2016 GENERAL PLAN 5-YEAR REVIEW

Preliminary Land Inventory Data Report Board of Supervisors, May 17, 2016



Presentation Overview

Purpose and Background Information

- General Plan Reporting
- General Plan 5-Year Review Process
- General Plan Assumptions and Objectives

Preliminary Data Summary

- Population and Demographic Trends
- Housing Supply and Demand
- Employment Projections and Commercial Supply

Capacity to Accommodate Remaining Demand

- Residential (Housing) and Non-Residential (Jobs)
- Next Steps



The General Plan

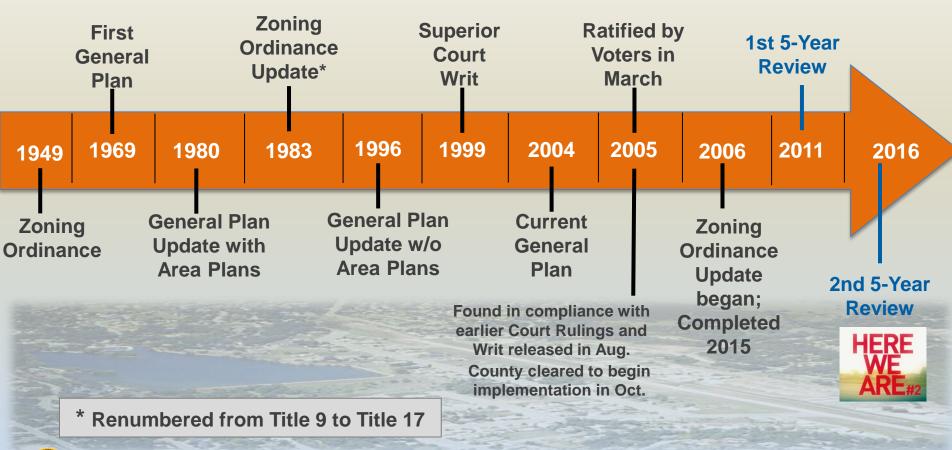
- Decisions involving the future growth of the state, most of which are made and will continue to be made at the local level, should be guided by an effective planning process, including the local general plan. (GC §65030.1)
- The General Plan has been called the "constitution for all future development" of an area by the California courts.
 - ➤ Lesher Communications v. City of Walnut Creek

Purpose

- Present the Board with preliminary land inventory data (Step 1) and results of the monitoring report to address the following:
 - Did growth vary significantly from major assumptions of the Plan?
 - ➤ If yes, does the growth necessitate adjustments to the Plan?
 - What adjustments (+/- land supply) would be required to accommodate future growth?
- Comprehensive General Plan 5-year review (Step 2) completed later this year

General Plan Timeline

State law mandates adoption of a long-term General Plan for the physical development of the county.



General Plan Reporting

- California Government Code Section 65400 requires annual reporting of General Plan Implementation.
- GP Policy 2.9.1.1 requires annual monitoring of land use absorption and policy implementation.
- GP Policy 2.9.1.2 requires 5-year reviews to identify adjustments or modifications necessary to meet Plan objectives.

Purpose of General Plan Reporting

- Provide information to assess how General Plan is being implemented
- Provide information to identify necessary course adjustments or modifications
- Provide clear correlation between land use decisions and General Plan goals
- Provide information regarding progress in meeting share of regional housing needs and efforts to remove constraints to development of housing

General Plan Goal 2.9 Monitoring and Review Requirement

- Policy 2.9.1.2
 If distribution of growth varies significantly from major assumptions of the Plan, amendments shall be made to the Plan's development potential:
 - > +/- land supply
- May result in policy changes

GOAL 2.9: GENERAL PLAN MONITORING AND REVIEW

Monitoring and review of the General Plan on a regular basis to ensure the document addresses and meets the needs of El Dorado County.

OBJECTIVE 2.9.1: GENERAL PLAN MONITORING AND REVIEW

Procedure for ongoing monitoring of the General Plan and periodic review and update if necessary.

- Policy 2.9.1.1 The County shall monitor, on an annual basis, the rate at which the land inventory is developed, the population and employment growth of the County, and other useful indicators of the County's growth.
- Policy 2.9.1.2 Two years following the adoption of the General Plan and thereafter every five years, the County shall examine the results of the monitoring process for the previous period. If the results of this monitoring process indicate that the distribution of growth varies significantly from the major assumptions of this Plan, the County shall make appropriate adjustments to the Plan's development potential by General Plan amendment. Five year adjustments in the development potential may include either additions to or subtractions from this land supply and may result in policy
- Policy 2.9.1.3 The normal procedure for increasing or decreasing development potential may be by amendment of the Plan at five year intervals as specified in Policy 2.9.1.2. This measure shall not preclude any property owner in El Dorado County from requesting a General Plan amendment upon submission of the required application.



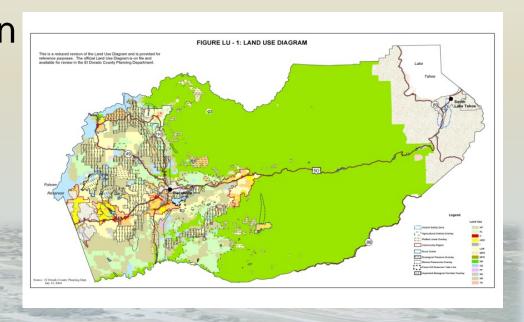
Policy 2.9.1.3 – Increasing or decreasing development

potential may be by Amendment of GP at 5-year intervals

General Plan 5-Year Review Process

Step 1: Review Land Inventory in accordance with GP Policy 2.1.9.2

 Resulting information and related data presented to the Board as part of this meeting



GP 5-Year Review Process

Step 2: Review All Components of the General Plan 5-Year Review:

- New information received since adoption of the General Plan including, but not limited to:
 - Recent changes in state law
 - Recent economic and/or housing development studies
 - Various public utility reports and studies
 - Updated census data and population forecasts
 - Current economy assessment
 - > Other relevant information

GP 5-Year Review Process

Step 2 (Cont.):

- Review General Plan Goals, Objectives and Assumptions to see if remain valid
- Determine if Land Use Map or Policies need amendment, based on data presented to Board as part of Step 1 or other requirements
- Review General Plan Mitigation Monitoring Program
- Review Community Regions/Rural Centers
- Review rate of development

GENERAL PLAN ASSUMPTIONS AND OBJECTIVES

2004 General Plan Assumptions

1. Population Projections

The projected growth for the County, as determined by the State Department of Finance, can be accommodated over the 20-year planning time horizon. However, the actual number of years to reach a particular population projection is not critical to the validity of this Plan. Many other factors, such as water availability, creation of local jobs, economic conditions, etc., will determine the period of time over which this Plan remains valid.

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Authorization for construction of the Auburn Dam is currently not addressed in this Plan; however, if authorization for the construction is approved, the Plan must be updated within a reasonable time to accommodate this significant change.

3. Jurisdiction of Other Government Agencies

Other agencies will continue to exercise significant policy control over lands within El Dorado County.

Agriculture and Timber

The agriculture and timber industries will remain economically viable during the 20-year planning time horizon of the Plan. The viability of these industries is critical to the maintenance of the Country's customs, culture, and economic stability.

- Water Supply
 - A. An adequate supply of water will be available to serve the County's current population.
- B. Additional water supplies will be developed to support the projected growth.
- C. Lack of water availability may change the period of time over which this Plan remains valid.
- D. The designation of the American or Cosumnes Rivers as "Wild and Scenic" or their drainage basins as "National Recreation Areas" would be incompatible with the County's water storage objectives.

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Policies in this Plan and their implementing directives will acknowledge and attempt to minimize their cost impact on the County's affordable housing goals and objectives. The housing needs for all economic segments for the unincorporated portions of the County may be achieved if the Housing Element is implemented.

Traffic Level of Service

In determining what levels of growth-related traffic are acceptable, the Plan balances a number of competing considerations. If the County sized its roadways solely to guarantee the smooth flow of traffic during limited peak periods in which commuter trips push traffic to maximum levels, one result would be the need to modify many rural two-lane roads by adding new lanes, thereby reducing the rural character of the affected adjacent lands. Such modifications would also entail enormous expense, while generating benefits only relaized during limited periods. In addition, County revenue financing mechanisms, such as user fees in the form of gasoline tax or a road benefit assessment, are limited. In light of these considerations, the Plan has been designed to match any increases in the size of roadways to those necessary to meet the Level of Service and concurrency policies included in the Transportation and Circulation Element.

1. Population Projections

- Projected growth can be accommodated over 20-year planning time horizon.
- Actual number of years to reach a particular population projection is <u>not</u> critical to the validity of the Plan.

Only Assumption #1 addressed in Step 1. Other Assumptions will be addressed in overall 5-Year Review.

2004 General Plan Objectives

PLAN OBJECTIVES

Through the appropriate application of the above statements, the objectives of the General Plan are:

- To develop a strong diversified and sustainable local economy;
- 2. To foster a rural quality of life;
- To sustain a quality environment;
- To accommodate the County's fair share of regional growth projections and affordable housing while encouraging those activities that comprise the basis for the County's customs, culture, and economic stability;
- To oversupply residential and non-residential land use designations in order to provide market and landowner flexibility to more feasibly accommodate the market;
- To concentrate and direct urban growth where infrastructure is present and/or can be more feasibly provided;
- To recognize that funding limitations for infrastructure and services will result in lower levels of service while the County improves employment and housing opportunities;
- To conserve, protect, and manage the County's abundant natural resources for economic benefits now and for the future:
- To encourage infill development that more efficiently utilizes existing infrastructure and minimizes land use conflicts while avoiding the premature development of noncontiguous lands where direct and life cycle costs are greater.
- To accomplish the retention of permanent open space/natural areas on a project-byproject bases through clustering;
- 11. To minimize down planning and/or down zoning where feasible;
- 12. To improve the jobs-to-housing ratio by giving preference to the development of high technology and value added employment centers and regional retail and tourism uses; and

Three of the 12 Objectives will be addressed in Step 1:

- Accommodate County's fair share of regional growth and affordable housing
- 5. Oversupply residential and nonresidential land use designations
- 6. Focus growth in areas of existing and potential infrastructure

Other Objectives will be addressed in the overall 5-Year Review.

GENERAL PLAN 5-YEAR REVIEW PRELIMINARY DATA SUMMARY

Population
Housing
Jobs











2004 General Plan

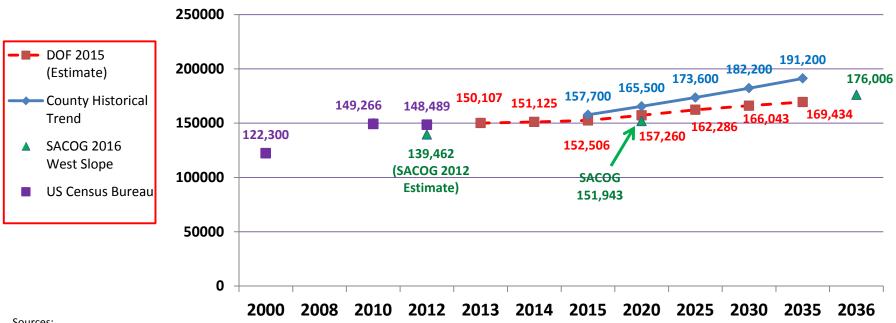
- Population: 200,000 in unincorporated area
 - > 2000 Pop: 122,300; 2015 est. Pop: 152,500 (DOF est.)
 - > Approx. 47,500 Pop. remaining to accommodate
- Housing: 32,491 Dwelling Units (DUs)
 - > Approx. 15,000 DUs built from 2000 2010
 - > Approx. 17,500 DUs remaining to be built
- Jobs: 42,202
 - Approx. 13,300 jobs were accommodated with non-residential development from 2000-2015
 - > Approx. 28,900 jobs remaining to be created

POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS



Population

El Dorado County Population Data and Forecasts Through 2036* (Excluding Cities of South Lake Tahoe and Placerville)



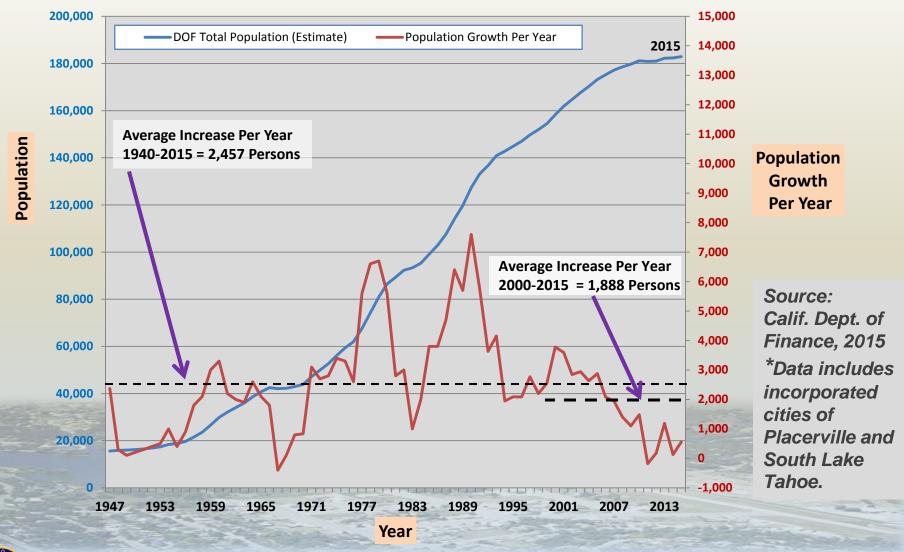
Sources:

- 1. DOF 2015 Estimate. Estimated population growth for the Cities of Placerville and South Lake Tahoe (approximately 17.6% of countywide total) was manually deducted
- 2. SACOG (Jurisdiction-Level) 2012 Estimate, 2020 and 2036 Regional Projections, released April 2016.
- 3. US Census Bureau- Dicennial Census 2000, 2010 and 2012 ACS 5-Year Estimates

^{*}Includes SACOG 2036 Population Projection

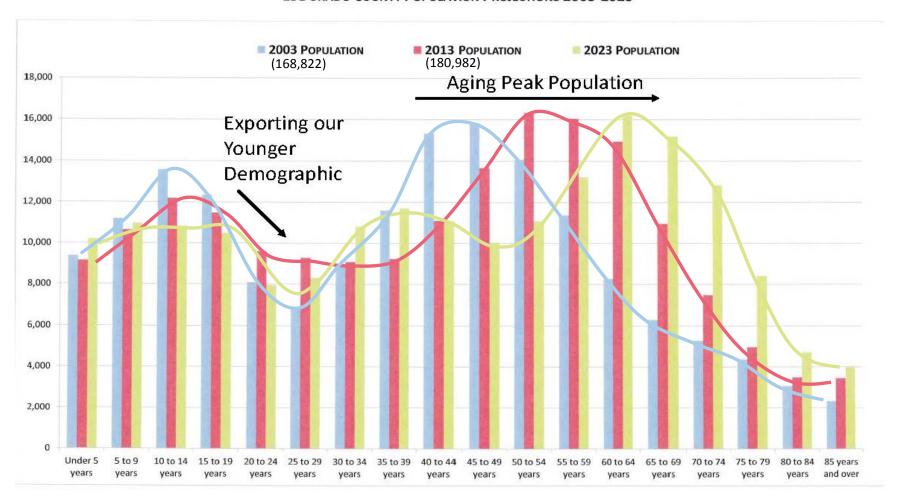


DOF Population Estimates and Growth Trends 1940-2015*



Demographic Trends

EL DORADO COUNTY POPULATION PROJECTIONS 2003-2023



Source: U.S. Census Bureau; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS); Economic Modeling Specialists International (EMSI)

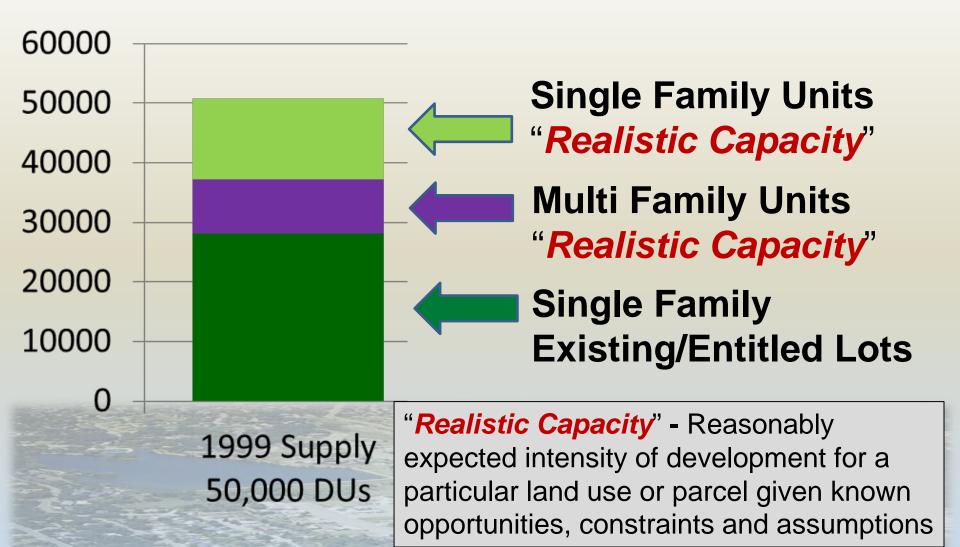
POPULATION SUMMARY

- General Plan planning horizon: Projected population of 200,000 in unincorporated area:
 - > 2000 Population: 122,300
 - ➤ 2015 est. Population: 152,500 (DOF est.)
 - ➤ Approx. 47,500 remaining population that can be accommodated under the General Plan
- Trends:
 - Overall Growth: Average Annual Increase 2000-2015 = 1,784 Persons (Approx. 1.03%)
 - Demographics: In general, county population is aging and younger population declining.

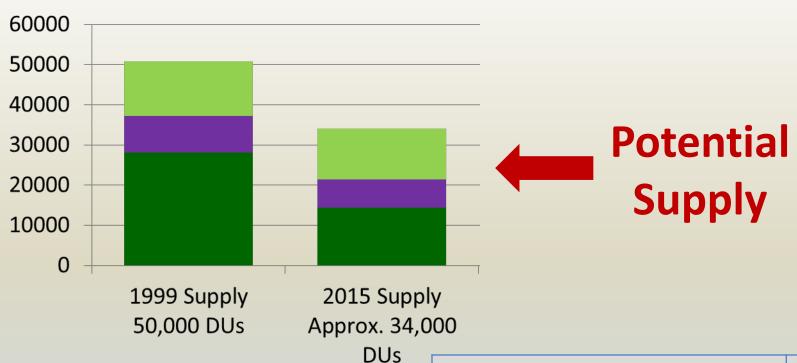
HOUSING SUPPLY AND DEMAND



Housing Supply



Housing Supply/Demand



Demand

		Units
MARKET	2004 General Plan plans for	32,500
	Built 2000-2015	<u>15,000</u>
THE WAY A COMMENT	Remaining (Demand) in 2004 General Plan	17,500



Housing Demand General Plan Horizon

Goal HO-1: To provide for housing that meets the needs of existing and future residents in all income categories.

2004 General Pl	32,500*	Units		
Built 2000-2015	Built 2000-2015 Affordable Housing Inventory Deed Restricted: 806 2 nd Units: 519 Hardship: 596 Total: 1,921 (12.8%) *Lost Inventory: (-124)			
Remaining in 2004 General Plan 17,500*				

*All numbers are rounded.



Housing Supply Community Region/Rural Area Ratio

- April 8, 2014 Staff presented the Board with 20-Year Growth Forecast with 3 scenarios for the CIP/TIM Fee Update Project
- Scenarios included 4 different ratio options for how future residential growth is distributed between Community Regions and Rural Area
- Board selected Scenario 3 (Historical Growth Rate with General Plan Distribution) with
 75 CR / 25 RA split.

Housing Affordability by Income Level

Moderate Income Housing Scenario – Family of Four:				
Maximum			Average	Average
Annual			3 bdrm	3 bdrm
Income	Affordable	Affordable	Sale Price	Sale Price
(120% AMI*)	Rent	Home Price	2015	March 2016
\$ 91,300	\$ 2,283	\$ 391,780	\$ 348,634	\$ 393,198

^{*}AMI = Area Median Income

Sources:

2014 American Community Survey (1-year estimates)

http://edcar.org/Stats/stats_march2016.pdf

http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/community_facts.xhtml

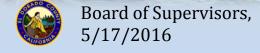
http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov/county/eldorado.html#URLF

Housing Affordability by Wages - 2015

Area	Avg. Home Sale Price	Min. Hrly. Wage for Median Home Affordability	Median Hourly Wage**	Affordability Wage Gap (In Hourly Wages)
Countywide	\$394,948	\$47.93	\$32.94	(-\$14.99)
El Dorado Hills	\$579,998	\$70.39	\$56.88	(-\$13.51)
Cameron Park	\$368,258	\$44.70	\$35.91	(-\$8.79)
Diamond Springs	\$340,260	\$41.30	\$25.23	(-\$16.07)
Georgetown Divide	\$268,348	\$32.57	\$22.18	(-\$10.39)
Pollock Pines /Sly Park	\$236,647	\$28.72	\$23.58	(-\$5.14)

^{*}MLS Home Listing Data Areas

Note: CDP boundaries are not an exact match with MLS home listing data boundaries.



^{**2010-2014} ACS 5-Year Estimates per Census Designated Place (CDP).

Housing Affordability by Wages - 2016

Area	Avg. Home Sale Price	Min. Hr. Wage for Median Home Affordability	Median Hourly Wage**	Affordability Wage Gap (In Hourly Wages)
El Dorado Hills	\$654,833	\$79.48	\$56.88	(-\$22.60)
Cameron Park	\$373,024	\$45.27	\$35.91	(-\$9.36)
Diamond Springs	\$365,688	\$44.38	\$25.23	(-\$19.15)
Georgetown Divide	\$286,889	\$34.82	\$22.18	(-\$12.64)
Pollock Pines/Sly Park	\$265,171	\$32.18	\$23.58	(-\$8.60)

^{*}MLS Home Listing Data Areas

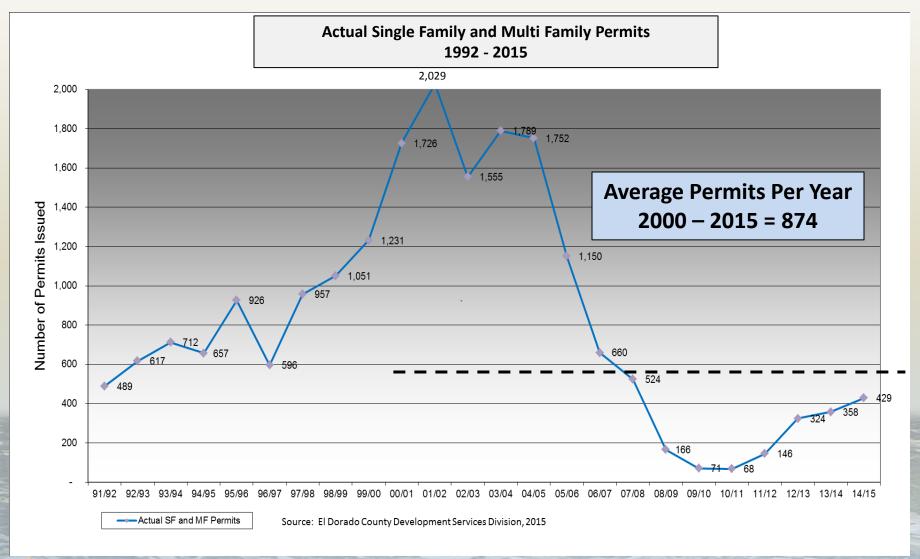
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General Plan 2016 5-Year Review



^{**2010-2014} ACS 5-Year Estimates per Census Designated Place (CDP).

Residential Building Permits

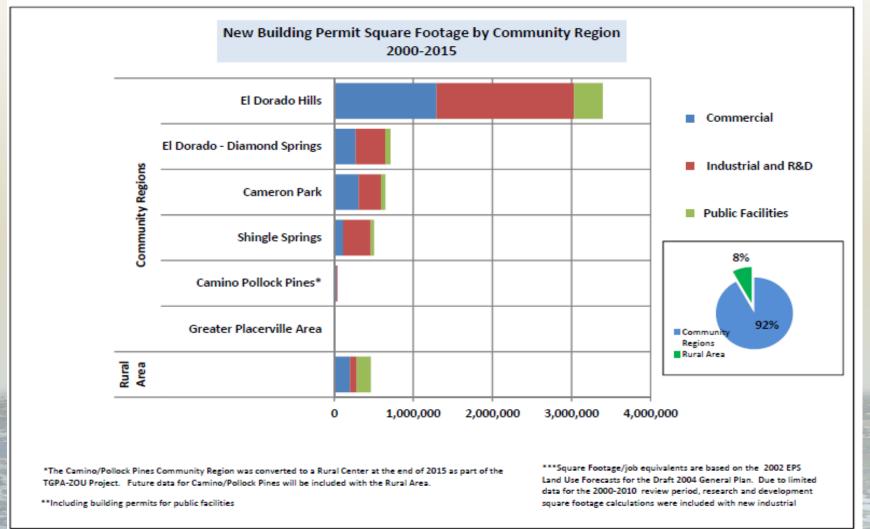


HOUSING SUMMARY

- 2004 General Plan plans for 32,491 DUs
- Approx. 15,000 new DUs built (2000 2015)
- Approx. 17,500 remaining to be built
- Board selected 75 CR / 25 RA split for future growth on April 8, 2014
- From 2000-2015, average of 874 residential permits issued per year (includes Specific Plans)
- Housing costs are trending higher, reducing inventory for moderate income earners

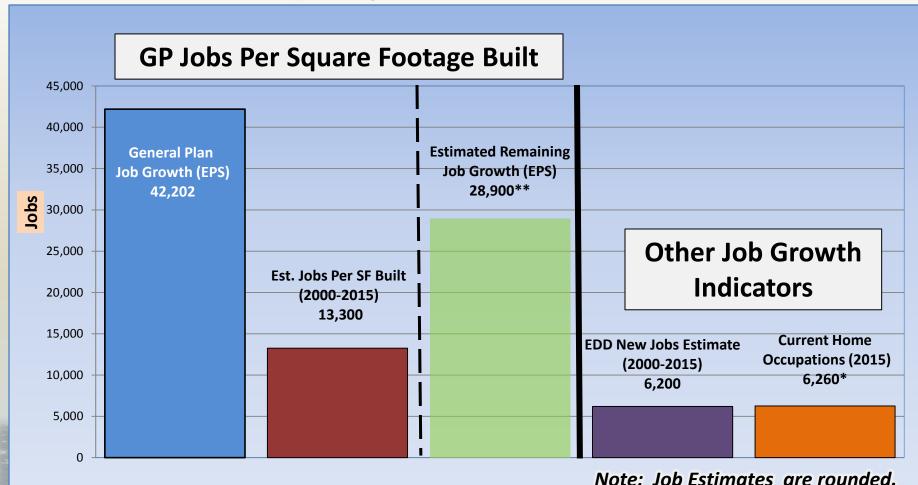
NON- RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT AND EMPLOYMENT

New Non-Residential Square Footage by Community Region





Employment Growth



^{*}County Surveyor's office estimate, 2016

^{**}Remaining job growth was calculated by subtracting new jobs per SF built (13,300 jobs) from General Plan forecasted jobs (42,202). Sources: El Dorado County Development Services Division and California Employment Development Department, 2015.



New Non-Residential Square Footage (2000 – 2015)

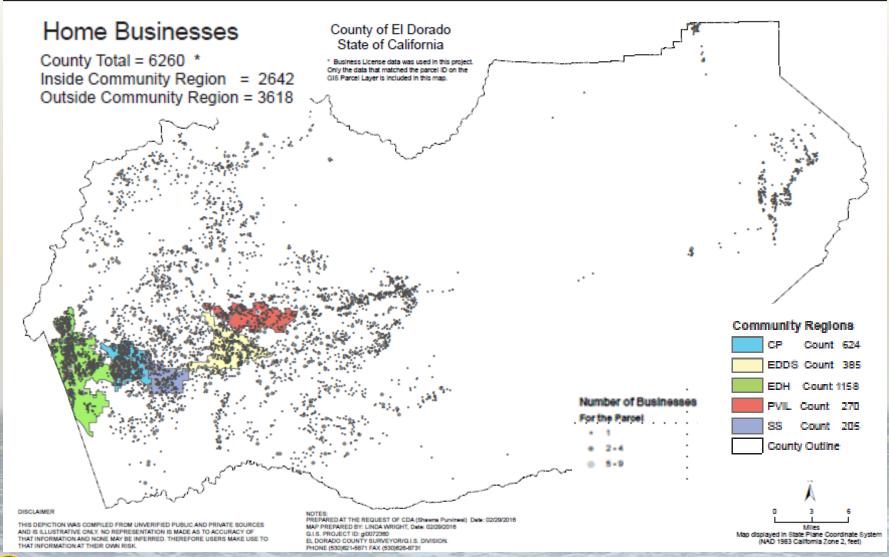
Туре	Square Footage	Job Equivalents*
Commercial	2,228,000	7,100
Industrial & R&D	2,843,000	4,800
Public Facilities	702,000	1,400
Total	5,773,000	13,300

Note: All numbers are rounded.

Distribution	Sq. Footage	Job Equivalents*
Community Regions	5,309,000	12,300
Rural Area	464,000	1,000

^{*} Job equivalents are based on 2002 EPS Land Use Forecasts for Draft 2004 General Plan (p. 25). Due to limited data for 2000-2010 review period, R&D development square footage calculations were included with new industrial permits.

Home Occupation



General Plan 2016 5-Year Review

NON-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT AND EMPLOYMENT SUMMARY

General Plan plans for 42,202 jobs

2000 - 2015

- ➤ Non-residential square footage built: 5,773,000
- > Approx. 13,300 new jobs per sq. ft. built
- > Approx. 28,900 remaining jobs to accommodate

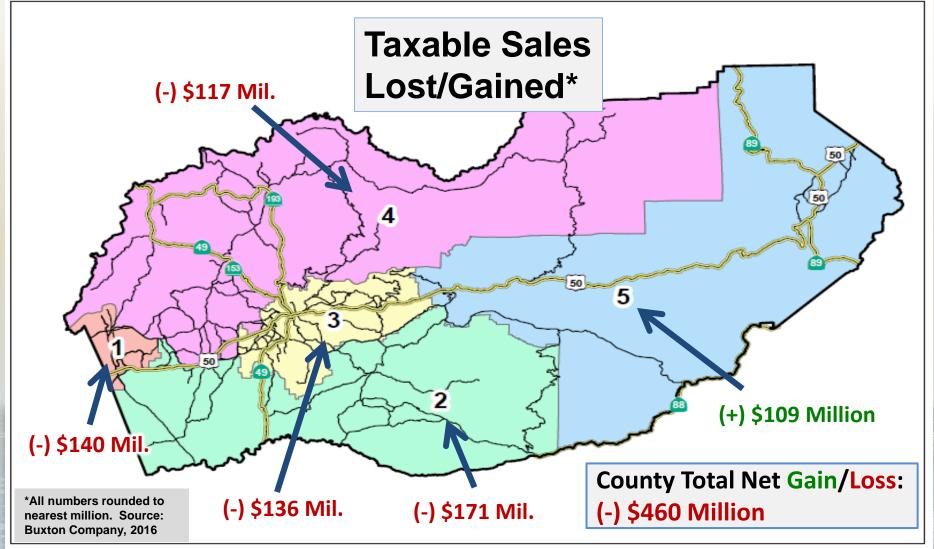
2015 Home Occupation Baseline: 6,260

(2,642 in Community Regions; 3,618 In Rural Area)

Local Sales Tax Leakage







CAPACITY TO ACCOMMODATE REMAINING DEMAND





Does the growth necessitate adjustments to the Plan? If yes, what adjustments (+/- land supply) would be required to accommodate future growth?

Housing Demand General Plan Horizon

2004 General Plan plans for	32,500*	Units
Built 2000-2015	<u>15,000*</u>	Units
Remaining in 2004 General Plan	17,500*	Units

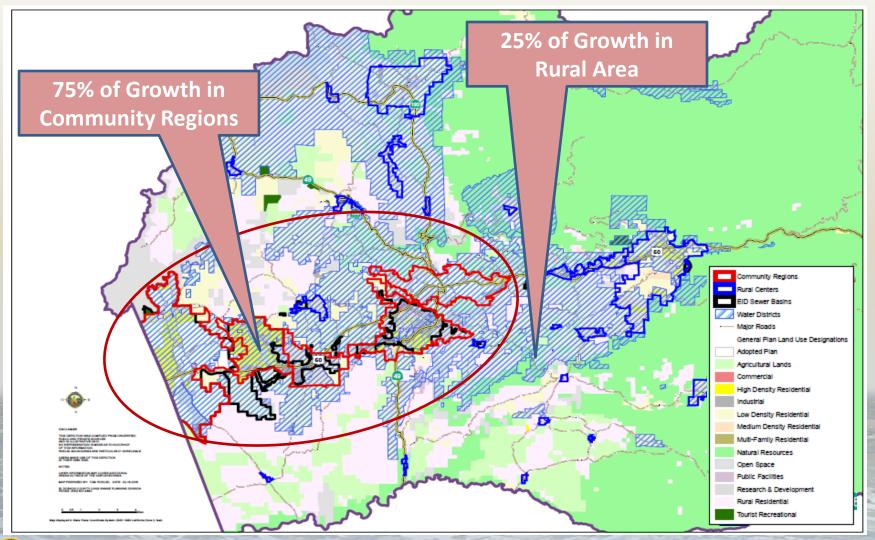
Goal HO-1: To provide for housing that meets the needs of existing and future residents in all income categories.

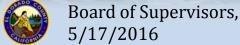
*All numbers are rounded.

Criteria For Creating Community Region Boundaries (1996 General Plan)

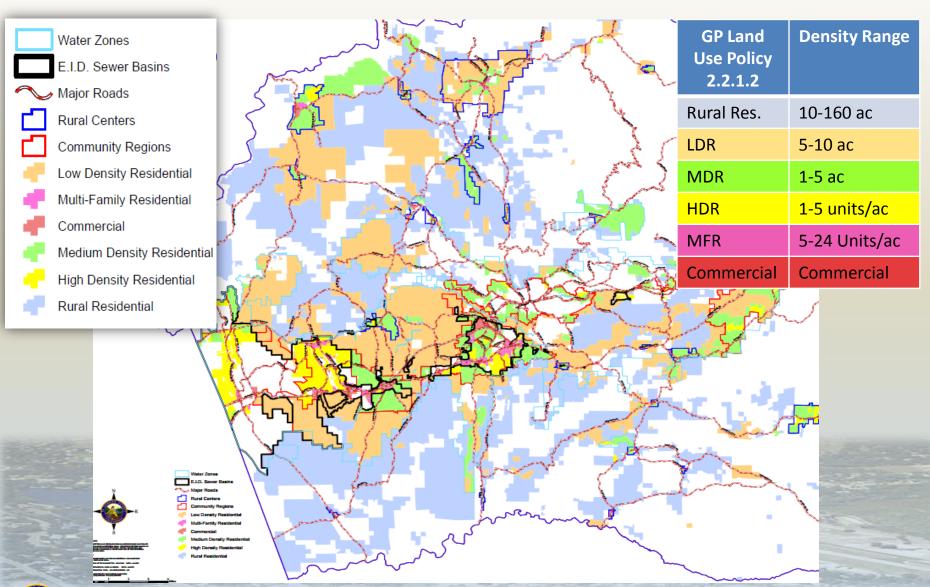
- Existing or potential availability of public water and sewer
- Include major transportation corridors and travel patterns
- Include all existing contiguous land uses of Medium Density Residential and greater density
- Include contiguous undeveloped lands with capability for more intensive uses [Example: Low Density Residential incorporated into Community Regions where public water, sewer, infrastructure and services were available]
- Include potential transition areas to Rural Centers or Rural Region
- Accommodate existing land use patterns and land capability to support similar development intensity

Criteria for Creating Community Region Boundaries (1996 General Plan)

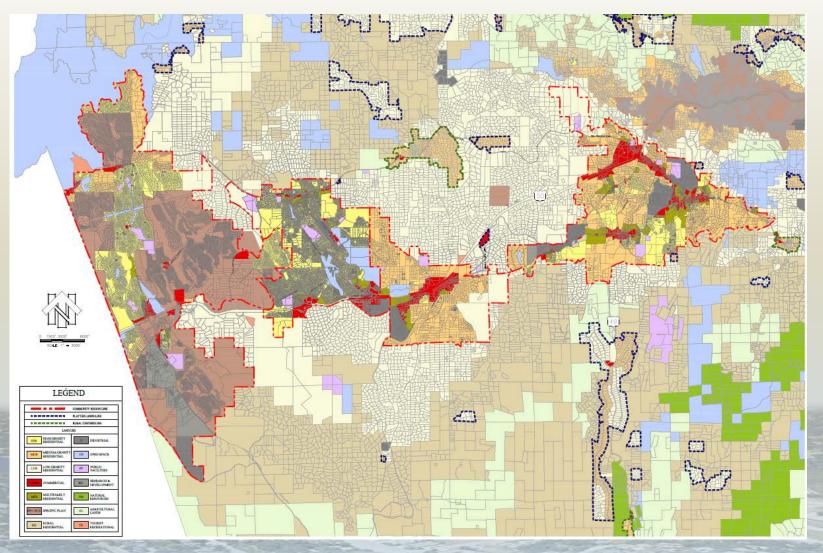




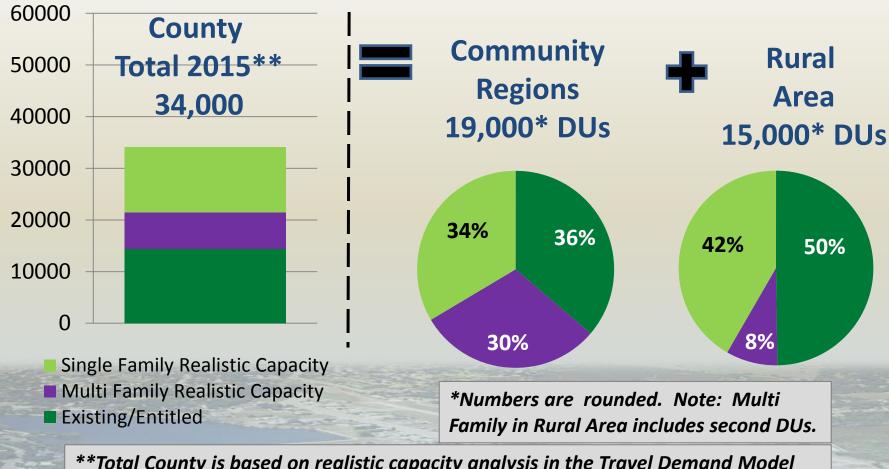
General Plan Residential Lands



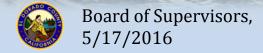
Community Region Boundary Map



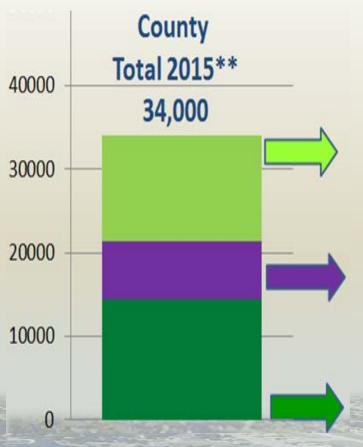
General Plan Housing REMAINING Potential Supply 2016



**Total County is based on realistic capacity analysis in the Travel Demand Model 2012 Update Land Use Final Report (October 2013) prepared by Kimley-Horn.



General Plan Housing REMAINING Potential Supply 2016









General Plan 2016 5-Year Review









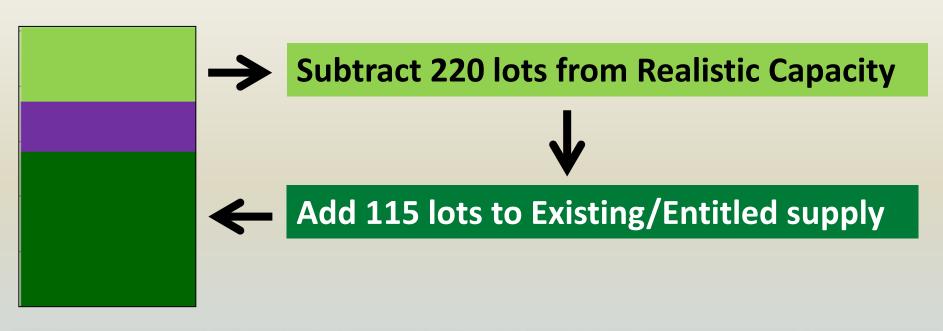
Housing Supply Monitoring

Theoretical Example: High Density Residential (HDR) 50-Acre Project Site

- 1. Maximum Theoretical Capacity = 250 lots
- 2. Realistic Capacity for the project (less known constraints) = 220 lots
- Site Specific Constraints (Submitted Tentative Map) = 200 lots
- 4. Resulting Entitled Lots: Approved Tentative Map based on public and political input = 115 lots (based on historic average units/acre approved)

Housing Supply Monitoring

Theoretical Example: High Density Residential (HDR), 50-Acre Project Site (Cont.)



Housing Supply Monitoring Capacity vs. Project Approval

General Plan Capacity

Project Entitlements

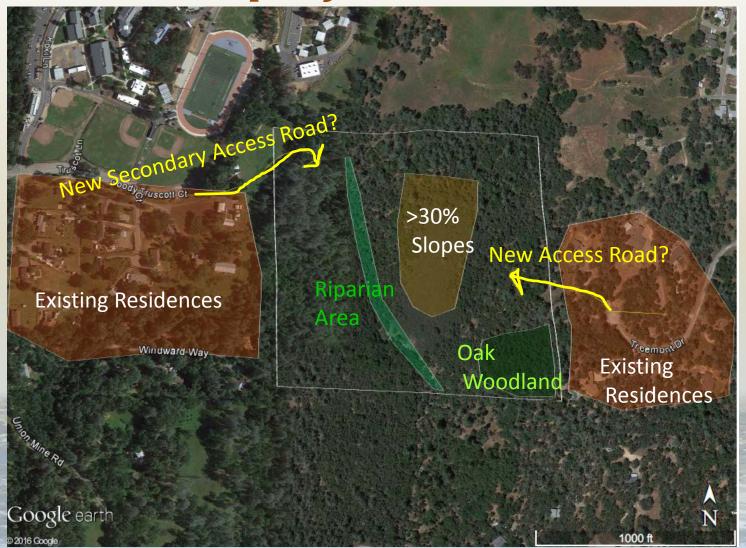
Maximum Theoretica **Engineering Review Environmental and** 工 Lots/Sq. **Gross** Acres **Gross Acres** less area constraints X Site specific Maximum constraints Units / **Achievable** Sq. Ft. Units/Sq. Ft

Project Approval Process Public and Political Input

Final Buill



Capacity vs. Project Approval Site Specific Constraints



Capacity vs. Project Approval



Capacity vs. Project Approval



Capacity vs. Project Approval



Past Examples

Project	Theoretical Capacity	Realistic Capacity	Existing/Entitled Lots	% of Realistic Capacity	
Shinn Ranch	870 Lots	700 Lots	146 Lots	21%	
Wilson Estates	140 Lots	75 Lots	28 Lots	37%	
Bass Lake Hills (BLH) Specific Plan	5,603 Lots	3,413 Lots	1,458 Lots*	43%	
			Average	39%	

^{*1,458} lots are anticipated for the BLH Plan area.
As of 4/28/16, only 380 of these lots are currently authorized under BLHs Specific Plan.



Allocation

Housing Demand Assumptions

17, 500 New Units Over Remaining General Plan

75% Community Regions* (Within EID Service Boundaries)		25% Rural Center Rural Regions (E GDPUD, other p or private wells)	Total	
Single Family	9,700	Single Family	3,400	13,100
Multi Family**	3,400	Multi Family**	1,000	4,400
Total CR's	13,100	Total RC/RR's	4,400	17,500

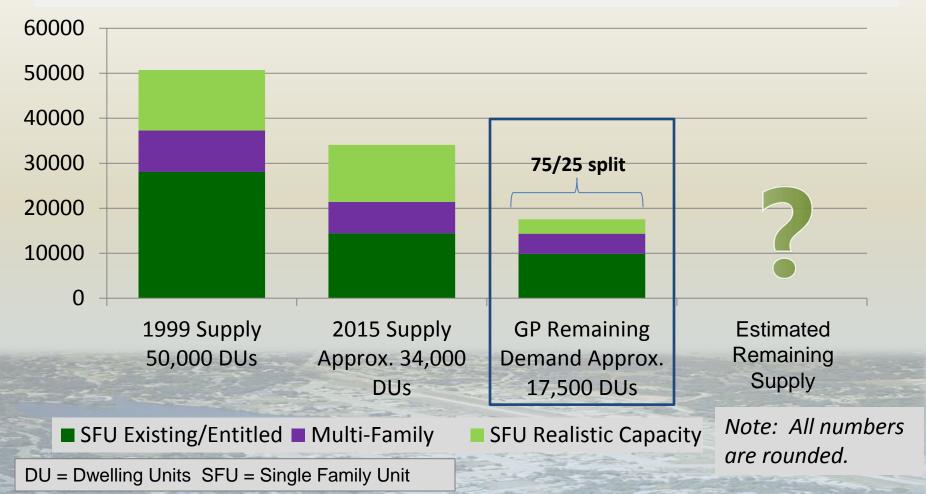
(Note: All numbers are rounded)

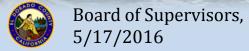
^{**}Multi Family unit count based on 2013-2021 RNHA allocation, and exceeds historical growth rate. This number is subject to change in 2021 at the next Housing Element Update. Multi Family also includes second DUs.



^{*}Community Regions are Cameron Park, El Dorado/Diamond Springs, El Dorado Hills, Shingle Springs, and Placerville (unincorporated area). Camino/Pollock Pines changed to Rural Center

General Plan Housing Supply (without land use changes)





General Plan Estimated REMAINING Housing Supply

General Plan 2016 5-Year Review

Known Factors:

- Approximately 6,600 existing/entitled lots to accommodate single family DUs in Community Regions
- To achieve 75/25 distribution, an additional 3,100± new lots or DUs are assumed in Community Regions
- New lots or DUs can be accommodated on existing land uses if projects are approved at or above average densities allowed by General Plan Policy 2.2.1.2
- Historical density rates approved are approximately 40% "Realistic Capacity"

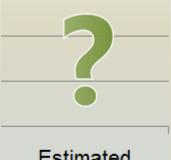


Estimated Remaining Supply

General Plan Estimated REMAINING Housing Supply

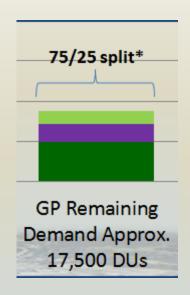
Unknown Factors:

- Build-out of existing/entitled supply (e.g., Bass Lake Specific Plan)
- Site-specific constraints (e.g., secondary access, sewer/water infrastructure, biological resources, economic feasibility)
- Landowner plans and timing
- Effect of local community opposition and final project approvals



Estimated Remaining Supply

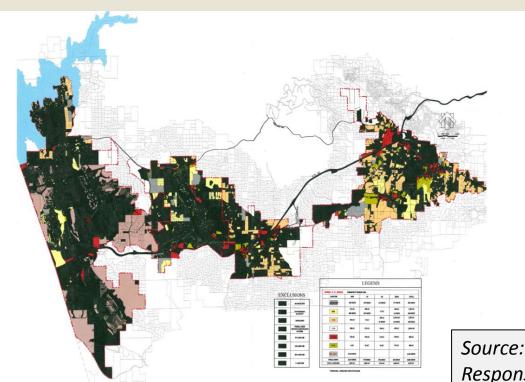
HOUSING CAPACITY SUMMARY



- Approx. 70% of residential permits between 2000 – 2015 were within CRs
- Approx. 17,500 DUs to accommodate achieved by:
 - > Approx. 10,000 in Existing/Entitled SF DUs
 - Approx. 3,100± out of Realistic Capacity DUs
 - > Approx. 4,400 in Multi Family/Second DUs
- Estimated remaining supply after accommodating 2004 General Plan subject to many unknowns (e.g. buildout of existing/entitled, level of density approved, landowner plans, etc.)

2015 Land Inventory (EDCARP Report)

 EDCARP report analyzed residential land in Community Regions available to accommodate 75% growth remaining under the GP.



 Staff found the number of existing/entitled lots substantially the same as the EDCARP analysis.

Source: El Dorado County Alliance for Responsible Planning (EDCARP), 2015

2015 Land Inventory (EDCARP Report)

- For unentitled land, EDCARP report identified available acreage without assigning number of lots/units.
- Applying "Realistic Capacity" density ranges to this acreage, EDCARP's data is comparable to staff analysis.

Table 5. Residential Land Available for Development in Community Regions

4.	Table 31 Residential Earla / Wallable for Bevelopment in Community Regions											
		SP	Approved	C/MUD	MFR		HE	HDR I		DR	LDR	
		(# Lots)	(# Lots)	(Acres)								
					Lots	Acres	Lots*	Acres	Lots*	Acres	Lots	Acres
	EDH	5,124	109	132	-	6	282	272	-	364	-	280
	CP		476	156	-	63	234	650	0	18		197
	SS		133	110		54	0	13	45	599		748
	EDDS		175	270		337	14	432	64	1,574		429
	Totals	5,124	893	668		460	530	1,367	109	2,555	·	1,654

^{*}Existing Lots for which building permits have not been issued

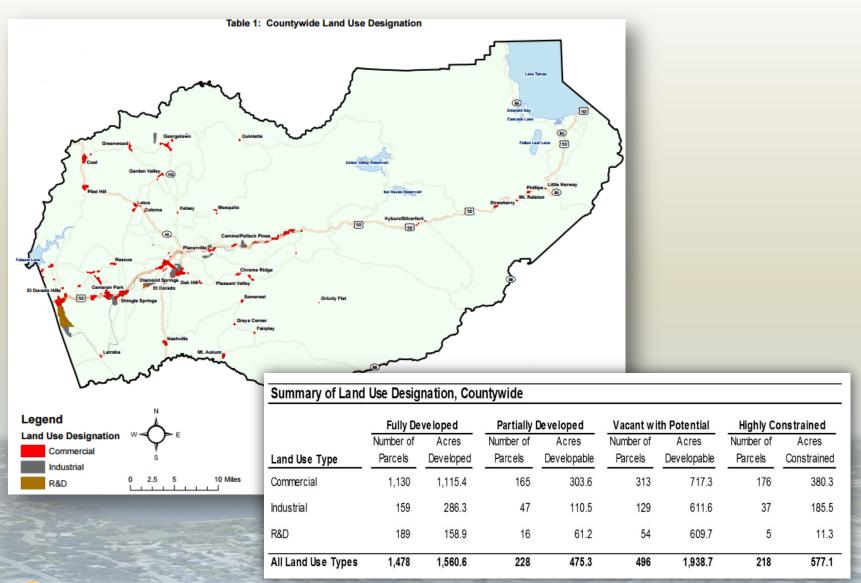
Source: El Dorado County Alliance for Responsible Planning (EDCARP), 2015

CAPACITY TO ACCOMMODATE REMAINING DEMAND



Does the growth necessitate adjustments to the Plan? If yes, what adjustments (+/- land supply) would be required to accommodate future growth?

General Plan Non-Residential Lands



Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

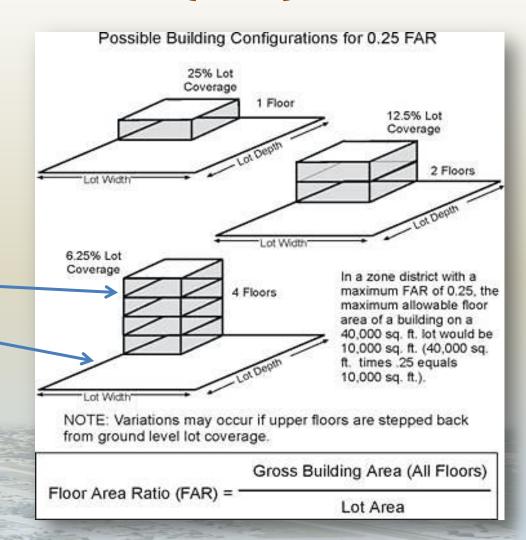
Total floor area of the building (including all floors) divided by the land area

Floor Area (Sq. Ft.)
Land Area (Sq. Ft.)

Example:

50,000 SF (building) 100,000 SF (Land)

= .5 FAR



Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

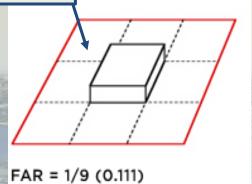
 Ratio of built area (a building's total size, including all floors) to the lot area

Measure used to discern the intensity of a development

Applied to all non-residential development in the

unincorporated county

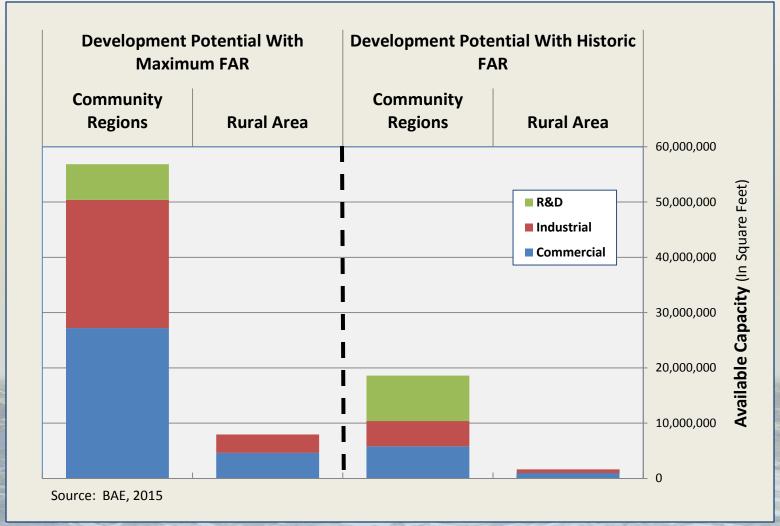
Lot Area (shown in 9 squares)

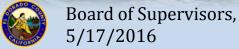




Davis Commons Shopping Center, Davis, CA (FAR 0.3)

Non Residential Land Capacity - Countywide





FUTURE JOB CAPACITY



Photo Courtesy of Instock



Photo Courtesy of Aerometals, El Dorado Hills

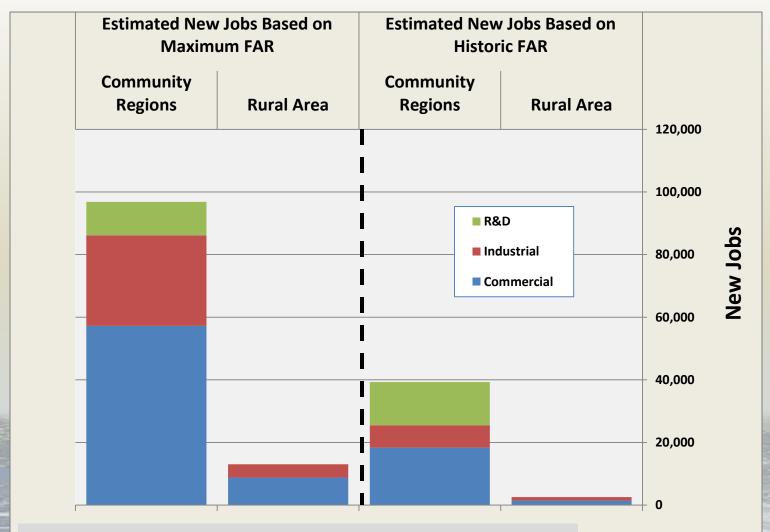


El Dorado County road maintenance crew

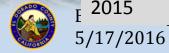


Photo Courtesy of Pixabay
CCO Public Domain

Job Capacity

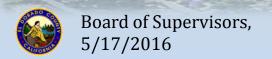






JOB CAPACITY SUMMARY

- Approx. 92% of jobs between 2000 2015 were created inside CRs
- Approx. 42,202 jobs to accommodate
- Approx. 13,300 jobs created (based on job equivalents per sf built)
 - Approx. 7,100 in Commercial
 - > Approx. 4,800 in Industrial and R&D
 - > Approx. 1,400 in Public Facilities
- Approx. 28,900 remaining jobs to accommodate
 - > Est. capacity (oversupply) of 39,000* new jobs in CRs
 - Est. capacity (oversupply) of **2,600*** new jobs in RA
- *Based on historic FAR



NEXT STEPS

2016 General Plan 5-Year Review



Next Steps 2016 5-Year Review

Review will include:

- General Plan 5-Year Review components delineated by GP Objective 2.9.1 including:
 - > Land inventory
 - > Rate of development
 - Community Region/Rural Center review
 - > GP Mitigation Monitoring Program review
 - Summary of findings from the review

Next Steps 2016 5-Year Review (Cont.)

- State and local requirements for a General Plan review
- New information received since adoption of the Plan, including:
 - Recent changes in state law
 - Recent economic and housing development studies
 - ➤ 2010 U.S. Census population results
 - Various public utility reports and studies (e.g. water, agriculture, etc.)
- Items identified as part of todays land inventory presentation.

Key Questions for Board Discussion

As a result of the information presented, key questions include:

- Did growth vary significantly from major assumptions of the Plan?
- Can projected growth for a population of 200,000 be accommodated by the existing General Plan?
- Does the growth necessitate adjustments to the Plan?
- What adjustments to the General Plan, if any, would be required to accommodate future growth (e.g. changes to land supply and/or policy)?

Key Questions for Board Discussion (Cont.)

- Are the General Plan land inventory objectives (Objectives 4-6) being achieved?
 - Accommodate the County's fair share of regional growth and affordable housing?
 - Oversupply residential and non-residential land use designations?
 - Growth focused in areas of existing and potential infrastructure?
- Are the basic General Plan Assumptions, Strategies, Concepts and Objectives still valid, or have they changed so drastically that the County would need to consider amending them at this time?