Property Tax Increments

Annexations/Tax Sharing,

Proposition 90 & 110

July 28, 2009

Property Tax Increments

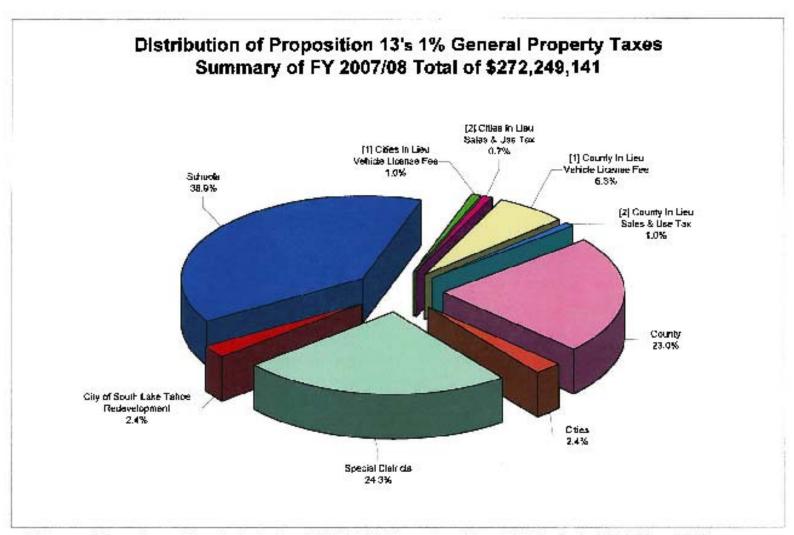
Property Tax is an ad valorem (based on value) tax that an owner is required to pay on the assessed value.

Prior to the passage of Proposition 13 local governments were authorized to determine the property tax rate.

Proposition 13

June 1978 Proposition 13 was passed which limited the ad valorem property tax rate to 1%.

This severely limits local entities ability to increase revenue, the effects do not just impact the County. The Schools, Community Service Districts, and Fire Districts also rely on Property Taxes.



- [1] Represents the exchange of Property Tex for County/City's Vehicle License Fees. (Senste Bill 1096, Chapter 211 Statutes of 2004).
- [2] Represents the exchange of Property Tax for County/City's Sales and Use Tax. (Assembly Bill 1769, Chapter 162, Statutes of 2003)

Assembly Bill 8 (AB 8)

- Assembly Bill 8 (AB 8) was adopted to provide procedures for counties to allocate taxes in a Tax Rate Area (TRA).
- The base year for AB 8 was Fiscal Year (FY) 1978/1979.

Tax Rate Area (TRA)

A Tax Rate Area (TRA) is a geographical area composed of unique combination of taxing jurisdictions.

Example of a TRA

- TRA 083-053
- 00001 County General Fund 26.0605%
- 00007 Accum Capital Outlay 0.6006%
- 00011 Road District Tax 2.9058%
- 20005 Black Oak Mine Unif 36.0808%
- 20350 Sierra Comm College 6.5163%
- 20370 Cnty School Services 1.6929%
- 30022 Georgetown Divd Recr 2.8964%
- 30045 Cnty Water Agency 0.9481%
- 30118 Garden Valley Fire 7.6488%
- 30121 Georgetown Divide PUD 12.6992%
- 30281 CSA #7 1.9506%
- Total 100.0000%

Annexations

- Annexations are governed by California Revenue and Taxation Code 99 and 99.01
- 3 Annexations 2009/2010 Tax Role
- 6 Annexations 2008/2009 Tax Role
- 8 Annexations 2007/2008 Tax Role
- 7 Annexations 2006/2007 Tax Role
- 4 Annexations 2005/2006 Tax Role

Zero Sum Game The Total Must Equal 100%

TRA

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26.0605% County General Fund
0.6006% Accumulated Capital Outlay
2.9058% Road District Tax
36.0808% Black Oak Mine Unif
6.5163% Sierra Comm College
1.6929% County School Services
2.8964% Georgetown Divd Recreation
0.9481% County Water Agency
7.6488% Garden Valley Fire
12.6992% Georgetown Divide PUD
1.9506% CSA #7
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100.0000% Total

Revenue and Taxation Code 99.01(a)(4)

- Under Revenue and Taxation Code 99.01 (a)(4) the Board of Supervisors has the authority to resolve disputes within its boundaries
- Annexations normally occur as a result of development. Thus, Local Agencies have a vested interest to complete the negotiation process because the net effect is an increase in revenue due to new development.

Master Tax Agreement

- A Master Tax Agreement would require the County and all the special districts to formally agree on specified tax rates.
- This is a nice idea however, it would require a significant commitment of resources and without new revenue from potential development it would be difficult to obtain consensus.

Proposition 90, and 110

- Proposition 90 passed in 1988 allows qualified property owners based on age (55yrs or older) to transfer low assessments from one county into another
- Proposition 110 passed in 1992 allows qualified property owners based on a disability to transfer low assessments from one county into another.

Proposition 90 and 110

- Provides tax relief to qualified individuals
- This may provide an incentive for the purchase of new homes,
- However, the net effect is a loss of property tax revenue for the County, Schools, and Special Districts.

Can the County afford to Lose Property Tax revenue?

- If a home was purchased for \$300,000 the individual is paying \$3,000 in property tax
- If that home is sold and proposition 90 is implemented an individual can purchase a \$500,000 home and instead of paying \$5,000 in taxes they only have to pay \$3,000
- That's a \$2,000 loss in property tax revenue
- This equation multiplied several times can have a significant effect on County revenue

Property Tax Base

- Currently for FY 2009/2010 the Assessor is projecting over a 2% decrease in Property Tax Revenue
- Proposition 90 & 110 will have a negative effect of the El Dorado County tax base
- This will effect the County, Schools and Special Districts
- Can the County afford to loose any additional revenue?
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Board Policy

 The current Board Policy established January 1989 is to reject Proposition 90 in El Dorado County

The CAO recommendation is to sustain the County's current position

Request Board Direction:

- Should the County pursue a master tax agreement with El Dorado Irrigation District, Community Service Districts and Fire Districts or continue to handle annexations on a case by case basis?
- 2. Should the County implement an Ordinance to adopt Proposition 90 and/or Proposition 110?