COUNTY OF EL DORADO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors of the County of El Dorado Placerville, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of El Dorado, California (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the El Dorado County Transportation Commission, the Children and Families Commission, and the El Dorado County Transit Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which represents the following percentages of assets, liabilities and revenues of the opinion units as noted below:

Opinion Unit	Assets	Liabilities	Revenues
Discretely Presented Component Units	100%	100%	100%
Aggregate Remaining Funds	1%	1%	

Those basic financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for those entities, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of El Dorado, California, as of June 30, 2011, and the

To the Board of Supervisors of the County of El Dorado Placerville, California

respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report under separate cover, dated March 28, 2012, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying information identified in the table of contents as combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Ballina LLP

Roseville, California March 28, 2012



County of El Dorado OFFICE OF AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

360 FAIR LANE PLACERVILLE, CALIFORNIA 95667 (530) 621-5487

BOB TOSCANO
Assistant Auditor-Controller

March 28, 2012

Members of the Board of Supervisors and Citizens of El Dorado County:

This *Management's Discussion and Analysis* and letter of transmittal of the County of El Dorado's (County) financial statements presents a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$481.4 million (net assets). Of this, \$26.5 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$109.1 million is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net assets), and \$345.8 million is invested in capital assets, net of depreciation and related debts.
- The total fund balances for the County's governmental funds amounted to \$178.1 million, an increase of \$5.8 million from the prior year. Approximately \$112.1 million of this total, or 62.9 percent, is either nonspendable or restricted for specific uses; and \$66.1 million, or 37.1 percent, is unrestricted to meet the County's current and future spending needs.
- At the end of the fiscal year the County's primary operating fund, the General Fund, had a fund balance of \$36.5 million. Approximately \$4.1 million is either nonspendable or restricted for specific uses. The remaining \$32.4 million, which approximates to 20.3 percent of the General Fund's total expenditures for the year, is unrestricted.
- The County's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2011 was \$346.0 million. This balance consisted of \$341.9 million for governmental activities and \$4.1 million for business-type activities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's financial statements. The County's financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements and

3) Notes to the financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>statement of net assets</u> presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as <u>net assets</u>. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator in determining if the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, <u>regardless of the timing of related cash flows</u>. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but uncollected revenues and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, recreation and cultural services. The business-type activities of the County include Airports and South Lake Tahoe Transit.

Component units are included in our financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have boards that have been substantially appointed by the County Board of Supervisors and/or provide services entirely to the County. Component units of the County include the El Dorado Transit Authority, Children and Families Commission, and the El Dorado County Transportation Commission.

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds financial statements focus on current in-flows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's short-term financial position and the financial resources available in the near future to support the County's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

In addition to the *General Fund*, the County maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds). Major funds are presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Major governmental funds include the *General Fund*, the *Road Fund*, the *Mental Health Fund*, and the *Silva Valley Interchange Road Impact Fee* (RIF) Fund. All other non-major governmental funds are presented in aggregate as *Other Governmental Funds*.

Proprietary funds are comprised of enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for South Lake Tahoe Transit and County Airports. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds for its self-insurance (Risk Management Authority), which includes general liability, workers' compensation, employee health benefits, retiree health benefits, and for its fleet operations and maintenance (Fleet Management). Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide similar information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. These statements present the County's business type activities- enterprise funds and governmental activities- internal service funds. The proprietary fund statements present each of the County's enterprise funds (South Lake Tahoe Transit and County Airports) separately and in aggregate, along with the aggregate of the internal service funds activity. Additional internal service funds financial statements have been provided for Fleet Management and the Risk Management Authority, which provide the detail for each of these funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's programs. The County retains and reports Investment Trust, Private Purpose Trust, and Agency type fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information consists of funding progress schedules for the pension benefits and other post-employment benefits and the County's General Fund and major fund budgetary comparison schedules to demonstrate compliance with the County's adopted budget.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets can serve over time as a useful indicator of whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Other factors, such as market conditions, should be considered in measuring the County's overall financial position. The county's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$481.4 million at June 30, 2011. A comparative analysis of government-wide data is presented below.

Net Assets June 30, (in thousands)

		Gover Act	rnm tivit			Business-Type Activities			ıl		
Assets:		2011	2507	2010		2011		2010	 2011		2010
Current and other									3033433303		345 F
assets	\$	267,385	\$	264,642	\$	338	\$	241	\$ 267,723	\$	264,883
Capital assets	0	341,974		369,572		4,075		3,934	346,049		373,506
Total assets		609,359		634,214		4,413		4,175	613,772		638,389
Liabilities: Current and other		20.707		20.662		40.5					
liabilities		38,797		39,660		195		114	38,992		39,774
Long-term liabilities		93,342		78,164		20		25	93,362		78,189
Total liabilities		132,139		117,824	14	215		139	132,354		117,963
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of											
related debt		341,756		369,045		4,070		3,923	345,826		372,968
Restricted net assets Unrestricted net		109,100		143,141		41		41	109,141		143,182
assets		26,364		4,204		87		72	26,451		4,276
Total net assets	\$	477,220	\$	516,390	\$	4,198	\$	4,036	\$ 481,418	\$	520,426

Analysis of Net Assets

By far the largest portion of the County's net assets is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, structures and improvements, and equipment), less any related debt

used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these net assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the County's net assets, \$109.1 million or 22.7 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance, \$26.5 million, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the most current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, for the government as a whole. The following table indicates the changes in net assets for governmental and business-type activities:

Change in Net Assets June 30, (in thousands)

		ımental vities		ss-Type vities	Total		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Revenues		2020					
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 39,274	\$ 40,132	\$ 609	\$ 722	\$ 39,883	\$ 40,854	
Operating grants and	4 ,	4 ,	* ***	•	•,		
contributions	143,733	147,091	1	-	143,734	147,091	
Capital grants and			100		10 100100	E 20 202 E	
contributions	4,148	14,597	445	362	4,593	14,959	
General Revenues:							
Taxes	99,475	104,064	1.		99,475	104,064	
Use of money and	,	,			- Control of the Cont		
property	720	751	1	1	721	752	
Other revenues	10,014	5,005	2		10,016	5,005	
Total revenues	297,364	311,640	1,058	1,085	298,422	312,725	
Expenses							
General government	29,672	33,931		_	29,672	33,931	
Public protection	105,962	108,467	_		105,962	108,467	
Public ways and	100,702	100,107			100,702	100,107	
facilities	59,386	66,911	-	2	59,386	66,911	
Health and sanitation	59,147	51,368	-	-	59,147	51,368	
Public assistance	53,089	50,854	-	-	53,089	50,854	
Education	4,071	3,805	-	-	4,071	3,805	
Recreation and culture	708	728	-	-	708	728	
Interest on long-term							
debt	30	112	_	-	30	112	
Airports		-	1,004	1,126	1,004	1,126	
SLT Transit Program	•	-	60	371	60	371	
Total expenses	312,065	316,176	1,064	1,497	313,129	317,673	
Excess (deficiency) before	5.2,000	510,170	1,001		010,125		
special items and							
transfers	(14,701)	(4,536)	(6)	(412)	(14,707)	(4,948)	
Transfers	(168)	(72)	168	72	(-,,,-,,	(,,- , - ,	
	(14,869)	(4,608)	162	(340)	(14,707)	(4,948)	
Change in net assets	(14,809)	(4,008)	102	(340)	(14,707)	(4,946)	
Net assets at beginning of	£17.300	520,000	4.026	4.376	520 42 <i>(</i>	626 224	
year	516,390	520,998	4,036	4,376	520,426	525,374	
Restate net assets, see a)	(24,301)	_	_	_	(24,301)		
Net assets at beginning of	(27,301)		-		(27,501)	<u>-</u>	
year – restated	492,089	520,998	4,036	4,376	496,125	525,374	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 477,220	\$ 516,390	\$ 4,198	\$ 4,036	\$ 481,418	\$ 520,426	
The not seen	to at the beginning	of 2011 word and	9 4,170	william This ye	9 401,410	9 J20,720	

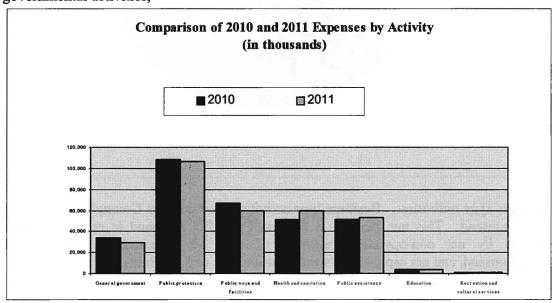
a) The net assets at the beginning of 2011 were reduced by \$24.3 million. This was an adjustment to eliminate \$31.8 State owned road improvements, net of \$7.5 million of accumulated depreciation.

Governmental activities. The County experienced an overall decrease in net assets of \$14.7 million in 2011, compared to a \$4.9 million decrease in 2010. This is almost entirely attributable to governmental activities and \$9.8 million greater than the prior year's decrease. This decrease in net assets was the result of a 4.6 percent decrease in revenues accompanied by a lesser (1.4) percent decrease in expenses when compared to the prior year. The largest dollar revenue decrease, \$10.4 million or 69.3 percent, occurred in the capital grants and contributions category. Conversely, other revenues actually doubled when compared to prior year. This \$5.0 million increase was almost entirely attributable to a \$5.8 million increase in other revenues received from insurance, third party settlements and the United States Forest Service for the Meyers Landfill Site.

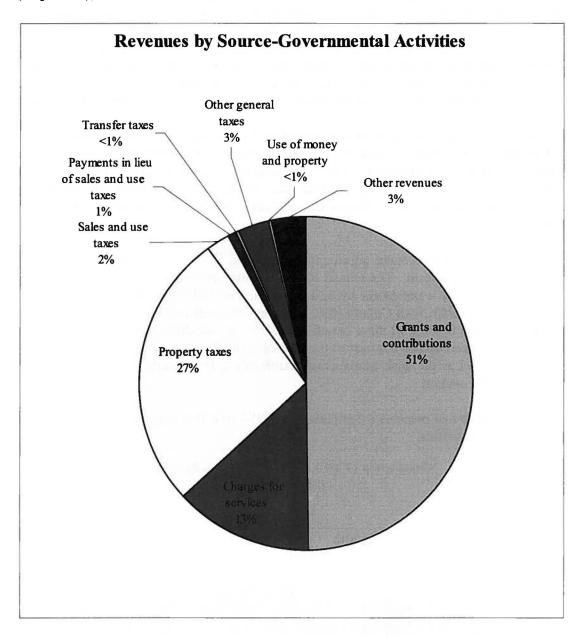
As mentioned, while total revenues decreased by 4.6 percent, total expenses decreased by 1.4 percent in 2011 when compared to 2010. Further, while reductions occurred in most functional areas, a significant increase in expenses occurred under the health and sanitation function (15.1 percent). Again, this increase was almost entirely attributable to a \$7.2 million increase in health and sanitation expenses incurred for the Meyers Landfill Site.

All functional expenses were significantly impacted by the recognition of the OPEB Retiree Health obligation. The annual Retiree Health cost alone increased expenses and reduced the County's net assets by \$20.8 million and \$19.5 million in 2011 and 2010 respectively. Further, with County Risk Management reverting back to the "pay-as-you-go" basis for the funding of these benefits in 2010, any resulting budget and expenditure reductions realized during the year at the governmental fund level were eliminated at the entity-wide level as the Risk Management Authority's \$19.1 million operating loss was spread to each function.

Below is a graph that presents a comparison of 2010 and 2011 expenses under each of the governmental activities,



Following is a graphical presentation of the various revenue sources at the entity-wide level. As presented, the County received most of its recognized revenues from grants and contributions (51 percent), property taxes (27 percent), and charges for services (13 percent),



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net assets by \$162 thousand. This net increase is the result of \$395 thousand in operating losses, reduced by net non-operating revenues of over \$3 thousand, net transfers of \$168 thousand, and net capital grants and contributions of \$385 thousand.

Similar to prior years, the County Airports continue to operate at a loss, \$395 thousand in 2011 compared to \$481 thousand last year. As in prior years, both the Placerville and Georgetown Airports had a loss from operations, whereby operating expenses exceeded operating revenues (charges for services).

To help finance the operations of business-type activities in 2011, County governmental funds contributed \$173 thousand to the County Airports during the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. Governmental activities are accounted for under the General, special revenue, permanent, debt service, and capital project funds. Included in these funds are the special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's short-term financing requirements. In particular, the expendable and unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2011 the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$178.1 million, compared to the \$172.3 million fund balance of the previous year. Approximately 37.1 percent of this fund balance, or \$66.1 million, is unrestricted and thus is available to meet the County's current and future spending needs. The remainder of the fund balance is either not available to spend or restricted for specific uses.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of June 30, 2011, the General Fund's unrestricted fund balance was \$32.4 million; an increase of \$5.3 million from last year's unreserved fund balance of \$27.1 million. This increase is mostly due to a net change (increase) in the General Fund's balance of \$4.7 million during the year, plus a \$592 thousand decrease in the General Fund's restricted fund balance.

The June 30, 2011 unrestricted fund balance, as compared to General Fund expenditures for the year, is approximately 20.3 percent, compared to 17.0 percent last year. Thus, without any additional revenue inflows, this fund balance could support the General Fund's activities for approximately 74 days, compared to 62 days last year.

In addition to the General Fund, the County maintains three major governmental funds, the Road Fund, the Mental Health Fund, and the Silva Valley Interchange Road Impact Fee (RIF) Fund. The Road Fund accounts for the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and administration of the County's transportation activities (public ways and facilities). The Road Fund recorded revenues of \$33.3 million in 2011, compared to \$42.6 million last year. This \$9.3 million decrease was primarily due to \$8.4 million

decrease in intergovernmental revenues and \$684 thousand decrease in charges for services. Similarly, expenditures decreased from \$58.0 million in 2010 to \$50.8 million in 2011. Thus, the \$9.3 million decline in revenues was offset by a \$7.2 million reduction in expenditures, and resulted in a \$17.5 million deficiency of revenues to expenditures compared to \$15.4 million deficit last year. However, due to a \$10.0 million decrease in the transfers in from other funds, the relative net change in fund balance went from a \$5.2 million increase in fiscal year 2010 to a \$6.8 million decrease in 2011.

The Mental Health Fund accounts for the administration and provision of mental health services to promote mental health and public safety, prevent mental illness, and serve persons with mental illness and severe emotional disorders. In 2011 the Mental Health Fund experienced an operating deficit of \$2.9 million, compared to a \$2.3 million operating deficit in 2010. Specifically, while revenues decreased by \$451 thousand, expenditures increased by \$212 thousand. Similar to prior years, additional transfers in from other funds eliminated the operating deficit and resulted in a net increase in fund balance of \$196 thousand, compared to \$854 thousand last year. Also similar to last year, transfers of \$3.2 million came from the Mental Health Realignment Fund. As of June 30, 2011, the 2008 General Fund advance of \$3.3 million remains outstanding and has not been repaid.

The Silva Valley Interchange Road Impact Fee (RIF) Fund is also a major fund. However, and unlike the Mental Health Fund, this major fund designation is due to the fund's cash or assets rather than its liabilities. Specifically, the Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund had over \$21.6 million in cash as of June 30, 2011. Further, this fund's cash increased by \$1.1 million during the year. With just \$62 thousand in revenue (interest) and \$357 thousand in transfers out to other funds, this increase in cash is primarily due to the repayment of a \$1.4 million advance to the El Dorado Hills Traffic Impact Mitigation (TIM) fee special revenue fund.

The combined governmental fund balances increased by \$5.8 million during 2011, compared to a \$4.1 million increase last year. This increase in the governmental fund balances was the result of expenditures decreasing by 1.5 percent, \$287.1 million in 2011 compared to \$291.5 million in 2010, accompanied by a slighter decrease (less than one percent) in revenues, \$293.1 million in 2011 compared to \$295.6 million in 2010.

Proprietary funds. As described earlier, when certain activities are performed for which user fees or charges are designed to cover expenditures, proprietary funds are used. The County accounts for both governmental activities (internal service funds) and business-type activities (enterprise funds) using these types of funds.

The internal service funds include the Fleet Management and Risk Management Authority funds. In fiscal year 2011, the Fleet Management realized net operating loss of just over one thousand dollars, the Risk Management Authority a net operating loss of \$19.1 million. The loss by Risk Management is almost entirely attributable to the recognition of the OPEB Retiree Health obligation. In prior fiscal years this obligation

was partially funded in addition to pay-as-you-go via the Retiree Health internal service rates charges to the various County departments and programs. In fiscal year 2010 this practice was discontinued and the County reverted back to a pay-as-you-go basis. Thus, while this pay-as-you-go funding reduced the expenditures incurred at the governmental fund level, the recognition of this liability and expense by the Risk Management Authority has resulted in a deficit fund equity. Further, none of these costs were passed to the other funds, programs, or restricted funding sources via the internal service fund rates.

Similar to last year, and in addition to pay-as-you-go expenses, the Risk Management Authority paid \$2.5 million to individual employee health savings accounts in fiscal year 2011 as part of a retirement incentive. Since the source of this funding was the Retiree Health Plan rates charged to county departments over a several year period, it is uncertain if the General Fund will be required to reimburse the Risk Management Authority for these health savings plan contributions or rebate these funds to the individual departments and programs that contributed these funds through the internal service fund's Retiree Health Plan rates.

Business-type activities are accounted for under enterprise funds and include the South Lake Tahoe Transit Authority and County Airports; see the business-type activities section for a further discussion regarding the County Airports.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY ANALYSIS

The original and the final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures increased by \$1.5 million, or less than one percent. The largest of the revenue budget modifications included:

- \$517 thousand increase in other financing sources,
- \$483 thousand increase in Federal intergovernmental revenues,
- \$427 thousand increase in State intergovernmental revenues,

While the largest expenditure budget modifications included:

- \$84 thousand increase to the Sheriff's budgeted services and supplies,
- \$393 thousand increase to the Sheriff's budgeted fixed assets,
- \$80 thousand increase to the Development Services Building Inspector's salaries and benefits.
- \$270 thousand decrease to the Social Services Administration salaries and benefits budget,
- \$248 thousand decrease to the Social Services Administration fixed assets budget,
- \$200 thousand increase to the Social Services Administration services and supplies budget,
- \$260 thousand increase to the Social Service Programs services and supplies budget,
- \$291 thousand increase to the County Library's salaries and benefits budget,

- \$185 thousand increase to the County Library's services and supplies budget, and
- \$135 thousand increase to the appropriations for contingency,

The overall variance between final revenues budgeted and the actual amounts received were minor, with a negative variance of \$452 thousand or less than one percent. Specifically, compared to a final resource budget of \$183.0 million, actual funding equaled \$182.6 million. However, this relative small net variance consisted of significant budget to actual variances among the estimated and actual resource or revenue classifications, including but not limited to, taxes and assessments (\$2.3 million over budget), State revenues (\$4.7 million over budget), Federal revenues (\$1.7 million under budget), charges for services (\$294 thousand over budget) and other financing sources (\$6.5 million under budget).

The differences between the budgeted (not including contingency) and actual expenditures were significant. Specifically, expenditures fell \$12.4 million or 6.5 percent below the final budget. Variances occurred under each of the governmental activities, whereby departments' expenditures fell below projections, the most significant of which included:

- General Government Actual expenditures fell below final budget by \$4.0 million or 8.6 percent. While almost all of the general government operating units had expenditures that fell below their final budget, some showed considerable differences (budget exceeded actual expenditures by over \$200 thousand), including the Auditor-Controller, Buildings and Grounds, Real Property, County Promotion, Information Technologies, and Contributions to Other Funds. There were also departments under general government that exceeded their final budget. Those that exceeded their final budget were the Elections Department and contributions to the County Airports.
- Public Protection Actual expenditures fell below final budget by \$7.1 million or 7.3 percent. Similar to the general government function, most of the departments under public protection fell below their budgets, with many departments falling significantly below budget (budget exceeded actual expenditures by over \$200 thousand) including District Attorney, Sheriff, Sheriff Central Dispatch, Jail, Juvenile Hall, Probation, Building Inspector, and Emergency Services.
- Health and Sanitation Environmental Management Actual expenditures fell below final budget by \$271 thousand or 11.7 percent with salaries and benefits making up the majority, falling below budget by \$146 thousand.
- Public Assistance Actual expenditures fell below final budget by \$738 thousand or 1.9 percent under budget, mostly due to the Social Services Administration and Programs Unit falling below budget by \$1.0 million and \$255 thousand respectively. Public Assistance's Categorical Aids, however, exceeded its budget by \$632 thousand.

In general, County management's practice of over budgeting both General Fund inflows and outflows continues. Further, while budget amendments and adjustments lessened the gap between budgeted and actual revenues, the opposite was true of the amendments to budgeted expenditures. Specifically, the budgeted expenditures, not including contingency, increased from \$188.8 million to \$190.2 million. The General Fund's actual expenditures were \$177.8 million in 2011, or \$12.4 million less than was budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 amounts to \$346.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, construction in progress, infrastructure, structures and improvements, and equipment. Additions to capital assets totaled \$20.4 million in 2011.

Major capital asset additions during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$1.6 million in additions to the land and land improvements, consisting of \$1.3 million in land purchases, \$207 thousand in right of way purchases for County roads, and \$106 thousand in land improvements to the Georgetown Airport,
- \$2.2 million in new road construction, including \$600 thousand for the Sophia Parkway and \$404 thousand for the US 50 and Missouri Flat Interchange,
- \$5.6 million in road reconstruction, including the Pioneer Trail (\$651 thousand), Latrobe Road (\$933 thousand), Latrobe Road Suncast Lane to Golden Foothill South (\$677 thousand) and Green Valley Road at Tennessee Creek Bridge Replacement (\$522 thousand) projects,
- \$1.5 million for signals, safety and lighting,
- \$2.3 million for storm drains.
- \$4.1 million in donated roads specifically road improvements made by AKT Development Corporation for Promontory Beatty Drive,
- \$2.0 million in equipment, including \$929 thousand in road construction and maintenance equipment, \$75 thousand grounds and building maintenance equipment, \$124 thousand in law enforcement electronic data processing equipment, \$86 thousand in law enforcement officer equipment, and \$600 thousand for 22 new vehicle purchases by Fleet Management.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 4 in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration and Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2011 the County's outstanding long-term debt totaled \$3.5 million. The components of this obligation consist of \$3.2 million notes payable and \$218 thousand in capital lease obligations.

In addition to long-term debt, the County has long-term liabilities of \$95.9 million associated with compensated absences (\$13.1 million), landfill closure (\$8.1 million), self-insurance (\$16.7 million), and other post-employment benefits (\$58.0 million). Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note 6 in the

notes to the financial statements. Additional information on the County's other obligations follows.

OTHER COUNTY OBLIGATIONS

Post Employment Retirement Benefits.

The County has contractually obligated itself with various labor organizations to provide post employment retirement benefits to its employees and former employees. As a result, the County has assumed significant unfunded obligations to its retirees and future retirees. These obligations are described in the notes to the financial statements, and the Retiree's Health obligation has been partially presented, in year four of a 20-year amortization, as a liability on the County's financial statements.

As of June 30, 2011 the County calculated its unfunded liability at \$411.6 million, based on the market value of assets and actuarial reports dated June 30, 2010. The resulting computation of the unfunded liability as of June 30, 2010 may be summarized as follows:

Post Retirement			Mar	ket Value of	τ	nfunded		
Benefit Plan		Liability Pla		Liability Plan Ass		lan Assets	Lia	bility (UL)
CalPERS Safety	\$	213,403,602	\$	128,647,899	\$	84,755,703		
CalPERS Misc		463,646,274		304,007,643		159,638,631		
Retiree's Health		167,183,000				167,183,000		
Total	\$	844,232,876	\$	432,655,542	\$	411,577,334		

The above Retiree's Health liability of \$167.2 million is based on the assumption that the Board of Supervisors will not enforce a cap on the County's contribution as required by generally accepted accounting principles. Because the Retiree's Health benefit plan is a defined benefit plan, generally accepted accounting principles require the County to recognize its retiree's health obligation without the cap limitation for financial reporting purposes until such cap is enforced and thereby begins to alter the established pattern of shared costs. Further, while employee benefits exceeded the 1.2% cap in fiscal year 2011, the Board did not vote to enforce this cap or modify benefits. The Retiree's Health actuarial value of plan assets is valued at zero because the assets are not held in a qualifying trust. However, the County has charged departments and programs to set aside cash to fund this obligation, which as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 totaled \$13,109,464 and \$16,014,759 respectively.

During the 2011 fiscal year, the County used a portion of the Retiree Health fund's cash for early retirement incentives. In addition, the County continued its practice of pay-as-you-go basis. Since the Retiree Health Plan's internal service rates charged to the County departments in 2011 were designed to recover only the pay-as-you-go costs, there was a \$2,905,296 reduction in the Retiree Health Plan's internal service fund's assets. Further, while this was due in part to the under-funding of pay-as-you-go costs in 2011 (\$2,200,487 actual pay-as-you-go expenses less the \$1,789,995 Retiree Health charges

for services to departments), most of this reduction was due to the \$2,511,616 of early retirement incentives paid by the fund during the fiscal year. It is uncertain at this time whether the State, as the County's federal oversight agency, will require the refund of the early retirement incentives that have been paid from the Retiree Health fund.

Meyers Landfill Site.

The Meyers Landfill Site is located south of Lake Tahoe, about two miles northeast of Meyers, California. The landfill was in operation from 1947 through 1971 under a Special Use Permit from the Forest Service. At the request of the Forest Service, the site was closed in 1973 and covered with a soil cap of sandy material.

In May 1975, complaints regarding the landfill prompted an investigation by the Lahonton Regional Water Quality Control Board (LRWQCB). In June 1975 the LRWQCB issued a Clean-up and Abatement Order No. 75-5 to the Forest Service and the County.

The County did extensive work between 1975 and 1977 to help mitigate some of the problems. Between 1991-1994 the Forest Service began monitoring ground water for contaminates. In August 1996 vinyl chloride was detected. Because of this finding, the Forest Service issued an Action Memorandum, pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act to close the site to the public and to continue sampling.

In 2001 the U.S. government initiated a suit against El Dorado County and City of South Lake Tahoe. The County in turn sued the large private users of the landfill and a settlement with those companies was reached in December 2009 that specified a payment of \$1.25 million into an account held by the Court Registry. Those funds have now been transferred to the County and have been reported as other revenues.

Additional revenues associated with the Meyers Landfill Site are from the county's insurance carrier as part of the settlement for \$1,650,000. There was also \$1,612,349 received from the Forest Service for their share of the settlement and \$1,367,152 from a disbursement account held by the Forest Service. The latter funds are from the settlements paid by the City of South Lake Tahoe, \$622,000, and South Tahoe Refuse, \$1,000,000.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the El Dorado County Auditor-Controller, 360 Fair Lane, Placerville, California 95667.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Primary Government							
	Governmental		В	usiness-Type	T-4-1-		Component	
ASSETS	_	Activities		Activities	_	Totals	_	Units
Cash and investments	\$	230,052,260	\$	62,325	\$	230,114,585	\$	6,919,250
Restricted cash and investments	φ	1,727,046	φ	40,759	J	1,767,805	Φ	787,846
Cash with fiscal agents		246,963		40,757		246,963		707,040
Accounts receivable		4,731,834		1,410		4,733,244		82,128
Special assessments receivable		145,989				145,989		02,120
Interest receivable								1,390
Due from other governments		22,425,280		182,941		22,608,221		2,581,076
Notes receivable		3,401,322		102,711		3,401,322		2,501,070
Inventory and prepayments		1,621,683		84,022		1,705,705		132,413
Internal balances		33,000		(33,000)				
Notes receivable, long term		3,000,000		(00,000)		3,000,000		
Capital Assets:		-,,				-,,		
Nondepreciable		50,851,206		715,101		51,566,307		639,659
Depreciable, net		291,122,591		3,359,644		294,482,235		9,876,922
Total Assets	\$	609,359,174	\$	4,413,202	\$	613,772,376	\$	21,020,684
					_			
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	11,675,956	\$	177,411	\$	11,853,367	\$	251,072
Accrued expenses								112,597
Accrued salaries and benefits		5,287,363		8,425		5,295,788		8,265
Accrued interest payable		644		161		805		
Due to other governments		3,867,048		2,796		3,869,844		2,327,950
Unearned revenue		11,687,855				11,687,855		2,885,229
Other liabilities		189,605				189,605		
Long-term liabilities:								
Liability for other post-employment benefits:								
Due beyond one year		58,034,507				58,034,507		-
Liability for self-insurance:								
Due within one year		4,265,789				4,265,789		
Due beyond one year		12,441,925				12,441,925		383,505
Liability for landfill closure and post-closure:								
Due beyond one year		8,109,469				8,109,469		
Compensated absences:								
Due within one year		1,719,238		2,905		1,722,143		234,580
Due beyond one year		11,397,900		19,440		11,417,340		158,108
Other liabilities:								
Due within one year		292,834		3,567		296,401		
Due beyond one year		3,168,578		930		3,169,508		
Total Liabilities	_	132,138,711		215,635		132,354,346		6,361,306
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		341,756,186		4,070,248		345,826,434		10,516,581
Restricted for:		541,750,100		4,070,240		343,020,434		10,510,501
Capital projects		8,721,406				8,721,406		
Debt service		189,605				189,605		
Public safety		11,887,439				11,887,439		
Community resources and public facilities		52,013,552				52,013,552		
Health and public assistance		27,695,694				27,695,694		
General government and support programs		7,636,902				7,636,902		
Other purposes		955,925		40,759		996,684		902,696
Unrestricted		26,363,754		86,560		26,450,314		3,240,101
Total Net Assets	_	477,220,463	_	4,197,567		481,418,030	_	14,659,378
								-
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	609,359,174	\$	4,413,202	\$	613,772,376	\$	21,020,684

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:		A					
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 29,671,902	\$ 7,991,863	\$ 6,284,331	\$			
Public protection	105,961,950	11,142,201	22,605,401				
Public ways and facilities	59,385,817	4,504,226	37,181,492	4,147,578			
Health and sanitation	59,146,765	14,386,352	30,120,930				
Public assistance	53,088,721	609,969	47,193,719				
Education	4,071,279	430,864	346,925				
Recreation and cultural services	708,245	208,245		901			
Debt Service:							
Interest and fiscal charges	29,700						
Total Governmental Activities	312,064,379	39,273,720	143,732,798	4,148,479			
Business-Type Activities:							
Airports	1,004,522	608,827	1,341	444,926			
South Lake Tahoe Transit Program	59,930						
Total Business-Type Activities	1,064,452	608,827	1,341	444,926			
Total Primary Government	\$ 313,128,831	\$ 39,882,547	\$ 143,734,139	<u>\$ 4,593,405</u>			
Components Units:							
El Dorado Transit Authority	\$ 6,129,351	\$ 1,416,223	\$ 3,625,095	\$ 316,039			
Children and Families Commission	2,123,177		1,285,784				
El Dorado County							
Transportation Commission	1,155,653		1,255,116				
Total Component Units	\$ 9,408,181	\$ 1,416,223	\$ 6,165,995	\$ 316,039			

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Payments in lieu of sales and use taxes

Transfer taxes

Other general taxes

Unrestricted interest and investment earnings

Other revenues

Extraordinary items

Transfers

Total General Revenues, Transfers and Extraordinary Items

Change in Net Assets

Net assets - July 1, restated

Net assets - June 30

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Primary	Government				
$\overline{}$	Governmental		ness-Type			Comp	onent
	Activities		ctivities		Total	Ún	
				9-			
\$	(15,395,708)	\$		\$	(15,395,708)	\$	-
,,	(72,214,348)				(72,214,348)	•	
	(13,552,521)		::		(13,552,521)		
	(14,639,483)				(14,639,483)		
	(5,285,033)				(5,285,033)		
	(3,293,490)		-		(3,293,490)		
	(499,099)				(499,099)		
	(499,099)		, 		(499,099)		
	(29,700)			1	(29,700)	(
	(124,909,382)				(124,909,382)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:
			50,572		50,572		
			(59,930)		(59,930)		
-			(9,358)		(9,358)	1	
_		-	(2,230)		(2,556)	1-	
-	(124,909,382)		(9,358)		(124,918,740)	·	
						(7	71,994)
						(8	37,393)
						2	99,463
-						(1,5	09,924)
	80,619,434				80,619,434		
	6,518,983				6,518,983		
	2,107,712				2,107,712		
	1,240,679				1,240,679		
	8,988,155				8,988,155		
	720,431		452		720,883		40,310
	10,014,150		2,265		10,016,415		53,116
						(2,3	27,950)
	(168,444)		168,444		,		
	110,041,100		171,161		110,212,261	(2,2	34,524)
	(14,868,282)		161,803		(14,706,479)	(3,7	44,448)
	492,088,745		4,035,764		496,124,509	18.4	03,826
\$	477,220,463	\$	4,197,567	\$	481,418,030		59,378
	,			_	,,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	General	Road Fund	Mental Health Fund	Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 27,147,696	\$ 15,973,744	\$ 41,636	\$ 21,621,532	\$ 116,236,263	\$ 181,020,871
Restricted cash and investments					1,727,046	1,727,046
Accounts receivable	442,813	31,918	6		4,172,070	4,646,807
Special assessments receivable		,			145,989	145,989
Due from other governments	8,089,082	6,181,178	2,392,204		5,762,816	22,425,280
Notes receivable		-,,	-,,		3,401,322	3,401,322
Due from other funds	3,358,433	13,614	3,101,010		639,324	7,112,381
Advances to other funds	3,749,000					3,749,000
Inventories		671,013			57,080	728,093
Prepaid expenses	375,824	35,383	32,285		332,679	776,171
Total Assets	\$ 43,162,848	\$ 22,906,850	\$ 5,567,141	\$ 21,621,532	\$ 132,474,589	\$ 225,732,960
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,418,623	\$ 4,276,437	\$ 772,282	\$	\$ 3,593,412	\$ 10,060,754
Accrued salaries and benefits	3,956,271	612,155	289,183		399,917	5,257,526
Due to other governments	938,591	198,509	10 III I		2,729,948	3,867,048
Due to other funds	284,481				6,794,900	7,079,381
Advances from other funds			3,319,000		430,000	3,749,000
Deferred revenue	28,157	8,038,696			9,514,965	17,581,818
Total Liabilities	6,626,123	13,125,797	4,380,465		23,463,142	47,595,527
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	4,124,824	706,396	32,285		2,461,414	7,324,919
Restricted		9,074,657	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	21,621,532	74,038,021	104,734,210
Committed	1,782,596				17,398,139	19,180,735
Assigned	554,472		1,154,391		15,964,006	17,672,869
Unassigned	30,074,833				(850,133)	29,224,700
Total Fund Balances	36,536,725	9,781,053	1,186,676	21,621,532	109,011,447	178,137,433
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$ 43,162,848	\$ 22,906,850	\$ 5,567,141	\$ 21,621,532	\$ 132,474,589	\$ 225,732,960

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Fund Balance - total governmental funds	\$ 178,137,433
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Long-term receivables are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	3,000,000
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	336,773,094
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds	5,893,963
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of self-insurance risk management and management of fleet maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service fund net assets are:	(21,768,459)
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not accrued as a liability in the governmental funds.	(644)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Notes payable Capital leases Compensated absences Liability for landfill closure and post-closure Other long-term liabilities	(3,243,801) (217,611) (13,054,438) (8,109,469) (189,605)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 477,220,463

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General	Road Fund	Mental Health Fund	Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	£ 04.011.653	\$ 32,354	•	\$	\$ 14,530,971	£ 00 474 077
Licenses and permits	\$ 84,911,652 4,348,849	54,625	\$	-	2,555,744	\$ 99,474,977 6,959,218
Intergovernmental revenue	61,697,042	31,886,858	5,362,024		44,804,824	143,750,748
Use of money or property	126,505	46,669	933	62,448	353,192	589,747
Charges for current services	11,749,231	822,887	391,259	02,446	17,080,422	30,043,799
Fines, forfeits and penalties	1,073,455	022,007	391,239		1,727,195	2,800,650
Other revenue	1,293,695	462,305	26,038		7,671,065	9,453,103
Total Revenues	165,200,429	33,305,698	5,780,254	62,448	88,723,413	293,072,242
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	24,548,538	L			1,894,722	26,443,260
Public protection	90,170,596				6,020,464	96,191,060
Public ways and facilities	70,170,370	47,278,124			757,725	48,035,849
Health and sanitation	1,520,681	17,270,121	8,573,314		46,572,909	56,666,904
Public assistance	38,726,302				11,310,883	50,037,185
Education	3,499,069					3,499,069
Recreation and cultural services	584,283					584,283
Capital outlay	315,922	3,372,197	122,735		1,346,848	5,157,702
Debt service:			,		, ,	
Principal	114,857	141,582			167,646	424,085
Interest and fiscal charges	13,212	6,060			10,860	30,132
Total Expenditures	159,493,460	50,797,963	8,696,049		68,082,057	287,069,529
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	5,706,969	(17,492,265)	(2,915,795)	62,448	20,641,356	6,002,713
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	11,959,127	10,719,171	3,184,771		11,182,290	37,045,359
Transfers out	(12,922,851)		(73,109)	(357,376)	(23,860,467)	(37,213,803)
Total Other Financing		7				
Sources (Uses)	(963,724)	10,719,171	3,111,662	(357,376)	(12,678,177)	(168,444)
Net change in fund balances	4,743,245	(6,773,094)	195,867	(294,928)	7,963,179	5,834,269
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	31,793,480	16,554,147	990,809	21,916,460	101,048,268	172,303,164
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 36,536,725	\$ 9,781,053	\$ 1,186,676	\$ 21,621,532	\$ 109,011,447	\$ 178,137,433

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change to fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	5,834,269
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated		
over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
over their estimated useful rives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays	\$ 15,612,075	
Depreciation	(22,254,695)	(6,642,620)
- · F ···········		(5,012,020)
Disposal of capital assets: proceeds from the sale of capital assets are		
a financial resource in governmental funds, but only the net gain		
or loss is presented in the statement of activities.		(588,879)
Because long-term receivables will not be collected within the year, they		
are not considered available resources and are deferred in the		
governmental funds. Deferred revenues increased by this amount this year.		(269,504)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the		
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		424,085
Donated capital assets reported in the statement of activities do not result in the		
increase of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		
revenues in governmental funds.		4,130,529
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are		
not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences		574,241
Change in accrued interest payable		432
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain		
activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expense)		
of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	(18,330,835)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(14,868,282)
	=	

Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2011

	Business-Ty	pe Activities - Ent	erprise Funds	Governmental Activities
		South Lake		Internal
	County	Tahoe		Service
		Transit	Total	Funds
ASSETS	Airports	ITalisit	Total	runus
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 60,531	\$ 1,794	\$ 62,325	\$ 49,031,389
Cash with fiscal agents				246,963
Accounts receivable	1,410		1,410	85,027
Due from other governments	182,941		182,941	
Deposits	27,465		27,465	83,100
Inventory	56,557		56,557	33,319
Prepaid expenses				1,000
Total Current Assets	328,904	1,794	330,698	49,480,798
Non-current Assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	319,665		319,665	40,000
Construction in progress	395,436		395,436	
Structures and improvements	8,020,063		8,020,063	659,905
Equipment	43,703		43,703	10,819,975
Accumulated depreciation	(4,704,122)		(4,704,122)	(6,319,177)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,074,745		4,074,745	5,200,703
Restricted assets:	10.000		0.000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Restricted cash		40,759	40,759	
Total Non-current Assets	4,074,745	40,759	4,115,504	5,200,703
Total Assets	\$ 4,403,649	\$ 42,553	\$ 4,446,202	\$ 54,681,501
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 177,411	\$	\$ 177,411	\$ 1,615,202
Accrued salaries and benefits	8,425		8,425	29,837
Interest payable	161		161	
Due to other governments	2,796		2,796	
Due to other funds	33,000		33,000	
Liability for self-insurance	1			4,265,789
Compensated absences	2,905		2,905	8,151
Notes payable, current portion	3,567		3,567	
Total Current Liabilities	228,265		228,265	5,918,979
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Liability for self-insurance	1			12,441,925
Liability for other post-employment benefits	1		;= ;	58,034,507
Compensated absences	19,440		19,440	54,549
Notes payable	930		930	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	20,370		20,370	70,530,981
Total Liabilities	248,635		248,635	76,449,960
<u>NET ASSETS</u>				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,070,248		4,070,248	5,200,703
Restricted		40,759	40,759	2,294,658
Unrestricted	84,766	1,794	86,560	(29,263,820)
Total Net Assets	4,155,014	42,553	4,197,567	(21,768,459)
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 4,403,649	\$ 42,553	\$ 4,446,202	\$ 54,681,501

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

							Governmental
		Business-Typ	e Activ	vities - Ent	erpris	se Funds	Activities
		South Lake				Internal	
		County Tahoe				Service	
		Airports	T	ransit		Total	Funds
Operating Revenues:				·			
Service fees	\$	608,827	\$		\$	608,827	\$ 34,256,033
Total Operating Revenues		608,827				608,827	34,256,033
Operating Expenses:							
Salaries and benefits		179,532				179,532	849,622
Services and supplies		528,762		311		529,073	51,744,288
Depreciation		295,453		4	_	295,457	798,803
Total Operating Expenses	_	1,003,747		315		1,004,062	53,392,713
Operating Income (Loss)		(394,920)		(315)	н	(395,235)	(19,136,680)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Other governmental agencies		1,341				1,341	8
Interest income		317		135		452	130,684
Interest expense		(561)				(561)	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets							2,008
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue		2,265				2,265	630,468
Miscellaneous nonoperating expense		(214)		(59,615)		(59,829)	8,134
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	3,148		(59,480)	_	(56,332)	771,294
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital							
Contributions		(391,772)		(59,795)		(451,567)	(18,365,386)
Transfers in		172,987		:		172,987	
Transfers out		(4,543)				(4,543)	
Capital contributions (transfers and retirements)		444,926				444,926	34,551
Change in Net Assets		221,598		(59,795)		161,803	(18,330,835)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		3,933,416		102,348	, <u> </u>	4,035,764	(3,437,624)
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	4,155,014	\$	42,553	\$	4,197,567	\$ (21,768,459)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Bı	usiness-Type	Acti	vities - En	iterpi	rise Funds_	G	overnmental Activities
		South Lake					Internal	
		County)	Tahoe				Service
		Airports		<u> Fransit</u>		Total	-	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash receipts from customers and users	\$	633,559	\$		\$	633,559	\$	
Cash receipts from interfund services provided								34,426,860
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(414,415)		(54,961)		(469,376)		(34,585,500)
Cash paid to employees for salaries and benefits		(175,510)				(175,510)	_	(840,721)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	43,634		(54,961)		(11,327)	_	(999,361)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash received from (paid to) other governmental agencies		(151,510)				(151,510)		
Non-operating receipts		2,265				2,265		638,602
Non-operating payments		(214)				(214)		
Cash received from (paid to) other funds		149,373				149,373		
(4						- 12 ,2		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital								
financing activities		(86)				(86)		638,602
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(6 400)				(6.400)		
Principal repayments on debt		(6,489)				(6,489)		2.009
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		444.026				444.026		2,008
Capital contributions		444,926				444,926		34,551
Interest paid on debt Payments related to the acquisition of capital assets		(792) (496,128)				(792) (496,128)		(602,272)
rayments related to the acquisition of capital assets		(490,128)			-	(490,126)		(002,272)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related								
financing activities	_	(58,483)				(58,483)		(565,713)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received (paid)		317		135		452		130,684
Net cash provided by investing activities		317		135		452	_	130,684
Net increase (decrease) in cash		/14 /10		(5.4.00.0)		(60.444)		(80 - 800)
and cash equivalents		(14,618)		(54,826)		(69,444)		(795,788)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	75,149		97,379		172,528		50,074,140
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	60,531	\$	42,553	\$	103,084	\$	49,278,352

continued

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_ <u>F</u>	South Lake County Airports Transit County Total		outh Lake Tahoe			Activities Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		0.7			11	e Latino in		
provided by (used in) operating activities:	¢	(204.020)	æ	(215)	ø	(205 225)	•	(10.126.690)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(394,920)	\$	(315)	\$	(395,235)	\$	(19,136,680)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to cash flows from operating activities:						S CIL BAN		
Depreciation		295,453		4		295,457		798,803
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in:								
Accounts receivable		24,732				24,732		170,827
Inventory		(9,131)				(9,131)		1,422
Prepaid expenses		(7,215)				(7,215)		(920)
Increase (decrease) in:								
Accounts payable		130,693		(54,650)		76,043		479,121
Salaries payable		3,026				3,026		6,153
Liability for compensated absences		996				996		2,748
Liability for self-insurance								(1,151,533)
Liability for other post employment benefits	-							17,830,698
Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Operating Activities	\$	43,634	\$	(54,961)	\$	(11,327)	\$	(999,361)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	InvestmentTrust	Agency Funds	Component Units' Private Purpose Trust
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 204,566,169 374,096	\$ 938,879 1,427	\$ 1,593,695
Interest receivable			1,070,559
Taxes receivable		30,225,787	
Total Assets	204,940,265	31,166,093	2,664,254
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable	1,346,037	1,269,983	
Accrued salaries and benefits	1,073,558		
Due to other governments			961,306
Fiduciary liabilities		29,896,110	· 11
Total Liabilities	2,419,595	31,166,093	961,306
NET ASSETS			
Net assets held in trust for investment pool Net assets held in trust for investment other purposes Restricted/apportioned:	202,520,670		
Transportation projects			1,225,536
Pedestrian and bicycle projects			477,412
Total Net Assets	\$ 202,520,670	\$	\$ 1,702,948

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Component				
	Investment			nits' Private			
		Trust	Purpose Trust				
Additions:							
Contributions to investment pool	\$	992,209,813	\$				
Regional surface transportation		==		1,068,118			
Transportation fund allocation				54,336			
Interest and investment income		661,771		2,403			
Total additions		992,871,584		1,124,857			
Deductions:							
Distributions from investment pool		988,560,117					
Road maintenance			_	2,293,391			
Total deductions		988,560,117		2,293,391			
Change in net assets		4,311,467		(1,168,534)			
Net assets - beginning		198,209,203		2,871,482			
Net assets - ending	<u>\$</u>	202,520,670	\$	1,702,948			

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The County of El Dorado (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State of California (the "State"). As such, it can exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and statutes of the State. The County's powers are exercised through a Board of Supervisors (the "Board"), which acts as the governing body of the County. The Board is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides various services on a countywide basis including law and justice, education, detention, social, health, road construction, road maintenance, transportation, park and recreation facilities, elections and records, communications, planning, zoning and tax collection.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the County (Primary Government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial responsibility is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the County's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

The financial statements include both blended and discretely presented component units. The blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. For financial reporting purposes, the County's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon activities taken by the County's Board. Financial information on these component units may be obtained from the County Auditor/Controller's Office.

Blended Component Units: The following component units are blended into the County's financial statements because the governing board members are substantively the same as the County Board of Supervisors.

• The County Service Areas are separate legal entities created to provide services such as water, sewer, lighting and road maintenance throughout the County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Description of the Reporting Entity (continued)

Blended Component Units (continued):

- The County Water Agency is a separate legal entity formed to provide water service within the County.
- The El Dorado Hills Business Park Light and Landscape District was formed to provide lighting and landscaping to the business park in El Dorado Hills.
- The Air Quality Control District was established as a separate legal entity to maintain and improve the County's air quality.
- The El Dorado Redevelopment Agency was created under the Community Redevelopment Law of the State to address blighted areas within the County.
- The El Dorado County Housing Authority was formed to issue certificates and vouchers for Section 8 housing.
- The El Dorado County Bond Authority was established pursuant to a joint exercise of powers agreement between the County and the El Dorado Redevelopment Agency to obtain financing for public capital improvements.
- The In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority was created for the purpose of collective bargaining for in-home supportive services (IHSS) providers.

Discretely Presented Component Units: The following component units are discretely presented because the governing boards are different.

- The El Dorado County Transit Authority (EDCTA) was established pursuant to a
 joint exercise of powers agreement by and between the County and the City of
 Placerville to provide transit services. The County Board appoints three of the
 five EDCTA board members.
- The Children and Families Commission of El Dorado County (the Commission) was established in December 1998, under the authority of the California Children and Families First Act of 1998 and sections 130100, et seq. of the Health and Safety Code. The County Board appointed all members of the Commission. The Board can remove appointed members at will. The Commission accounts for receipts and disbursements of California Children and First Families Trust Fund (Proposition 10) allocations and appropriations for the Commission. The Commission is a discretely presented component unit as the Commission's governing body is not substantively the same as that of the County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Description of the Reporting Entity (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (continued):

• The El Dorado County Transportation Commission (EDCTC) was created pursuant to Section 29532 and 29535 of the California Government Code as a local transportation commission for the western slope of the County in 1975 to administer transportation planning and allocate the funds in accordance with the Transportation Development Act. Provided by the law change through California Assembly Bill No. 1204 during the fiscal year 2010-2011, the County Board appoints four of the seven EDCTC board members.

The reporting entity excludes certain separate legal entities which may have "El Dorado" in their title, or which are required to keep their funds in the County Treasury or receive their tax apportionment from the County. Examples are school districts and a variety of special purpose districts for fire protection, recreation and parks, etc. These entities are autonomous organizations with their own governmental powers and constituencies over which the County Board has no oversight responsibility. Accordingly, they are not included in the accompanying combined financial statements, except as to their assets held by the County (principally cash and investments held by the County Treasurer) as discussed under "Fiduciary Funds."

Also, excluded from the reporting entity are the following Joint Power Authorities (JPA):

- American River Authority. The County participates with Placer County, Placer County Water Agency, El Dorado County Water Agency, and San Joaquin County in this Joint Powers Authority that was created to facilitate construction of a dam, reservoir and hydroelectric power facilities at the Auburn Dam Site. The participants share the costs of operating the JPA equally. The governing board consists of one member from each of the participants and a public resident who alternates among El Dorado, Placer and San Joaquin County.
- El Dorado County-Folsom Joint Powers Agreement. The County participates with the City of Folsom in this JPA, the purpose of which is to manage growth toward the goal of achieving an improved quality of life for the citizens of both political jurisdictions. The governing board consists of two members from each of the participating entities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Description of the Reporting Entity (continued)

Sacramento-Placerville Transportation Corridor Joint Powers Agreement. The
County participates with Sacramento County, the City of Folsom and Regional
Transit in this JPA. The agency was formed to acquire the Placerville Branch of
the Southern Pacific Railroad Right of Way. The participants share the costs of
operating the Joint Powers Authority equally. The board is made up of one
member from each participant and one public member at large.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County and between the County and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Certain indirect costs, which cannot be identified and broken down, are included in the program expenses reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are used just before the unrestricted resources are used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including blended component units and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. *Operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. *Operating* expenses include costs of providing services and delivering goods. All other expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary
 to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for
 through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as
 general government, public protection, health and sanitation, public assistance,
 education and recreation and cultural services.
- The Road Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds allocated for the planning, design, construction, maintenance and administration of County transportation activities (public ways and facilities). The Road Fund's revenues primarily come from intergovernmental sources. The State provides the allocation to the Road Fund from sources such as gas taxes, transportation planning funds and Proposition 1B. The federal government also provides funding through various federal construction funds. In addition, Road Fund receives operating transfers of local revenues generated from road improvement fees and traffic impact mitigations fees charged on new development.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

- The Mental Health Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the administration and provision of mental health services to promote mental health and public safety, prevent mental illness, and serve persons with mental illness and severe emotional disorders. The Mental Health Fund's revenues primarily come from intergovernmental sources. The State provides funding from state mental health funds and realignment funds. In addition, the State and the federal government jointly provide Medi-Cal (federal Medicaid program of California) funding.
- The Silva Valley Interchange Road Impact Fee (RIF) Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for road impact fees received from individual property owners in the El Dorado Hills area to mitigate traffic impacts and to fund the future construction of the Silva Valley interchange. The road impact fees are the primary revenues of the Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund.

The County reports the following nonmajor enterprise funds:

- The South Lake Tahoe Transit Fund accounts for the costs of providing transit services throughout the unincorporated area in the Tahoe Basin.
- The County Airports Fund accounts for the activities of the County airports.

In addition, the County reports the following additional fund types:

- Internal Service Funds Fleet Management and Risk Management Authority are internal service funds used to account for the County's fleet maintenance provided to other departments and self-insurance programs including workers' compensation, employee and retiree health benefits, and personal injury and property damage on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- Investment Trust Funds Investment Trust Funds account for the assets, primarily cash and investments, of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer in an investment pool, which commingles resources in an investment portfolio for the benefit of all participants. These participants include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

 Agency Funds – Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. These funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals and other government units.

Further, EDCTC, the County's Discretely Presented Component Unit, reports the following fiduciary fund type (Private Purpose Trust Funds). The portion of these funds held in the County Treasurer investment pool is included in the County's Investment Trust Funds. The funds not held in the County Treasurer are reported in a separate column as "Component Units' Private Purpose Trust" in the County's Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets.

 Private Purpose Trust Funds – Private Purpose Trust Funds account for assets held by EDCTC as a Regional Transportation Planning Agency in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments. EDCTC maintains five private purpose trust funds. Among these five funds, Local Transportation Fund and State Transit Assistance Fund participate in the County Treasurer investment pool while Bikeway Fund, Regional Surface Transportation Program Fund, and Transportation Enhancement Act Fund do not.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The government-wide and proprietary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County does not give (or receive) equal value in exchange, includes property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year for which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within 180 days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

For its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the County has elected under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as, any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Accounting Principles Board or any Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The GASB periodically updates its codifications of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitute GAAP for governmental units.

D. Cash and Investments

The County sponsors an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer. The Treasurer invests on behalf of most funds of the County and external participants in accordance with the California State Government Code and the County's investment policy. The State of California (State) statutes authorize the County to invest its cash surplus in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, corporate bonds, medium term notes, bankers acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund.

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair value represents the amount the County could reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and seller. The fair value of investments is obtained by using quotations obtained from independent published sources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Cash and Investments (continued)

Participants' equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on an amortized cost basis. Amortized premiums and accredited discounts, accrued interest, and realized gains and losses, net of expenses, are apportioned to pool participants every month. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements, on an annual basis, as unrealized gains or losses are not apportioned to pool participants.

Income from pooled investments is allocated to the individual funds or external participants based on the fund or participants' average daily cash balance at month end in relation to the total pool investments.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the enterprise and internal service funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, and their equity in the County Treasurer's investment pool, to be cash equivalents.

F. Mortgages Receivable

Governmental fund expenditures relating to long-term mortgage receivables arising from mortgage subsidiary programs are charged to operations upon funding. Mortgage receivables are recorded with an offset to deferred revenue.

G. Inventories

Inventories of expendable supplies are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventory is equally offset by the nonspendable fund balance to indicate that portion of fund balance is not in spendable form.

H. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, drainage systems, and flood control. The County defines infrastructure and building and improvements as purchases or improvements with an aggregate cost of more than \$10,000 and equipment with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Capital Assets and Depreciation (continued)

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure (except for the maintained pavement subsystem)	15 to 25 years
Structures and improvements	8 to 50 years
Equipment	3 to 20 years

Governmental Funds — Capital assets that the County acquires through the use of resources from a governmental fund are recorded as an outflow/expenditure for the period. Further, since the governmental fund balance sheet presents only those assets that represent financial resources available for current appropriation and expenditure, capital assets are not reported in a specific governmental fund but, rather, are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. Capital assets of governmental funds are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) in the government-wide statements using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives.

Proprietary Funds – Capital assets are capitalized and depreciated using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives; however, the Fleet Management Fund uses the "per mile" depreciation method, which approximates the straight-line method.

I. Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates

The State Constitution Article XIIIA provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed one percent (1%) of its assessed value unless an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value, as defined by Article XIIIA, and may be adjusted by no more than two percent (2%) per year unless the property is sold or transferred. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from a one percent (1%) tax levy among the County, cities, school districts, and other districts. The total 2010-2011 net assessed valuation of the County was \$25,978,462,491.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenues when levied under the alternate plan described in Division I, Part 8, Chapter 3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code of the State so that fund balances include property taxes apportioned but not collected. Unsecured taxes are recorded as revenues when collected. The County's property tax calendar is as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates (continued)

	<u>Secured</u>	Unsecured
Lien date	January 1	January 1
Levy date	July 1	July 1
Due dates:	M-11 - 3.1 -	•
First installment	November 1	January 1
Second installment	February 1	e ser servening
Delinquent dates:	•	
First installment	December 10	August 31
Second installment	April 10	

J. Compensated Absences (Accrued Vacation, Sick Leave and Compensatory Items)

The County's policy allows employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick leave, and compensatory time-off. Vacation pay may be accumulated to a maximum of six to eight weeks depending on the employee's years of service and is payable upon termination. Employees with at least five years of service receive a percentage of their unused sick leave upon termination ranging from 20% at five years to 100% at twenty years up to a maximum cap between 500-504 hours. Compensated time off may be accumulated up to a maximum of 150 hours and, similar to vacation pay, is payable upon termination.

Governmental Funds – Because vacation and sick leave balances do not require the use of expendable financial resources, no liability is recorded within the governmental funds. However, this liability is reflected in the government-wide statement of net assets.

Proprietary Funds – Vacation, sick leave and compensatory time-off are recorded as an expense and the related salaries and benefits liability in the year earned. Accrued but unpaid liabilities at year-end are recorded in the respective funds.

K. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the *governmental activities* and the *business-type activities* are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances to other funds reported in the General Fund financial statement, are offset by the nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they are not in spendable form.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Interfund Transactions (continued)

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

L. Self-Insurance

The County self-insures for property damage, liability, workers' compensation, employees' health care benefits and unemployment claims. Self-insurance programs are accounted for in an internal service fund and interfund charges are treated as quasi-external transactions.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates and the differences may be material.

N. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 54

In March 2009, GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which is effective for the year ending June 30, 2011. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement was implemented by the County during fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

The County sponsors an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Cash and investments for most County activities are included in the investment pool. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed to the participating funds using a formula based on the average daily cash balance of each fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

The investment pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participation from external entities. The State of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer.

The County investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The objectives of the policy are in order of priority, safety, liquidity, public trust, and yield. The County has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6 Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the oversight committee and the investment pool participants every quarter. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs and fair value.

At June 30, 2011, total County cash and investments were as follows:

		Pooled Treasury	External to Pool			Total
Cash:		F- 19 19				1 1/2 44
Imprest cash	\$		\$	15,354	\$	15,354
Cash on hand		500				500
Deposits		76,053,737		5,587,150		81,640,887
Total Cash	-	76,054,237		5,602,504	ist.	81,656,741
Investments	3	364,107,506		1,170,945		365,278,451
Total Cash and Investments	\$	440,161,743	\$	6,773,449	\$	446,935,192

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2011 were presented on the County's financial statements as follows:

All the tags of growing	3	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds	Component Units	Total
County Investment Pool:				U all	
Unrestricted	\$	230,099,645	\$ 205,352,287	\$ 2,942,006	\$ 438,393,938
Restricted		1,767,805		_	1,767,805
Total in County Investment Pool		231,867,450	 205,352,287	 2,942,006	440,161,743
External to Pool:					
Cash with fiscal agents		246,963		5 1 T	246,963
Other restricted cash and investments				787,846	787,846
Other unrestricted cash and investments			152,761	3,976,830	4,129,591
Other unrestricted cash and investments					
- held by Component Units			1,593,695		1,593,695
Imprest cash		14,940		414	15,354
Total External to Pool		261,903	1,746,456	4,765,090	 6,773,449
Total Cash and Investments	\$	232,129,353	\$ 207,098,743	\$ 7,707,096	\$ 446,935,192

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

In the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets, the total cash and investments balance for Investment Trust and Agency Funds in the amount of \$205,505,048 includes, and is decreased by the negative cash balances maintained in certain agency funds used to allocate property taxes under the alternate method of tax apportionment (Teeter Plan). The total cash deficits of these Teeter Plan funds of \$16,928,119 is entirely offset by, and is significantly less than, the total \$23,677,623 that has been recorded by these funds as taxes receivable.

Cash and investments were restricted at June 30, 2011, for the following purposes:

	Primary Government	Component Units	Total
Closure and post-closure costs Transit and transportation grant expenditures Risk financing	\$ 1,727,046 40,759	\$ 743,999 43,847	\$ 1,727,046 784,758 43,847
	\$ 1,767,805	\$ 787,846	\$ 2,555,651

<u>Investments</u>

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the County's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	5% *
Domestic Commercial Paper	31 days	20%	5% *
Certificates of Deposit, Negotiable	5 years	30%	5% *
Certificates of Deposit, Non-negotiable	5 years	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	5% *
U.S. Agency Obligations	3 years	None	5% *
Demand Deposit Savings Accounts	5 years	None	None
State Warrants	1 year	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Medium-Term Notes U.S. Corporations under the	3 years	30%	None
Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program (TLGP)			
Commercial Paper under TLGP	270 days	40%	None
Money Market Account	N/A	None	5% *

^{*}Limitations apply only at the time an investment is purchased.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2011, the County had the following investments:

	Interest Rates	Maturities		Par Value	Book Value		Fair Value	WAM (Years)
Investments in Investment Pool								
Treasury Securities - Coupon	0.375%-1.375%	07/31/11-10/15/13	\$	121,300,000	\$ 121,376,365	\$	121,897,129	0.94
Treasury Securities - Discount	0.020%-0.240%	07/14/11-11/17/11		96,600,000	96,559,517		96,595,278	0.17
Bankers Acceptances	0.200%-0.340%	07/06/11-11/23/11		18,168,000	18,151,638		18,159,763	0.18
California Local Agency Investment Fund	0.413%	On Demand		50,000,000	50,000,000		50,000,000	0.00
Money Market Account	0.120%-0.513%	On Demand		73,003,000	73,003,000		73,003,000	0.00
Medium Term Notes under TLGP	3.125%	12/01/11		4,978,000	 5,016,986	_	5,039,030	0.42
Total Investments in Investment Pool			\$	364,049,000	\$ 364,107,506	\$	364,694,201	0.37
Investments Outside Investment Pool								
Component Units:								
El Dorado County Transit Authority								
California Local Agency Investment Fund	0.413%	On Demand	\$	1,170,945	\$ 1,170,945	<u>\$</u>	1,170,945	
Total Investments Outside Investment Pool			<u>s</u>	1,170,945	\$ 1,170,945	\$	1,170,945	

At June 30, 2011, the difference between the carrying value and fair value of cash and investments was not material (fair value was 100.16% of carrying value). No adjustment has been recorded on the financial statements.

Interest Rate Risk

The County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years or less in accordance with its investment policy. As of June 30, 2011, the investment pool had a weighted average maturity of 0.37 years.

Credit Risk

State law and the County's investment policy limit investments in commercial paper to the rating of A-1 by Standards & Poor's or P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. State law and the County's Investment Policy also limit investments in corporate bonds to the rating of A by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The County does not have credit limits on government agency securities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk (continued)

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the County investment pool's fair value at June 30, 2011.

	Standard & Poor's Rating	% of Portfolio
Treasury Securities - Coupon	AAA	33.42%
Treasury Securities - Discount	AAA	26.49%
Bankers Acceptances	A-1	4.98%
Local Agency Investment Fund	Unrated	13.71%
Money Market Account	A-1	20.02%
Medium Term Notes under TLGP	A-1	1.38%
Total		100.00%

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) sponsored a Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program (TLGP), which took effect October 14, 2008 and will not extend beyond June 30, 2012. This program established that senior unsecured debt, clearly identified as "guaranteed by the FDIC" would be guaranteed up to 125 percent of the par or face value. The Medium Term Notes held by the County are considered to be senior unsecured debt and therefore guaranteed by the program. Another component to the TLGP is that all funds in non-interest bearing transaction deposit accounts held in domestic offices of FDIC insured financial institutions are fully guaranteed, provided the financial institution did not withdraw from the program.

Custodial Credit Risk

For all investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At yearend, the County had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

The custodial credit risk pertaining specifically to deposits is the risk that the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The County's bank deposits are insured by FDIC, which serves to mitigate the County's risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

Local Agency Investment Fund

The County Treasurer's pool maintains an investment in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), managed by the State Treasurer. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California Government Code. Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The Local Investment Advisory Board (LIAB) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The LIAB consists of five members as designated by State Statute.

At June 30, 2011, the County's investment position in LAIF was \$50 million, which approximates fair value and is the same as value of the pool shares. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF on that day was \$24.0 billion. LAIF is part of the State of California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), whose balance at June 30, 2011 was \$66.4 billion. Of that amount, 5.01% was invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

County Investment Pool Condensed Financial Statements

The following represents a condensed statement of net assets and changes in net assets for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2011:

Statement of Net Assets

Net assets held for pool participants	\$ 440,161,743
Equity of internal pool participants	235,595,574
Equity of external pool participants	204,566,169
Total net assets	\$ 440,161,743
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	
Net assets at July 1, 2010	\$ 422,514,003
Investment income	1,745,172
Investment expenses	(516,310)
Net contributions (withdrawals) by pool participants	16,418,878
Net assets at June 30, 2011	\$ 440,161,743

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 3: Long-Term Notes and Assessment Receivables

The governmental funds include notes receivable of \$3,401,322 and special assessment receivables of \$145,989 (net of uncollectible amounts of \$1,737,171), which are not expected to be fully collected in the next fiscal year. The accounts receivable balances reported in other governmental funds include an allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$3,555,827. The governmental activities include a long-term note receivable of \$3,000,000, which is offset by a long-term note payable.

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Restated Balance July 1, 2010	Additions Retirements		Transfers & Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2011	
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Land and improvements	\$ 47,974,050	\$ 1,459,379	\$	\$ (408,343)	\$ 49,025,086	
Construction in progress	1,924,699	540,805		(639,384)	1,826,120	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	49,898,749	2,000,184		(1,047,727)	50,851,206	
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Infrastructure	381,708,650	15,799,805			397,508,455	
Structures and improvements	102,367,442	182,740	(13,166)	988,933	103,525,949	
Equipment	46,295,598	1,953,804	(1,023,853)	58,794	47,284,343	
Total capital assets being depreciated	530,371,690	17,936,349	(1,037,019)	1,047,727	548,318,747	
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Infrastructure	(172,245,421)	(18,069,272)			(190,314,693)	
Structures and improvements	(33,259,930)	(2,166,426)	16,948		(35,409,408)	
Equipment	(29,493,790)	(2,817,800)	839,535		(31,472,055)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(234,999,141)	(23,053,498)	856,483		(257,196,156)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	295,372,549	(5,117,149)	(180,536)	1,047,727	291,122,591	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 345,271,298	\$ (3,116,965)	\$ (180,536)	<u>s</u>	\$ 341,973,797	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 4: Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance July 1, 2010	Additions	Retirements	Transfers & Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2011
Business Type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 213,711	\$	\$	\$ 105,954	\$ 319,665
Construction in progress	25,294	477,725		(107,583)	395,436
Total capital assets not being depreciated	239,005	477,725		(1,629)	715,101
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Structures and improvements	8,018,434			1,629	8,020,063
Equipment	145,833	18,403	(120,533)		43,703
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,164,267	18,403	(120,533)	1,629	8,063,766
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Structures and improvements	(4,384,268)	(295,453)			(4,679,721)
Equipment	(85,315)	(4)	60,918		(24,401)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,469,583)	(295,457)	60,918		(4,704,122)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,694,684	(277,054)	(59,615)	1,629	3,359,644
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,933,689	\$ 200,671	\$ (59,615)	<u>s</u>	\$ 4,074,745

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 643,097
Public protection	1,688,582
Public ways and facilities	18,910,932
Health and sanitation	380,928
Public assistance	267,874
Education	238,683
Recreation and cultural services	124,599
Internal Service Funds - depreciation on capital assets held by the County's	
internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their	
usage of service	 798,803
Total depreciation expense governmental activities	\$ 23,053,498

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 4: Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:

Airports	\$ 295,453
Other	4
Total depreciation expense business-type activities	\$ 295,457

Note 5: **Deferred Revenue**

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues considered unavailable to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of June 30, 2011, the various components of deferred revenue in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailab	ole Unearned	Total
Governmental Funds:	,		
General Fund:			
Various grants and charges	\$	\$ 28,157	\$ 28,157
Road Fund:			
Various grants and charges		8,038,696	8,038,696
Other Governmental Funds:			
Various grants, charges,			
special assessments and loans	5,893,9	<u>63</u> <u>3,621,002</u>	<u>9,514,965</u>
	\$ 5.893.9	63 \$ 11.687.855	\$ 17.581.818

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt at June 30, 2011 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2011
Notes Payable: California Energy Commission HUD HOME Program ¹⁾	2005 2003	2013 2058	4.00% 0.00%	\$24,880 - \$124,324	\$ 800,000 3,000,000	\$ 243,801 3,000,000 3,243,801
Capital Leases: Banc of America (motor graders)	2006	2012	3.36%	\$106,788 - \$173,357	1,109,188	217,611
Total Governmental Activities						<u>\$ 3,461,412</u>

¹⁾ Note payable is offset by a long-term note receivable that is secured by a deed of trust.

²⁾ Principal payment is due in total at the end of note maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Business-Type Activities	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	riginal Issue Amount	anding at 30, 2011
Notes Payable: Loan #ED-1-86-L-2 Loan #ED-5-86-L-1 Loan #ED-1-87-L-3	9/16/86 9/16/86 10/6/87	2012 2012 2012	6.94% 6.94% 6.94%	\$1,577 \$1,060 \$930	\$ 39,426 26,503 23,251	\$ 1,577 1,060 1,860 4,497

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	J	Balance July 1, 2010		Additions	1	Retirements	J	Balance une 30, 2011	1	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities		•			_					
Notes payable:										
California Energy Commission II	\$	358,658	\$		\$	114,857	\$	243,801	\$	119,477
HUD Home Program		3,000,000						3,000,000		
Compensated absences		13,688,631		1,147,745		1,719,238		13,117,138		1,719,238
Capital lease obligation		526,839		-		309,228		217,611		173,357
Landfill closure / post-closure liability		8,109,469						8,109,469		
Liability for self-insurance claims		17,859,247		33,141,237		34,292,770		16,707,714		4,265,789
Other postemployment benefits	_	40,203,809	_	20,837,185		3,006,487	_	58,034,507	_	
	\$	83,746,653	\$	55,126,167	\$	39,442,580	\$	99,430,240	\$	6,277,861
Business-Type Activities										
Compensated absences	\$	21,349	\$	3,901	\$	2,905	\$	22,345	\$	2,905
Notes payable	_	10,986	_			6,489	_	4,497	_	3,567
	\$	32,335	\$	3,901	\$	9,394	\$	26,842	\$	6,472

The liability for self-insurance claims is liquidated by the cumulative charge for services recorded in the internal service fund. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund and related special revenue funds. Landfill closure / post-closure liability is liquidated from special revenue funds.

As of June 30, 2011, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities having fixed maturities are shown below. The \$3,000,000 HUD Home Program note payable is not included in the schedule.

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending	 Notes Payables				
June 30:	Principal		nterest		
2012	\$ 119,477	\$	8,593		
2013	124,324		3,746		
	\$ 243,801	\$	12,339		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

As of June 30, 2011, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

			Business-Type Activities				
	Year Ending		Notes Payables				
_	June 30:	P	Principal		iterest		
	2012	\$	3,567	\$	312		
	2013		930		65		
		\$	4,497	\$	377		

Note 7: Leases

Operating Lease Obligations

The County leases various office space and buildings under various noncancelable operating leases. Annual rent expenditures were approximately \$3.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2012	\$ 2,188,015
2013	1,123,978
2014	402,970
2015	165,844
2016	60,453
2017	 2,333
	\$ 3,943,593

Capital Lease Obligations

The County accounts for capital leases in the governmental fund types in accordance with the provisions of National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement No. 5. Under this statement, when a capital lease represents the acquisition or construction of a capital asset, the acquisition or construction will be recorded both as a capital expenditure and as an other financing source. Subsequent lease payments are accounted for in a manner consistent with the accounting treatment for payments of general obligation debt. The total lease payments for the fiscal year were \$326,148 for which \$16,920 represented interest cost.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 7: Leases (continued)

Capital Lease Obligations (continued)

These assets are included in the County's capital assets. Future minimum lease payments relating to these assets are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2012	\$ 178,506
2013	 44,626
Total minimum lease payments	223,132
Less amount representing interest	(5,521)
Total	\$ 217,611

Capital assets and accumulated depreciation held under capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Road equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$	2,025,339 (751,109)	
Net Value	<u> </u>	1,274,230	

Note 8: Liability for Closure and Post-Closure Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Union Mine landfill site and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after final closure. In addition to operating expenditures related to current activities of the landfill, an estimated liability is being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure maintenance costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste.

The County ceased accepting waste from the public in 1997 and 8.2 acres or 19.4 percent of the landfill's 42.3 acres remain open to waste generated onsite. The estimated landfill closure care liability of \$1,717,069 reported as of June 30, 2011, is the current cost estimate of closing the remaining 8.2 acres. Because the landfill is no longer accepting

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 8: Liability for Closure and Post-Closure Costs (continued)

waste from the public, the additional liability of \$6,392,400 representing postclosure costs for the entire 42.3 acres has been recognized and is a cumulative amount reported to date based on County staff estimates and adjustments for CPI (Consumer Price Index) rate changes.

State and federal laws require the County to make contributions to a special fund in order to finance closure care. At June 30, 2011, cash and investments held of \$1,727,046 are part of the pooled funds held by the County treasurer and are reported as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Assets. Currently, the amount held as restricted cash is sufficient to cover the entire closure liability.

The County has filed a Pledge of Revenue with the California Integrated Waste Management Board that waives the requirement to make contributions to a special fund to finance postclosure costs. The estimated postclosure costs of \$6,392,400, to be paid over a 30-year period upon final closure, may need to be funded by charges to future landfill users and/or from future tax revenue.

Note 9: **Interfund Transactions**

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Enterprise Fund - County Airports Other Governmental Funds	\$ 33,000 466,285 303,000 3,000 2,425,000 128,148 3,358,433	Advance for cash flow Realignment funds Advance to Community Services funds to cover cash shortfall Advance to Health funds to cover cash shortfall Advance to Meyers Landfill Site to cover cash shortfall Reimbursement for Insurance Fraud program expenditures
Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	13,614 13,614	Billing for road improvements
Mental Health Fund	Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	211,863 39,995 2,849,152 3,101,010	Mental Health Sales Tax Realignment Funds Mental Health Vehicle License Fees Labor and program costs due from MHSA fund
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds General Fund General Fund General Fund	120,827 234,016 234,016 39,995 10,470 639,324	Sales Tax Realignment funds for Health programs Vehicle License Fees for Health programs Vehicle License Fees Match Health Vehicle License Fees Match Mental Health Vehicle License Fees Match Social Services
	Total	\$ 7,112,381	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 9: <u>Interfund Transactions</u> (continued)

Advance To/From Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds Mental Health Fund	\$ 100,000 330,000 3,319,000 3,749,000	Advance to Housing Authority Advance to Public Authority Advance to Mental Health
	Total	\$ 3,749,000	Chesindadi calupa ali ilo seni

Transfers

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 132,337	Timber Tax to Sheriff's Office Patrol, Search and Rescue
	Other Governmental Funds	198,123	Community Enhancement Designated Contributions to Library / Fund Interest to General Fund Misc Revenue
	Other Governmental Funds	1,157,636	County Service Area #10 Special Tax Revenues to Library General Fund Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	51,511	State Off-Highway Vehicle Funds to Sheriff Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	1,420,154	Tobacco Settlement
	Other Governmental Funds	514,549	Time Share and Redemption Fees to Auditor / TTC / Assessor
	Other Governmental Funds	2,770	Overages Treasurer Tax Collector Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	19,269	Treasurer Tax Collector Accumulated Interest Earnings
	Other Governmental Funds	49,294	Assessor AB1653 Reimbursement to General Fund
	Other Governmental Funds	28,974	SPTC Land Leases Revenue to Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	24,336	Cameron Park CSD Community Enhancement Accumulated Interest Earnings
	Other Governmental Funds	858,183	Grant Revenues to District Attorney General Fund Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	225,967	Grant Revenues to Sheriff's Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	444,381	Grant Revenues to Probation Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	131,725	Commercial Grading to Building Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	716,364	Micro, Computer System, Vital Health Statistics to Recorder Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	326,059	Planning Projects Revenues to Planning; Ecological Preserve Fee Distribution to Building and Planning
	Other Governmental Funds	202,315	Engineer Time and Materials to DOT County Engineer
	Other Governmental Funds	8,136	Health Accumulated Interest Earnings
	Other Governmental Funds	213,992	Park Fees to Parks and Grounds General Fund Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	10,502	Mountain Democrat Kincade Commuter/Bookmobile Funds to Library Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	213,571	Realignment funds to Animal Services
	Other Governmental Funds	180,735	Realignment funds to Environmental Health
	Other Governmental Funds	4,085,067	Realignment funds to Social Services
	Other Governmental Funds	156,756	Realignment funds to Probation
	Other Governmental Funds	448,902	Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund (SLESF) to Sheriff/DA/Probation Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	137,519	Bond Authority Residual Transfer to General Fund
		11,959,127	
load Fund	General Fund	1,852,740	General Fund Billing and Contribution
	Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund	357,376	Road Impact Fee to Road Fund Operating
	Other Governmental Funds	8,509,055	Road District Tax, Public Utility Franchise Fees, HOV Project, and Traffic Impact Fees to Road Fund Operatin
		10,719,171	U A.g.
Mental Health Fund	Other Governmental Funds	3,184,771	Realignment Funds to Mental Health
		3,184,771	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 9: <u>Interfund Transactions</u> (continued)

Transfers (continued)

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount	Purpose
Enterprise Fund - Airports	General Fund	132,858	General Fund Contribution
	Other Governmental Funds	40,129	Special Aviation, Community Enhancement Funding, and ACO Fund Match
		172,987	
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,146,654	General Fund Contribution to Community Services
	General Fund	6,482,979	General Fund Contribution to Public Health
	General Fund	44,401	General Fund Contribution to IHSS Public Authority Fund
	General Fund	3,072	General Fund Transfer to Change Difference Shortage
	General Fund	8,622	General Fund Return DA Grants
	General Fund	25,000	General Fund Contribution to Human Services
	General Fund	3,226,525	General Fund Contribution to Health and Welfare
	Mental Health Fund	73,109	Mental Health to Public Health Fund
	Other Governmental Funds	167,385	Criminal Justice Facility/Courthouse Construction Fund Contribution to ACO Fund
	Enterprise Fund - Airports	4,543	Returning Match to ACO Fund
		11,182,290	
	Total	\$ 37,218,346	

Note 10: Pension Plan

The County contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their headquarters office located at 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

Funding Policy

Safety employees are required to contribute 9% of their covered compensation and other employees are required to contribute 7%. The County made the contributions required of its employees on their behalf and for their account in 2010-2011. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 12.899% for non-safety employees and 23.309% for safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2010-2011, the County's annual pension cost of \$15,602,775 for PERS was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2008 actuarial. Assumptions included 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and projected annual salary increases that vary ranging from 3.25% to 14.45% for miscellaneous members and 3.25% to 13.15% for safety members depending on age, service and type of employment. An inflation component of 3.0% was included. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 10: Pension Plan (continued)

Annual Pension Cost (continued)

value of investments over a fifteen year period depending on the size of investment gains and/or losses. PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or surplus) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS (thousands)

Fiscal Year	P	Annual Pension st (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/09	\$	17,268	100%	
6/30/10		16,181	100%	
6/30/11		15,603	100%	

Funded Status and funding Progress

The following is the funded status information for each plan as of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date:

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability	Market Value Of Assets	Unfunded/ (Overfunded) Liability	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
Miscellaneous	\$ 463,646,274	\$ 304,007,643	\$ 159,638,631	65.6%	\$ 81,538,638	195.8%
Safety	213,403,602	128,647,899	84,755,703	60.3%	26,755,342	316.8%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the market value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Note 11: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description. The County of El Dorado (County) Retiree Healthcare Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to employees who retire from active service after the age of 50 and are eligible to commence pension benefits.

County Contribution Subsidy – The County pays a monthly amount up to a
percentage of the premium for the County sponsored Blue Shield Plan plus dental
coverage. The applicable percentage is based on the retiree's years of service
with the County.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 11: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

• Implicit Subsidy – For coverage prior to age 65, the retiree pays premiums that are developed by blending active and retiree costs. Since retirees are older and generally cost more than actives, the premium paid by the retiree is less than the "true cost" of coverage for retirees.

New hires were no longer eligible for the County Contribution Subsidy. The new hire cut off dates ranged from May 2009 to January 2010, depending on the bargaining unit. While not eligible for the County Contribution Subsidy, new hires are allowed to participate in the plan with payment of premiums and, as a result, benefit from the Implicit Subsidy. The County's Retiree Health Plan agreement places a cap on the County's contribution so that the amount paid to each individual retiree will be limited such that total County contributions do not exceed 1.2% of total payroll. This 1.2% payroll cap applies to the County's Contribution Subsidy only, and because this cap is a limitation on the employer's contribution, and not a limitation of retiree benefits, it cannot be considered to reduce the County's liability until the cap is enforced and thereby begins to alter the established pattern of shared costs. In fiscal year 2010-2011, the County contribution exceeded 1.2% of total payroll. However, in June 2011, the Board decided to fund the County contribution that exceeded the 1.2% cap for 2010-2011. The Board also decided that, effective July 1, 2011, the County contribution cap (1.2%) will be enforced and the rate will be adjusted to meet the cap.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County. The annual required contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The County ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of 20 years. The 2010-2011 ARC is \$22,032,000.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation.

For 2010-2011, the County's annual OPEB cost (expense) was \$20,837,185 and the Net OPEB Obligation was \$58,034,507. Actual contributions made during the year were \$3,006,487.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 11: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. (continued)

The County's Annual OPEB Cost, the percentage of Annual OPEB Cost contributed to the Plan (as described in the funding policy above), and the Net OPEB Obligation for the past three fiscal years are as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/09	\$13,224	10.6%	\$23,067
6/30/10	19,467	12.0%	40,204
6/30/11	20,837	14.4%	58,035

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2010, the plan's most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$167,183
Market value of plan assets	0
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$167,183
Funded ratio (market value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active Plan members)	\$134,540
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	124.3%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the market value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 11: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. (continued)

that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return based on the assumption that benefits will be paid from general County assets earmarked for purposes of County Postretirement Benefits, and not invested in a separate trust. This rate includes a 3.0% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the market value. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over 20 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 was 16 years.

Note 12: Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has established the Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Risk Management Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$300,000 for each workers' compensation claim, \$1,000,000 for each general liability claim, and \$25,000 for each property damage claim and up to a maximum lifetime benefit of \$2 million in health insurance benefits through its Blue Shield health insurance program. The County's selfinsured retention (Stop Loss Coverage) for its health insurance program is \$200,000 per employee. The County also offers two other health insurance programs to its employees which are not self-insured. Health benefits through Kaiser and Pacificare are based on monthly premiums with no lifetime maximums per employee. The County purchases general liability commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Risk Management Fund and for all other risks of loss. The amount of general liability settlements did not exceed coverage provided by the Risk Management Fund in each of the last three years.

All funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. The claims liability of \$16,707,714 reported in the Risk Management Fund at June 30, 2011 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the County's claims liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 12: Risk Management (continued)

	2011	2010
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 17,859,247	\$ 18,312,064
Plus estimated claims incurred	33,141,237	32,419,769
Less claims payments	(34,292,770)	(32,872,586)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 16,707,714	\$ 17,859,247

Nonincremental claims adjustment expenses have not been included as part of the unpaid claims liability.

Note 13: Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The County recognizes as revenue, grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain Federal and State programs it administers. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Pending Litigation

The County is also a defendant in several lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. In the aggregate, these claims seek monetary damages in significant amounts. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable loss to the County, such loss has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Litigation where loss to the County is reasonably possible has not been accrued. The outcome of the remaining claims cannot be determined at this time.

Encumbrances

The County uses an encumbrances system to control expenditures for the year and to enhance cash management. Under this system, purchase orders and contracts are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at the end of the year are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities but rather as part of the fund balances. As of June 30, 2011, the County's General Fund had a total of \$554,472 in encumbrances, which were reported as part of the assigned fund balances on the governmental fund balance sheet. Similarly, the County's other (nonmajor) governmental funds had a total of \$680,735 in encumbrances, which were reported as part of the restricted or assigned fund balances.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 13: Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Construction Commitments and Other Significant Commitments

At June 30, 2011, the County has on going construction commitments that totaled approximately \$20.5 million and other significant commitments that totaled \$4.8 million.

Note 14: Net Assets/Fund Balances

A. Net Assets

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt: This category groups all capital
 assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated
 depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the
 acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in
 this category.
- Restricted Net Assets: This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions enabling legislation. Included in governmental activities restricted net assets at June 30, 2011, are net assets restricted by enabling legislation of \$103.8 million.
- Unrestricted Net Assets: This category represents net assets of the County, not restricted for any project or other project.

B. Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balances in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in those funds. As of June 30, 2011, fund balances for governmental funds comprise the followings based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance: This category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories, and prepaid amounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 14: Net Assets/Fund Balances (continued)

B. Fund Balances (continued)

- Restricted Fund Balance: This category includes amounts that can be spent only
 for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers,
 or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or
 lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance: This category includes amounts that can be used only
 for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest
 level of decision-making authority (resolution by the County's Board).
 Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County's Board taking the
 same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.
- Assigned Fund Balance: This category comprises amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the County's Board or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the County's Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance: This category is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification was used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

In circumstances when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 14: Net Assets/Fund Balances (continued)

B. Fund Balances (continued)

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2011, were presented as follows:

Newsonable	General	Road Fund	Mental Health Fund	Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:	\$ 3,749,000	\$	\$	s	\$	\$ 3.749.000
Advances	\$ 3,749,000	\$ 671,013	3	3	57,080	-,-,-,-
Inventory	275 924		22.295		The second secon	728,093
Prepaid expenses	375,824	35,383	32,285		332,679	776,171
Permanent fund principal Subtotal	4,124,824	706,396	32,285		2,071,655 2,461,414	2,071,655 7,324,919
Subtotal	4,124,624	700,390	32,263	-	2,401,414	1,324,919
Restricted for:						
Capital projects					8,721,406	8,721,406
Debt service					189,605	189,605
Public protection			***	-	11,831,784	11,831,784
Public ways and facilities		9,074,657		21,621,532	21,317,363	52,013,552
Health and sanitation					26,755,149	26,755,149
Public assistance	-		***		940,545	940,545
General government					3,342,244	3,342,244
Education					910,135	910,135
Recreation & Cultural Services			·		29,790	29,790
Subtotal		9,074,657		21,621,532	74,038,021	104,734,210
Committed to:						
Capital projects	1,782,596				7,734,194	9,516,790
Public protection					130,668	130,668
Public ways and facilities					9,480,817	9,480,817
General government					13,890	13,890
Recreation & Cultural Services					38,570	38,570
Subtotal	1,782,596				17,398,139	19,180,735
Assigned to:						
Debt service					1,788,523	1,788,523
Public protection					2,499,198	2,499,198
Public ways and facilities					30	30
Health and sanitation			1,154,391		4,119,272	5,273,663
Public assistance			-		1,024,496	1,024,496
General government	554,472				6,218,326	6,772,798
Education					32,004	32,004
Recreation & Cultural Services					282,157	282,157
Subtotal	554,472		1,154,391		15,964,006	17,672,869
Unassigned	30,074,833				(850,133)	29,224,700
Total	\$ 36,536,725	\$ 9,781,053	\$ 1,186,676	\$ 21,621,532	\$ 109,011,447	\$ 178,137,433

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 14: Net Assets/Fund Balances (continued)

C. Prior Period Adjustments

Adjustments resulting from errors or changes to comply with provisions of the accounting standards are treated as adjustments to prior periods. Accordingly, the County reports these changes as restatements of beginning fund balances/net assets.

The impact of the restatements on the fund balances/net assets as previously reported is presented below:

	Prin	nary Government	Co	mponent Units
	Governmental Activities Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets Total Governmental Activities		Statement of Net Assets Total Component Units	
Net assets, June 30, 2010, as previously reported	\$	516,389,772	\$	18,262,209
Restatements: Adjust infrastructure Adjust accumulated depreciation - infrastructure Add beginning net assets of El Dorado County Transportation Commission		(31,770,741) 7,469,714 		 141,617
Total restatements		(24,301,027)		141,617
Net assets, June 30, 2010, as restated	\$	492,088,745	\$	18,403,826

D. Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had fund balance deficits as of June 30, 2011:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Erosion Control	\$ 36,028
Health: Tobacco Use Prevention Program	121
Health: HPP H1N1	4,333
Health: CDC PHER H1N1 Phase 3	3,196
Environmental Management: Meyers Landfill Site	749,261

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 14: Net Assets/Fund Balances (continued)

D. Deficit Fund Balances (continued)

Internal Service Fund:
Risk Management Authority

30,185,216

The deficits in the nonmajor governmental funds are expected to be eliminated in future years through future revenues and/or transfers from other funds. The deficit in the internal service fund is expected to be eliminated in future years through either a reduction of the benefits or an increase in charges to other funds.

Note 15: Condensed Segment Information on Component Units

The County has three Discretely Presented Component Units. Condensed Segment information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, is as follows:

Component Units Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

<u>ASSETS</u>	Children and Families Commission	El Dorado County Transit Authority	El Dorado County Transportation Commission	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 3,291,958	\$ 5,781,921	\$ 642,378	\$ 9,716,257
Capital assets	715,754	9,755,903	44,924	10,516,581
Restricted cash		698,579	89,267	787,846
Total Assets	\$ 4,007,712	\$ 16,236,403	\$ 776,569	\$ 21,020,684
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current liabilities	\$ 2,389,262	\$ 2,928,663	\$ 501,768	\$ 5,819,693
Long-term liabilities		521,753	19,860	541,613
Total Liabilities	2,389,262	3,450,416	521,628	6,361,306
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	715,754	9,755,903	44,924	10,516,581
Restricted	902,696		- Dy 11	902,696
Unrestricted		3,030,084	210,017	3,240,101
Total Net Assets	1,618,450	12,785,987	254,941	14,659,378
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 4,007,712	\$ 16,236,403	\$ 776,569	\$ 21,020,684

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 15: Condensed Segment Information on Component Units (continued)

Component Units Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Children and Families Commission	El Dorado County Transit Authority	El Dorado County Transportation Commission	Total
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for current services	\$	\$ 1,416,223	\$	\$ 1,416,223
Operating grants and contributions	1,285,784	3,625,095	1,255,116	6,165,995
Capital grants and contributions		316,039		316,039
General Revenues:				
Interest and investment earnings	10,925	15,524	13,861	40,310
Other revenues		53,116		53,116
Total Revenues	1,296,709	5,425,997	1,268,977	7,991,683
Expenses:				
Health and sanitation	2,123,177			2,123,177
Public ways and facilities		6,129,351	1,155,653	7,285,004
Total Expenses	2,123,177	6,129,351	1,155,653	9,408,181
Extraordinary items:				
Amounts to be paid to State of CA per AB99	2,327,950			2,327,950
Change in net assets	(3,154,418)	(703,354)	113,324	(3,744,448)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year, Restated	4,772,868	13,489,341	141,617	18,403,826
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 1,618,450	\$ 12,785,987	\$ 254,941	\$ 14,659,378

Note 16: Subsequent Events

A. Required Employees' PERS Contribution

Currently the County pays the entire portion of the required employees' contribution (7% and 9% of the covered compensation for miscellaneous and safety members respectively) to PERS on the employees' behalf. Effective 2011-2012, the employees will pay a portion of their required PERS contribution to PERS and the County will pay the remaining portion. Specifically, effective the first full pay period of July 2011, both miscellaneous and safety employees will pay 3% of their covered compensation. Further, effective the first full pay period of January 2012, safety employees will pay 6% of their covered compensation. Finally, effective the first full pay period of January 2013, safety employees will pay the full 9% of their covered compensation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 16: Subsequent Events (continued)

B. PERS for New Hires

The County Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution 128-2011 on July 19, 2011 that changes the retirement formula for the County employees hired after the effective date of the County's amendment to its PERS contracts. Specifically, the new formula will be 2% @ 60, and 2% @ 50, with average of three-year final compensation for miscellaneous and safety employees, respectively. Employees hired prior to the effective date of the PERS contract amendments will still maintain the 2% @ 55, and 3% @ 50 retirement formula, with one-year final compensation for miscellaneous and safety employees, respectively.

The amendments to the PERS contracts for both miscellaneous and safety employees have not yet been completed.

C. Meyers Landfill Cap System Project

In August 2010, in order to settle litigation with the US Forest Service, the County agreed to construct the Meyers Landfill Cap System. A contract was awarded for this project, but subsequent contract amendments have significantly increased the cost of this project. In order to comply with this agreement, between July 1, 2011, and February 29, 2012, the County has expended \$3,200,000 on this project. It is currently estimated that an additional \$3,000,000 will be necessary in order to complete this project. The County is seeking various legal remedies to compel the US Forest Service and other parties to reimburse the County for the additional costs. The amount of any reimbursements that the County may receive related to the \$6.2 million of additional costs is not determinable at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

The tables below show a three-year comparison of the market value of plan assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll for the County Employee's Retirement Pension Plans as of the actuarial valuation date. Similar to the prior year, as of June 30, 2010 CALPERS reported the actuarial value of plan assets greater than the market value of plan assets. Because the actuarial value of plan assets was significantly greater than the market value in the past two valuations, the market value of plan assets was used in the below schedules of funding progress for each respective year.

Miscellaneous Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Market Value of Assets	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
6/30/08	\$ 408,587,433	\$ 350,332,594	\$ 58,254,839	85.7%	\$ 93,261,130	62.5%
6/30/09	442,335,224	266,973,539	175,361,685	60.4%	85,641,930	204.8%
6/30/10	463,646,274	304,007,643	159,638,631	65.6%	81,538,638	195.8%

Safety Plan

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Market Value	Un	funded AAL	Funded	Annual Covered	UAAL as a % of
Date	(AAL)	of Assets		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
6/30/08	\$ 180,264,741	\$ 146,226,743	\$	34,037,998	81.1%	\$ 26,230,636	129.8%
6/30/09	201,019,662	112,044,378		88,975,284	55.7%	27,574,676	322.7%
6/30/10	213,403,602	128,647,899		84,755,703	60.3%	26,755,342	316.8%

The table below shows actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll for the County Retiree's Health Benefit Plan as of the actuarial valuation date for the past two valuations.

Retiree's Health

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	 ket Value Assets	Ur	funded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
•	7/1/08	\$ 112,218,000	\$ -	\$	112,218,000	0.0%	\$ 129,300,000	86.8%
	6/30/10	167,183,000	-		167,183,000	0.0%	134,540,000	124.3%

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Origina Budge		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary fund balances, July 1	\$ 17,445	,840 \$	17,445,840	\$	17,445,840	\$		
Resources (inflows):								
Taxes	82,581	,729	82,581,729		84,911,652		2,329,	923
Licenses, permits and franchises	4,336	,665	4,336,665		4,348,849		12,	184
Fines, forfeits and penalties	868	,211	938,211		1,073,455		135,	244
Use of money or property	109	,561	109,561		126,505		16,	944
Intergovernmental revenue - State	28,391	,332	28,817,917		33,484,092		4,666,	175
Intergovernmental revenue - Federal	24,888	,178	25,371,592		23,667,354		(1,704,	238)
Revenue other governmental agencies	4,390	,958	4,390,958		4,545,596		154,	638
Charges for services	16,844		16,822,658		17,117,033		294,	375
Miscellaneous revenue	1,053		1,120,915		1,293,695		172,	780
Other financing sources	17,971	,894	18,489,177		11,959,127		(6,530,	
	181,437		182,979,383		82,527,358	_	(452,	
Amounts available for appropriation	198,883	,068	200,425,223	1	99,973,198		(452,	025)
Charges to appropriations (outflows):								
General Government								
Board of Supervisors								
Salaries and employee benefits	1,257	.434	1,274,799		1,265,847		8.	952
Services and supplies		,869	67,784		58,536			248
Capital assets			1,558		1,558			
Intrafund transfers	56	,595	51,668		50,933		-	735
Intrafund abatement		(668)	(668)		(668)			
a ghishi Minos I	1,417		1,395,141	al u	1,376,206		18,	935
County Administrative Office								
Salaries and employee benefits	1,735	.752	1,735,752		1,623,758		111,	994
Services and supplies		,529	96,529		67,341		29,	
Capital assets		,500	3,500		3,376			124
Intrafund transfers		,907	38,907		35,460			447
Intrafund abatement		,495)	(113,495)		(70,532)			963)
la la company de	1,761		1,761,193		1,659,403	u, U,	101,	
Annual Audit								
Services and supplies	95	,000	91,300		75,000		16	300
Services and supplies		,000 —	91,300		75,000	_		300

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Auditor/Controller						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 2,674,159	\$ 2,674,159	\$	2,481,547	\$	192,612
Services and supplies	111,555	111,555		86,951		24,604
Intrafund transfers	298,134	298,134		287,021		11,113
Intrafund abatement	(85,200)	 (85,200)		(77,317)		(7,883)
	2,998,648	2,998,648		2,778,202		220,446
Treasurer/Tax Collector						
Salaries and employee benefits	1,834,910	1,795,510		1,795,469		41
Services and supplies	486,369	486,369		433,959		52,410
Capital assets		39,400		5,233		34,167
Other financing uses	3,600	3,600		3,072		528
Intrafund transfers	342,219	342,219		299,782		42,437
Intrafund abatement	(7,550)	(7,550)		(4,898)		(2,652)
	2,659,548	2,659,548	2	2,532,617		126,931
Assessor						
Salaries and employee benefits	3,391,752	3,391,752		3,279,849		111,903
Services and supplies	199,714	196,606		153,935		42,671
Capital assets		3,108		3,101		7
Intrafund transfers	278,277	278,277		276,453		1,824
	 3,869,743	3,869,743		3,713,338		156,405
Purchasing						
Salaries and employee benefits	301,151	301,151		301,352		(201)
Services and supplies	16,519	16,519		11,563		4,956
Intrafund transfers	24,190	24,190		18,555		5,635
	 341,860	341,860		331,470		10,390
Revenue Recovery						
Salaries and employee benefits	402,703	402,703		371,064		31,639
Services and supplies	86,103	86,103		67,945		18,158
Intrafund transfers	20,395	20,395		22,993		(2,598)
Intrafund abatement	(16,500)	(16,500)		(12,906)		(3,594)
	 492,701	492,701		449,096		43,605

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	- 101 	Original Budget	(0)	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fit	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
County Counsel	\$	2 227 256	\$	2 227 256	\$	2 266 117	\$	71 120
Salaries and employee benefits	Э	2,337,256 238,929	Þ	2,337,256 238,929	Þ	2,266,117 204,933	Þ	71,139 33,996
Services and supplies Intrafund transfers		39,693		39,693		37,471		2,222
Intrafund dansiers Intrafund abatement		1,5						(6,756)
intratund abatement		(20,000) 2,595,878		<u>(20,000)</u> 2,595,878	-	<u>(13,244)</u> 2,495,277		100,601
	_	2,393,878	_	2,393,676		2,493,277		100,001
Human Resources								
Salaries and employee benefits		638,843		638,843		562,832		76,011
Services and supplies		79,252		79,252		76,201		3,051
Intrafund transfers		33,974		33,974		30,563		3,411
		752,069	_	752,069	_	669,596		82,473
Recorder - Elections								
Salaries and employee benefits		833,541		902,856		863,731		39,125
Services and supplies		389,857		389,857		477,323		(87,466)
Capital assets						6,329		(6,329)
Intrafund transfers		40,868		40,868		42,170		(1,302)
		1,264,266		1,333,581		1,389,553		(55,972)
Communications								
Salaries and employee benefits		543,819		543,819		576,473		(32,654)
Services and supplies		1,490,650		1,488,650		1,148,717		339,933
Services and supplies abatements		(406,200)		(406,200)		(263,732)		(142,468)
Intrafund transfers		2,866		2,866		2,120		746
Intrafund abatement		(795,000)		(795,000)		(717,778)		(77,222)
		836,135		834,135		745,800		88,335
Mail and Courier								
Salaries and employee benefits		78,543		78,543		78,469		74
Services and supplies		22,728		22,728		22,796		(68)
Intrafund transfers		1,770		1,770		184		1,586
Intrafund abatement		(79,483)		(79,483)		(82,997)		3,514
		23,558		23,558		18,452		5,106

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget	- <u>- 1</u>	Final Budget		Actual Amount	F	fariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Buildings and Grounds	200		T.P					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	3,028,847	\$	3,028,847	\$	2,691,918	\$	336,929
Services and supplies		1,866,777		1,866,777		1,780,982		85,795
Other charges		940,593		940,593		812,062		128,531
Capital assets		28,431		28,431		16,353		12,078
Intrafund transfers		64,901		64,901		66,919		(2,018)
Intrafund abatement	_	(522,131)	_	(522,131)		(192,798)		(329,333)
		5,407,418		5,407,418	_	5,175,436		231,982
Property Management								
Salaries and employee benefits		35,510		35,510		5,958		29,552
Other charges		56,501		56,501		77,475		(20,974)
Intrafund transfers		273,700		273,700		129		273,571
		365,711	_	365,711		83,562		282,149
County Promotion								
Services and supplies		762,825		759,488		518,962		240,526
Other charges				8,587		8,587		
Intrafund transfers		113,166		113,166		70,532		42,634
		875,991		881,241		598,081		283,160
Information Technologies								
Salaries and employee benefits		4,194,879		4,194,879		3,985,775		209,104
Services and supplies		1,752,503		1,680,303		1,377,551		302,752
Capital assets		115,500		187,700		8,011		179,689
Intrafund transfers		131,338		133,338		132,516		822
Intrafund abatement		(3,062,974)		(3,062,974)		(2,939,888)		(123,086)
		3,131,246		3,133,246		2,563,965		569,281
Surveyor								
Salaries and employee benefits		1,552,200		1,552,200		1,447,781		104,419
Services and supplies		99,336		99,236		71,480		27,756
Other charges		77,550		100		57		43
Capital assets		7,095		7,095		1,810		5,285
Intrafund transfers		135,470		135,470		99,238		36,232
Intrafund abatement		(6,000)		(6,000)		(1,244)		(4,756)
)	1,788,101		1,788,101		1,619,122	-	168,979
		-,,		-,,.		-,,		

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Employee Benefits	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
• •	104	M.E. 3	With Delivery 1. If	in the day?
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 15,000	\$ 18,700	\$ 18,673	\$ 27
	15,000	18,700	18,673	27
E (
Engineer				
Services and supplies	108,000	108,000	38,024	69,976
Other charges	769,947	769,947	788,701	(18,754)
Intrafund transfers	20,000	20,000	13,977	6,023
	897,947	897,947	840,702	57,245
Contribution to Other Funds				
Services and supplies	350,000	350,000	153,957	196,043
Other charges	153,691	153,691	153,690	1
Other financing uses	13,761,973	13,761,973	12,533,866	1,228,107
_	14,265,664	14,265,664	12,841,513	1,424,151
Contribution to Other Agencies				
Other charges	157,715	157,715	157,715	
	157,715	157,715	157,715	
Contribution to Airports				
Other financing uses	104,579	104,579	132,858	(28,279)
	104,579	104,579	132,858	(28,279)
Other General				
Services and supplies	30,000	30,000	12,680	17,320
Other financing uses	237,083	237,083	219,433	17,650
Intrafund abatement	(136,501)	(136,501)	(133,206)	(3,295)
	130,582	130,582	98,907	31,675
	150,502			31,073

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Services and supplies abatements		9	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	F	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Services and supplies 321,378 321,128 209,863 1									
Services and supplies abatements		\$		\$		\$		\$	(350)
Other charges 250 246 Intrafund transfers 4,238 4,238 2,684 Intrafund abatement (78,428) (78,428) (92,363) 51,348 51,348 22,318 General Government 46,299,131 46,351,607 42,386,862 3,9 Public Protection Superior Court MOE Services and supplies 1,205,583 1,255,583 1,240,406 Other charges 1,666,283 1,793,283 1,793,061 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>111,265</td></td<>					•				111,265
Intrafund transfers			(298,000)				,		(97,378)
Intrafund abatement									4
Si,348 Si,348 22,318 Si,348 S					Control Control		Children and acr		1,554
Public Protection Superior Court MOE Services and supplies 1,205,583 1,255,583 1,240,406 Other charges 1,666,283 1,793,283 1,793,061 Services and supplies 2,871,866 3,048,866 3,033,467 Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 6,946 2,423 Capital assets 8,500 Other financing uses 5 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Services and supplies 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	Intrafund abatement								13,935
Public Protection Superior Court MOE 1,205,583 1,255,583 1,240,406 Other charges 1,666,283 1,793,283 1,793,061 Other charges 2,871,866 3,048,866 3,033,467 Grand Jury Salaries and employee benefits 209 209 209 Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 District Attorney 92,922 94,922 93,039 District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 645,219 645,219 645,219 645,219 645,219 646 6,946 2,423 6,946 6,946 2,423 6,946 6,946 2,423 6,946 6,946 2,423 6,946 6,946 2,423 6,946 1,8622 8,622 1,8622 1,8622 1,8622 1,8622 1,8622 1,8622 1,8622 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>51,348</td><td></td><td>51,348</td><td></td><td>22,318</td><td>_</td><td>29,030</td></t<>			51,348		51,348		22,318	_	29,030
Superior Court MOE Services and supplies 1,205,583 1,255,583 1,240,406 Other charges 1,666,283 1,793,283 1,793,061 2,871,866 3,048,866 3,033,467 Salaries and employee benefits 209 209 209 Services and supplies 86,587 84,856 Services and supplies 86,587 84,856 Services and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 2,423 Capital assets 8,500 Other financing uses 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	General Government		46,299,131	1	46,351,607	_	42,386,862		3,964,745
Services and supplies 1,205,583 1,255,583 1,240,406 Other charges 1,666,283 1,793,283 1,793,061 Grand Jury 2,871,866 3,048,866 3,033,467 Salaries and employee benefits 209 209 209 Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 92,922 94,922 93,039 District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 645,219 0ther charges 6,946 6,946 2,423	Public Protection								
Other charges 1,666,283 1,793,283 1,793,061 Grand Jury 2,871,866 3,048,866 3,033,467 Salaries and employee benefits 209 209 209 Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 92,922 94,922 93,039 District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 645,219 60ther charges 6,946 6,946 2,423 6,242 6,223 8,622 8,622 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 185,223 186,223 185,574 187,602,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services Salaries and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	Superior Court MOE								
Crand Jury Salaries and employee benefits 209 209 209 209 Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 92,922 94,922 93,039	Services and supplies		1,205,583		1,255,583		1,240,406		15,177
Grand Jury Salaries and employee benefits 209 209 209 Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 92,922 94,922 93,039 District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 2,423	Other charges		1,666,283						222
Salaries and employee benefits 209 209 209 Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 92,922 94,922 93,039 District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 2,423 2 Capital assets 8,500 Other financing uses 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (Child Support Services Salaries and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968			2,871,866	1	3,048,866		3,033,467		15,399
Services and supplies 86,587 86,587 84,856 Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 92,922 94,922 93,039 District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 6,946 2,423 Capital assets 8,500	-								
Intrafund transfers 6,126 8,126 7,974 92,922 94,922 93,039 District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219									
District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3	**								1,731
District Attorney Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 2,423 Capital assets 8,500 Other financing uses 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	Intrafund transfers	•			Washington			_	152
Salaries and employee benefits 7,258,972 7,295,540 6,932,565 3 Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 2,423 Capital assets 8,500 Other financing uses 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (Child Support Services 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968			92,922		94,922		93,039		1,883
Services and supplies 592,435 666,192 645,219 Other charges 6,946 6,946 2,423 Capital assets 8,500 Other financing uses 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (Child Support Services 7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968							100		
Other charges 6,946 6,946 2,423 Capital assets 8,500 Other financing uses 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services Salaries and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	- ·								362,975
Capital assets 8,500	• •						1.5		20,973
Other financing uses 8,622 8,622 Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services Salaries and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	-				6,946		2,423		4,523
Intrafund transfers 185,223 186,223 185,574 Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services Salaries and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	•		8,500				7-0		-
Intrafund abatement (250,000) (250,000) (172,602) (7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services Salaries and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968					•				
7,802,076 7,913,523 7,601,801 3 Child Support Services 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968									649
Child Support Services 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968	Intrafund abatement								(77,398)
Salaries and employee benefits 4,060,893 4,010,893 3,923,180 Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968			7,802,076		7,913,523		7,601,801		311,722
Services and supplies 567,998 607,998 552,968									
							181		87,713
Intrafund transfers 313,268 323,268 305,413	Services and supplies								55,030
	Intrafund transfers		313,268		323,268		305,413		17,855
4,942,159 4,942,159 4,781,561 1			4,942,159		4,942,159		4,781,561		160,598

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amount	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Defender			*				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	2,514,045	\$ 2,514,045	\$	2,499,130	\$	14,915
Services and supplies		373,053	373,053		254,283		118,770
Intrafund transfers		63,868	63,868		62,836		1,032
		2,950,966	2,950,966		2,816,249	10	134,717
Sheriff-Bailiff							
Salaries and employee benefits		2,670,468	2,670,468		2,582,505		87,963
Services and supplies		207,806	207,806		174,222		33,584
Other charges					450		(450)
Capital assets		18,210	18,210				18,210
Intrafund transfers		564	564		2,195		(1,631)
Intrafund abatement			 		(2,745)		2,745
		2,897,048	 2,897,048		2,756,627		140,421
Sheriff							
Salaries and employee benefits		25,338,696	25,387,835		25,255,491		132,344
Services and supplies		5,184,195	5,268,588		4,108,583		1,160,005
Other charges		305,821	310,821		66,792		244,029
Capital assets		469,028	862,486		227,406		635,080
Intrafund transfers		350,042	350,042		275,262		74,780
Intrafund abatement					(3,180)		3,180
		31,647,782	 32,179,772		29,930,354		2,249,418
Central Dispatch							
Salaries and employee benefits		2,276,178	2,276,178		1,980,716		295,462
Services and supplies		41,992	41,992		36,647		5,345
Intrafund transfers		16,760	16,760		12,901		3,859
indutund dansters	_	2,334,930	 2,334,930	_	2,030,264	-	304,666
		2,00 1,000	 2,00,000		2,020,201		
Jail							
Salaries and employee benefits		11,681,721	11,681,721		10,941,208		740,513
Services and supplies		2,022,719	2,018,142		1,752,089		266,053
Other charges		8,319	8,319				8,319
Capital assets		86,200	90,777		20,041		70,736
Intrafund transfers		151,326	151,326		57,259		94,067
		13,950,285	13,950,285		12,770,597		1,179,688

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget	9900 - 11	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Juvenile Hall	Φ.	4 (50 020	•	4 (50 020	•	4 400 014	•	157.016
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	4,650,030	\$	4,650,030	\$	4,492,814	\$	157,216
Services and supplies		695,606		695,606		634,954		60,652
Other charges		118,125		118,125		6,015		112,110
Intrafund transfers	2.	57,430		57,430	_	15,733		41,697
		5,521,191		5,521,191		5,149,516		371,675
Probation Department								
Salaries and employee benefits		6,079,670		6,079,670		5,502,906		576,764
Services and supplies		956,245		964,727		752,658		212,069
Other charges		6,875		6,875				6,875
Capital assets		8,500		8,500		4,894		3,606
Intrafund transfers	<u> </u>	282,869		282,869		266,073		16,796
		7,334,159		7,342,641		6,526,531		816,110
Agricultural Commission								
Salaries and employee benefits		1,141,352		1,141,352		1,111,528		29,824
Services and supplies		287,961		286,649		255,322		31,327
Other charges		3,000		4,312		4,312		
Intrafund transfers		52,859		52,859		42,514		10,345
		1,485,172	1	1,485,172		1,413,676		71,496
Building Inspector								
Salaries and employee benefits		3,016,939		3,096,939		3,004,830		92,109
Services and supplies		335,188		355,188		251,419		103,769
Other charges		1,000		1,000				1,000
Intrafund transfers		621,930		621,930		583,645		38,285
	_	3,975,057		4,075,057		3,839,894	- 14-	235,163
Coroner								
Salaries and employee benefits		780,033		780,033		810,115		(30,082)
Services and supplies		247,962		247,962		224,029		23,933
Intrafund transfers		2,358		2,358		1,868		490
muatuna nansiels	_	1,030,353		1,030,353		1,036,012	-	(5,659)
		1,030,333		1,050,555	-	1,050,012		(3,039)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Emergency Services		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Emergency Services							-
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	774,260	\$ 774,260	\$	422,468	\$	351,792
Services and supplies		63,671	63,671		45,112		18,559
Other charges					1,535		(1,535)
Intrafund transfers		3,930	3,930		7,432		(3,502)
		841,861	841,861		476,547		365,314
Recorder/Clerk							
Salaries and employee benefits		1,117,331	1,117,331		1,104,871		12,460
Services and supplies		450,994	381,679		240,307		141,372
Capital assets		7,500	7,500				7,500
Intrafund transfers		129,651	129,651		116,553		13,098
Intrafund abatement		(12,837)	(12,837)				(12,837)
		1,692,639	1,623,324		1,461,731		161,593
Planning and Zoning							
Salaries and employee benefits		1,443,212	1,443,212		1,323,656		119,556
Services and supplies		62,583	62,583		33,617		28,966
Intrafund transfers			 		9,415	Contractor.	(9,415)
	8	1,505,795	 1,505,795		1,366,688		139,107
Animal Services							
Salaries and employee benefits		1,323,730	1,323,730		1,270,231		53,499
Services and supplies		627,102	627,102		517,021		110,081
Other charges		491,051	491,051		468,081		22,970
Capital assets		3,600	3,600				3,600
Intrafund transfers		74,975	74,975		70,250		4,725
	,	2,520,458	 2,520,458	1	2,325,583		194,875
Public Guardian							
Salaries and employee benefits		964,642	964,642		912,052		52,590
Services and supplies		83,280	83,280		86,753		(3,473)
Other charges		130,000	130,000				130,000
Intrafund transfers		28,939	 28,939		29,245		(306)
		1,206,861	 1,206,861		1,028,050		178,811

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Cemeteries	 						
Services and supplies	\$ 28,251	\$	28,250	\$	5,281	\$	22,969
Other charges	43,059		43,059		45,330		(2,271)
Intrafund transfers	45,742		45,742				45,742
	 117,052		117,051		50,611		66,440
Public Protection	 96,720,632	_	97,582,235		90,488,798		7,093,437
Health and Sanitation							
Environmental Management							
Salaries and employee benefits	2,190,390		2,184,890		2,038,553		146,337
Services and supplies	281,792		274,540		211,860		62,680
Other charges	1,150		1,150		868		282
Capital assets	9,325		14,825				14,825
Intrafund transfers	383,672		413,672		372,933		40,739
Intrafund abatement	(569,780)		(569,780)		(575,723)		5,943
	2,296,549	_	2,319,297		2,048,491		270,806
Health and Sanitation	 2,296,549		2,319,297		2,048,491		270,806
Public Assistance							
Social Services Administration							
Salaries and employee benefits	11,779,088		11,509,088		11,278,244		230,844
Services and supplies	1,670,670		1,870,670		1,510,897		359,773
Other charges	1,308,239		1,336,239		837,480		498,759
Capital assets Intrafund transfers	259,700		11,700		8,844		2,856
Intrafund transfers Intrafund abatement	967,496 (268,099)		997,496 (268,099)		815,932		181,564 (268,099)
mualund abatement	 15,717,094		15,457,094	_	14,451,397		1,005,697
	 13,717,054	10	15,457,054	-	14,431,377		1,000,007
Social Services Programs							
Salaries and employee benefits	4,086,737		4,086,737		4,093,348		(6,611)
Services and supplies	929,543		1,189,543		1,209,786		(20,243)
Other charges	1,833,247		1,833,247		1,548,276		284,971
Other financing uses	25,000		25,000		25,000		
Intrafund abatement	 				3,005		(3,005)
	 6,874,527		7,134,527		6,879,415		255,112
Categorical Aids							
Other charges	17 400 700		16 400 702		17 02 4 222		(621 620)
	 16,402,703		16,402,703		17,034,333		(631,630)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Attack Tall and	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Aids to Indigents Services and supplies	\$ 32,500	\$ 32,500	\$ 40,672	\$ (8,172)
Other charges	119,200	119,200	42,500	\$ (8,172) 76,700
Offici charges	151,700	151,700	83,172	68,528
Veterans' Services		-		
Salaries and employee benefits	271,477	269,012	244,614	24,398
Services and supplies	68,008	68,008	54,305	13,703
Other charges	103	103	J - 7,505	103
Capital assets	103	2,465	2,465	103
Intrafund transfers	22,920	22,920	20,410	2.510
inuatuna uansieis	362,508	362,508	321,794	2,510 40,714
		302,300	321,/74	40,/14
Public Assistance	39,508,532	39,508,532	38,770,111	738,421
Education County Library				
Salaries and employee benefits	2,247,281	2,538,185	2,309,882	228,303
Services and supplies	683,957	868,919	822,980	45,939
Other charges	2,000	2,000	555	1,445
Capital assets	5,000	5,000	4,432	568
Intrafund transfers	98,390	98,390	86,289	12,101
	3,036,628	3,512,494	3,224,138	288,356
University of California Cooperative Extension				
Salaries and employee benefits	182,610	182,610	180,364	2,246
Services and supplies	21,159	21,159	16,102	5,057
Other charges	70,882	70,882	70,522	360
Intrafund transfers	15,227	15,227	12,375	2,852
	289,878	289,878	279,363	10,515
Education	3,326,506	3,802,372	3,503,501	298,871
Recreation and Cultural Services Recreation				
Salaries and employee benefits	187,042	187,042	176,074	10,968
Services and supplies	89,158	83,658	55,734	27,924
Other charges	6,546	6,546	6,108	438
Intrafund transfers	217,731	217,731	237,349	(19,618)
	500,477	494,977	475,265	19,712

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Historical Museum	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 86,305	\$ 86,305	\$ 86,079	\$ 226
Services and supplies	25,175	25,175	18,984	6,191
Capital assets	2,400	2,400	2,067	333
Intrafund transfers	4,350	4,350	3,955	395
muatuna uansicis	118,230	118,230	111,085	7,145
				.,210
Recreation and Cultural Services	618,707	613,207	586,350	26,857
Contingency				
Appropriation for contingencies	10,113,011	10,247,973		10,247,973
	10,113,011	10,247,973		10,247,973
Contingency	10,113,011	10,247,973		10,247,973
Total Charges to Appropriations	198,883,068	200,425,223	177,784,113	22,641,110
Budgetary Balances, June 30	\$	\$	\$ 22,189,085	\$ 22,189,085

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows, and GAAP revenue and expenditures:

Sources/inflows of resources:

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	
from the budgetary comparisons schedule	\$ 199,973,198
Difference budget to GAAP	
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary	
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(17,445,840)
Transfers in from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources,	
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(11,959,127)
Interfund revenues from other governmental funds are inflows of budgetary resources,	
but are eliminated for financial reporting purposes	(5,367,802)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$ 165,200,429
Uses/outflow of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations"	
from budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 177,784,113
Difference budget to GAAP	
Intrafund transfers out are a budgetary use of funds but are	
not expenditures for financial reporting purposes	(12,922,851)
Interfund expenditures from other governmental funds are outflows of budgetary resources,	
but are eliminated for financial reporting purposes	(5,367,802)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$ 159,493,460

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Original Budget	-	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary fund balances, July 1	\$	7,406,426	\$	7,377,426	\$	7,377,426	\$	
Resources (inflows):								
Taxes and assessments		500		500		32,354		31,854
Licenses, permits and franchises		50,000		50,000		54,625		4,625
Revenue from use of money or property		39,742		39,742		46,669		6,927
Intergovernmental revenue - State		23,878,664		24,278,664		26,023,526		1,744,862
Intergovernmental revenue - Federal		12,741,167		12,741,167		5,863,332		(6,877,835)
Charges for services		4,191,344		4,191,344		3,050,910		(1,140,434)
Miscellaneous revenues		4,435,351		4,435,351		435,226		(4,000,125)
Other financing sources		29,268,582		29,337,582		10,746,250	(18,591,332)
		74,605,350		75,074,350		46,252,892	(28,821,458)
Amounts available for appropriations		82,011,776		82,451,776		53,630,318		28,821,458)
Charges to appropriations (outflows):								
Public Ways and Facilities		21 (02 202		21 (92 292		20 250 514		1 422 970
Salaries and employee benefits		21,683,383		21,683,383		20,250,514		1,432,869
Services and supplies		51,674,795		52,114,795		28,511,591		23,603,204
Other charges		5,594,557 4,807,486		5,594,557		2,402,019 3,372,197		3,192,538 1,435,289
Capital assets Intrafund transfers		6,789,961		4,807,486 6,789,961		6,090,987		698,974
Intrafund transfers Intrafund abatement						(7,601,322)		
mirarund abatement		(8,538,406)		(8,538,406)	_	(7,001,322)		(937,084)
Public Ways and Facilities		82,011,776		82,451,776		53,025,986		29,425,790
Total Charges to Appropriations		82,011,776		82,451,776		53,025,986	-	29,425,790
Budgetary fund balances, June 30	\$		\$		\$	604,332	\$	604,332

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Road Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows, and GAAP revenue and expenditures:

Sources/inflows of resources:

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	
from the budgetary comparisons schedule	\$ 53,630,318
Difference budget to GAAP	
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary	
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(7,377,426)
The transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary	
resources, but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(10,719,171)
Interfund revenues from other governmental funds are inflows of budgetary	
resources, but are eliminated for financial reporting purposes	(2,228,023)
,	(-,,,)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$ 33,305,698
<u>Uses/outflow of resources:</u>	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations"	
from budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 53,025,986
nom oudgemry companion conceant	\$ 23,023,700
Difference budget to GAAP	
Interfund expenditures from other governmental funds are outflows of budgetary	
resources, but are eliminated for financial reporting purposes	(2,228,023)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$ 50,797,963

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Mental Health Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary fund balances, July 1	\$ (97,945)	\$ (97,945)	\$ (97,945)	\$
Resources (inflows):				
Use of money or property			933	933
Intergovernmental revenue - State	1,922,171	1,854,895	1,167,940	(686,955)
Intergovernmental revenue - Federal	3,925,041	3,925,041	4,194,084	269,043
Charges for services	495,807	495,807	415,809	(79,998)
Miscellaneous revenues			26,038	26,038
Other financing sources	3,450,672	3,184,774	3,184,771	(3)
	9,793,691	9,460,517	8,989,575	(470,942)
Amounts available for appropriations	9,695,746	9,362,572	8,891,630	(470,942)
Charges to appropriations (outflows): Health and Sanitation				
Salaries and employee benefits	9,299,354	9,299,354	8,545,310	754,044
Services and supplies	4,652,847	4,319,673	3,605,694	713,979
Other charges	1,448,379	1,448,379	1,428,595	19,784
Capital assets	122,735	122,735	122,735	,
Other financing uses	TD		73,109	(73,109)
Intrafund transfers	5,537,133	5,537,133	2,383,155	3,153,978
Intrafund abatement	(11,364,702)	(11,364,702)	(7,364,890)	(3,999,812)
Health and Sanitation	9,695,746	9,362,572	8,793,708	568,864
Total Charges to Appropriations	9,695,746	9,362,572	8,793,708	568,864
Budgetary fund balances, June 30	\$	\$	\$ 97,922	\$ 97,922

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Mental Health Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows, and GAAP revenue and expenditures:

Sources/inflows of resources:

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	
from the budgetary comparisons schedule	\$ 8,891,630
Difference budget to GAAP	
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary	
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	97,945
The transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources,	
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(3,184,771)
Interfund revenues from other governmental funds are inflows of budgetary	
resources, but are eliminated for financial reporting purposes	(24,550)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$ 5,780,254
<u>Uses/outflow of resources:</u>	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations"	
from budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 8,793,708
Difference budget to GAAP	
Intrafund transfers out are a budgetary use of funds but are	
not expenditures for financial reporting purposes	(73,109)
Interfund expenditures from other governmental funds are outflows of budgetary	
resources, but are eliminated for financial reporting purposes	(24,550)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$ 8,696,049

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary fund balances, July 1	\$ 2,145,000	\$ 2,143,000	\$ 21,916,460	\$ 19,773,460
Resources (inflows): Revenue from use of money or property		2,000	62,448 62,448	60,448
Amounts available for appropriations	2,145,000	2,145,000	21,978,908	19,833,908
Charges to appropriations (outflows): <u>Public Ways and Facilities</u> Other financing uses	2,145,000	2,145,000	357,376	1,787,624
Public Ways and Facilities	2,145,000	2,145,000	357,376	1,787,624
Total Charges to Appropriations	2,145,000	2,145,000	357,376	1,787,624
Budgetary fund balances, June 30	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ 21,621,532	\$ 21,621,532

Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Silva Valley Interchange RIF Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows, and GAAP revenue and expenditures:

Sources/inflows of resources:

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparisons schedule	\$	21,978,908
Difference budget to GAAP		
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary		
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	\- <u></u>	(21,916,460)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$	62,448
<u>Uses/outflow of resources:</u>		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations"		*
from budgetary comparison schedule	\$	357,376
Difference budget to GAAP		
Transfers out to other funds is a budgetary use of funds but are not expenditures		(257.276)
for financial reporting purposes	1	(357,376)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures, and changes in fund balance governmental funds	\$	

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 and 29143, inclusive, of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares a budget for each fiscal year on or before October 2. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of an Appropriation Resolution. This resolution mandates the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the County's Board of Supervisors.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all Governmental Funds. Expenditures are controlled at the object level within budget units for the County. The object level within a budget unit is the level at which expenditures may legally not exceed appropriations. The County Administrator approves any budget amendments transferring appropriation within object categories such as salaries and benefits or services and supplies. In addition, the County Administrator also approves budget amendments transferring appropriation between object categories. The Board of Supervisors approves budget amendments transferring appropriation between budget units, departments, or funds. The Board of Supervisors also approves appropriations from unappropriated reserves and unanticipated revenues received during the year. Budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial schedules are reported as originally adopted and as amended during the fiscal year.

The County uses an encumbrances system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for the general, special revenue, and other debt service funds and to assist in controlling expenditures of the capital projects funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as part of the restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances are combined with expenditures for budgetary comparison purposes. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward in the ensuing year's budget.

The budgets for the governmental funds may include an object level known as "intrafund transfers" in the charges for appropriations. This object level is an accounting mechanism used by the County to show reimbursements between operations within the same fund (an example would be the General Fund).

The amounts reported in the budgetary basis differ from the basis used to present the basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting except that current year encumbrances are budgeted as expenditures.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2011

ACCEPTEG	N	Fleet fanagement		Risk Management Authority		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:	•	2 2 4 2 2 2 4		45.540.505		10.001.000
Cash and investments	\$	3,312,994	\$	45,718,395	\$	49,031,389
Cash with fiscal agent				246,963		246,963
Account receivable				85,027		85,027
Deposits				83,100		83,100
Inventory		33,319				33,319
Prepaid expenses				1,000		1,000
Total Current Assets		3,346,313		46,134,485	_	49,480,798
0.11						
Capital assets:		40.000				40,000
Land		40,000				40,000
Structures and improvements		659,905		51.000		659,905
Equipment		10,768,973		51,002		10,819,975
Accumulated depreciation		(6,292,992)		(26,185)	_	(6,319,177)
Total Capital Assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation		5,175,886	_	24,817		5,200,703
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	8,522,199	\$	46,159,302	\$	54,681,501
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	87,619	\$	1,527,583	\$	1,615,202
Salaries and benefits payable		10,040		19,797		29,837
Compensated absences-due within one year		1,012		7,139		8,151
Liability for self-insurance				4,265,789		4,265,789
Total Current Liabilities		98,671		5,820,308		5,918,979
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Liability for self-insurance				12,441,925		12,441,925
Liability for other post-employment benefits				58,034,507		58,034,507
Compensated absences-due beyond one year		6,771		47,778		54,549
Total Long-Term Liabilities		6,771		70,524,210		70,530,981
Total Liabilities		105,442	_	76,344,518	_	76,449,960
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,175,886		24,817		5,200,703
Restricted		2,294,658				2,294,658
Unrestricted		946,213		(30,210,033)		(29,263,820)
Total Net Assets		8,416,757		(30,185,216)		(21,768,459)
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	8,522,199	\$	46,159,302	\$	54,681,501

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Fleet Manageme	Risk Management nt Authority	Totals
Operating Revenues:			
Service fees	\$ 1,794,8	\$ 32,461,167	\$ 34,256,033
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	227,3	622,300	849,622
Services and supplies	772,3		51,744,288
Depreciation	796,4		798,803
Total Operating Expenses	1,796,0		53,392,713
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,2		(19,136,680)
Non Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest income	8,7	43 121,941	130,684
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	2,0	800	2,008
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue	8,1	34 630,468	638,602
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	18,8	85 752,409	771,294
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	17,6	(18,383,061)	(18,365,386)
Capital Contributions	34,5	551	34,551
Change in Net Assets	52,2	(18,383,061)	(18,330,835)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	8,364,5	(11,802,155)	(3,437,624)
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 8,416,7	\$ (30,185,216)	\$ (21,768,459)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Fleet Management	Risk Management Authority	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash receipts from internal fund services provided	\$ 1,795,197	\$ 32,631,663	\$ 34,426,860
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(704,715)	(33,880,785)	(34,585,500)
Cash paid to employees for salaries and benefits	(229,347)	(611,374)	(840,721)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	861,135	(1,860,496)	(999,361)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Non-operating revenues	8,134	630,468	638,602
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	8,134	630,468	638,602
4047440	0,151	050,100	030,002
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,008		2,008
Payments related to the acquisition of capital assets	(602,272)		(602,272)
Capital contributions	34,551		34,551
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing			
activities	(565,713)		(565,713)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	8,743	121,941	130,684
Net cash provided by investing activities	8,743	121,941	130,684
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	312,299	(1,108,087)	(795,788)
•			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,000,695	47,073,445	50,074,140
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,312,994	\$ 45,965,358	\$ 49,278,352

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Fleet Management		Risk Management Authority	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	171	cte little in	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,210)	\$ (19,135,470)	\$ (19,136,680)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to cash flows from operating activities:				
Depreciation		796,401	2,402	798,803
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		331	170,496	170,827
Inventory		1,422		1,422
Prepaid expenses			(920)	(920)
Increase (decrease) in:			i i	
Accounts payable		66,216	412,905	479,121
Salaries payable		2,148	4,005	6,153
Liability for compensated absences		(4,173)	6,921	2,748
Liability for self-insurance			(1,151,533)	(1,151,533)
Liability for other post employment benefits			17,830,698	17,830,698
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities	\$	861,135	\$ (1,860,496)	\$ (999,361)