal left at a construction site, uncontainerized paper such as fast-food packages, candy wrappers, cigarette butts, and/or plastic, glass, trash, debris, rubbish, refuse, garbage or junk parts and scrap materials.

*Littering* means the improper discarding, dropping or scattering of small quantities of waste matter ordinarily carried on or about the person, including, but not limited to, beverage containers and closures, packaging, wrappers, wastepaper, newspapers and magazines, in any place other than a place or container maintained for the lawful disposal thereof, includes waste matter which escapes or is allowed to escape from a vehicle, container, receptacle or package.

*Local enforcement agency* means the Building Department, or such other agency as may be so designated pursuant to Public Resources Code § 43204.

*Mandatory collection area* means the area described in Article III of this chapter.

*Materials recovery facility* means an area, place, site, building, equipment, process or combination thereof, which is franchised by the Board pursuant to this chapter, where or by which useful materials or energy resources are obtained from solid waste.

*Multiple residential units* means two or more residential units located in a single building or unified group of buildings.

*Municipal solid waste* means all solid waste generated by residential, commercial, and industrial sources, and all solid waste generated at construction or demolition sites and at food-processing facilities, which is collected and transported under the authorization of this chapter or are self-hauled.

*Nuisance* means the existence or accumulation, without the authority of the County, of litter, trash, manure, rubbish, scrap materials, junk parts, garbage, or refuse of any kind upon private or public property; provided, however, that said refuse is visible to the occupants of an adjacent or nearby parcel or real property, or to the users of any right-of-way.

*Owner* shall conclusively be deemed to be the person to whom the taxes on the property are assessed as shown on the last equalized assessment roll of the County, or alternatively, from such records of the County Assessor or Tax Collector as contain more recent information.

*Person* includes an individual, firm, association, copartnership, political subdivision, government agency, municipality, industry, public or private corporation, or any other entity whatsoever.

*Private property* includes, but is not limited to, the following exterior locations owned by private individuals, firms, corporations, institutions or organizations: yards, grounds, driveways, entrance-ways, passageways, parking areas, working areas, storage areas, vacant lots and recreation facilities.

*Processing facility* means the place, site or equipment franchised by the Board where or by which solid wastes are processed. The term "processing facility" does not include commercial and home garbage disposal units, which are used to process food wastes and are part of the sewage system, or

hospital incinerators, crematoriums, paper shredders in commercial establishments, or equipment used by a drop-off recycling or buy-back center.

*Public property* includes, but is not limited to, the following exterior locations: streets, street medians, roads, road medians, catch basins, sidewalks, lanes, alleys, public right-of-way, public parking lots, school grounds, municipal grounds, municipal vacant lots, parks, beaches, playgrounds, other publicly owned recreation facilities and municipal waterways and bodies of water.

*Recyclables or recyclable material* means materials which are reused or processed or are in the future reused or processed into a form suitable for reuse through reprocessing or remanufacture, that are currently able to be recycled in a technologically, economically, and culturally practical manner as determined by the department.

*Recycle or recycling* means the process of collecting, sorting, cleansing, treating, and reconstituting materials that would otherwise become solid waste, and returning them to the economic mainstream in the form of raw material for new, reused, or reconstituted products which meet the quality standards necessary to be used in the marketplace.

*Recycling area* means space allocated for collecting and loading of recyclable materials. Such areas shall have the ability to accommodate receptacles for recyclable materials. Recycling areas shall be accessible and convenient for those who deposit as well as those who collect and load any recyclable materials therein.

*Recycling container* means a container which is provided to a residential, commercial, or industrial waste collection customer for the sole purpose of containing recyclable materials that are source separated from the non-recyclable portion of the waste stream.

*Residential container* means a container in which residential solid waste is deposited. This does not include containers in which recyclable materials are placed. A residential container is defined as being 32 gallons or less in size or 60 pounds by weight. Containers larger than 32 gallons are considered to be multiple cans, in increments of 32 gallons.

*Residential service* means solid waste or recyclable or compostable material collection service for homes, apartments, trailers, or other residential units as provided by a franchisee under this chapter.

*Residential unit* means a room or combination of rooms in a single building designed for human living, sleeping, eating, and sanitary uses by a single family and their servants and nonpaying guests, and having cooking facilities. There may be more than one residential unit in a single building.

*Solid waste or refuse* means all putrescible and nonputrescible solid, semi-solid, and liquid wastes, including garbage, trash, refuse, paper, rubbish, ashes, industrial wastes, demolition and construction wastes, discarded home and industrial appliances, manure, vegetable or animal solid and semi-solid wastes, and other discarded solid and semi-solid wastes.

*Source separated* means the segregation, by the waste generator, of materials designated for separate collection for some form of materials recovery, recycling, or special handling.

*Special wastes* means any designated wastes, as defined in 23 California Code of Regulations Section 2522, and special handling waste generated by industrial facilities or processes, but shall not include "hazardous waste" as defined herein. Special wastes shall include: asbestos, sewage sludge, tires, water treatment sludge, drilling mud, grease wastes, contaminated soils, shredder waste, agricultural wastes, filter cake/dewatered sludge, scrap metal, spent catalyst fines, refinery ash and byproducts; except where any such wastes are deemed to be hazardous waste.

*Transfer station* means those facilities, franchised by the Board pursuant this chapter, utilized to receive solid waste or recyclable materials, temporarily store, separate, convert, or otherwise process the materials in solid wastes or to transfer the solid wastes directly from smaller to larger vehicles for transport.

*Transformation* means incineration, pyrolysis, distillation, gasification, or biological conversion other than composting. The term "transformation" does not include composting.

*West Slope Waste Management Service Area* means County Service Area Number 10, excluding Zone C which is also known as the County portion of the Lake Tahoe Basin as the geographical boundaries of this area may be modified from time to time by the Board.

*Yard waste* means leaves, grass clippings, prunings, pine needles and other natural organic matter discarded from public, commercial or residential landscapes.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.020; Ord. No. 5051, § 2, 4-18-2017)

**Secs. 8.42.030—8.42.090. Reserved.**

## *ARTICLE II. SOLID WASTE COLLECTION<sup>1</sup>*

### **Sec. 8.42.100. Division of County into franchise collection areas.**

The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that the unincorporated area of the County is divided into collection franchise areas which shall be subject to this article. These franchise areas shall be shown on the map entitled "Solid Waste Collection Franchise Areas of El Dorado County" which shall be retained in the office of the Board of Supervisors. The boundaries of the franchise areas shall be subject to amendment or modification by the Board by franchise agreement and/or resolution. The unincorporated area of the County within the boundaries of a community services district which is exercising its powers pursuant to Government Code § 61000 (Community Services District Law) to collect by franchise solid waste shall not be subject to franchise by the County so long as a franchise granted by the district is in operation therein.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.100)

### **Sec. 8.42.110. Exempted areas.**

All areas outside the boundaries of the collection franchise areas shall not be subject to this article. The Director shall periodically review such exempt areas within the County to determine the practicality of making solid waste and recyclable material collection service available within such areas, and shall recommend to the Board changes in collection franchise areas as the provision of such services becomes practicable.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.110)

### **Sec. 8.42.120. Requirement of franchise agreement for solid waste collection business.**

No person shall establish, operate or carry on the business of collecting, transporting or disposing of solid waste or recyclables within the County unless a franchise agreement has been entered into between such person and the County. The Board shall determine at its sole option and discretion whether to enter into any new or renewed franchise agreement with any person. Any franchise agreement entered into by the County shall, among other things, contain provisions for the protection of the public health, safety and welfare and provide that the Board may review, approve and set the rates, as applicable, to be charged customers by the franchisee.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.120)

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<sup>1</sup>State law reference(s)—Grant of waste management franchises by counties, Public Resources Code § 49200 et seq.

### **Sec. 8.42.130. Franchise applications and terms and conditions.**

The Board by resolution shall adopt procedures governing the form and content of applications to the County by any person wanting to apply for a new or renewed franchise agreement with the County to collect, transport, process and/or dispose of solid waste and recyclables and the terms and conditions of any such franchise. Nothing in this chapter or in any resolution of the Board shall modify or abrogate

any franchise agreement in effect as of the date of adoption hereof.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.130)

**Sec. 8.42.140. Exceptions to requirement for collection franchise agreement.**

A franchise agreement is not required for:

- A. Bona fide charities qualifying as such under Internal Revenue Code § 401(c)(3) which engage in the collection and sale of recyclable materials but no other activities regulated under this chapter;
- B. Subject to the conditions of Article III of this chapter, persons which handle, haul, or transport solid waste or recyclable materials generated by or from his or her own residence or business operations for purposes of disposing of same at an authorized disposal area, processing facility or transfer station;
- C. A person or entity who contracts for the removal and disposal or recycling of inorganic refuse or garden waste and such removal and disposal or recycling are incidental to work such as remodeling or gardening performed by the person or entity for a customer.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.140)

**Sec. 8.42.150. Franchise collection rates.**

The Franchise shall charge a uniform rate for each class of service provided. The Board shall review rates proposed by the franchisee and, consistent with the provisions of the Franchise Agreement, may approve such rates at times it deems appropriate in accordance with the Franchise Agreement and the Rate Setting Manual.

Additionally, the Board of Supervisors shall consider revisions to the franchisee's rates whenever the franchisee demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Board, that unforeseen circumstances have arisen which materially affect the franchisee's costs or revenues.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.150)

**Sec. 8.42.160. Application for rate modification; procedures.**

An application to the Board for a modification of franchise collection rates and disposal rates may be submitted by any interested party. Such application shall be:

- A. Submitted on or before September 1 of the year prior to the calendar year the modification is requested to become effective, provided that the franchisee shall have the right to request an increase for unforeseen circumstances.
- B. Referred by the Board to the Department for recommendation, the recommendation to be preceded by review of the annual audited financial statement and other records deemed necessary by the Department.
- C. Considered by the Board and a decision reached at a properly noticed public

hearing. (Code 1997, § 8.42.160)

**Sec. 8.42.170. Noticing and hearing for franchise rate adjustment.**

The franchisee shall provide written notice to each ratepayer of the proposed adjustment in a form approved by the County of the time, date, and place of each hearing set by the Board to review and approve rates. The franchisee shall provide said notice at least ten but no more than 60 days prior to such date, and the expense therefor shall be included in the rate base. The resolution fixing any such rate shall not be adopted or modified until a public hearing has been held thereon, after notice of the time, place and purpose of such hearing has been published in a newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the County, once each week, for two consecutive weeks prior to such hearing and posted on the County's official website at least 72 hours before the hearing. If the franchise rate adjustment is in a mandatory area as listed in Sec. 8.42.200, then the Franchisee will follow the procedures set in Sec. 8.42.180.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.170)

### **Secs. 8.42.180. Proposition 218: Notice, Hearing, and Protest for Mandatory Collection Areas**

- A. At least 45 days prior to the public hearing on the proposed franchise rate adjustment, the County shall deliver a written notice to the record owner of each parcel subject to the franchise service in the areas defined in Section 8.42.200. The notice shall include a description of the proposed rate adjustment, including the maximum proposed rates; the basis and purpose of the adjustments (e.g., cost increases, capital needs, inflation, regulation compliance), reference to any supporting cost-of-service study or rate analysis; the date, time, and location of the public hearing; a clear statement advising that written protests may be submitted and shall include the parcel address or Assessor's Parcel Number (APN); The protester's name and signature; a statement of opposition; and the declaration whether the protester is a property owner or utility customer
- B. Protest Submissions must be written and signed, delivered either by mail (with sufficient time for delivery) or in person to the Clerk of the Board before or at the public hearing. E-mail, fax, oral statements, or unsigned protests shall not be accepted. Only one protest per parcel shall be counted; withdrawal of a protest is permitted prior to the conclusion of the hearing.
- C. The Board of Supervisors shall hold a public hearing, allowing oral testimony and the submission of written protests. At the close of the hearing, the Clerk of the Board will tabulate valid written protests received. Approval of the proposed rate adjustment is barred if a majority of affected parcels submit valid protests. If a majority protest does not exist (50% plus one (1)), the Board of Supervisors may proceed to adopt the rates, with or without modification.
- D. The Clerk of the Board shall maintain the record of notices, protests received, and tabulation results as part of the official proceedings.

### **8.42.190. Reserved.**

## ***ARTICLE III. MANDATORY COLLECTION AREAS***

### **Sec. 8.42.200. Mandatory collection areas.**

- A. A mandatory collection area is established and shall consist of the unincorporated areas described below in the South Lake Tahoe Basin within the County included in the area more particularly described as follows:

All of Township 13 North, Range 18 East, M.D.B. & M., lying within the boundaries of the County of El Dorado.

All of Township 12 North, Range 18 East, M.D.B. & M., lying within the boundaries of the County of El Dorado.

All of Township 11 North, Range 18 East, M.D.B. & M., lying within the boundaries of the County of El Dorado.

Excepting therefrom that processing of Section 6 in said township lying westerly of U.S. Highway 50 and further excepting from said township all of Section 7 but that portion of the Northeast Quarter thereof lying easterly of U.S. Highway 50.

All of Sections 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35, 36 in Township 13 North, Range 17 East, Section 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24 and East half Sections 3, 10, 15, 22 of Township 12 North, Range 17 East.

Beginning at the Southwest corner of Section 34, Township 13, North, Range 16 East, M.D.M.; thence East along the South section line of Sections 34, 35 and 36, Township 13 North, Range 16 East, M.D.M., to the Southeast corner of Section 36, Township 13 North, Range 16 East, M.D.M.; thence South to the Southwest corner of Section 31, Township 13 North, Range 17 East, M.D.M.; thence East along the South line of Township 13 North, Range 17 East, M.D.M., to the Southeast corner of Section 32, Township 13 North, Range 17 East, M.D.M.; thence North along the East line of Section 32, Township 13 North, Range 17 East, M.D.M. East to the Northeast corner of said Section 32; thence Northeast to the Southwest corner of Section 22, Township 13 North, Range 17 East; thence Northeast to the Northeast corner of Section 22, Township 13 North, Range 17 East, M.D.M., said point being on the West Shore of Lake Tahoe; thence Northerly along the West shore line of Lake Tahoe to intersection with El Dorado/Placer County line; thence southwesterly along the said county line to the Northwest corner of Section 27. Township 14 North, Range 16 East, M.D.M.; thence south along the West line of Sections 27 and 34 to the Northwest corner of Section 3, Township 13 North, Range 16 East, M.D.M.; thence continuing South along the West line of Sections 3, 10, 15, 22, 27 and 34, Township 13 North, Range 16 East, M.D.M., to the point of beginning.

- B. The boundaries of the Cameron Park Community Services District as presently constituted at time of passage of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived, and as amended in the future by the County Local Agency Formation Commission.
- C. Other mandatory collection areas may be established by ordinance by the Board of Supervisors as found to be necessary for the public health and welfare or required to implement State laws.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.200)

#### **Sec. 8.42.210. Liability for payment of fees; mandatory collection.**

Each owner, occupant or person in possession, charge or control of any collection premises located in a mandatory collection area is hereby made liable jointly and severally for the payment of the solid waste collection, processing and disposal fees levied against such premises for required solid waste collection, processing and disposal services, irrespective of the actual use of the service provided by the district or grantee. Services made available to those premises required to receive such service shall be considered as services utilized. It shall be the primary duty of the owner of such premises to provide for the payment of the services.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.210)

#### **Sec. 8.42.220. Billing cycle and penalty for delinquent payments.**

Solid waste collection fees may be billed and paid in advance on a quarterly or bi-monthly basis. Payment shall be due upon, and shall become delinquent 15 days after the date of any billing. A finance charge and late payment penalty as permitted by law shall be added at the end of each month following the delinquency date.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.220)

**Sec. 8.42.230. Discontinuation of service.**

The County or grantee may discontinue service for any customer whose account remains unpaid for 60 days after the date of billing as long as the customer has received a notice on a form approved by the Director of the County stating that service will be discontinued 15 days from the date of the notice if payment is not made by that time. Upon payment of the delinquent fees, collection shall resume on the next regularly scheduled collection day. Fees shall be continued to be assessed and billed notwithstanding that service has been discontinued and notice of same shall be included in the form sent to the customer.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.230)

**Sec. 8.42.240. Fee a civil debt.**

The fees levied for service for solid waste collection shall constitute a civil debt and liability owing to the County and/or any grantee from the person using or chargeable for such services and shall be collectible in the same manner provided by law.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.240)

**Sec. 8.42.250. Lien for 90-day delinquencies.**

Mandatory collection fees authorized pursuant to this article which remain unpaid for a period of 90 or more days after the date upon which they were billed may be collected thereafter by the County as provided herein.

- A. Once a year the Board of Supervisors shall cause to be prepared a report of delinquent fees. The Board shall fix a time, date and place for hearing the report and any objections or protests thereto.
- B. The Board shall cause notice of the hearing to be mailed to the landowners listed on the report not less than ten days prior to the date of the hearing.
- C. At the hearing, the Board shall hear any objections or protests of landowners liable to be assessed for delinquent fees. The Board may make such revisions or corrections to the report as it deems just, after which, by resolution, the report shall be confirmed.
- D. The delinquent fees set forth in the report as confirmed shall constitute special assessments against the respective parcels of land and are a lien on the property for the amount of such delinquent fees. A certified copy of the confirmed report shall be filed with the County Auditor, on or before August 10, for the amounts of the respective assessments against the respective parcels of land as they appear on the current assessment roll. The lien created attaches upon recordation, in the office of the County Recorder of the county in which the property is situated, of a certified copy of the resolution of confirmation. The assessment may be collected at the same time and in the same manner as ordinary county ad valorem property taxes are collected and shall be subject to the same penalties and the same procedure and sale in case of delinquency as provided

for such taxes. All laws applicable to the levy, collection and enforcement of county ad valorem property taxes shall be applicable to such assessment, except that if any real property to which such lien would attach has been transferred or conveyed to a bona fide purchaser for value, or if a lien of a bona fide encumbrance for value has been created and attaches thereon, prior to the date on which the first installment of such taxes would become delinquent, then the lien which would otherwise be imposed by this section shall not attach to such real property and the delinquency fees, as confirmed, relating to such property shall be transferred to the unsecured roll for collection.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.250)

**Sec. 8.42.255. General exemptions; mandatory collection area.**

- A. The provisions of this article shall not apply to any of the residential units or commercial enterprises hereafter described:
  - 1. Residential units in a motel or hotel containing more than three units, where not more than 25 percent of the total number of units are residential units and where the franchisee is satisfied that adequate solid waste collection and disposal is provided by such motel or hotel;
  - 2. Residential units which are not connected to water and electrical power and where water and electrical power cannot be provided to such premises without action by a public utility or mutual water company; provided that such exemption shall terminate upon occupancy of such units;
  - 3. Commercial enterprises from which the owner of the premises on which the commercial enterprise is operated collects and disposes of solid waste from such premises in compliance with all applicable laws, ordinances and regulations.
- B. Any person claiming an exemption pursuant to this section shall file a statement under oath or under penalty of perjury with the franchise stating the facts upon which exemption is claimed and, in the absence of such statement substantiating the claim, such person shall be liable for the payment of the solid waste collection fees required by this article.
- C. The franchisee, after giving notice of not less than ten days and a reasonable opportunity for hearing to any person claiming an exemption pursuant to this section, may revoke any exemption granted upon information that the person is not entitled to the exemption as provided herein.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.255)

**Sec. 8.42.260. Complaint procedures.**

The Director of Environmental Management, or his or her designee, shall adopt an administrative complaint procedure whereby customers may file complaints regarding service or any other matter arising out of the services provided under this article. Appeals from any determinations made pursuant to this administrative procedures may be made to the Board of Supervisors in accordance with Chapter 2.09.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.260; Ord. No. 5051, § 2, 4-18-2017)

**Secs. 8.42.270—8.42.290. Reserved.PART A - GENERAL CODE OF ORDINANCES Title 8 - PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY CHAPTER 8.42. - SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT**

ARTICLE IV. DISPOSAL SITE, PROCESSING AND TRANSFER STATION FRANCHISES

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*ARTICLE IV. DISPOSAL SITE, PROCESSING AND TRANSFER STATION FRANCHISES*

**Sec. 8.42.300. Requirement for franchise for operation of solid waste facility.**

In addition to any applicable requirements of State law, no person shall establish or operate any solid waste disposal site, materials recovery facility, transfer station or processing facility within the County unless a franchise agreement has been entered into between such person and the County.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.300; Ord. No. 4525, 1999)

**Sec. 8.42.310. Exceptions to requirement for disposal, processing and transfer station franchise agreement.**

A franchise agreement pursuant to this article is not required for:

- A. Bona fide charities qualifying as such under Internal Revenue Code § 401(c)(3) which engage in the collection and sale of recyclable materials but no other activities regulated under this chapter;
- B. Persons operating buy-back recycling centers and drop-off recycling centers; and
- C. Persons which handle, haul, or transport solid waste or recyclables generated by or from his or her own business operations for purposes of disposing of same at an authorized disposal area, processing facility or transfer station;

provided, however, an annual permit obtained by persons exempted herein as set forth in Section 8.42.320.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.310)

**Sec. 8.42.320. Permit required.**

Bona fide charities and persons proposing to operate buy-back and drop-off recycling centers shall first apply to the Department for a permit to operate on a form to be provided by the Department accompanied by the payment of the fee required herein.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.320)

**Sec. 8.42.330. Issuance of permit.**

Upon proper application, the Department shall issue a permit for the activity if it finds that the proposed activity is proposed to be, or designed to be, carried on in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations pertaining to the public health and safety, and the reporting requirements set forth in Section 8.42.380.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.330)

**Sec. 8.42.340. Revocation of permit.**

Permits issued under this chapter may be revoked by the Director after notice to the permittee if the Director finds that the activity has been, or is being carried on or engaged in, contrary to laws, ordinances, rules and regulations pertaining to the public health and safety, or that the activity violates a condition of the permit.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.340)

**Sec. 8.42.350. Revocation of or denial of issuance of permits; appeal.**

In the event the Director denies or revokes a permit issued under this chapter and the permittee wishes to contest the denial or revocation, he or she may do so by filing a written notice of appeal to the Board of Supervisors within ten days of the revocation of the permit, unless the revocation is based upon public health or safety violations. Upon receipt of such a written notice of appeal, the Board of Supervisors shall schedule and set a hearing of said matter to take place within 30 days of receipt of the notice. At the hearing, the Board of Supervisors shall fully hear all persons who are parties to the dispute, or aggrieved by the action, and render a decision thereon, which decision shall be final. The hearing of the Board of Supervisors may be continued from time to time at the direction of the Board.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.350)

**Sec. 8.42.360. Permit fee.**

Each application and application renewal for a permit shall be by a fee as set forth by resolution of the Board of Supervisors.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.360)

**Sec. 8.42.370. Separate activities.**

When a person conducts more than one of the activities for which a permit is required under this chapter, he or she shall first obtain a separate permit for each activity.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.370)

**Sec. 8.42.380. AB 939 reporting requirements.**

Each franchisee or permittee shall submit to the County quarterly, and more often if required by law, information reasonably required by the County to meet its reporting obligations imposed by AB 939.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.380)

**Sec. 8.42.390. Reserved.**

*ARTICLE V. COUNTY WASTESTREAM CONTROL*

**Sec. 8.42.400. Need for County waste stream control.**

The Board finds that the feasibility of the construction, operation and maintenance of disposal sites, transfer stations, processing facilities and other solid waste facilities to serve the present and future needs of the citizen's of the County depends upon the County establishing control over the movement of solid waste generated within the County's boundaries as well as the movement of solid

waste from outside of the County that may be transported to a solid waste facility franchised pursuant to this chapter. The Board finds that it is in the public interest to obtain and commit the type and quantity of operational volumes of solid waste, recyclables, transformables and compostables needed to make such facilities economically viable to protect the public health, safety, and welfare and to the meet the County's waste diversion goals mandated under AB 939.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.400)

**Sec. 8.42.410. Required use orders.**

1. The Board may, consistent with the terms of the current franchise agreement, by resolution, issue a required use order directing solid waste and recyclable materials to a facility or to a proposed facility. Such a required use order for an existing or proposed facility shall be prepared by the Director and submitted to the Board for approval. A required use order for any such facility may be approved by the Board if the Board finds that the order is necessary to ensure the probable successful construction or operation of the solid waste facility and that it is in the public interest that such facility be constructed or operated. The Board shall give due regard to the following factors:
  - A. The type of facility to which solid waste and recyclables would be delivered;
  - B. Limitations on the capacity of the facility to which such solid waste or recyclable materials would be delivered;
  - C. The need for a required use order to obtain or induce financing for the permitting, development, or construction of a facility;
  - D. The County's need for the facility to protect the public health, safety and welfare and to meet the County's waste diversion goals under AB 939;
  - E. Access to the facility, in terms of time and distance, by the persons to be subject to the required use order;
  - F. The amount of suitable solid waste or recyclable materials estimated to be delivered to the facility in the absence of a required use order;
  - G. The ability to obtain an agreement by waste haulers and persons to deliver solid waste or recyclable materials of suitable composition and quantity to a specific facility;
  - H. The fair distribution of any inconvenience or burden on waste haulers or persons to be subject to the required use order; and
  - I. Such other reasonable and appropriate factors as the Director or Board may deem appropriate.
2. Required use orders with respect to such a facility may be issued by the Board as circumstances require, for the purpose of requiring delivery of solid waste or recyclables to a facility. The content of the order shall be as specified in this article.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.410)

**Sec. 8.42.420. Reserved.**

**Sec. 8.42.430. Content of required use orders notice.**

Required use orders issued by the Board shall set forth the following:

- A. The identity (either by name, category or geographic area) of the waste haulers or persons to be subject to the required use order;
- B. The type and quantity of solid waste or recyclables or transformables or compostables subject to the required use order;
- C. The point or points for delivery of the solid waste or recyclables or transformables or compostables to be subject to the required use order;
- D. The effective date of the required use order, which date, unless otherwise specified, shall not be less than ten days from the date of the order; and
- E. Such other information as the Director or Board may consider necessary or

appropriate. (Code 1997, § 8.42.430)

#### **Sec. 8.42.440. Notice of required use orders.**

Following the adoption by the Board of a required use order, the Director shall cause notice of such required use order to be given as follows:

- A. By United States mail, postage prepaid, to each waste hauler and person to be subject to such required use order at the last known address thereof; and
- B. By posting notice of such required use order in a public place at the principal offices of the County and at each facility covered by the required use order.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.440)

#### **Sec. 8.42.450. Solid waste flow control enforcement; fines, penalties and damages for violations.**

Any franchise or person who violates or fails to comply with any provision of this article or who fails to comply with the terms and conditions of any required use order, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished in accordance with Chapter 1.24. The disposal by a single vehicle of a single load of solid waste or recyclables in violation of a required use order shall constitute a single and separate violation under this section.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.450)

#### **Secs. 8.42.460—8.42.490. Reserved.**

### *ARTICLE VI. RESPONSIBILITIES OF SOLID WASTE GENERATORS*

#### **Sec. 8.42.500. Responsibility of property owner.**

1. The owner of any property, including any residence, commercial establishment, institution or industry, vacant or occupied, shall be responsible for the satisfactory storage and removal of all solid waste accumulated on that property. In those instances where a person rents or leases to another, the property owner shall be responsible for solid waste generated or stored on those premises should said waste remain on the premises during or beyond the tenant term. Excepting disruptions in normal solid waste collection schedules, non-recyclable wastes shall not be allowed to remain on the premises for more than seven days, to

prevent propagation, harborage, or attraction of flies, rodents or other vectors, and the creation of nuisances.

2. For purposes of this section, disruptions in normal solid waste collection schedules shall be limited to where:
  - A. Disruptions are due to strikes;
  - B. Severe weather conditions or acts of God make collection impossible using normal collection equipment; or
  - C. Official holidays interrupt a normal seven-day collection cycle in which case collection may be postponed until the next working day.
3. Where it is deemed necessary by the Department, Building Department or the Health Department because of the potential propagation of vectors and for the protection of public health, more frequent removal of non-recyclable wastes may be required. Recyclable materials separated from non-recyclable wastes may be stored on the premises for longer than seven days provided that the recyclable materials are cleaned and/or stored in a manner that prevents propagation, harborage, or attraction of flies, rodents or other vectors, or the creation of nuisances or fire hazards.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.500)

#### **Sec. 8.42.510. Solid waste and recyclable materials ownership.**

- A. Except as provided hereinabove, all solid wastes and recyclable materials are the property of the person generating them until:
  1. The solid wastes and/or recyclable materials are legally disposed in an authorized disposal site;
  2. The solid wastes and/or recyclable materials are legally deposited at an authorized transfer station, processing facility, buy-back center or drop-off recycling center; or
  3. The solid wastes and/or recyclable materials are picked up by a franchisee or permittee authorized by the Board.
- B. Solid wastes and recyclable materials legally placed for disposal and/or processing become the property and responsibility of the franchisee or permittee upon receipt of the solid waste or material.
- C. No person shall remove solid wastes and/or recyclable materials placed for collection other than the person generating or responsible for the waste or by the franchisee or permittee.
- D. If solid waste is found dumped or deposited in violation of this chapter, the person responsible under this chapter for said solid waste and/or recyclable material shall, in addition to any other penalty or remedy provided for in this chapter, be responsible for all fees and charges associated with its pickup and disposal. Letters, correspondence, receipts or other items traceable to a person found in said waste shall constitute prima facie evidence of ownership or responsibility for said waste.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.510)

#### **Sec. 8.42.520. Residential, multi-residential and commercial refuse containers.**

- A. Residential, multi-residential and commercial property owners and tenants shall deposit all solid waste in covered and enclosed metal or heavy duty plastic cans ("residential containers") or safety approved dumpsters which are nonabsorbent, watertight, vector-resistant, durable, easily

cleanable, and designed for safe handling for the containment of solid waste. Such containers shall contain without overflowing all the solid waste that a household or other establishment generates.

Residential containers when filled shall not exceed 60 pounds or 32 gallons and dumpsters shall not exceed 540 pounds per yard, unless otherwise approved by the County. Containers shall be maintained in a clean, sound condition free from putrescible residue. All items too large to fit into containers, such as, but not limited to, appliances, furniture and mattresses, shall be disposed of by the property owner or agency by making arrangements with the franchised collector for a special pick up or by self-hauling such items to an authorized disposal site, transfer station or processing facility. All loose materials which normally fit into containers, but which are excess as a result of a special circumstance such as holidays, shall be bundled and tied securely to prevent them from blowing or scattering and shall be placed beside the containers. Containers shall be kept covered or closed at all times.

- B. The container requirements set forth in Section 8.42.540, and not in Subsection A of this section, shall apply to the disposal of recyclable materials separated for collection by a franchisee or permittee.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.520)

#### **Sec. 8.42.540. Deposit of recyclable materials into acceptable containers required.**

Property owners and tenants wishing to have recyclable materials collected by a franchisee shall separate recyclable materials from non-recyclable wastes and deposit the recyclable materials in a recycling container provided by, or acceptable to the franchisee or permittee which has been approved by the County. If the recycling container is a reusable container, the container shall be maintained in a clean, sound condition free from putrescible residue and non-recyclable wastes.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.540)

#### **Sec. 8.42.550. Placement of residential containers and bags for collection.**

1. Residential containers, bags and recycling containers shall be stored in such a manner as not to be readily visible from the public street; provided that during the time fixed for collection from the premises, residential containers, bags and recycling containers shall be placed for collection as follows:
  - A. Curb service. Residential containers, bags and recycling containers shall be placed adjacent to a public thoroughfare for collection service but not more than 12 hours prior to the normal collection time by a franchisee, and shall be removed from the public thoroughfare location within 12 hours after collection.
  - B. Yard service. Residential containers, bags and recycling containers may also be placed for collection service on the generator's property in a place mutually agreed to by the owner or tenant and the franchisee or permittee not more than 100 feet from a public thoroughfare.
  - C. Franchisee or permittee company personnel shall be responsible for the placement of all empty containers in a safe location which does not present a risk of interference with pedestrian or motorized traffic.
  - D. During periods of heavy snow, generators shall provide a clear path for the return of containers to a point 20 feet back from the property line.
  - E. No person shall place any residential container, bag, recycling container or other solid waste

so that it, in any way, obstructs a public right-of-way. In addition, residential containers and bags may be placed as indicated in this section at times other than the date of collection provided that they are at all times housed in shelters or housings constructed in accordance with specifications approved by the County Building Department and Department of Planning and Building which shall develop such specifications in consultation with the public and interested local public agencies and private entities, and make the final approved specifications available for public use.

2. All front yard residential solid waste containers or housings shall conform to the design specifications approved by the County Building Department and Department of Planning and Building. Any nonconforming front yard residential solid waste containers shall be removed. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the County Board of Supervisors may waive the application of the front yard solid waste container or housing design specifications in individual cases where unique circumstances are established by a waiver applicant through sufficient evidence meeting the following criteria:
  - A. The applicant has no financial means or likelihood of obtaining the financial means needed to substantially conform the design specifications in force for new or significantly modified containers or housings.
  - B. The applicant has made good faith efforts to find a use alternative means of preventing animal access to his or her residential solid waste before the waste is collected, whether or not such efforts have been successful to any extent.
  - C. The applicant establishes to the satisfaction of the Board of Supervisors that a waiver will not be detrimental to the public health and safety purposes of this chapter.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.550; Ord. No. 4409, 1996; Ord. No. 5051, § 2, 4-18-2017)

**Sec. 8.42.560. Construction/demolition projects.**

- A. It shall be unlawful for the owner, agent or contractor in charge of any construction or demolition site to cause, maintain, permit, or allow to be caused, maintained or permitted the accumulation of any solid waste and litter on the site before, during or after completion of the construction or demolitions project.
- B. It shall be the duty of the owner, agent or contractor to have adequate containers on site for the disposal of solid waste and litter and to make appropriate arrangements for the collection thereof or transportation by the owner, agent or contractor to an authorized facility for final disposal. While the container is on-site, substantial provisions shall be employed by the owner, agent or contractor so as to prevent the blowing or falling of solid waste from the container so as prevent a littering condition.
- C. The owner, agent, or contractor may be required at any time to show proof of appropriate collection, or if personally transported, of final disposal at an authorized facility.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.560)

**Secs. 8.42.570—8.42.590. Reserved.**

***ARTICLE VII. AREAS FOR COLLECTING AND LOADING SOLID WASTE AND  
RECYCLABLE MATERIALS IN DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS***

**Sec. 8.42.600. General requirements for adequate, accessible and convenient areas for storing, collecting and loading solid waste and recyclable materials in development projects.**

- A. Any new development project for which an application is submitted on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived shall include adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials.
- B. Any improvements for areas of a public facility used for collecting and loading solid waste shall include adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials.
- C. Any existing development project for which an application for a building permit is submitted on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived, for a single alteration which is subsequently performed that adds 30 percent or more to the existing floor area of the development project, shall provide adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials.
- D. Any existing development project for which an application for a building permit is submitted on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived, for multiple alterations which are conducted within a 12-month period which collectively add 30 percent or more to the existing floor area of the development project, shall provide adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials.
- E. Any existing development project for which multiple applications for building permits are submitted within a 12-month period beginning on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived, for multiple alterations which are subsequently performed that collectively add 30 percent or more to the existing floor area of the development project, shall provide adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials.
- F. Any existing development project occupied by multiple tenants, one of which submits on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived, an application for a building permit for a single alteration which is subsequently performed that adds 30 percent or more to the existing floor area of that portion of the development project which said tenant leases shall provide adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials. Such recycling areas shall, at a minimum, be sufficient in capacity, number, and distribution to serve that portion of the development project which said tenant leases.
- G. Any existing development project occupied by multiple tenants, one of which submits on or after the effective date of the ordinance from which this chapter is derived, an application for a building permit for multiple alterations which are conducted within a 12-month period which collectively add 30 percent or more to the existing floor area of that portion of the development project which said tenant leases shall provide adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials. Such recycling areas shall, at a minimum, be sufficient in capacity, number, and distribution to serve that portion of the development project which said tenant leases.
- H. Any existing development project occupied by multiple tenants, one of which submits within a 12-month period beginning on or after December 31, 1993, multiple applications for building permits for multiple alterations which are subsequently performed that collectively add 30 percent or more to the existing floor area of that portion of the development project which said tenant leases shall provide adequate, accessible, and convenient areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials. Such recycling areas shall, at a minimum, be sufficient in capacity, number, and distribution to serve that portion of the development project which said tenant leases.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.600)

**Sec. 8.42.610. Guidelines for all development projects.**

- A. Recycling areas should be designed to be architecturally compatible with nearby structures and with the existing topography and vegetation.
- B. The design and construction of recycling areas shall not prevent security of any recyclable materials placed therein.
- C. The design, construction, and location of recycling areas shall not be in conflict with any applicable Federal, State, or local laws relating to fire, building, access, transportation, circulation, or safety.
- D. Recycling areas or the bins or containers placed therein must provide protection against adverse environmental conditions, such as rain, which might render the collected materials unmarketable.
- E. Driveways and/or travel aisles shall, at a minimum, conform to local building code requirements for garbage collection access and clearance. In the absence of such building code requirements, driveways and/or travel aisles should provide unobstructed access for collection vehicles and personnel.
- F. A sign clearly identifying all recycling and solid waste collection and loading areas and the materials accepted therein shall be posted adjacent to all points of direct access to the recycling areas.
- G. Developments and transportation corridors adjacent to recycling areas shall be adequately protected from any adverse impacts such as noise, odor, vectors, or glare through measures, including, but not limited to, maintaining adequate separation, fencing, and landscaping.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.610)

**Sec. 8.42.620. Additional guidelines for single-tenant development projects.**

- A. Areas for recycling shall be adequate in capacity, number, and distribution to serve the development project.
- B. Dimensions of the recycling area shall accommodate receptacles sufficient to meet the recycling needs of the development project.
- C. An adequate number of bins or containers to allow for the collection and loading of recyclable materials generated by the development project should be located within the recycling area.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.620)

**Sec. 8.42.630. Additional guidelines for multiple-tenant development projects.**

- A. Recycling areas shall, at a minimum, be sufficient in capacity, number, and distribution to serve that portion of the development project leased by the tenant who submitted an application or applications resulting in the need to provide recycling areas pursuant to Section 8.42.600.
- B. Dimensions of recycling areas shall accommodate receptacles sufficient to meet the recycling needs of that portion of the development project leased by the tenant who submitted an application or applications resulting in the need to provide recycling areas pursuant to Section 8.42.600.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.630)

**Sec. 8.42.640. Location.**

- A. Recycling areas shall not be located in any area required to be constructed or maintained as unencumbered, according to any applicable Federal, State, or local laws relating to fire, access,

building, transportation, circulation, or safety.

- B. Any and all recycling areas shall be located so they are at least as convenient for those persons who deposit, collect, and load the recyclable materials placed therein as the location where solid waste is collected and loaded. Whenever feasible, areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials shall be adjacent to the solid waste collection areas.
- C. Before building permits shall be issued for development projects, plans for the adequacy, accessibility, convenience and location of solid waste and recyclable containers and storage facilities must be approved by the County Building and Planning Departments and the Department of Environmental Management and the respective franchisee.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.640; Ord. No. 5051, § 2, 4-18-2017)

**Secs. 8.42.650—8.42.690. Reserved.**

*ARTICLE VIII. PROHIBITED ACTS, NUISANCES, VIOLATIONS, ABATEMENT  
AND PENALTIES*

**Sec. 8.42.700. Littering, accumulation of litter, and illegal dumping prohibited.**

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to throw, dump, scatter, discard, place or deposit litter or solid waste in any manner or amount on any highway, road, right-of-way, or public or private property within the unincorporated area of the County, except in containers or in areas lawfully provided for or permitted for that use.
- B. The existence or accumulation, without the authority of the County, of litter, trash, scrap materials, junk parts, garbage or refuse of any kind upon private property shall be prohibited, provided that said refuse is visible to the occupants of an adjacent or nearby parcel of real property, or to the users of any right-of-way. It shall be unlawful to allow accumulations of wastepaper, litter or combustible or flammable waste materials or rubbish of any kind to remain in any court, yard, vacant lot or open space.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.700)

**Sec. 8.42.710. Unauthorized use of public receptacles.**

It shall be unlawful for any owner, manager or employee of a commercial establishment or institution to deposit solid waste from the establishment or institution in any receptacle maintained on a sidewalk or at any other location for disposal of litter by pedestrians.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.710)

**Sec. 8.42.720. Unauthorized dumping, deposition or disposal of hazardous waste prohibited.**

No person shall dump, deposit, or otherwise dispose of any hazardous or biomedical waste onto land, into soil, rock, air, or water or at an unauthorized disposal sites, transfer stations, resource recovery facilities, transformation facilities, buy-back centers, drop-off recycling centers, or any container to be collected and ultimately deposited, unless otherwise approved in advance and in writing by the Board or Director.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.720)

**Sec. 8.42.730. Burning solid waste prohibited.**

No person shall burn or incinerate solid waste except as permitted by the Department.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.730)

**Sec. 8.42.740. Storing refuse inside buildings prohibited.**

No person, except a franchisee or permittee authorized by the Board under this chapter, shall store solid waste inside a building or structure except in enclosed containers as specified in Section 8.42.520 and as is necessary or incidental to the temporary storage of such waste until the next regularly scheduled solid waste collection pickup. Such temporary storage shall not exceed the time limits specified in Section 8.42.500.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.740)

**Sec. 8.42.750. Tampering with container unlawful.**

No person shall tamper with, modify, remove from, or deposit solid waste or recyclable materials in any container which has not been provided for his or her use, without the permission of the container owner.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.750)

**Sec. 8.42.760. Placement of solid waste on property of another prohibited.**

No person shall place solid waste upon the land of another, or in a residential or commercial solid waste receptacle of another, or upon premises other than those from which the solid waste originated, for the purpose of making solid waste available for collection and disposal.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.760)

**Sec. 8.42.770. Tampering or removal of recyclable materials.**

No person shall, other than the owner or franchised recyclable materials hauler, tamper with, modify, or deposit wastes into recyclable materials that have been segregated from non-recyclable wastes and placed at a designated collection location for the purpose of collection and recycling. Unless otherwise provided by contract, all recyclable materials which are segregated from non-recyclable wastes for the purpose of recycling, and placed at a designated collection location, may not be removed by anyone

other than the franchised recyclable materials collector or owner.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.770)

**Sec. 8.42.780. Load covering required during transportation.**

No person, franchisee or permittee shall transport solid waste and/or recyclable materials within the County unless the vehicle load is covered in such a way so as to prevent wastes or recyclable materials from blowing or falling from the load. Persons hauling wastes or recyclable materials from their residences, or wastes or recyclable materials produced in the course of their own business, or persons

performing occasional hauling for others without compensation must haul such materials in appropriate covered vehicles or must cover the loads with a temporary cover suitable to prevent materials from being blown or falling from the load.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.780)

**Sec. 8.42.790. Trespass at any solid waste disposal, transfer station or processing facility.**

- A. No person shall enter upon any County-owned or franchised waste disposal site, transfer station or processing facility without first obtaining the County's and/or the franchisee's consent. Such consent shall be deemed to have been given where a person is:
1. Entering the facility for the purpose of disposing of solid waste or recyclable materials in accordance with County ordinance or State and Federal law;
  2. Logging in with the franchisee with responsibility for the operation of the facility each time that entry for the purpose of inspection is requested. A person making an inspection or touring the facility in this manner may do so only when accompanied by an authorized employee. Reasonable notice shall be given to the Department and/or franchisee so that arrangements can be made for an employee to be present; or
  3. Obtaining the permission of the department and/or franchisee for visits. The permission shall be in writing from the Director and shall contain conditions and restrictions as to its use, and the visitor shall execute a signed and witnessed hold-harmless agreement.
- B. For reasons of health and safety, no single person shall be permitted to exercise the provisions of this section unless directly accompanied by another adult person. The Department is authorized by this section to place perimeter signs on the landfill property placing all persons on notice of this trespass regulation.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.790)

**ARTICLE IX. ENFORCEMENT AND ABATEMENT**

**Sec. 8.42.800. Enforcement and Abatement**

- A. *Nuisance abatement.* The Enforcement Official (as defined in Section 9.02 of this Code) may, in addition to other authorized procedures set forth in this chapter, take action to abate any nuisance in accordance with the procedures found in [Chapter 9.02](#) of this Code. The costs of any such abatement undertaken by the County shall be borne jointly and severally by the property owner and the person creating, causing, committing, allowing, or maintaining the nuisance and shall be collectable in accordance with the provisions of [Chapter 9.02](#) of this Code.
- B. *Summary abatement.* The Enforcement Official may, in addition to other authorized procedures, take immediate action to abate any solid waste violation when, in the discretion of the Enforcement Official, the illicit waste causes or threatens to cause a condition which presents an imminent danger to the public health, safety, or welfare, or the environment, or a violation of a permit. The Enforcement Official must first make reasonable attempts to contact and compel the person responsible and/or property owner to abate the illicit discharge or threatened illicit discharge in a satisfactory manner. The costs of any such abatement shall be borne jointly and severally by the property owner and the person creating, causing, committing, allowing, or maintaining the nuisance and shall be collectable in accordance with the provisions of [Chapter 9.02](#) of this Code. Following the summary abatement hearing, within ten days of taking action in accordance with this section, there shall be a post-abatement hearing in

accordance with [Section 9.02.310](#).

**Sec. 8.42.850. Compliance with State law.**

Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve any person from compliance with State law as to any activity allowed or permitted by the County hereunder.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.850)

**Sec. 8.42.860. Enforcement by local enforcement agency.**

Nothing herein shall be construed to limit or restrict the authority of the local enforcement agency as set forth in Article 1, Chapter 2, Part 4 of Division 30 of the Public Resources Code and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(Code 1997, § 8.42.860; Ord. No. 4319, 1994)

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Board of Supervisors of the County of El Dorado at a regular meeting of said Board, held on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_, by the following vote of said Board:

**ATTEST**

Ayes:

**JAMES S. MITRISIN**

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

By \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Deputy Clerk

Noes:

Absent:

\_\_\_\_\_

Chair, Board of Supervisors

**APPROVED AS TO FORM  
COUNTY COUNSEL**

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

