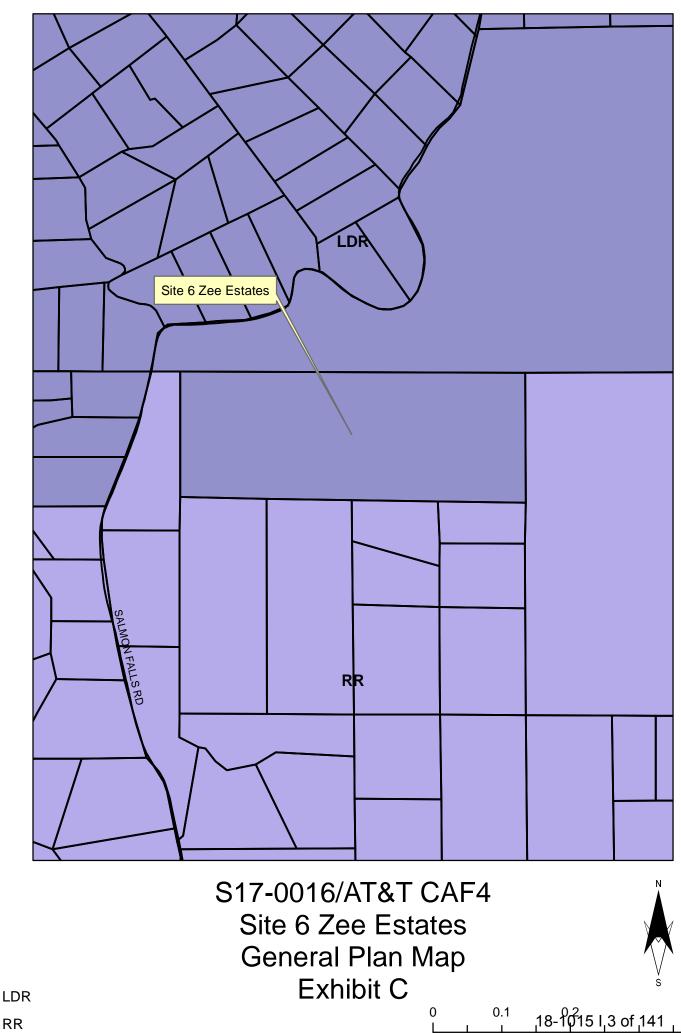
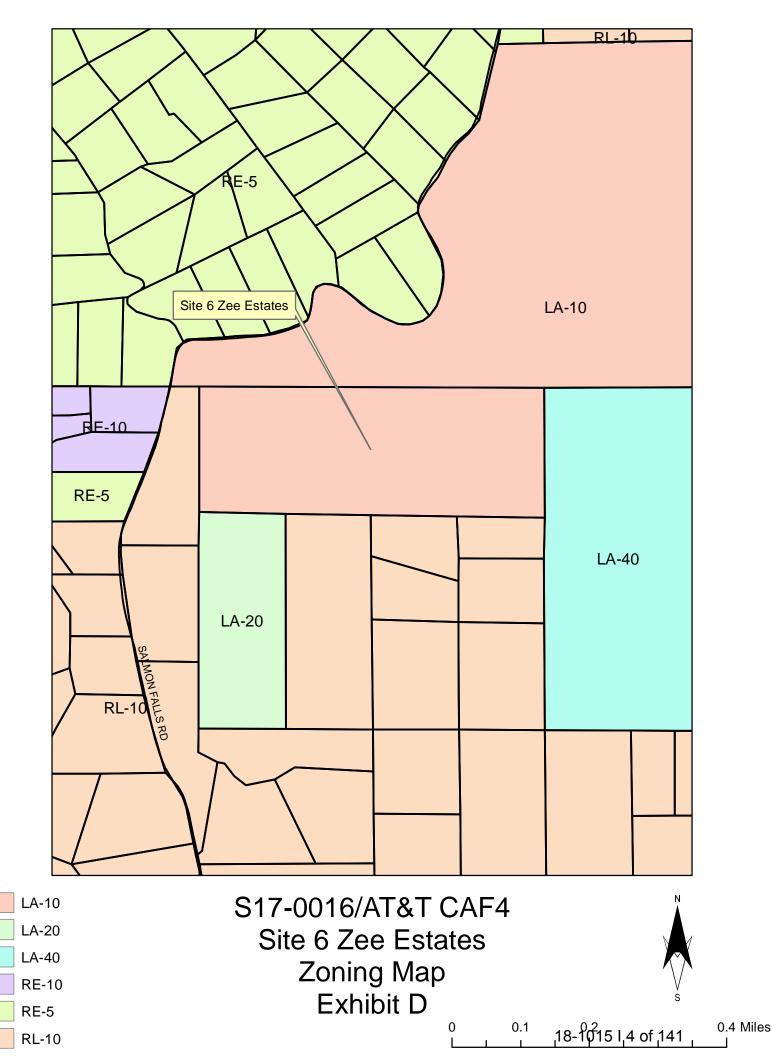


P.04



0.4 Miles

RR











PROJECT INFORMATION

APPLICANT: AT&T MOBILITY 5001 EXECUTIVE PKWY SAN RAMON, CA 94583

CONSTRUCTION MANAGER: PETE MANAS EPIC WIRELESS 8700 AUBURN FOLSOM ROAD, SUITE 400 GRANITE BAY, CA 95746 (530) 383-5957

SITE SURVEY GEIL ENGINEERING 1226 HIGH STREET AUBURN, CA 95603 (530) 885-0426

RF ENGINEER: ASAD SCHAHBAZ MS455V@ATT.CCOM

RFDS VERSION/DATE: 1.00.01 / 05-01-17 1.00.02 / 5-22-17

ENGINEERING FIRM: PEEK SITE-COM 12852 EARHART AVE SUITE 101 AUBURN, CA 95602 (530) 885-6160

SITE ACQUISITION & PLANNING: JARED KEARSLEY EPIC WIRELESS 8700 AUBURN FOLSOM ROAD, SUITE 400 GRANITE BAY, CA 95746 (916) 755-1326

CIVIL VENDOR: VINCULUMS CONSTRUCTION MANAGER KEN ABEL KABEL@VINCULUMS.COM (916) 844-4602

CODE COMPLIANCE

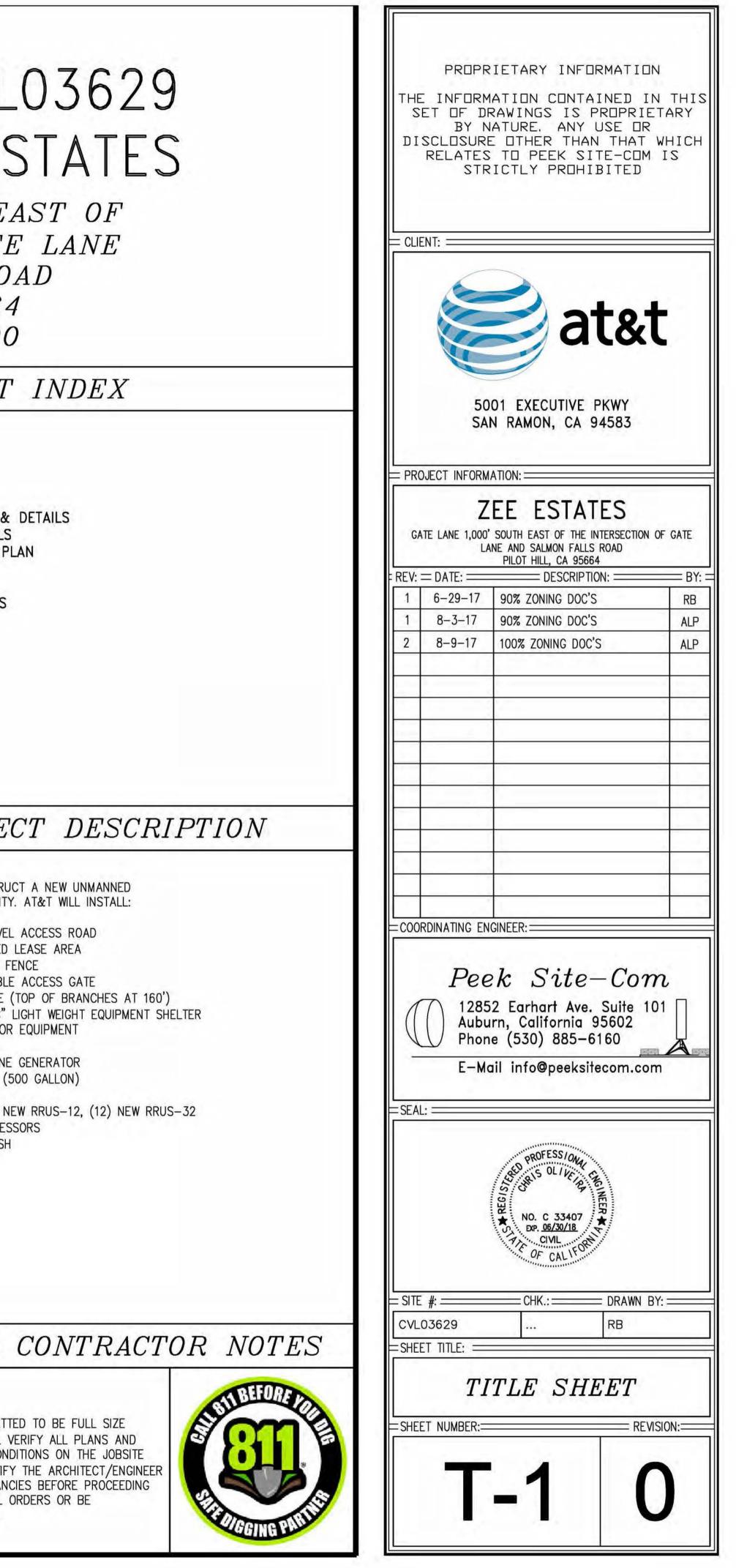
ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL BE PERFORMED AND INSTALLED IN frankanake B ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT EDITIONS OF THE FOLLOWING CODES AS ADOPTED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNING AUTHORITIES. NOTHING IN THESE PLANS IS TO BE CONSTRUED TO PERMIT WORK NOT CONFORMING TO THESE CODES. Filot HIII 1. 2016 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE 2. 2016 CALIFORNIA FIRE CODE 3. 2016 CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE 4. 2016 CALIFORNIA PLUMBING CODE 5. 2016 CALIFORNIA MECHANICAL CODE 6. 2016 CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE IRUE NOF SITE OCCUPANCY & CONST. TYPE SPECIAL INSPECT *SEE SPECIAL INSPECTION FORM OCCUPANCY: U (UNMANNED) 1. POST-INSTALLED ANCHORS CONSTRUCTION TYPE: V-B 2. HIGH STRENGTH BOLTING Exhibit F ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS: Site 6 Zee Estates THIS FACILITY IS UNMANNED AND NOT FOR HUMAN HABITATION, HANDICAPPED ACCESS REQUIREMENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2016 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE, CHAPTER 11B, EXCEPTION SECTION 11B-203.5

at&t

SITE NUMBER: CVL03629 SITE NAME: ZEE ESTATES

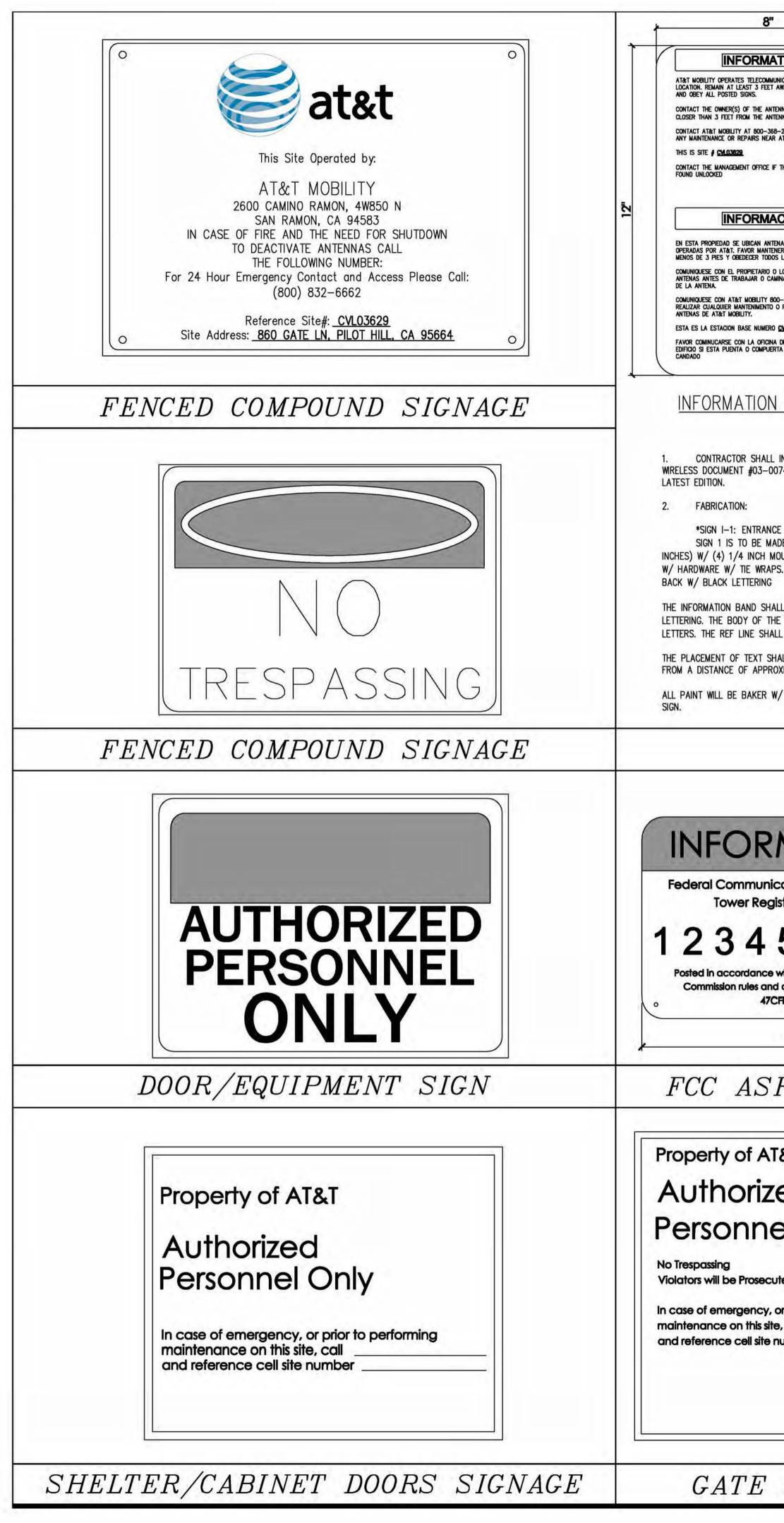
GATE LANE 1,000' SOUTH EAST OF THE INTERSECTION OF GATE LANE AND SALMON FALLS ROAD PILOT HILL, CA 95664 APN: 104-370-24-100

	PR	OJECT TEAM		SHEET		
	SITE NAME: SITE NUMBER: FA LOCATION#: SITE ADDRESS: ASSESSORS PARCEL NUMBER: LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: ELEVATION: ZONING: JURISDICTION: COUNTY: PROPERTY OWNER: OWNER ADDRESS:	ZEE ESTATES CVL03629 13787593 GATE LANE 1,000' SOUTH EAST OF THE INTERSECTIO LANE AND SALMON FALLS ROAD PILOT HILL, CA 95664 104-370-24-100 38.483647' -121.011305' 1,563' AMSL LA-10 EL DORADO COUNTY EL DORADO COUNTY EL DORADO WOLFE FAMILY TRUST 9289 SHADOW BROOK PLACE GRANITE BAY, CA 95746	DN OF GATE	T-1GN-1GN-2C-1C-2C-3C-4C-5A-1A-2A-3A-4A-4.1	TITLE SHEET GENERAL NOTES SITE SIGNAGE SITE SURVEY EROSION CONTROL PLAN & I GRADING NOTES & DETAILS PRELIMINARY GROUNDING PLA OVERALL SITE PLAN EQUIPMENT PLAN ANTENNA PLAN & DETAILS ELEVATIONS ELEVATIONS	
VICI	NITY MAP	DIRECTIONS	FROM A	T&T	PROJEC	
Satternake	Files Hill yes of the second	DIRECTIONS FROM AT&T'S OFFICE AT 5001 1. HEAD NORTHEAST ON BISHOP DR TOW. 2. TURN RIGHT ONTO SUNSET DR 3. USE THE RIGHT 2 LANES TO TURN RIG 4. USE THE RIGHT 2 LANES TO MERGE O 5. MERGE ONTO 1–680 N 6. KEEP LEFT TO STAY ON 1–680 N 7. KEEP LEFT AT THE FORK TO STAY ON 8. KEEP LEFT AT THE FORK TO STAY ON 8. KEEP LEFT AT THE FORK TO CONTINUE 9. USE ANY LANE TO TAKE EXIT 71A TOV 10. MERGE ONTO 1–80 E 11. KEEP LEFT AT THE FORK TO STAY ON 12. KEEP LEFT AT THE FORK TO STAY ON 13. FREEWAY, FOLLOW SIGNS FOR INTERST. 14. TAHOE 15. CONTINUE ONTO US–50 E 16. TAKE EXIT 30B TOWARD EL DORADO H 17. FOLLOW EL DORADO HILLS BLVD AND S 18. MERGE ONTO LATROBE RD 19. CONTINUE ONTO EL DORADO HILLS BLVD 20. CONTINUE ONTO SALMON FALLS RD 21. TURN RIGHT ONTO GATE LN	ARD SUNSET DR GHT ONTO BOLLINGER CAN NTO I-680 N VIA THE RA I-680 N E ON I-680 WARD I-80 E/SACRAMENT I-80 E E ON I-80BL E/US-50 E, ATE 80 BUSINESS/SACRAM HILLS BLVD SALMON FALLS RD TO GA	YON RD MP TO SACRAMENTO O /CAPITAL CITY MENTO/SOUTH LAKE	 AT&T PROPOSES TO CONSTRUCT TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY. (1) NEW 15' WIDE GRAVEL (1) NEW 30'X45' FENCED LI (1) NEW 6' CHAIN LINK FEN (1) NEW 12' WIDE DOUBLE (1) NEW 12' WIDE DOUBLE (1) NEW 153' MONOPINE (TO 1) NEW 153' MONOPINE (TO 1) NEW 153' MONOPINE (TO 1) NEW 153' MONOPINE (TO 1) NEW PRE-FAB "WIC" LIA WITH ANCILLARY INTERIOR FENDING (1) NEW GPS ANTENNA (1) NEW 35 KW PROPANE (O (1) LP PROPANE TANK (50) (12) NEW ANTENNAS (6) NEW RRUS-11, (3) NEW (4) NEW SURGE SUPPRESSO (2) FUTURE 4' M/W DISH 	
ECIAL INSPECTIONS		APPROVALS				
PECTION FORM		APPROVED BY:	INITIALS:	DATE:		
LED ANCHORS TH BOLTING		VENDOR:			GENERAL	
		R.F.:			DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS	
		LEASING/LANDLORD:			THESE DRAWINGS ARE FORMATTED	
T 1 •1 •4	T	ZONING:			24"X36". CONTRACTOR SHALL VE EXISTING DIMENSIONS AND CONDI-	
Exhibit		CONSTRUCTION:			AND SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY	
SILE O L	CC LSIAICS	POWER/TELCO:			WITH THE WORK OR MATERIAL OR RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAME.	
Site 6 Zee Estates		POWER/TELCO: PG&E:				



- 1. DRAWINGS ARE NOT TO BE SCALED, WRITTEN DIMENSIONS TAKE PRECEDENCE, AND THIS SET OF PLANS IS INTENDED TO BE USED FOR DIAGRAMMATIC PURPOSES ONLY, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S SCOPE OF WORK SHALL INCLUDE FURNISHING ALL MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, LABOR, AND ANYTHING ELSE DEEMED NECESSARY TO COMPLETE INSTALLATIONS AS DESCRIBED HEREIN.
- 2. PRIOR TO THE SUBMISSION OF BIDS, THE CONTRACTORS INVOLVED SHALL VISIT THE JOB SITE AND FAMILIARIZE THEMSELVES WITH ALL CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE PROPOSED PROJECT, WITH THE CONSTRUCTION AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, FIELD CONDITIONS AND CONFIRM THAT THE PROJECT MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED AS SHOWN PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION. ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR DISCREPANCIES ARE TO BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER.
- 3. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL RECEIVE WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED WITH CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK ON ANY ITEM NOT CLEARLY DEFINED BY THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS/ CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPERVISE AND DIRECT THE PROJECT DESCRIBED HEREIN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION MEANS, METHODS, TECHNIQUES, SEQUENCES AND PROCEDURES AND FOR COORDINATING ALL PORTIONS OF THE WORK UNDER THE CONTRACT.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S/ VENDOR'S SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE OR WHERE LOCAL CODES OR ORDINANCES TAKE PRECEDENCE.
- 6. ALL WORK PERFORMED ON PROJECT AND MATERIALS INSTALLED SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE CODES, REGULATIONS, AND ORDINANCES. CONTRACTOR SHALL GIVE ALL NOTICES AND COMPLY WITH ALL LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES, REGULATIONS AND LAWFUL ORDERS OF ANY PUBLIC AUTHORITY, MUNICIPAL AND UTILITY COMPANY SPECIFICATIONS, AND LOCAL AND STATE JURISDICTIONAL CODES BEARING ON THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK.
- 7. GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AT THE PROJECT SITE A FULL SET OF CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS UPDATED WITH THE LATEST REVISIONS AND ADDENDUMS OR CLARIFICATIONS FOR THE USE BY ALL PERSONNEL INVOLVED WITH THE PROJECT.
- 8. THE STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF THIS PROJECT SITE / FACILITY ARE NOT TO BE ALTERED BY THIS CONSTRUCTION PROJECT UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 9. DETAILS INCLUDED HEREIN ARE INTENDED TO SHOW END RESULT OF DESIGN. MINOR MODIFICATIONS MAY BE REQUIRED TO SUIT JOB CONDITIONS OR SITUATIONS, AND SUCH MODIFICATIONS SHALL BE INCLUDED AS PART OF THE SCOPE OF WORK.
- 10. SEAL PENETRATIONS THROUGH FIRE-RATED AREAS WITH U.L. LISTED OR FIRE MARSHALL APPROVED MATERIALS IF APPLICABLE TO THIS FACILITY AND OR PROJECT SITE.
- 11. PROVIDE A PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHER WITH A RATING OF NOT LESS THAN 2-A OR 2-A10BC WITHIN 75 FEET TRAVEL DISTANCE TO ALL PORTIONS OF THE PROJECT AREA DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE NECESSARY PROVISIONS TO PROTECT EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS, EASEMENTS, PAVING, CURBING, ETC. DURING CONSTRUCTION. UPON COMPLETION OF WORK, CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR ANY DAMAGE THAT MAY HAVE OCCURRED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION ON OR ABOUT THE PROPERTY.
- 13. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEE TO IT THAT GENERAL WORK AREA IS KEPT CLEAN AND HAZARD FREE DURING CONSTRUCTION AND DISPOSE OF ALL DIRT, DEBRIS, RUBBISH AND REMOVE EQUIPMENT NOT SPECIFIED AS REMAINING ON THE PROPERTY. PREMISES SHALL BE LEFT IN CLEAN CONDITION AND FREE FROM PAINT SPOTS, DUST, OR SMUDGES OF ANY NATURE.
- 14. THE ARCHITECTS/ENGINEERS HAVE MADE EVERY EFFORT TO SET FORTH IN THE CONSTRUCTION AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS THE COMPLETE SCOPE OF WORK. CONTRACTORS BIDDING THE JOB ARE NEVERTHELESS CAUTIONED THAT MINOR OMISSIONS OR ERRORS IN THE DRAWINGS AND OR SPECIFICATIONS SHALL NOT EXCUSE SAID CONTRACTOR FROM COMPLETING THE PROJECT AND IMPROVEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTENT OF THESE DOCUMENTS. THE BIDDER SHALL BEAR THE RESPONSIBILITY OF NOTIFYING (IN WRITING) THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER OF ANY CONFLICTS, ERRORS, OR OMISSIONS PRIOR TO THE SUBMISSION OF CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSAL. IN THE EVENT OF DISCREPANCIES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PRICE THE MORE COSTLY OR EXTENSIVE WORK, UNLESS DIRECTED OTHERWISE.

ABOVE ADDITIONAL ABOVE GROUND LEVEL ALUMINUM APPROXIMATELY AMERICAN WIRE GAUGE BUILDING BLOCKING CABINET CONCRETE CONNECTION(OR) CONSTRUCTION CONTINUOUS DOUBLE DEPARTMENT DOUGLAS FIR DIAMETER DIMENSION EACH ELECATION ELECTRICAL ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING ENGINEER EQUAL EXISTING EXTERIOR FABRICATION FINISHED FLOOR FINISHED FLOOR FINISHED FLOOR FINISHED FLOOR FINISHED FLOOR FINISHED FLOOR FINISHED GRADE FOOT (FEET) FOOTING GAUGE GALVANIZE(D) GROUND FAULT CIRCUIT INTERRUPTER GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM GROUND(ING) HEIGHT ISOLATED COPPER GROUND BUS INCH(ES) INTERIOR LAG BOLTS	L.F. LINEAR FEET (FOOT) MAX. MAXIMUM M.B. MACHINE BOLT MECH. MECHANICAL MFR. MANUFACTURER MIN. MINIMUM MISC. MISCELLANEOUS MTL METAL (N) NEW NO. (#) NUMBER N.T.S. NOT TO SCALE O.C. ON CENTER P/C PRECAST CONCRETE P/C POWER PROTECTION CABINET P.S.F. POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT P.S.I. POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH P.T. PRESSURE TREATED QTY. QUANTITY RAD. (R) RADIUS REF. REFERENCE REINF. REINFORCEMENT(ING) REQ.'D REQUIRED RGS RIGID GALVANIZED STEEL SCH. SCHEDULE SHT. SHEET SPEC. SPECIFICATIONS SQ. SQUARE S.S. STAINLESS STEEL STD. STANDARD STL. STEEL STRUC. STRUCTURAL TEMP. TEMPORARY T.O.A. TOP OF ANTENNAS T.O.F. TOP OF FOUNDATION T.O.P. TOP OF WALL TYP. TYPICAL U/G UNDER GROUND V.I.F. VERIFY IN FIELD W WIDE (WIDTH)	PROPRIETARY INFORMATION THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN TH SET OF DRAWINGS IS PROPRIETARY BY NATURE. ANY USE OR DISCLOSURE OTHER THAN THAT WHICH RELATES TO PEEK SITE-COM IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED CLENT: C
	W/ WITH WT. WEIGHT	
NEW DC SURGE SUPPR	CONDUIT INFORCED PLASTIC)	COORDINATING ENGINEER:
	CONCRETE SAND GRATE PLATFORM GRAVEL ++++++++ FRP (FIBERGLASS RE	CONCRETE SAND Image: Sand GRATE PLATFORM GRAVEL Image: Suppressor Image: Suppressor



	r	5"		*	<u>2"</u>	
TION				ſ	S 2+0+	SIGNAGE AND STRIPING INFOR
UNICATION ANTENNAS AT THIS AWAY FROM ANY ANTENNA		INFORMATI ACTIVE ANTENNAS ARE	and the second se		🥪 at&t 🚊	HUMAN EXPOSURE TO EMF REPORT OR ANY
ennas(s) before working enna(s)		THE OUTSIDE FACE OF 1		INFORM	MATION SIGN 1-3	CONFLICT W/ ANY PAP REGULATION SHALL BE
8-2822 PRIOR TO PERFORMING AT&T MOBILITY ANTENNAS,		FORMATION SIGN 1-2			1-1/2" ∱ 1	2. THE PUBLIC LIMIT OF F OF RF EXPOSURE ALLC
This door/hatch/gate is		I THIS STRUCTURE			R T	3. IF THE BOTTOM OF TH PLATFORM LINE OF TH
CION	ĸ	STAY BACK A MINIMUM FROM THESE ANTE	OF 3 FEET ENNAS		BAC	PUBLIC LIMIT OF RF EX
enas de telecomunicaciones Ner una distancia de no s los avisos. D los propietarios de las Ninar de menos de 3 pies	FOLL	TACT AT&T MOBILITY AT & OW THEIR INSTRUCTIONS ORMING ANY MAINTENAN BED THAN 3 FEET FROM T	S PRIOR TO NCE OR REPAIRS		24" × 70	ACCESSIBLE (E.G. ROOD BARRICADES AND STRI BARRICADES AND STRI BEFORE OR SHORTLY A FOR PLACEMENT OF SU
00-638-2822 ANTES DE O REPARACION DE LAS	THIS	IS AT&T MOBILITY SITE			F	5. IF THE PUBLIC LIMIT O ACCESSIBLE (E.G. ROO
<u>CVL03629</u> A DE LA ADMINISTRACION DEL ITA SE ENCUENTRA SIN					R O M A N T	BARRICADES AND STRI BARRICADES AND STRI BARRICADES & STRIPIN OR SHORTLY AFTER CO PLACEMENT OF SUCH
<u> SIGN 1-1</u>	<u>INF</u>	ORMATION S	<u>SIGN 1-2</u>			6. ALL TRANSMIT ANTENN SPANISH, AND CHINESE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT
INSTALL ALL INFORMATION	N SIGNAGE IN ACCORDAN	ICE W/ AT&T		INFORM	MATION SIGN 1-4	PLACED IN PLAIN SIGH SIGN SHALL BE PLACE
074, RF EXPOSURE POLICY		IANCE PROGRAM, *SIG	GN 1-2 POLE, SEE DETAIL 1B, THIS N 2 MUST BE A NON METALLIC LAI		IC THE LAREL SHALL BE	ANY PERSON ON THE CONTENT CONVENTIONS INFORMATION (E.G. TEL
		MAD	DE USING VINYL OR SIMILAR WEATH PROXIMATELY 5X7 INCHES W/ A WH	ERPROOF MATERIAL, THE LAB	BEL SHALL BE	THIS TELEPHONE NUME PROJECT MANAGER AT
CE DOOR, SEE DETAIL 1A, ADE ON THE 50 MIL ALUMI OUNTING HOLES, ONE EAC PS. THE MAIN BACKGROUND	INUM SHEETING (SIZE 8 I CH CORNER OF THE SIGN	NCHES BY 12 LET FOR MOUNTING SHA	ND SHALL BE 1.375 INCH IN HEIGH TERS. THE TEXT LETTERING SHALL ALL BE PLACED OVER THE FRONT (BE BLACK W/ 1/8 INCH HIG		7. PHOTOS OF ALL STRIP OUT PACKAGE & SHAL INTO THE AT&T CONST
S. THE MAIN DACKGROUND	D COLOR IS THE BE WHIT		GN 1-3: BACK OF ANTENNAS, SEE	DETAIL 1C & 3, THIS SHEET	a constant	BE DONE W/ FADE RE BY THE CONSTRUCTION SO AS NOT TO BLOCK
ILL BE 1.2 INCH SOLID GRE IE TEXT SHALL BE IN BLAC LL NE IN 1/8 INCH LETTER	CK LETTERING W/ 0.2 IN	CH HIGH ANT	gn 3 is a 1 inch x 2 inch panel Tenna to identify it as an at&1	T ANTENNA.	THE BACK OR SIDE OF AN	BE PAINTED W/ FADE FRIENDLY BARRICADES A DETAILED
IALL BE DONE IN A MANNE DXIMATELY 6 FEET IN FROM	ER THAT WILL PERMIT EA	SY READING	GN 1-4: SIDE OF ANTENNAS, SEE I N 4 IS MADE FROM TRANSPARENT		E & 24 INCHES LONG. THE	8. SHOP DRAWING OF EAC
V/ ENAMEL W/ UV PROTEC		LET	TERING IS TO BE BLACK W/ 1/2 IN IWEEN WORDS MUST BE SUCH THAT	NCH LETTERING IN A VERTICA	L COLUMN. THE SPACING	
	1	10-5-10-10-10-F				
1	NFORM	<i>IATION</i>	SIGNAGE	E		GE
MATIC	N	NOTE:	NTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL INFO			
cations Communic		SIG	SNAGE IN ACCORDANCE W/ AT&T W CUMENT #03-0074, RF EXPOSURE FETY COMPLIANCE PROGRAM, LATES	IRELESS POLICY AND RF		
istration Number	ō	2. CO	NTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT AT&T F	R-RFSC FOR		
567			VEL AND LOCATION OF SIGNAGE			
with federal Communica d antenna tower registra	STREET, TANKS					
CFR 17.4(g).	•					TIONI
12"			ARNI	NG		TION
R SIGN	AGE		\wedge		/	
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el Only						
		Bevo	ond This Poi	nt vou are		s Point you are
uted		enterir	ng a controlled a	rea where	entering a contro	olled area sions may exceed
or prior to performing e, call			nissions exceed		the FCC Control	
number		Failure to	olled Exposure lir obey all posted signs and a	site	limits	
		guidelines	s could result in serious inju	ıry	Obey all posted signs and for working in an RF envir	
		Ref: FCC 47CF	R 1.1307(b)		Ref: FCC 47CFR 1.1307(b)	at&t
]					
						an a

GATE SIGNAGE

CAUTION AND WARNING SIGN

RMATION

MATION IS A GUIDELINE W/ RESPECT TO PREVAILING STANDARDS LIMITING RADIO FREQUENCY ENERGY AND SHOULD BE USED AS SUCH. IF THE SITE'S LOCAL, STATE OR FEDERAL GUIDELINES OR REGULATIONS SHOULD BE IN RT OF THESE NOTES OR PLANS, THE MORE RESTRICTIVE GUIDELINE OR E FOLLOWED AND OVERRIDE THE LESSER.

RF EXPOSURE ALLOWED BY AT&T IS 1MWCM*2 AND THE OCCUPATIONAL LIMIT OWED BY AT&T IS 5MWCM*2

IE ANTENNA IS MOUNTED (8) EIGHT FEET ABOVE THE GROUND OR WORKING IE PERSONAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEM (PCS) AND DOES NOT EXCEED THE XPOSURE LIMIT THEN NO STRIPING OR BARRICADES SHOULD BE NEEDED.

OF RF EXPOSURE ON THE SITE IS EXCEEDED AND THE AREA IS PUBLICLY OF ACCESS DOOR THAT CANNOT BE LOCKED, OR FIRE EGRESS) THEN BOTH IPING SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE ANTENNAS. THE EXACT EXTENT OF THE IPING SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE EMF REPORT FOR THE SITE DONE AFTER COMPLETION OF SITE CONSTRUCTION. USE THE PLANS AS A GUIDELINE SUCH BARRICADES AND STRIPING.

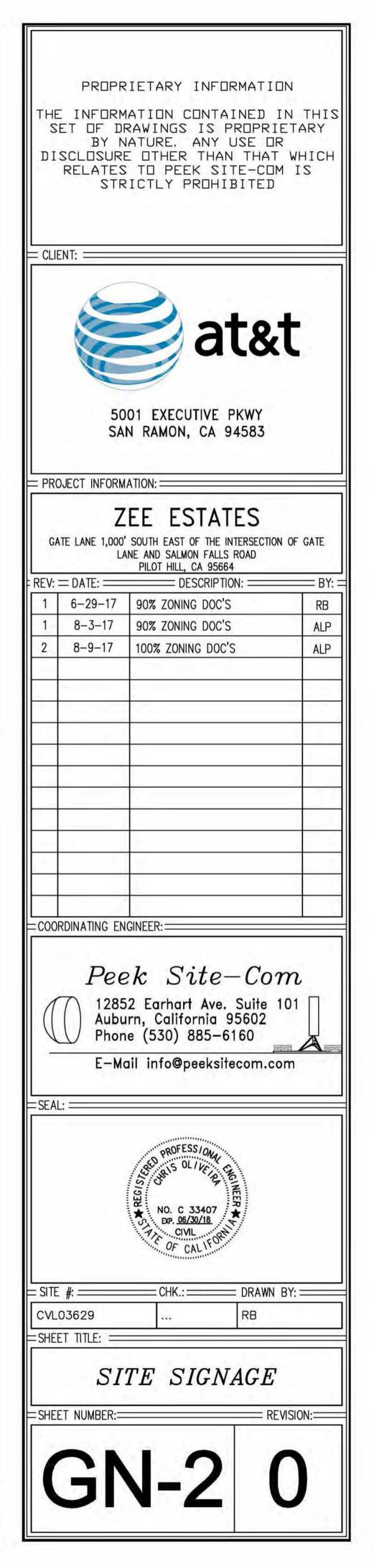
OF RF EXPOSURE ON THE SITE IS EXCEEDED AND THE AREA IS PUBLICLY OF ACCESS DOOR THAT CANNOT BE LOCKED, OR FIRE EGRESS) THEN BOTH IPING SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE ANTENNAS. THE EXACT EXTENT OF THE IPING SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE ANTENNAS. THE EXACT EXTENT OF THE NG SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE EMF REPORT FOR THE SITE DONE BEFORE COMPLETION OF SITE CONSTRUCTION. USE THE PLANS AS A GUIDELINE FOR BARRICADES AND STRIPING.

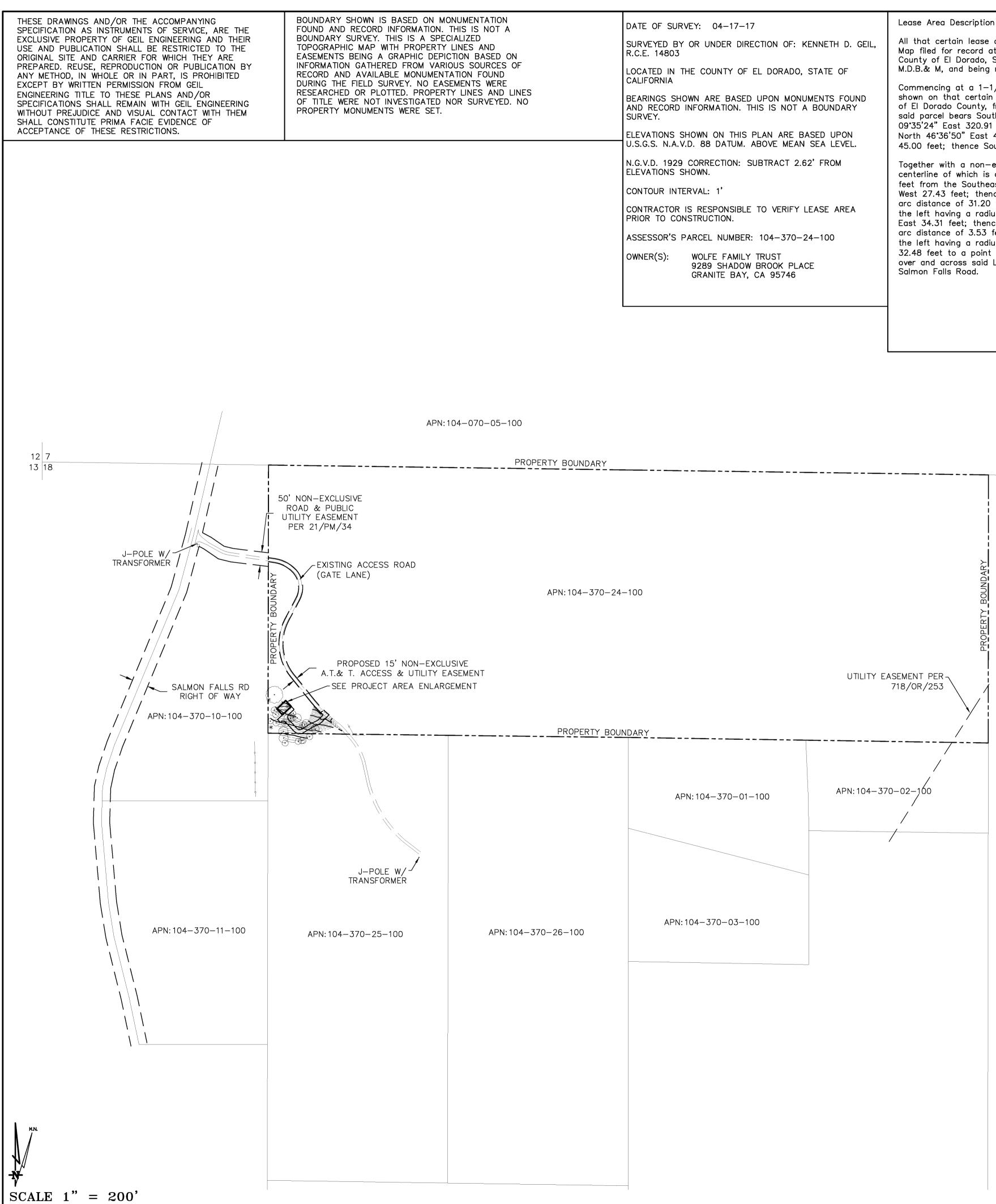
VAS REQUIRE A THREE LANGUAGE WARNING SIGN WRITTEN IN ENGLISH, E. THIS SIGN SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR Y THE AT&T CT MANAGER AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. THE LARGER SIGN SHALL BE 1T AT ALL ROOF ACCESS LOCATIONS AND ON ALL BARRICADES. THE SMALLER ED ON THE ANTENNA ENCLOSURES IN A MANNER THAT IS EASILY SEEN BY ROOF. WARNING SIGNS SHALL COMPLY W/ ANSI C95.2 COLOR, SYMBOL, AND S. ALL SIGNS SHALL HAVE AT&T'S NAME AND THE COMPANY CONTACT LEPHONE NUMBER) TO ARRANGE FOR ACCESS TO THE RESTRICTED AREAS. BER SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR BY THE AT&T CONSTRUCTION T THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION.

PING, BARRICADES & SIGNAGE SHALL BE PART OF THE CONTRACTORS CLOSE LL BE TURNED INTO THE AT&T CONSTRUCTION PACKAGE & SHALL BE TURNED TRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION. STRIPING SHALL ESISTANT YELLOW SAFETY PAINT IN A CROSS-HATCH PATTERN AS DETAILED IN DRAWINGS. ALL BARRICADES SHALL BE MADE OF AN RF FRIENDLY MATERIAL C OR INTERFERE W/ THE OPERATION OF THE ANTENNAS. BARRICADES SHALL RESTRAINT YELLOW SAFETY PAINT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL RF IS NEEDED, & SHALL PROVIDE THE AT&T CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER W/

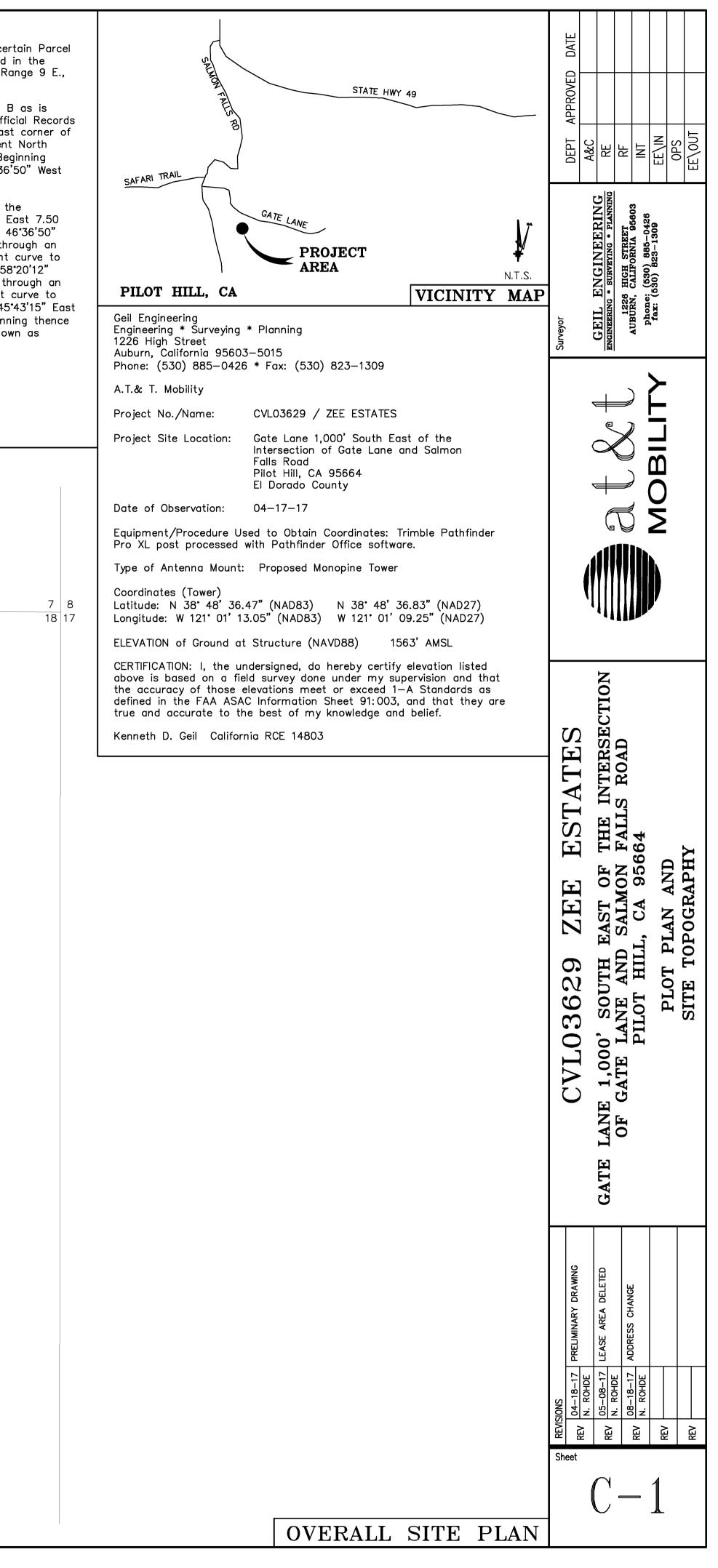
CH BARRICADE. UPON CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION.

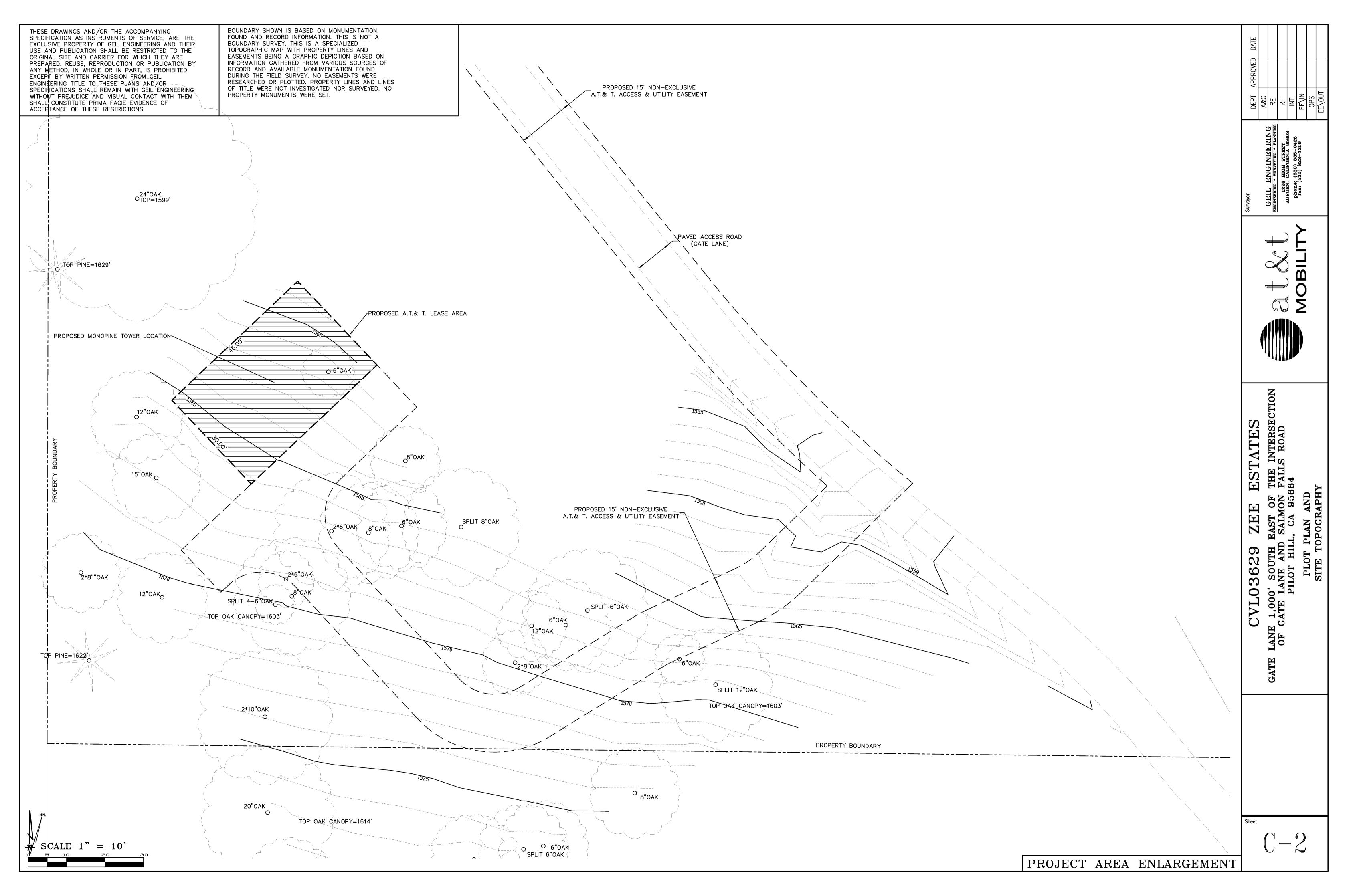






APN: 104-370-31-100



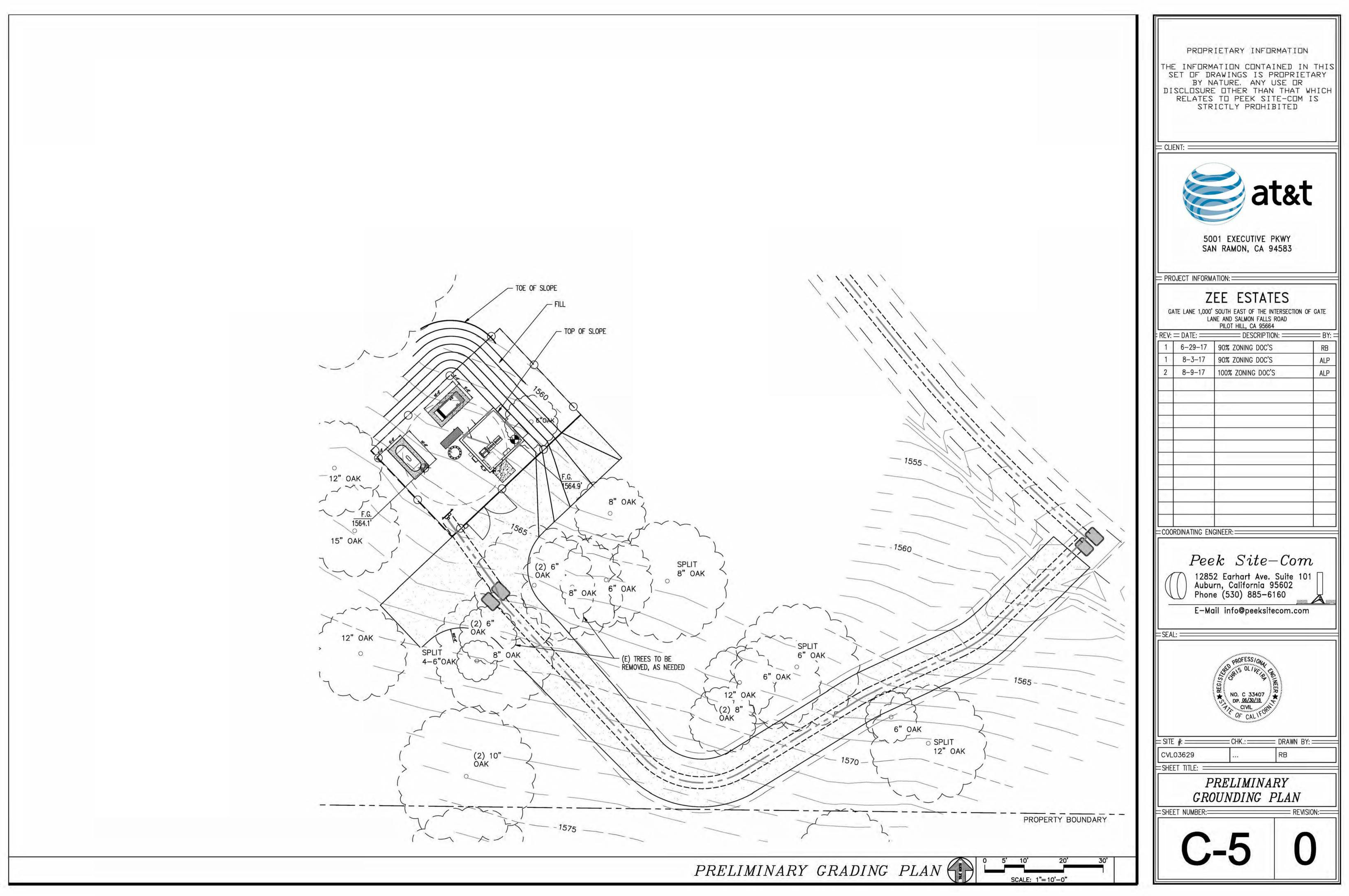


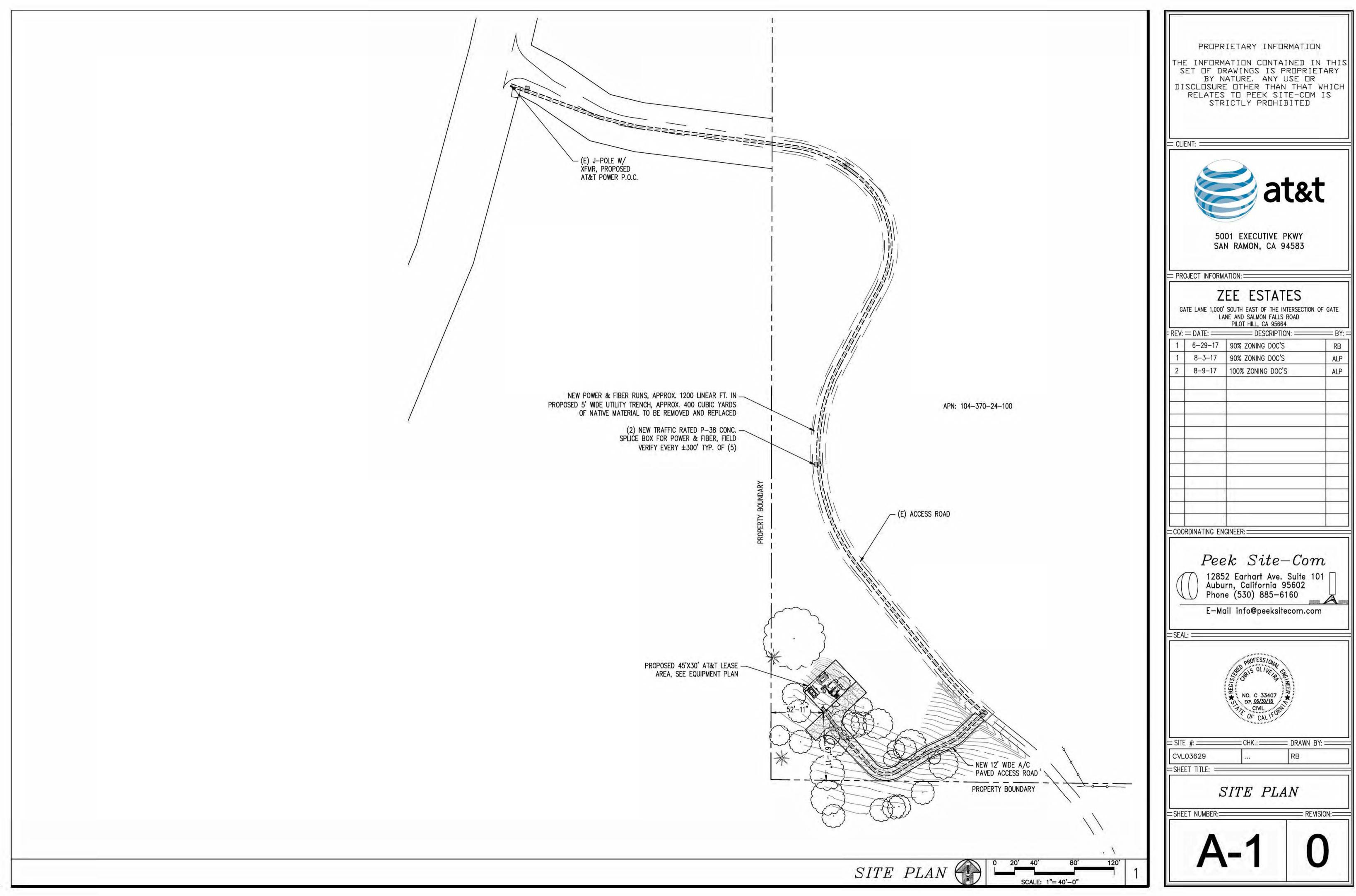
GENERAL NOTES		BMP IN	ISTALLATION	SCHEDULE	
. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A RESPONSIBLE PARTY, WHO SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO REPRESENT AND ACT FOR THE CONTRACTOR, ON THE JOB SITE DURING ALL WORKING	BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE	MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE	
HOURS. 2. ALL WORK SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE WASHOE COUNTY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.	A. PRESERVING EXISTING VEGETATION	AROUND PERIMETER OF PROJECT SITE	CONTINUOUS, UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED	EDUCATE EMPLOYEES AND SUBCONTRACTORS REGARDING IMPORTANCE AT MAINTAINING EXISTING VEGETATION TO PREVENT EROSION AND FILER AND SEDIMENT IN RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. INSPECT SITE PERIMETE MONTHLY TO VERIFY THE OUTSIDE VEGETATION IS	
<u>DEFINITIONS:</u> ESC) — EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NPDES) — NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM CWA) — CLEAN WATER ACT	B. PROTECT GRADED AREAS AND SLOPES FROM WASHOUT & EROSION	THROUGHOUT PROJECT SITE	DURING WET SEASON	NOT DISTURBED. INSPECT GRADED AREAS AND SLOPES ON AT LEAS A MONTHLY BASIS TO CHECK FOR EROSION. REGRADE TRIBUTARY AREAS OR INSTALL FILTER BARRIER OR SAND BAG DIKES AS NECESSARY TO	
SWPPP) - STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN BMP'S) - BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES		ALONG FLOW LINES OF UNPAVED ROADWAYS WITHIN	IN PLACE DURING WET SEASON UNTIL ROADWAYS ARE	PREVENT EROSION. INSPECT DAILY AND AFTER EACH STORM. REMOVE ONSITE SEDIMENT DEPOSITED BEHIND BERM OR BARRIER TO MAINTAIN EFFECTIVENESS.	
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL: MAKE HIM/HERSELF AWARE OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF SAID GENERAL PERMIT AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS.	D. INLET FILTER BAG	INLETS TO THE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM	CONTINUOUS UNTIL LANDSCAPING IS IN PLACE	INSPECT WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH STORM. REMO SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS BEFORE ACCUMULATIONS HAVE REACHED ONE THIRD THE DEPTH OF THE E REPAIR OR REPLACE INLET FILTER BAG AS SOON	
MPLEMENT THE ESC FEATURES AND BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP'S) CONTAINED IN THE MPROVEMENT PLANS, AND OTHERWISE DILIGENTLY PURSUE COMPLIANCE WITH THE LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.	E. FIBER ROLL	SEE PLAN SHEET C-4	CONTINUOUS	DAMAGE OCCURS. INSPECT WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH STORM. REMO SEDIMENT DEPOSITED BEHIND FIBER ROLL WHENE	
ASSIST THE OWNER, ENGINEER, AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT STAFF IN THE ASSESSMENT OF THE FUNCTIONALITY OF AND MODIFICATIONS TO THE FEATURES AND PRACTICES IMPLEMENTED AND PROPOSED.	F. HYDROSEEDING	3:1 SLOPES	IN PLACE DURING BY SEPT. 15	NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN EFFECTIVENESS. INSPECT SLOPES ON AT LEAST A MONTHLY BASIS CHECK FOR EROSION. IF EROSION IS NOTED,	
MEET WITH THE OWNER AND THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT STAFF TO DETERMINE AND DISCUSS THE STATUS OF THE PROJECT, CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, AND ANY MODIFICATIONS AND/OR ADDITIONS TO THE ESC FEATURES IN ORDER TO DILIGENTLY PURSUE COMPLIANCE.		FROM PUBLIC	CONTINUOUS, UNTIL ENTRANCES AND	SPREAD STRAW MULCH OVER AFFECTED AREAS. INSPECT ON A MONTHLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL. ADD AGGREGATE BASE MATERIAL WHEN	
DOCUMENT ANY MAINTENANCE, REPLACEMENT, INSPECTION, MODIFICATIONS OR ADDITIONS TO THE PROJECT ESC FEATURES, AND NOTIFY THE ENGINEER. OWNER AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT STAFF OF ANY SUBSTANTIAL MODIFICATIONS OR ADDITIONS TO THE ESC PRACTICES AND TEATURES. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH APPROVED MATERIALS WITHIN 15	ENTRANCE H. WIND EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES	ROADWAYS WHEREVER NECESSARY THROUGHOUT PROJECT SITE	ONSITE ROADWAYS ARE PAVED CONTINUOUS UNTIL GRADING IS COMPLETED AND SOILS HAVE	NECESSARY TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM BEING TRACKED INTO PUBLIC STREET. INSPECT SITE DURING WINDY CONDITIONS TO IDENTIFY AREAS WHERE WIND EROSION IS OCCURRING AND ABATE EROSION AS NECESSARY	
DAYS OF COMPLETION OF THE FINISHED GRADES. MAINTAIN AN INVENTORY OF ESC MATERIALS (STRAW BALES, 1.5" – 3" CLEAN CRUSHED ROCK, TIBER ROLLS, SILT FENCE, ROCK BAGS, ETC.) ON SITE FOR EMERGENCY USE AS DIRECTED BY	I. GOOD HOUSEKEEPING	THROUGHOUT PROJECT SITE	STABILIZED CONTINUOUS UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS	INSPECT SITE ON AT LEAST A MONTHLY BASIS TO VERIFY THAT GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES AF	
THE ENGINEER, OWNER, OR THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT STAFF.	MEASURES J. PROPER CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL STORAGE	DESIGNATED AREA	COMPLETED CONTINUOUS UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED	BEING IMPLEMENTED. INSPECT SITE ON AT LEAST A WEEKLY BASIS TO VERIFY THAT CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS ARE STO IN A MANNER, WHICH COULD NOT CAUSE STORM	
A. PROTECTION OF UTILITIES. THE APPLICANT SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO ANY PUBLIC UTILITIES OR SERVICES.	CONSTRUCTION WASTE STORAGE AND	DESIGNATED COLLECTION AREA AND CONTAINERS	CONTINUOUS UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED	WATER POLLUTION. INSPECT SITE ON AT LEAST A WEEKLY BASIS TO ASSURE WASTE IS STORED PROPERLY AND DISPO OF AT LEGAL DISPOSAL SITE, DAILY.	
B. PROTECTION OF ADJACENT PROPERTY. THE APPLICANT SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE C. FOR THE PREVENTION OF DAMAGE TO ADJACENT PROPERTY. NO PERSON(S) SHALL EXCAVATE ON LAND THAT IS SO CLOSE TO THE PROPERTY LINE AS TO ENDANGER ANY ADJOINING	INCLUDING	MATERIAL HANDLING AREA	IMMEDIATELY AT TIME	INSPECT MATERIAL HANDING AREAS ON AT LEAST MONTHLY BASIS TO VERIFY PROPER SPILL CLEAN	
PUBLIC STREET, SIDEWALK, ALLEY, STRUCTURE OR OTHER PUBLIC OR PRIVATE PROPERTY OR EASEMENT WITHOUT SUPPORTING AND PROTECTING SUCH PROPERTY FROM ANY DAMAGE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE RESULT.	1) PAINT & PAINTING SUPPLIES 2) VEHICLE FUELING MAINTENANCE & CLEANING	DESIGNATED AREA WITH SECONDARY CONTAINMENT	CONTINUOUS	: KEEP AMPLE SUPPLIES OF SPILL CLEANUP MATERIALS ON SITE & INSPECT ON REGULAR SCHEDULE.	
 ADVANCE NOTICE. THE APPLICANT SHALL NOTIFY THE COUNTY AT LEAST FORTY-EIGHT HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. IT SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT TO PREVENT DISCHARGE OF SEDIMENT FROM THE SITE, IN QUANTITIES GREATER THAN BEFORE 	L. STREET AND STORM DRAINAGE FACILITY MAINTENANCE DEFINITIONS	STREETS AND STORM DRAINAGE FACILITIES	CONTINUOUS UNTIL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED	MAINTAIN STORM DRAINAGE FACILITIES AND PAVED STREETS CLEAR OF SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS.	
COMPLIANCE WITH STORMWATER RUNOFF POLLUTION CONTROL CODE. AT ALL TIMES DURING THE PRECONSTRUCTION AND CONSTRUCTION OF ANY PROJECT FOR WHICH GRADING APPROVAL IS ISSUED UNTIL ALL FINAL IMPROVEMENTS AND PERMANENT STRUCTURES ARE COMPLETE, THE APPLICANT SHALL FULLY COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STORMWATER RUNOFF POLLUTION CONTROL CODE.	. ROUGH (STAGE 2): N L . FINAL (STAGE 3): W	WHEN CUT AND FILL AC UNDERGROUND PIPING,	STREETS, SIDEWALKS, AN	JR. E SITE IMPROVEMENTS ARE CONSTRUCTED, INCLUDI ID OTHER IMPROVEMENTS. ROVEMENTS ARE COMPLETED AND READY FOR COU	
EROSION CONTROL NOTES		REQI	JIRED I	BMPS	
1, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COUNTY IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS, CURRENT EDITION, AND THE COUNTY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL GUIDELINES.	THE FOLLOWING BMPS A. ACCESS POINTS TO	CARLES AND			
 EROSION CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED DURING THE WET SEASON (OCTOBER THROUGH APRIL 30). SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED ALL YEAR. 	 WORK ROUND. OF C. PERIMETER PROTECTION ALONG PROPERTY LINES SHALL HAVE PRESERVATION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, OR SILT FENCE. D. SLOPES GREATER THAN 3 PERCENT SHALL BE TEMPORARILY SEEDED AND SLOPES GREATER 3:1 (H:V) SHALL HAVE HYDROSEEDING AND/OR GEOTEXTILES, PLASTIC COVERS, AND/OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS INSTALLED. TVITIES, APRIL E. THE TOE OF ALL SLOPES SHALL HAVE SILT FENCE AND/OR FIBER ROLL. 				
3. ALL DRAINAGE INLETS IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE WORK AREAS AND WITHIN THE WORK AREAS SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH SEDIMENT CONTROL AND INLET FILTER BAGS, YEAR ROUND. INLET FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE DRAINAGE INLETS UPON ACCEPTANCE OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS BY THE COUNTY.					
4. ALL AREAS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION, BY GRADING, TRENCHING, OR OTHER ACTIVITIES, SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM EROSION DURING THE WET SEASON (OCTOBER 1 THROUGH APRIL 30). HYDROSEED, IF UTILIZED, MUST BE PLACED BY SEPTEMBER 15. HYDROSEED PLACED DURING THE WET SEASON SHALL USE A SECONDARY EROSION PROTECTION METHOD.					
 SENSITIVE AREAS AND AREAS WHERE EXISTING VEGETATION IS BEING PRESERVED SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH CONSTRUCTION FENCING. SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE INSTALLED WHERE ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION AREAS DRAIN INTO SENSITIVE OR PRESERVED VEGETATION AREAS. 	MULCH, SOIL BINDERS OR GEOTEXTILES, PLASTIC COVERS, AND EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS/MATS IN CONJUNCTION WITH HYDROSEEDING. SURFACE TREATMENTS SHALL EXTEND TO THE GREATER OF 6 METERS (20 FEET) OR TO THE TOP OF SLOPE.				
6. SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE PLACED ALONG THE PROJECT PERIMETER WHERE DRAINAGE LEAVES THE PROJECT. SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE MAINTAINED YEAR ROUND UNTIL THE CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE OR THE DRAINAGE PATTERN HAS BEEN	 G. ROADWAY SUBGRADES SHALL HAVE FIBER ROLL, SILT FENCE, OR SEDIMENT TRAP. H. DEAD END STREETS, TO BE EXTENDED IN THE FUTURE, SHALL HAVE PRESERVATION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, HYDROSEEDING, SEDIMENT TRAP OR OTHER APPLICABLE BMP TO MINIMIZE THE TRANSPORT OF SEDIMENT ONTO OR FROM THE IMPROVED SURFACE. 				
CHANGED AND NO LONGER LEAVES THE SITE.	I. PROJECTS THAT INCLUDE DETENTION BASINS SHALL HAVE A SEDIMENT BASIN. J. PLACE DRAINAGE INLET SEDIMENT BMPS AT ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS. BMPS SHALL INCLUDE INLET				
7. THE FOLLOWING AREAS ARE TO RECEIVE HYDROSEEDING OR OTHER EROSION CONTROL: ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 10:1.	 SEDIMENT CONTROL BARRIER, INLET FILTER BAG AND CONCRETE STAMPS OR EXPOXED PLAQUARDS. K. EACH CONSTRUCTION SITE SHALL PROVIDE DESIGNATED, PAINT AND WASTE DISPOSAL LOCATIONS AS NECESSARY. 				
7. THE FOLLOWING AREAS ARE TO RECEIVE HYDROSEEDING OR OTHER EROSION CONTROL: ALL	K. EACH CONSTRUCTION	N SITE SHALL PRO	VIDE DESIGNATED, P	AINT AND WASTE DISPOSAL LOCATIONS A	

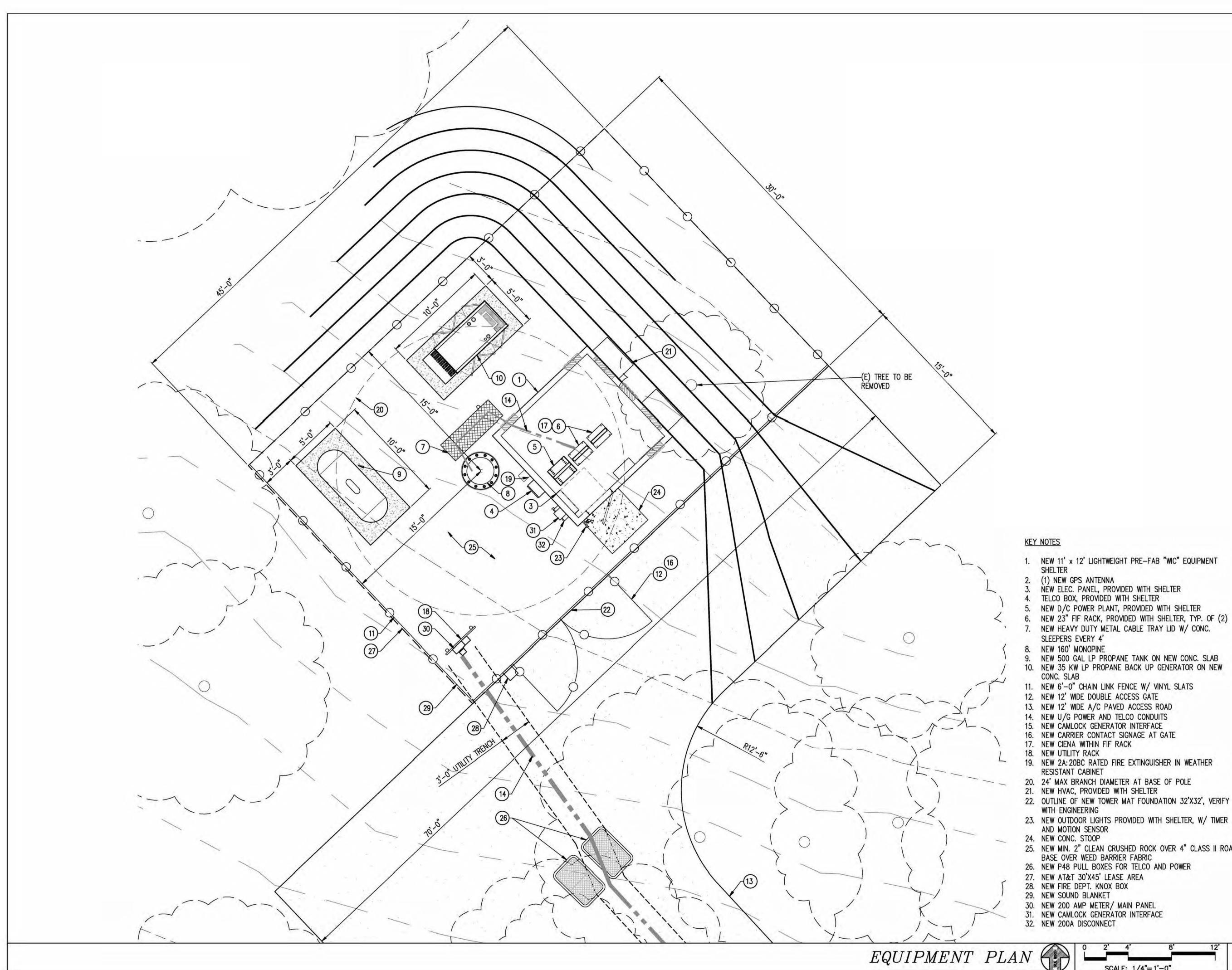


RADING STANDARDS	(g) PROPOSE A NEW OR MODIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL TECHNIQUE IF THE TECHNIQUE IS PREFERRED
1. GENERAL. UNLESS OTHERWISE RECOMMENDED IN THE APPROVED SOILS ENGINEERING OR ENGINEERING GEOLOGY REPORT, GRADING ACTIVITIES SHALL CONFORM TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.	OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE COUNTY PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION. (h) CONDUCT FREQUENT SITE INSPECTIONS TO ENSURE THAT CONTROL MEASURES ARE WORKING PROPERLY AND
A. CUT SLOPE. THE SLOPE OF CUT SURFACES SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN IS SAFE FOR THE INTENDED USE AND SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN 1 UNIT VERTICAL IN 2 UNITS HORIZONTAL (50% SLOPE) UNLESS THE PERMITTEE FURNISHES A SOILS ENGINEERING OR AN ENGINEERING GEOLOGY REPORT, OR BOTH, STATING THAT THE SITE HAS BEEN INVESTIGATED AND GIVING AN OPINION THAT A CUT AT A STEEPER SLOPE WILL BE STABLE AND NOT CREATE A HAZARD TO PROPERTY OR THE ENVIRONMENT.	(i) EMPLOY OTHER MEANS OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AS REQUIRED BY THE CHIEF BUILDING OFFICIAL (AS APPLICABLE. (2) SEDIMENT CONTROL
B. FILL SLOPE AND PREPARATION	(a) USE SEDIMENT BASINS, SILT TRAPS, OR SIMILAR MEASURE TO RETAIN SEDIMENT TRANSPORTED BY RUNOFF WA
(1) PREPARATION OF GROUND. THE GROUND SURFACE SHALL BE PREPARED TO RECEIVE FILL BY REMOVING VEGETATION, NON-COMPLYING FILL, TOPSOIL AND OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIALS SCARIFYING TO PROVIDE A BOND WITH THE NEW FILL.	 (b) COLLECT AND DIRECT SURFACE RUNOFF AT NON-EROSIVE VELOCITIES TO THE COMMON NATURAL WATERCOURS (c) AVOID CONCENTRATING SURFACE WATER ANYWHERE EXCEPT SWALES OR WATERCOURSES.
(2) FILL MATERIAL. AMOUNT OF ORGANIC MATERIAL DETRIMENTAL TO STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED IN FILLS. EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY THE BUILDING OFFICIAL, NO ROCK OR SIMILAR IRREDUCIBLE MATERIAL WITH A MAXIMUM DIMENSION GREATER THAN 12 INCHES (0.31 M) SHALL BE BURIED OR PLACED IN FILLS.	(d) PREVENT MUD FROM BEING TRACKED ONTO THE PUBLIC ROADWAY BY TRAVELING OVER A TEMPORARY GRAVEL TIRES BEFORE ENTERING A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE DRIVEWAY. (3) SLOPE CONSTRUCTION
(3) EXCEPTION. THE BUILDING OFFICIAL MAY PERMIT PLACEMENT OF LARGER ROCK WHEN THE SOILS ENGINEER PROPERLY DEVISES A METHOD OF PLACEMENT, AND CONTINUOUSLY INSPECTS ITS PLACEMENT AND APPROVES THE FILL STABILITY. THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS SHALL ALSO APPLY:	 (a) MINIMIZE LENGTH AND STEEPNESS OF SLOPES BY BENCHING, TERRACING OR CONSTRUCTING DIVERSION STRUCT (b) PRESERVE, MATCH, OR BLEND CUTS AND FILLS WITH THE NATURAL CONTOURS AND UNDULATIONS OF THE LANGE
(a) PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE GRADING PERMIT, POTENTIAL ROCK DISPOSAL AREAS SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE GRADING PLAN.	 (c) ROUND SHARP ANGLES AT THE TOP AND SIDES OF CUT AND FILL SLOPES. (d) MAINTAIN CUT AND FILL SLOPES AT LESS THAN TWO-TO-ONE (2:1, RUN:RISE) SLOPE UNLESS A GEOLOGICAL
(b) ROCK SIZES GREATER THAN 12 INCHES (0.31 M) IN MAXIMUM DIMENSION SHALL BE 10 FEET (3.05 M) OR MORE BELOW GRADE, MEASURED VERTICALLY.	SLOPES ARE SAFE AND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES CAN SUCCESSFULLY PREVENT EROSION. (4) PROTECTION OF WATERCOURSES AND DRAINAGE INLETS
(c) ROCKS SHALL BE PLACED SO AS TO ASSURE FILLING OF ALL VOIDS WITH WELL-GRADED SOIL.	(a) PREPARE DRAINAGEWAYS TO HANDLE CONCENTRATED OR INCREASED RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS BY USI ABSORBING DEVICES TO REDUCE THE VELOCITY OF RUNOFF WATER.
 (4) COMPACTION. ALL FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 90 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY WITH SUFFICIENT TESTING FOR DOCUMENTATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH THIS STANDARD. (5) SLOPE THE SLOPE OF FULL SUPERACES SHALL BE NO STEEPED THAN IS SAFE FOR 	(b) TRAP SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF IN BASINS TO ALLOW SOIL PARTICLES TO SETTLE OUT BEFORE FLOWS ARE RE STREETS OR ADJACENT PROPERTY. THIS STANDARD IS NOT MANDATORY FOR GRADING THE SITE IS FULLY WI CONDUCTED BETWEEN APRIL 15 AND OCTOBER 15 OCTOBER 15. REMOVE TRAPPED SEDIMENT TO A SUITABLE
(5) SLOPE. THE SLOPE OF FILL SURFACES SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN IS SAFE FOR THE INTENDED USE. FILL SLOPES SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN 1 UNIT VERTICAL IN 2 UNITS HORIZONTAL (50% SLOPE).	APPROVED BY THE COUNTY. (c) DO NOT GRADE OR DRIVE EQUIPMENT IN A STREAMSIDE MANAGEMENT OR OTHER WET AREAS EXCEPT AS ALLO
2. SETBACKS a. GENERAL. CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SET BACK FROM SITE BOUNDARIES IN	MANAGEMENT AREA ORDINANCE.
b. ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION. SETBACK DIMENSIONS SHALL BE HORIZONTAL DISTANCES MEASURED PERPENDICULAR TO THE SITE BOUNDARY.	 (d) DEPOSIT OR STORE EXCAVATED MATERIALS AWAY FROM WATERCOURSES. (e) PROTECT ALL EXISTING OR NEWLY INSTALLED STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURES FROM SEDIMENT CLOGGING.
C. TOP OF CUT SLOPE. THE TOP OF CUT SLOPES SHALL NOT BE MADE NEARER TO A SITE BOUNDARY LINE THAN A MINIMUM OF 2 FEET. THE SETBACK MAY NEED TO BE INCREASED FOR ANY REQUIRED INTERCEPTOR DRAINS.	(f) (F) USE STRAW BALES, FILTER FABRIC WRAPS AND DRAINAGE INLET PROTECTIONS IN A MANNER THAT DOES IN ROADWAY.
d. TOE OF FILL SLOPE, THE TOE OF FILL SLOPE SHALL BE MADE NOT NEARER TO THE SITE	(5) DISPOSAL OF EXCAVATED MATERIALS
BOUNDARY LINE THAN MINIMUM OF 2 FEET. WHERE A FILL SLOPE IS TO BE LOCATED NEAR THE SITE BOUNDARY AND THE ADJACENT OFFSITE PROPERTY IS DEVELOPED, SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS SHALL BE INCORPORATED IN THE WORK AS THE BUILDING OFFICIAL DEEMS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE ADJOINING PROPERTY FROM DAMAGE AS A DESULT OF SUCH ORADING, THESE DEFOALTIONS MAY INCLUDE BUILT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:	(a) STOCKPILE TOPSOIL ON THE SITE FOR USE ON AREAS TO BE REVEGETATED.(b) PLACE STOCKPILED SOIL IN LOCATIONS, SO THAT IF EROSION OCCURS, IT WILL NOT CONTRIBUTE TO OFFSITE S
RESULT OF SUCH GRADING. THESE PRECAUTIONS MAY INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: (1) ADDITIONAL SETBACKS.	(c) PROTECT STOCKPILED SOIL PROMPTLY THROUGH THE USE OF APPROPRIATE BMPS TO REDUCE THE RISK OF EF
(2) PROVISION FOR RETAINING, OR SLOUGH WALLS.	OTHER PROTECTIVE COVERINGS ON STOCKPILED MATERIAL THAT WILL BE EXPOSED THROUGH THE WINTER SEAS (d) DISPOSE OF EXCAVATED MATERIAL NOT USED AT THE SITE AT A LOCATION APPROVED BY THE COUNTY.
(3) MECHANICAL OR CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF THE FILL SLOPE SURFACE TO MINIMIZE EROSION.	(6) DUST CONTROL
(4) PROVISIONS FOR THE CONTROL OF SURFACE WATERS.	 (a) ALL CONSTRUCTION AREAS, INCLUDING DISPOSAL SITES, SHALL BE TREATED AND MAINTAINED AS NECESSARY SHALL BE CONDUCTED AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT A NUISANCE TO OFFSITE PROPERTIES.
e. MODIFICATION OF SETBACKS. THE BUILDING OFFICIAL MAY APPROVE ALTERNATE SETBACKS.THE BUILDING OFFICIAL MAY REQUIRE AN INVESTIGATION AND RECOMMENDATION BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER OR ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE INTENT OF THIS SECTION HAS BEEN SATISFIED.	(b) ALL CONSTRUCTION SITES, INCLUDING DRIVEWAYS, SHALL BE MAINTAINED AS NECESSARY TO MINIMIZE THE EMI NUISANCE TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES. (7) REVEGETATION
 MAINTENANCE REQUIRED. THE PROPERTY OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADEQUATELY MAINTAINING ALL DRAINAGE FACILITIES INSTALLED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. GRADING INSPECTION 	 (a) APPLY TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING TO DENUDED AREAS PRIOR TO OCTOBER 15 UNLESS THE PROJECT (b) ESTABLISH A PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER ON DENUDED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE STABILIZED. PERMANENT VEGETATIVE SEVERE WEATHER CONDITIONS.
 A. GENERAL. GRADING OPERATIONS FOR WHICH A PERMIT IS REQUIRED SHALL BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY THE BUILDING OFFICIAL. B. PERMITTEE. THE PERMITTEE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORK TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CODE, AND THE PERMITTEE SHALL ENGAGE CONSULTANTS, IF REQUIRED, TO PROVIDE PROFESSIONAL INSPECTIONS ON A TIMELY BASIS. THE PERMITTEE SHALL ACT AS A COORDINATOR BETWEEN THE CONSULTANTS, THE CONTRACTOR AND THE BUILDING OFFICIAL. IN THE EVENT OF CHANGED CONDITIONS, THE PERMITTEE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INFORMING THE BUILDING OFFICIAL OF SUCH CHANGE AND SHALL PROVIDE REVISED PLANS FOR APPROVAL. C. BUILDING OFFICIAL. THE BUILDING OFFICIAL SHALL INSPECT THE PROJECT AT THE VARIOUS STAGES OF WORK REQUIRING APPROVAL TO DETERMINE THAT ADEQUATE CONTROL IS BEING EXERCISED BY THE PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS. 	 (c) RETAIN A VEGETATIVE BARRIER WHENEVER POSSIBLE AROUND PROPERTY BOUNDARIES. (d) USE SELF-SUSTAINING, NON-INVASIVE PLANTS THAT REQUIRE LITTLE OR NO MAINTENANCE AND DO NOT CREA (e) USE NATIVE PLANT SPECIES WHENEVER FEASIBLE.
D. NOTIFICATION OF NONCOMPLIANCE. IF, IN THE COURSE OF FULFILLING THEIR RESPECTIVE DUTIES UNDER THIS CHAPTER, THE CIVIL ENGINEER, THE SOILS ENGINEER OR THE ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST FINDS THAT THE WORK IS NOT BEING DONE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THIS CHAPTER OR THE APPROVED GRADING PLANS, THE DISCREPANCIES SHALL	
BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY IN WRITING TO THE PERMITTEE AND TO THE BUILDING OFFICIAL. E. TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITY. IF THE CIVIL ENGINEER, THE SOILS ENGINEER. OR THE ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST OF RECORD IS CHANGED DURING GRADING, THE WORK SHALL BE STOPPED UNTIL THE REPLACEMENT HAS AGREED IN WRITING TO ACCEPT THEIR RESPONSIBILITY WITHIN THE AREA OF TECHNICAL COMPETENCE FOR APPROVAL UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORK. IT SHALL BE THE DUTY OF THE PERMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE BUILDING OFFICIAL IN WRITING OF SUCH CHANGE PRIOR TO THE RE-COMMENCEMENT	
OF SUCH GRADING. 5. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL	
A. ADMINISTRATION (1) THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE APPLICABLE TO ALL FACILITIES AND ACTIVITIES UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE	
(1) THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE APPEICABLE TO ALL TROUTIES AND ACTIVITIES ONDER THE SOPERVISION OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS. (2) THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS SECTION, AS IT AFFECTS COUNTY FACILITIES AND ACTIVITIES, IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC	
WORKS. (3) THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS SECTION AS IT AFFECTS OTHER BUILDING, GRADING, AND RELATED ACTIVITIES IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHIEF BUILDING OFFICIAL.	
(4) ANY SOILS OR GEOLOGIC REPORTS PREPARED FOR ANY PROJECT WHERE A GRADING PERMIT IS SUBMITTED AS A PART OF A TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP APPLICATION, OR RELATED ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT, SHALL BE PLACED IN THE RECORDS OF THE CHIEF BUILDING OFFICIAL.	
B. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL. THESE MINIMUM EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL STANDARDS SHALL APPLY TO ALL PROJECTS REQUIRING BUILDING, GRADING, AND DEVELOPMENT PERMITS, AND COUNTY OF MENDOCINO PUBLIC WORKS ACTIVITIES, TO PREVENT SEDIMENTATION OR DAMAGE TO ONSITE AND OFFSITE	
PROPERTY. THESE STANDARDS SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE PROJECT DESIGN AND SHALL BE ADHERED TO DURING PROJECT CONSTRUCTION:) GENERAL GUIDELINES	1 → SLOPE 2% SLOPE 2% / CLASS I ROAD BAS
(a) MINIMIZE SOIL EXPOSURE DURING THE RAINY SEASON BY PROPER TIMING OF GRADING AND CONSTRUCTION.	
(b) RETAIN TREES AND NATURAL VEGETATION TO STABILIZE HILLSIDES, RETAIN MOISTURE, REDUCE EROSION, MINIMIZE SILTATION AND NUTRIENT RUNOFF AND PRESERVE SCENIC QUALITIES.	GRADE TO 2% SLOPE BEFOREEEXISTING NATIVE EARTH
(c) VEGETATE AND MULCH DENUDED AREAS TO PROTECT THEM FROM WINTER RAINS. (d) DIVERT RUNOFF AWAY FROM STEEP, DENUDED SLOPES OR OTHER CRITICAL AREAS WITH BARRIERS, BERMS, DITCHES OR OTHER FACILITIES.	PLACING WEED BARRIER CLOTH COMPACTED
(e) LIMIT CONSTRUCTION, CLEARING OF VEGETATION AND DISTURBANCE OF THE SOIL TO AREAS OF PROVEN STABILITY. MITIGATE GEOLOGIC HAZARDS AND ADVERSE SOIL	NEW WEED BARRIER CLOTH
CONDITIONS WHEN THEY ARE ENCOUNTERED. (f) REDUCE SEDIMENT TRANSPORT OFF THE SITE TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT FEASIBLE THROUGH THE USE OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS).	
	TYP. A/C ROAD

PREFERRED AND MEETS THE INTENT OF THESE REGULATIONS.		
ERLY AND TO CORRECT PROBLEMS AS NEEDED.	PROPRIETARY INFORMATION	
G OFFICIAL OR DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THI SET OF DRAWINGS IS PROPRIETARY	
RUNOFF WATER ONSITE.	BY NATURE, ANY USE OR DISCLOSURE OTHER THAN THAT WHIC	
VATERCOURSE OF THE DRAINAGE AREA.	RELATES TO PEEK SITE-COM IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED	
ARY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE OR WASHING OFF VEHICLE		
	CLIENT:	
OF THE LAND.		
	at&t	
GEOLOGICAL AND ENGINEERING ANALYSIS INDICATES THAT STEEPER	αιαι	
EAS BY USING APPROPRIATE LINING MATERIALS OR ENERGY	5001 EXECUTIVE PKWY SAN RAMON, CA 94583	
DWS ARE RELEASED TO RECEIVING WATERS, STORM DRAINS, S FULLY WINTERIZED AND STABILIZED PRIOR TO <u>AND WHEN</u> A SUITABLE LOCATION ON-SITE OR AT A DISPOSAL SITE		
PT AS ALLOWED THROUGH THE COUNTY STREAMSIDE		
	GATE LANE 1,000' SOUTH EAST OF THE INTERSECTION OF GATE	
GING.	LANE AND SALMON FALLS ROAD PILOT HILL, CA 95664	
HAT DOES NOT CAUSE ADDITIONAL EROSION OR FLOODING OF A		Y: =
	1 6-29-17 90% ZONING DOC'S RE 1 8-3-17 90% ZONING DOC'S ALI	
	2 8–9–17 100% ZONING DOC'S AL	
O OFFSITE SEDIMENT DISCHARGE. RISK OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT TRANSPORT. APPLY MULCH OR		
INTER SEASON.		
JNTY.		
ECESSARY TO MINIMIZE THE EMISSION OF DUST. MAINTENANCE		
ZE THE EMISSION OF DUST AND PREVENT THE CREATION OF A		
HE PROJECT IS CONDITIONED OTHERWISE. RMANENT VEGETATION GROUND COVER MUST CONTROL SOIL		
	COORDINATING ENGINEER:	
O NOT CREATE AN EXTREME FIRE HAZARD.		
	Peek Site-Com	
	12852 Earhart Ave. Suite 101	
	Auburn, California 95602 Phone (530) 885-6160	
	E-Mail info@peeksitecom.com	<u>男売</u>
	SEAL:	
	poffss (a)	
	SE RIS OLIVE ES	
	SI S	
EQ 12" +	NO. C 33407 EXP. <u>06/30/18</u>	
NIMUM 4" COMPACTED	OF CALIFORT	
I ROAD BASE		
	= SITE #: CHK.: DRAWN BY:	=
RTH	CVL03629 RB	
RTH		
	GRADING NOTES & DETAIL	S
	SHEET NUMBER:	
ROAD SECTION SCALE: N.T.S. 1		

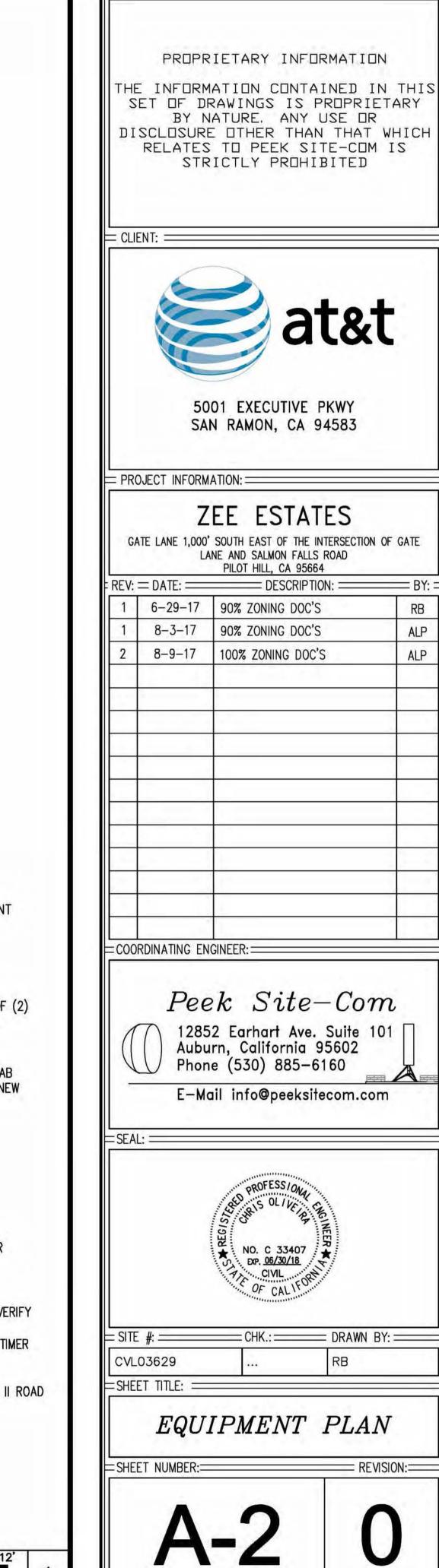


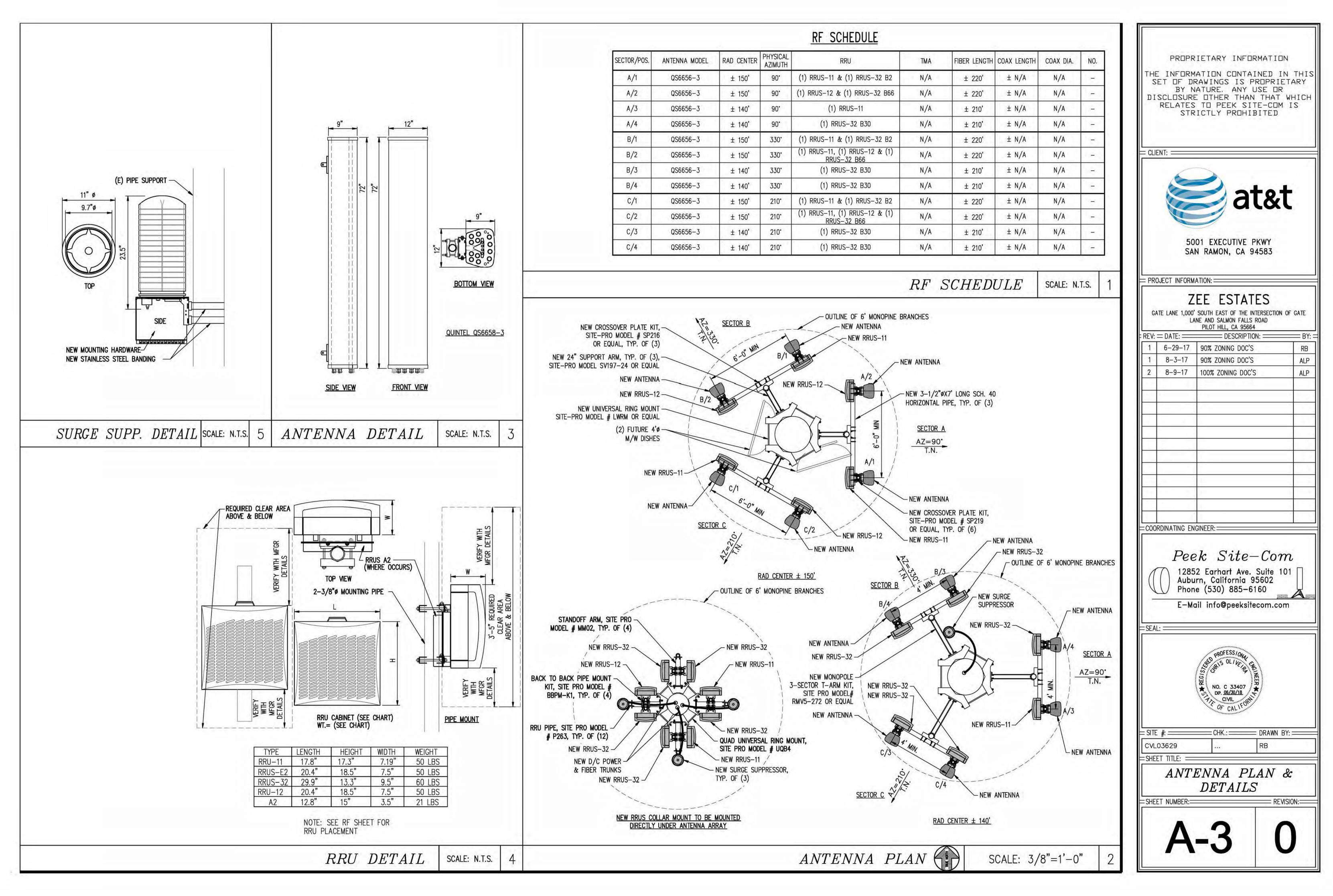


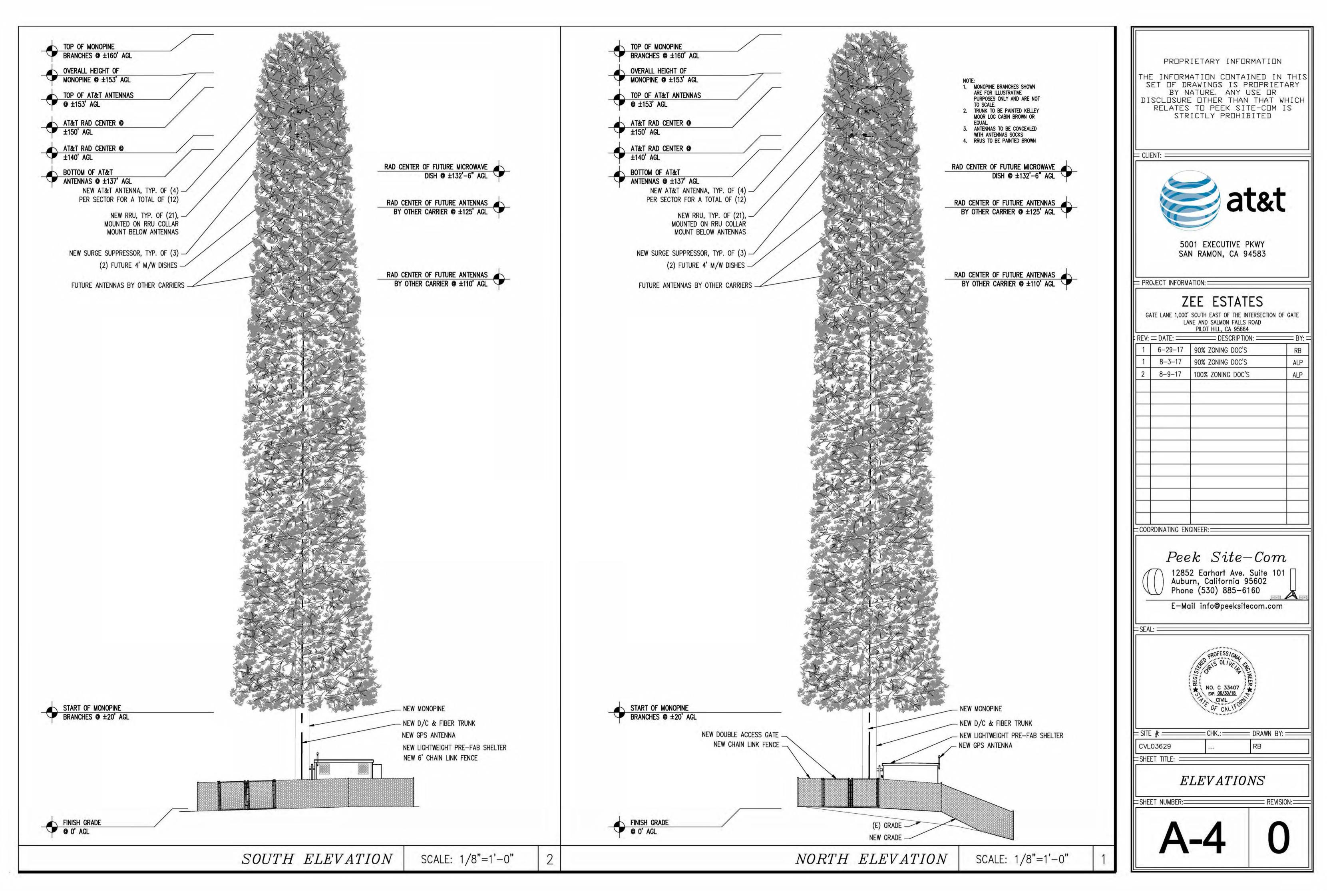


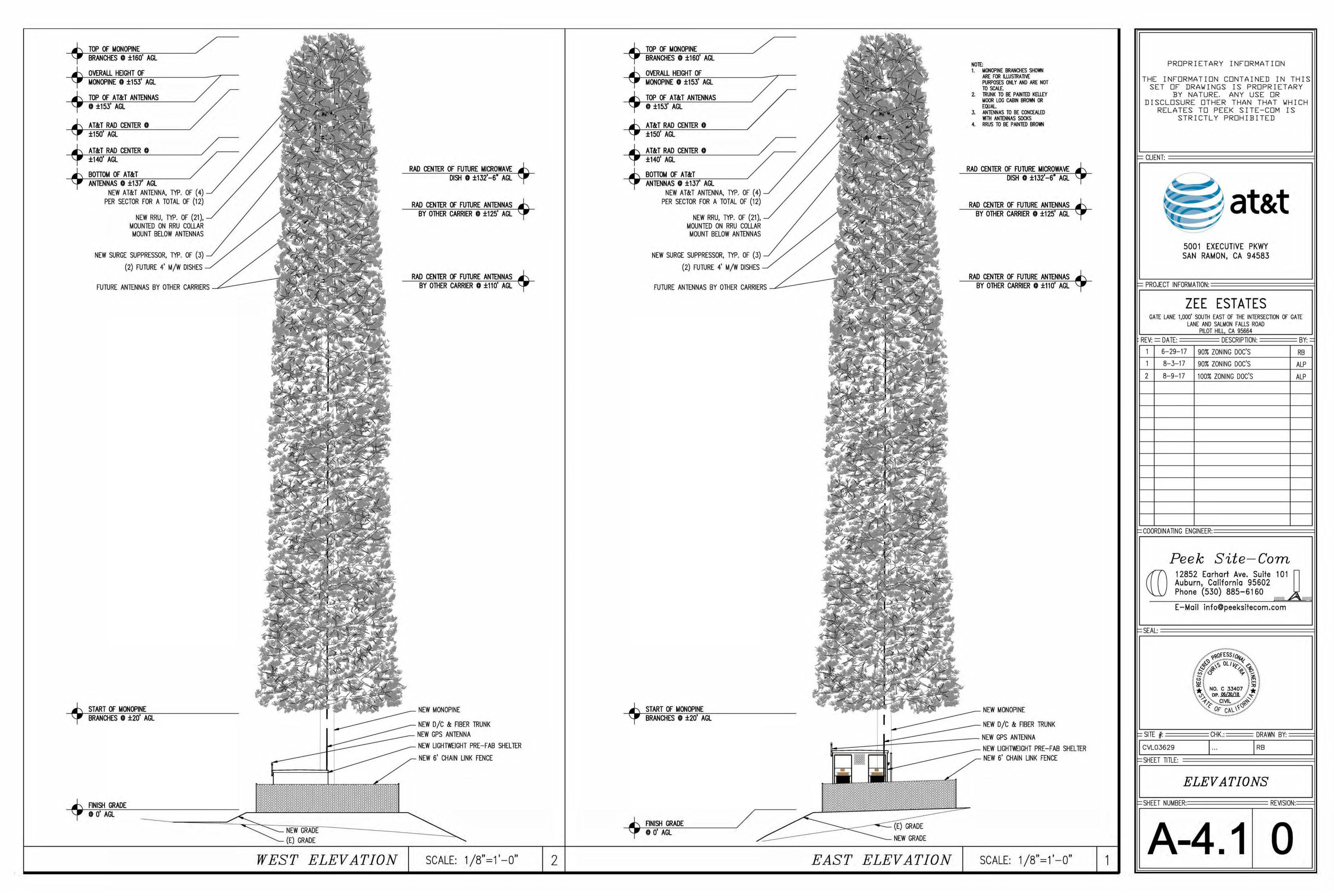
SLEEPERS EVERY 4' NEW 160' MONOPINE 9. NEW 500 GAL LP PROPANE TANK ON NEW CONC. SLAB 10. NEW 35 KW LP PROPANE BACK UP GENERATOR ON NEW CONC. SLAB 11. NEW 6'-0" CHAIN LINK FENCE W/ VINYL SLATS 12. NEW 12' WIDE DOUBLE ACCESS GATE 13. NEW 12' WIDE A/C PAVED ACCESS ROAD 14. NEW U/G POWER AND TELCO CONDUITS 15. NEW CAMLOCK GENERATOR INTERFACE 16. NEW CARRIER CONTACT SIGNAGE AT GATE 17. NEW CIENA WITHIN FIF RACK 18. NEW UTILITY RACK 19. NEW 2A: 20BC RATED FIRE EXTINGUISHER IN WEATHER RESISTANT CABINET 20. 24' MAX BRANCH DIAMETER AT BASE OF POLE 21. NEW HVAC, PROVIDED WITH SHELTER 22. OUTLINE OF NEW TOWER MAT FOUNDATION 32'X32', VERIFY WITH ENGINEERING 23. NEW OUTDOOR LIGHTS PROVIDED WITH SHELTER, W/ TIMER AND MOTION SENSOR 24. NEW CONC. STOOP 25. NEW MIN. 2" CLEAN CRUSHED ROCK OVER 4" CLASS II ROAD BASE OVER WEED BARRIER FABRIC 26. NEW P48 PULL BOXES FOR TELCO AND POWER 27. NEW AT&T 30'X45' LEASE AREA 28. NEW FIRE DEPT. KNOX BOX 29. NEW SOUND BLANKET 30. NEW 200 AMP METER/ MAIN PANEL 31. NEW CAMLOCK GENERATOR INTERFACE 32. NEW 200A DISCONNECT

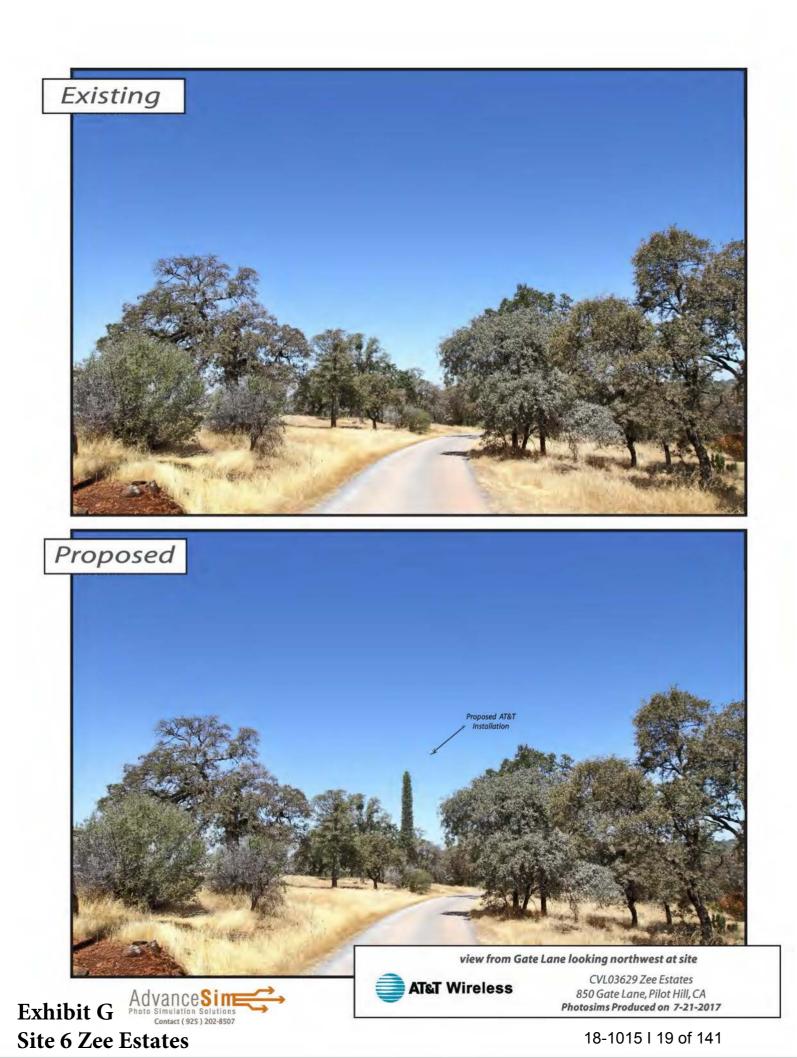
SCALE: 1/4"=1'-0"





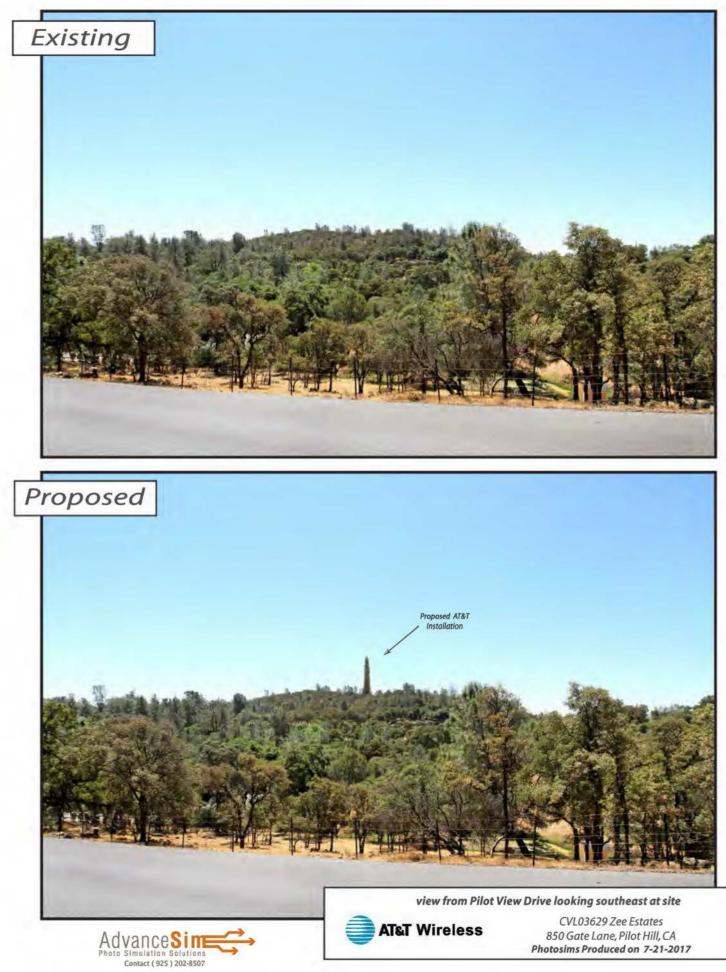








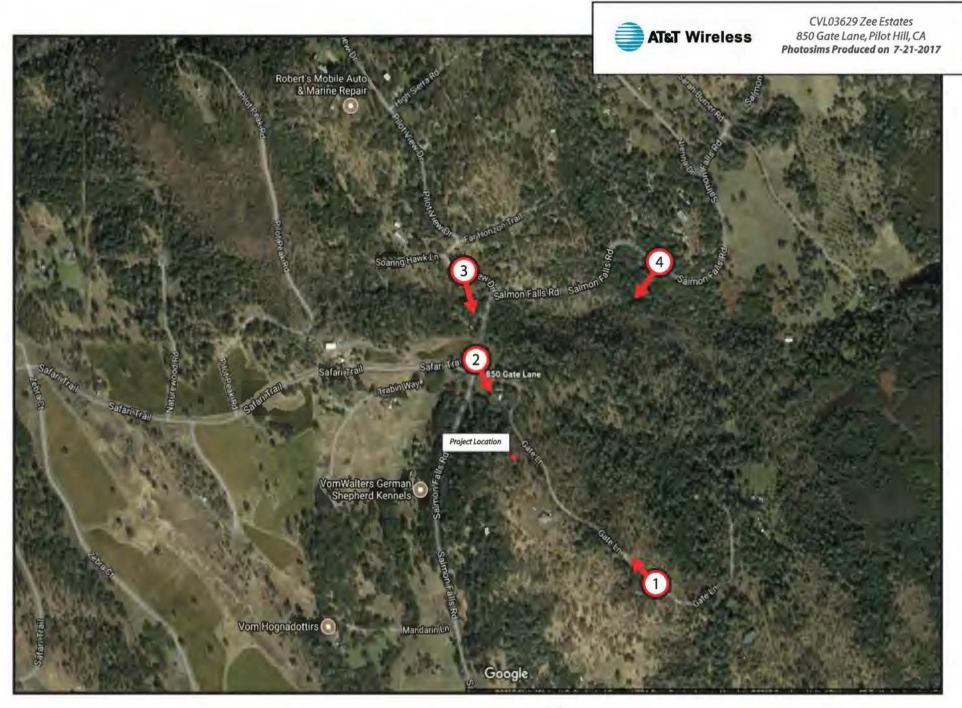
18-1015 | 20 of 141



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Shot Point Map 18-1015 | 23 of 141

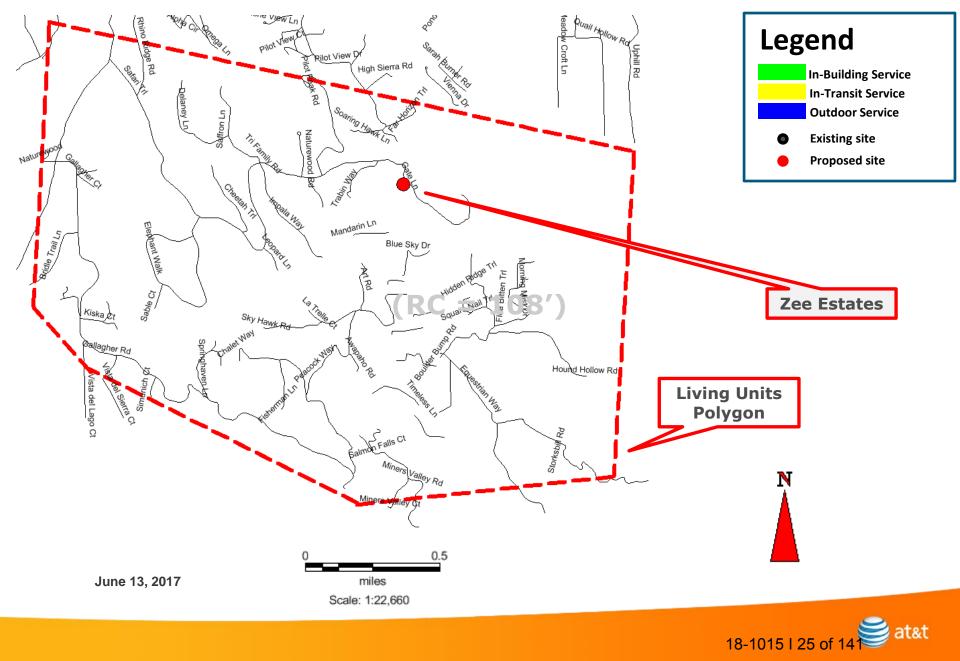
CVL03629 Zoning Propagation Map

June 13, 2017

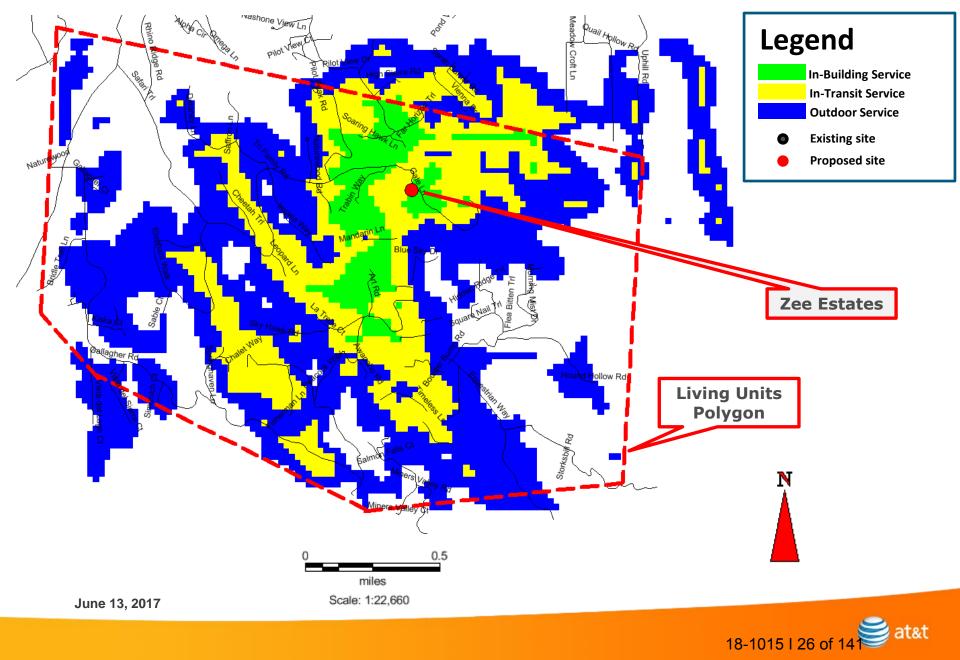
Exhibit H Site 6 Zee Estates

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EXISTING LTE 700 Coverage (RC = 150')



PROPOSED LTE 700 Coverage (RC = 150')





Radio Frequency Emissions Compliance Report For AT&T Mobility Site Name: Zee Estates Site Structure Type: Monopine Gate Lane 1.000' South East of the Address: Latitude: 38.810023 intersection of Gate Lane and Salmon Falls Road Pilot Hill. CA Longitude: -121.020325Report Date: July 17, 2017 **Project:** New Build

General Summary

AT&T Mobility has contracted Waterford Consultants, LLC to conduct a Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Compliance assessment of the proposed Zee Estates site located at Gate Lane 1,000' South East of the intersection of Gate Lane and Salmon Falls Road, Pilot Hill, CA. This report contains information about the radio telecommunications equipment to be installed at this site and the surrounding environment with regard to RF Hazard compliance. This assessment is based on installation designs and operational parameters provided by AT&T Mobility.

The compliance framework is derived from the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules and Regulations for preventing human exposure in excess of the applicable Maximum Permissible Exposure ("MPE") limits. At any location at this site, the power density resulting from each transmitter may be expressed as a percentage of the frequency-specific limits and added to determine if 100% of the exposure limit has been exceeded. The FCC Rules define two tiers of permissible exposure differentiated by the situation in which the exposure takes place and/or the status of the individuals who are subject to exposure. General Population / Uncontrolled exposure limits apply to those situations in which persons may not be aware of the presence of electromagnetic energy, where exposure is not employment-related, or where persons cannot exercise control over their exposure. Occupational / Controlled exposure limits apply to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure, and can exercise control over their exposure.

	Limits for General Populat	ion/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Limits for Occupational/ Controlled Exposure		
Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)	
30-300	0.2	30	1	6	
300-1500	f/1500	30	f/300	6	
1500-100,000	1.0	30	5.0	6	

f=Frequency (MHz)

In situations where the predicted MPE exceeds the General Population threshold in an accessible area as a result of emissions from multiple transmitters, FCC licensees that contribute greater than 5% of the aggregate MPE share responsibility for mitigation.

Based on the computational guidelines set forth in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Waterford Consultants, LLC has developed software to predict the overall Maximum Permissible Exposure possible at any particular location given the spatial orientation and operating parameters of multiple RF sources. These theoretical results represent worst-case predictions as emitters are assumed to be operating at 100% duty cycle.

Exhibit I Site 6 Zee Estates

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Page 1

For any area in excess of 100% General Population MPE, access controls with appropriate RF alerting signage must be put in place and maintained to restrict access to authorized personnel. Signage must be posted to be visible upon approach from any direction to provide notification of potential conditions within these areas. Subject to other site security requirements, occupational personnel should be trained in RF safety and equipped with personal protective equipment (e.g. RF personal monitor) designed for safe work in the vicinity of RF emitters. Controls such as physical barriers to entry imposed by locked doors, hatches and ladders or other access control mechanisms may be supplemented by alarms that alert the individual and notify site management of a breach in access control. Waterford Consultants, LLC recommends that any work activity in these designated areas or in front of any transmitting antennas be coordinated with all wireless tenants.

Analysis

AT&T Mobility proposes the following installation at this location:

- Install twelve (12) new panel antennas
- Install six (6) new RRUS-11, three (3) RRUS-12, twelve (12) RRUS-32

The antennas will be mounted on a 160-foot Monopine with centerlines at 150 and 140 feet above ground level. The antennas will be oriented toward 90, 330 and 210 degrees. The Effective Radiated Power (ERP) in any direction from all AT&T Mobility operations will not exceed 26,556 Watts. Other appurtenances such as RRUs and hybrid cable are not sources of RF emissions. From this site, AT&T Mobility will enhance voice and data services to surrounding areas in licensed 700, 850, 1900, 2100 and 2300 MHz bands. No other antennas are known to be operating in the vicinity of this site.

Power density decreases significantly with distance from any antenna. The panel-type antennas to be employed at this site are highly directional by design and the orientation in azimuth and mounting elevation, as documented, serve to reduce the potential to exceed MPE limits at any location other than directly in front of the antennas. For accessible areas at ground level, the maximum predicted power density level resulting from all AT&T Mobility operations is 0.4105% of the FCC General Population limits (0.0821% of the FCC Occupational limits). Incident at adjacent buildings depicted in Figure 1, the maximum predicted power density level resulting from all AT&T Mobility operations is 0.7055% of the FCC General Population limits (0.1411% of the FCC Occupational limits). The proposed operation will not expose members of the General Public to hazardous levels of RF energy and will not contribute to existing cumulative MPE levels on walkable surfaces at ground or at adjacent buildings by 5% of the General Population limits.

Waterford Consultants, LLC recommends posting contact information signage at the gate that informs personnel entering the site of basic precautions to be followed when working around antennas. RF alerting signage (Caution) should be posted at the base of the proposed Monopine to inform authorized climbers of potential conditions near the antennas. These recommendations are depicted in Figure 2.



Figure 1: Antenna Locations

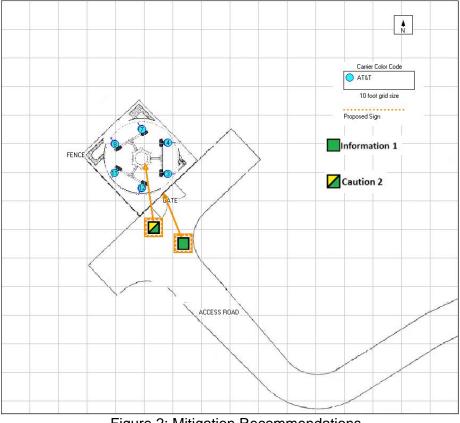


Figure 2: Mitigation Recommendations

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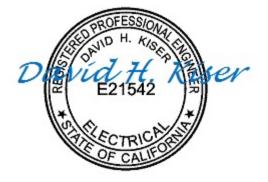
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Compliance Statement

Based on information provided by AT&T Mobility and predictive modeling, the installation proposed by AT&T Mobility at Gate Lane 1,000' South East of the intersection of Gate Lane and Salmon Falls Road, Pilot Hill, CA will be compliant with Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Limits of 47 C.F.R. § 1.1307(b)(3) and 1.1310. RF alerting signage and restricting access to the Monopine to authorized climbers that have completed RF safety training is required for Occupational environment compliance.

Certification

I, David H. Kiser, am the reviewer and approver of this report and am fully aware of and familiar with the Rules and Regulations of both the Federal Communications Commissions (FCC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) with regard to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation, specifically in accordance with FCC's OET Bulletin 65. I have reviewed this Radio Frequency Exposure Assessment report and believe it to be both true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.







PROJECT SUPPORT STATEMENT

AT&T PROJECT NAME: CONNECT AMERICA FUND II (CAF II) PROJECT

DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION FOR AT&T SITE "ZEE ESTATES"

AT&T SITE NUMBER: CVL03629

AUTHORIZED AGENT:

EPIC WIRELESS GROUP, LLC

ZONING MANAGER:

JARED KEARSLEY; 916-755-1326; jared.kearsley@epicwireless.net

PROPERTY OWNER: RICHARD AND ELLEN WOLFE

LANDOWNER CONTACT: 916-417-5937

APN: 104-370-24-100

GATE LANE, PILOT HILL, CA 95667

- PROJECT'S BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES
- SEARCH RING'S DESCRIPTION AND OBJECTIVES
- POTENTIAL CO-LOCATIONS
- ALTERNATIVE SITE ANALYSIS
- SUBJECT PARCEL AND SITE DETAILS AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS
- OPERATIONAL STATEMENT
- FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM
- OTHER CONSIDERATIONS RELATING TO NEW WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATION FACILITIES PURSUANT TO 17.14.210 AND 17.22.500 OF THE EL DORADO COUNTY ZONING CODE

Exhibit J Site 6 Zee Estates





Project Background and objectives:

AT&T is participating in a Federal Government funded project called Connect America Fund (CAF) – which is to provide underserved areas throughout the United States in general and throughout El Dorado County in particular with hi-speed broadband internet. The build-up of hi-speed broadband internet throughout rural/underserved areas will not only drive economic growth in rural America, but will expand the online marketplace nationwide, creating jobs, educational and businesses opportunities across the country. The CAF project is required to provide broadband internet services capable of 10 Mbps download and 1 Mbps upload speeds.

AT&T has the necessary technology that allows them to build out their territory in El Dorado County with the much demanded hi-speed broadband internet to help improve the county's rural infrastructure. AT&T's basis for transmitting and receiving hi-speed broadband internet to residences is executed by providing one site with either a microwave fiber hop or a direct fiber line to the site and transferring the high speeds of fiber to each Living Unit (LU) via wireless signals. Each LU being provided with the service will have a small square antenna located in a vantage point on the property where it has a direct line of site to the tower. The square antenna will send and receive wireless broadband internet providing the LU with a minimum of 10/1 Mbps download and upload speeds, respectively.

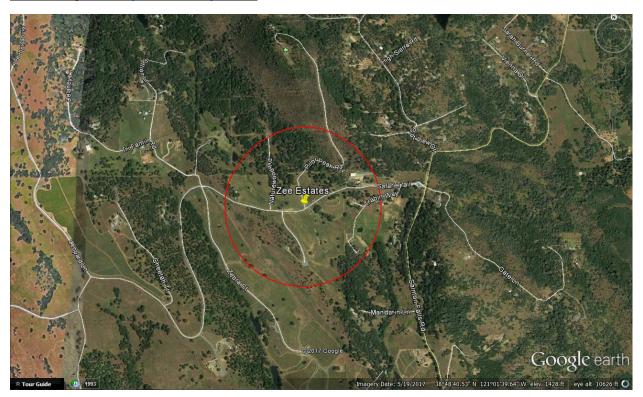
AT&T's secondary objective is to provide and enhance AT&T's Wireless Telecommunications services (cellular services) to underserved areas. Cellular services go hand in hand with building the internet infrastructure throughout these underserved areas. People today rely on their mobile devices not only for educational and business purposes, but also for emergency services. Increasing AT&T's cellular coverage and capacity throughout El Dorado County's rural areas while providing wireless broadband internet will greatly assist with enhancing the county's economic growth and the area's infrastructure.

Given the need for direct line of site to residences, a taller than typical tower will be necessary in order to provide wireless broadband internet services to as many homes in the targeted areas as possible. During the tower design phase, the Radio Frequency (RF) engineer study many variables including surrounding tree heights, tree densities, population densities, and surrounding hill tops, in order to properly design a sufficient tower height with the goal of achieving the FCC's track census block mandates of reaching specific LU coverage objectives per area. Living Unit (LU) coverage objectives are provided by the RF engineer using density maps and are based on the area's approximate population. AT&T's goal is not only to reach the coverage objective, but to outperform the coverage objective to ensure that the maximum amount of homes are being provided this service while taking into consideration a small margin of error during the simulation process.





Search Ring's Description and Objectives:



AT&T Mobility is proposing to build and maintain an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility consisting of a 30' x 45' (1350) square foot enclosed compound (lease area). The compound will include a 160 foot Stealth Monopine tower, one equipment shelter, one 35kw standby propane generator, and one 500 gallon propane tank. This facility will be located right off of Gate Lane, within El Dorado County's jurisdiction in a 60 acre LA-10 zone. The site is approximately 1.3 miles east of Acorn Creek and the area consists of evergreen trees, and rolling hills with rocky terrain.

AT&T's objective for the Zee Estates site is to provide wireless hi-speed broadband internet and cellular services to the nearby residences. This site is to provide hi-speed internet and enhanced cellular coverage & capacity to the Pilot Hill area, in all directions of the search ring which is a relatively dense underserved area. The site location's elevation is approximately 1,560 feet while the surrounding community's elevation averages around 1,450 feet, giving the homes within the community great potential for line of site to the tower. After running a coverage simulation at the site location, AT&T is anticipating meeting their FCC objective for this Search Ring.

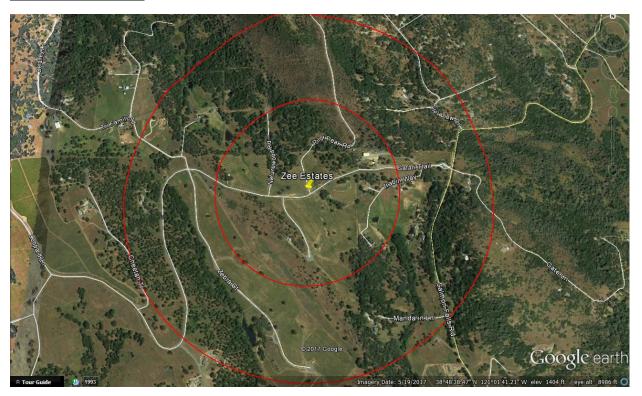
The Search Ring comprises of properties within Safari Estates HOA community. The properties are affected by CC&Rs that restricts commercial building such as a wireless facility. For this reason, Epic was forced to search to the east, north, and south of the Search Ring. The RF Engineer approved Candidate A, the subject property, as primary candidate to work in conjunction with AT&T's Pilot Hill site located on Salmon Falls Road. Candidates B and C became unsatisfactory given their close proximity to AT&T's Pilot Hill site.





Potential Co-locations:

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There are no potential Co-location opportunities in the near vicinity of the provided Search Ring. The targeted area is a relatively low populated area, therefore, typical cellular services are less prone to be present.

The nearest El Dorado Approved Tower is AT&T's Pilot Hill proposed tower located on Salmon Falls Road, 1.25 miles to the northeast of the center of AT&T's Search Ring. The nearest existing Tower is located in Pilot Hill northeast of AT&T's proposed Pilot Hill site, which is 1.85 miles northeast of the Zee Estates' Search Ring.



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on Behalf of

Alternative Site Analysis pursuant to 17.14.210 (B) (1):



Above is a map showing the Search Ring (center is the red pin), Proposed Site (green pin) and the two alternative sites (yellow pins) that were considered for placement of the telecommunications facility. Each Alternative Site is discussed below:





Zee Estates Alternative Candidate B:

4150 Pilot View Court, Pilot Hill, CA 95664

Latitude/Longitude: 38.819931, -121.031460

Proposal – New Tower



Considerations:

Candidate B is located approximately 0.60 miles north of the center of AT&T's search ring. The proposed tower would be located on a 5.26 acre, RE-5 zoned property owned by Brian Cummings. The property is located on the south side of Pilot View Court and the site was proposed on the west side of the property. Candidate B was chosen as AT&T's second preferred candidate as the RF Engineer's simulation yielded 18% fewer LU's than the subject site located at Gate Lane (Subject Parcel) and the site location conflicted with AT&T's Pilot Hill coverage. No Oak Woodland's would be required to be removed for this location. The surrounding Land Use is LDR and RR. The nearest homes are approximately 300 feet from the site location. The site location would be well suited for a wireless facility, however, the RF engineer disqualified the property after Pilot Hill site was selected and ultimately approved by the County.





Zee Estates Alternative Candidate C:

5081 Salmon Falls Road, Pilot Hill, CA 95664

Latitude/Longitude: 38.819348, -121.008285

Proposal – New Tower



Considerations:

Candidate C is located approximately 1.2 miles north-east of the center of AT&T's search ring. The proposed tower would be located on a 145 acre, LA-10 zoned property owned by Richard and Ellen Wolfe. The property is located on the east side of Salmon Falls Road and the site was proposed on the north side of the property. Candidate C was chosen as AT&T's third preferred candidate as the RF Engineer's simulation yielded 22% fewer LU's than the subject site located at Gate Lane (Subject Parcel) and the site location conflicted with AT&T's Pilot Hill coverage. No Oak Woodland's would be required to be removed for this location. The surrounding Land Use is LDR and RR. The nearest homes are approximately 555 feet from the site location. The site location would be well suited for a wireless facility, however, the RF engineer disqualified the property after Pilot Hill site was selected and ultimately approved by the County.





Additional alternative sites considered and letters of interest sent out but received either no response by landlords or uninterested landlords or land affected by CC&Rs included the following parcels:

Safari Estates, Pilot Hill, CA 95664 – APN: 104-461-08; Owner: Safari Estates (CC&Rs)

Safari Estates, Pilot Hill, CA 95664 – APN: 104-130-45; Owner: Jeffrey Barcal (Interested, but, contacted Epic post County Submittal) (CC&Rs)

4100 Pilot View Court, Pilot Hill, CA 95664 – APN: 104-130-42; Owner: Michael & Corrinne Merrick

860 Gate Lane, Pilot Hill, CA 95664 – APN: 104-370-25; Property was up for sale during the feasibility stage

4448 Zebra Ct., Pilot Hill, CA 95664 – APN: 104-462-05; Owner: Carl Ross (CC&Rs)

1100 Cheetah Trail, Pilot Hill, CA 95664 – APN: 104-471-06; Owner: Safari Estates (CC&Rs)





Actual View of the Proposed Location:

The proposed lease area is located on the south-west side of the subject property. The site will not interfere with the existing Land Use of the property (LDR). Access will be directly off of Gate Lane. The site is elevated above the surrounding area and has great potential for line of site to the communities down below the subject parcel. The subject parcel is one of few that are not within the affected CC&R area. The few other non-CC&R properties are either uninterested or are too low in elevation resulting in insufficient coverage. The nearest home to the site location is approximately 300 feet to the north west which is substantially below grad from the site location. The next nearest home is approximately 610 feet due southeast. This property is elevated just above the site location. The site location doesn't appear to obstruct a premier viewpoint of this residence. Between two and five Oak Woodland will be required to be removed, pending utility boring/trenching. No Special Species or animals will be affected by the installation, per Sycamore Environmental Consultants, Inc.







Planning Services

PARCEL DATA INFORMATION

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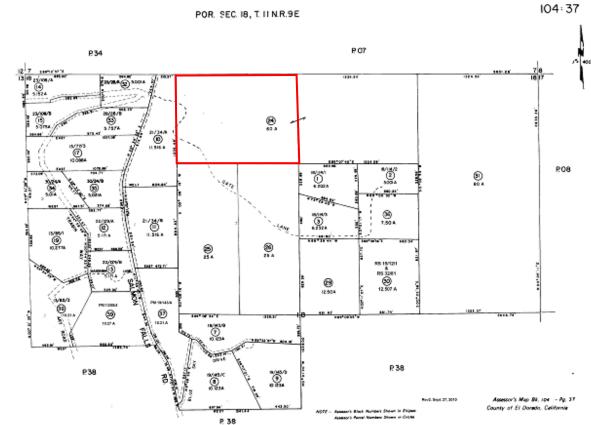
Enter Another Parcel

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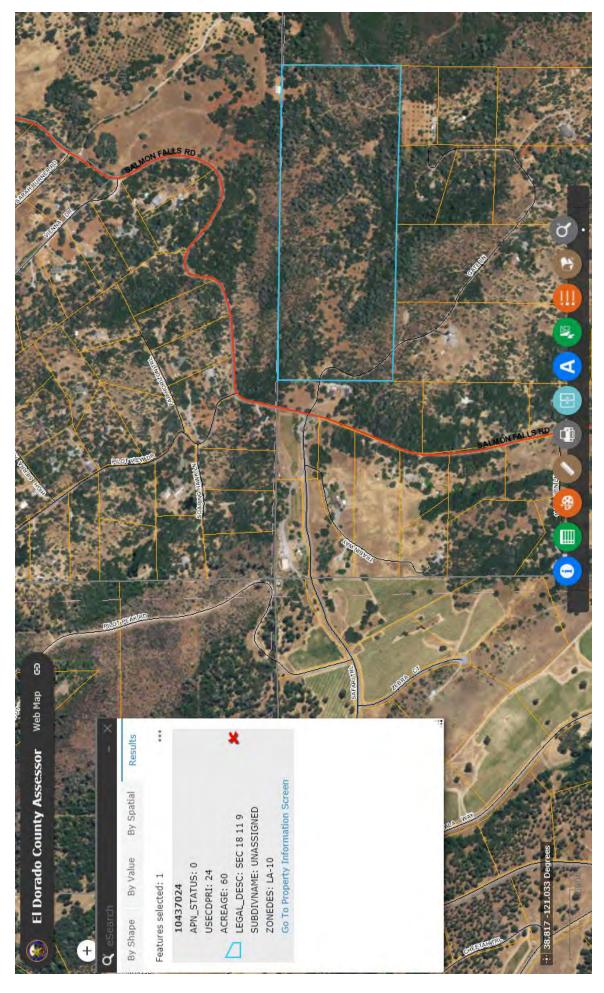
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		SSESSMENT ROLL AND 1				COUN	TY OF EL	DORADO		83 - 50		RURAL SPEC		60
2015 GENER	AL PLAN	LAND USE INFORMATIC	DN:											
LAND USE DES.	AG DIST.	ECOLOGICAL PRESERVES	IMPORTAN COR	T BIOLC								ADOPTED PLAN NAME		
LDR				BC										
2015 ZONING	INFORM	IATION:						-						
Z		DESIGNATION	D	ESIGN	CONTROL			PLANNED	DEVEL	OPMENT			OTHER C	VERLAYS
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2004 GENER	AL PLAN	LAND USE INFORMATIC	Ń:											
LAND USE DES.	AG DIST.	ECOLOGICAL PRESERVES		PORTANT BIOLOGICAL CORRIDOR		MINE RESOU		PLATTED LANDS					SPECIFIC PLANS	ADOPTED PLAN NAME
LDR				BC										
2004 ZONING	INFORM	IATION:												
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		AE												
DISTRICTS:														
		FIRE			CSD			SC	HOOL			WATER		
	EL	DORADO COUNTY FPD						BLACK OAK	MINE U	INIFIED			UNA	SSIGNED
FLOOD ZONE	INFORM	ATION (See Note below):												
F	RM PAN	EL NUMBER & REVISION			PANEL RE	VISION DA	ATE .	FLOOD	ZONE	F	LOOD Z	ONE BU	JFFER	FLOODWAY
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MISCELLANE	OUSDA	TA:												
SI	JPERVIS	ORIAL DISTRICT	AG	PRESE	RVE		RAR	E PLANT MITIG	ATION	AREA			MISSOURI FL	AT MC&FP
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REMARKS:														
No Eligibility I	Review R	equired												
NOTE: The floo	d zone info	rmation presented here is based	solely on data de	rived fron	the FEMA F	lood Informati	ion Rate Ma	ps, and does not inc	lude data	from any other flo	ood studie	S .		

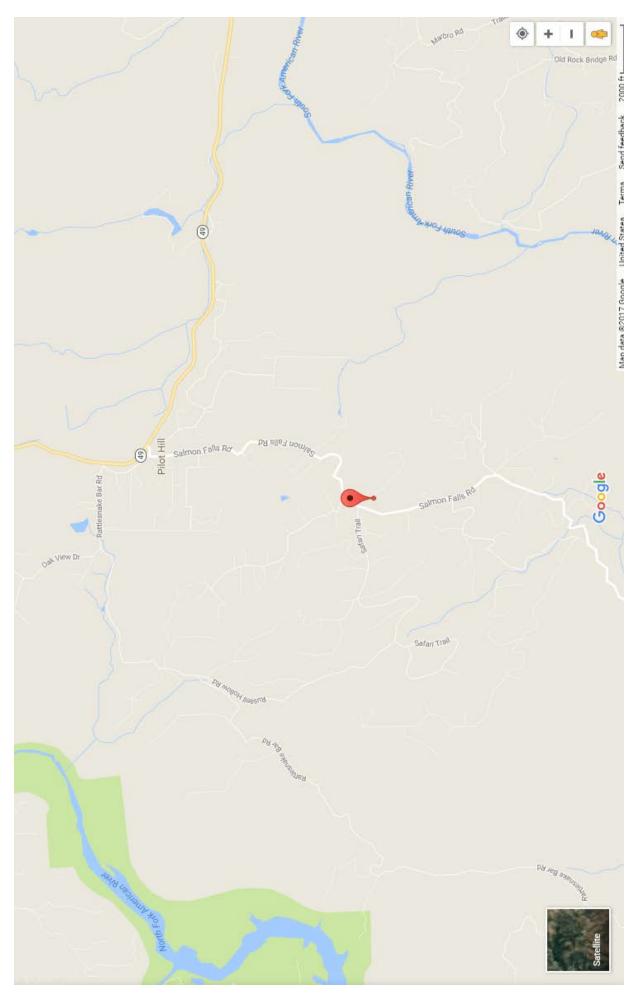






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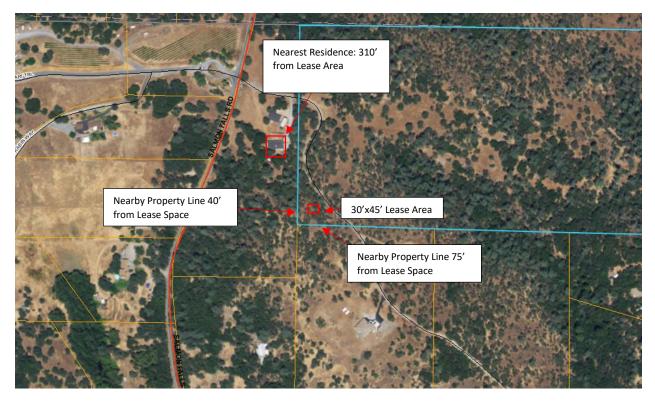


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Connecting a Wireless World on Behalf of Overhead View of Lease Area and Distances to nearby residences:

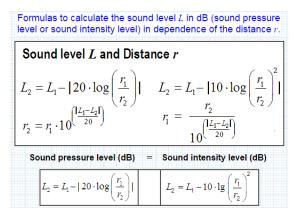


Emergency 35kw Propane Generator and 4 Ton HVAC Noise Analysis:

• Equation and Calculation Method:

The sound analysis methods and results are hypothetical only, using Sound Level and Distance calculations. These calculations do not take outside sounds, trees, hills, buildings, and other sound dampening variables into consideration, but, only raw sound levels after specific traveled distances which results in the worst case scenario for the sounds of the onsite backup generator and HVAC systems.

The use of emergency equipment is exempted from these limits per section 130.37.20(B).





🨂 at&t

on Behalf of

Sound Specifications:

- Emergency Generator Model: SG035 Generac
 - Average decibel (dBa) level at 23 feet = 64.9 dBa
- HVAC Model: ASDCA48
 - Average decibel (dBa) level at 50 feet = 57 dBa

Sound Specifications while taking the Sound Blanket into consideration:

- Emergency Generator Model: SG035 Generac
 - Average decibel (dBa) level at 23 feet = 58.11 dBa
- HVAC Model: ASDCA48
 - Average decibel (dBa) level at 50 feet = 46.36 dB

Findings:

- 1. Distance to the nearest property line = 40'
 - a. Generator Decibel level at 40' = 53.3 dBa
 - b. HVAC Decibel level at 40' = 48.3 dBa
- 2. Distance to alternative nearest property line = 75'
 - a. Generator Decibel level at 75' = <mark>47.84 dBa</mark>
 - b. HVAC Decibel level at 75' = <mark>42.84 dBa</mark>
- 3. Distance to a nearest residence = 310
 - a. Generator Decibel level at 310' = 35.52 dBa
 - b. HVAC Decibel level at 310' = 30.51 dBa

Conclusion:

After calculating all decibel levels at each nearby residence's property line and actual residence, the onsite Emergency Backup Generator and HVAC systems are <u>within</u> El Dorado County's noise level standards according to El Dorado County Title 130 Zoning and Noise Ordinance, Chapter 130.37 – Noise Standards.

Table 1 – Eldorado County Table 130.37.060.1 Noise Level Performance Standards for Noise Sensitive Land Uses Affected by Non-Transportation Sources

Noise Level	Daytir 7 a.m. – 7		Eveni 7 p.m. – 1	<u> </u>	Nigh 10 p.m. –	
Descriptor	Community / Rural Centers	Rural Regions	Community / Rural Centers	Rural Regions	Community / Rural Centers	
Hourly Leq, dBA	55	50	50	45	45	40
Maximum Level, dBA	70	60	60	55	55	50

BBC-13X Sound Curtains

Sound Seal's **BBC-13X** offers the benefits of both a noise barrier and a sound absorber for outdoor applications. The BBC-13X consists of a one-inch thick vinyl-coated-fiberglass-cloth faced quilted fiberglass that is bonded to a one-pound per sq. ft. reinforced loaded vinyl noise barrier. **"X"** style Sound Curtain panels are constructed with grommets across the top and **bottom**, **and exterior grade** Velcro seals along the vertical edges. The product is also available in roll form with edges bound or unbound.

- Class A (or 1) flammability rated per ASTM E 84
- For use on Indoor or Outdoor Applications
- Available facing colors: gray, tan, black, or off-white
- Available barrier colors: gray, tan, blue or olive drab

Applications:

Even in the harshest environments, with a minimum life span of 5 years* and wind load ratings of 120 mph, this product is typically used as a temporary noise barrier on outdoor applications such as construction site noise mitigation projects. Also available with a two-pound psf noise barrier or a two-inch thick quilted fiberglass sound absorber for better acoustical performance.

Product Data:

Description	Vinyl coated fiberglass cloth facing on 1" quilted fiberglass
	1lb-psf reinforced loaded vinyl barrier
Flammability	Flame Spread: 23.0
	Smoke density: 30.0
Nominal thickness	1.0 inch
Temperature range	-20° to +180° F
Standard roll size	54" wide x 25' long
Weight	1.2 lb psf

Acoustical Performance:

	Sound Transmission Loss										
		OCTAVE BAND FREQUENCIES (Hz)									
Product	125	125 250 500 1000 2000 4000 STC									
BBC-13 X	11	16	24	30	35	35	27				

ASTM E-90 & E 413

Sound Absorption Data

		OCTAVE BAND FREQUENCIES (Hz)								
Product	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	NRC			
BBC-13 X	.12	.47	.85	.84	.64	.62	.70			

ASTM C 423

* when properly installed.







Operation Statement:

This project is an AT&T Mobility unmanned Telecommunication Wireless Facility. It will consist of the following:

NEW SITE BUILD UNMANNED TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY.

- 1. (1) NEW 15' WIDE GRAVEL ACCESS ROAD
- 2. (1) NEW 30' X 45' FENCED LEASE AREA
- 3. (1) NEW 6' CHAIN LINK FENCE
- 4. (1) NEW 12' WIDE DOUBLE ACCESS GATE
- 5. (1) NEW 160' MONOPINE TOWER
- 6. (1) NEW PRE-FAB EQUIPMENT SHELTER
- 7. (1) NEW GPS ANTENNA
- 8. (1) NEW 35KW PROPANE GENERATOR
- 9. (1) LP PROPANE TANK (500 GALLON)
- 10. (12) NEW ANTENNAS
- 11. (6) NEW RRUS-11, (3) NEW RRUSS-12 & (12) RRUS-32
- 12. (4) NEW SURGE SUPPRESSORS
- 13. (2) FUTURE 4' M/W DISH

The facility will operate 24 hours a day 7 days a week. Maintenance workers will visit the site approximately once a month. A 15 foot wide access route will be created directly from Snows Road. There will be minimal noise from the standby generator, turning on once a week for 15 minutes for maintenance purposes and during emergency power outages. The Facility is approximately 40' feet east and 75 feet north of the nearest property lines and approximately 310 feet south-east of the nearest residence. The location is surrounded by evergreen trees which will naturally stealth the facility. The surrounding area is covered with evergreen tree backdrops. The tower will be built to provide co-location opportunities.

Fire Suppression System:

A 15 foot wide access route will be created directly from Gate Lane. A Hammer Head Fire Turnaround will be proposed within the access route. A Fire Department Knox Box will be located at the Facility's access gate. The nearest Fire Department is only 1.3 miles from the Proposed Facility. Additionally, a 2A:20BC Rated Fire Extinguisher in a weather resistant cabinet will be mounted on the exterior wall of the proposed shelter.



🨂 at&t

on Behalf of

Conclusion:

Candidate A, Gate Lane, meets the FCC's mandated objectives for the targeted area of Zee Estates and is the best choice for the surrounding area. The chosen location will meet and exceed the FCC's mandated coverage objectives with providing hi-speed broadband internet to the homes in the Targeted Area of El Dorado County. The Stealth Monopine Tower design has been chosen to blend into the existing surrounding environment as the least intrusive means while filling AT&T's significant gap in coverage. The property's surrounding foliage and tree canopy will naturally camouflage the facility thereby proving low visual impact to the surrounding residents. Existing CC&R's on the surrounding properties prevent building commercial projects on said properties, forcing AT&T to a non-CC&R property. Between two and five Oak Woodlands will be removed or significantly impacted, pending utility trenching/boring. No special species or protected animals will be impacted per the biological resource assessment prepared by Sycamore Environmental Consultants, Inc.

LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION TO FILE PERMIT APPLICATIONS

Re: El Dorado County <u>APN # 104-370-24-100</u>

To Whom It May Concern:

The undersigned, Landlord, are the owners of the property located in Pilot Hill, CA 95664, County Assessor's Parcel No. #104-370-24-100, that is the subject of an CUP application for a new Telecommunications Facility. The undersigned has leased a portion of the property to AT&T Mobility C/O Epic Wirelss Group, and hereby authorizes Epic Wireless Group, its agent, to act as applicant to obtain any and all permits required for the approval and construction of this antenna/communication facility.

Landlord/Lessor: Wolfe Family Trust / Rick Wolfe

Richard Wolfe

Landlord

July 7, 2017

Date

Ref ID: zee estates

Property Detail Report

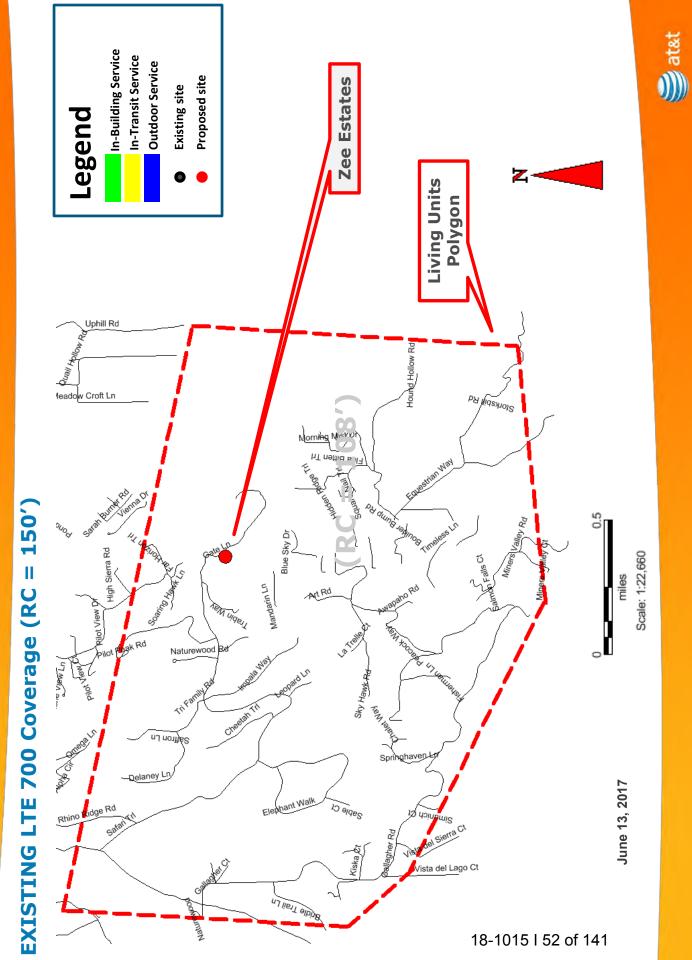
For Property Located At : , PILOT HILL, CA 95664

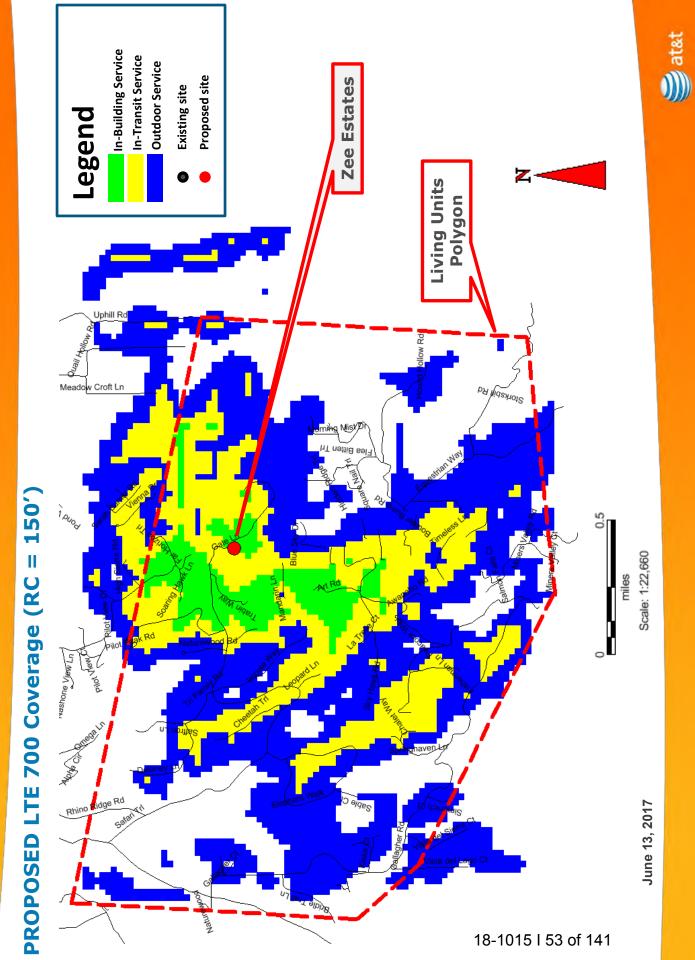


Owner Information Owner Name: Mailing Address: Vesting Codes:		AMILY TRUST ADOW BROOK PL, GRA	ANITE BAY CA 95746-9	9644 R037		
Location Information Legal Description: County: Census Tract / Block: Township-Range-Sect: Legal Book/Page: Legal Lot: Legal Block: Market Area: Neighbor Code:	SEC 18 1 EL DORA 306.01 / 11-09-18 7		APN: Alternate APN: Subdivision: Map Reference: Tract #: School District: School District Nam Munic/Township:	ne:	104-37 /	70-24-100 70-24-100 K OAK MINE
Owner Transfer Infor Recording/Sale Date: Sale Price: Document #: Last Market Sale Info	05/16/20 ⁷ 21215	16 / 05/12/2016	Deed Type: 1st Mtg Document #	# :	QUIT C	CLAIM DEED
Recording/Sale Date: Sale Price: Sale Type: Document #: Deed Type: Transfer Document #: New Construction: Title Company: Lender: Seller Name:	07/24/20 \$1,000,00 FULL 38467 GRANT E INTER-C0 PRIVATE		1st Mtg Amount/Typ 1st Mtg Int. Rate/Tyj 1st Mtg Document # 2nd Mtg Amount/Ty 2nd Mtg Int. Rate/Ty Price Per SqFt: Multi/Split Sale:	pe: #: pe:	\$495,0 / 38468 / / MULTI	00 / PRIVATE PARTY
Prior Sale Informatio Prior Rec/Sale Date: Prior Sale Price: Prior Doc Number: Prior Deed Type:		99 / 07/15/1999 DEED	Prior Lender: Prior 1st Mtg Amt/Ty Prior 1st Mtg Rate/T		/ /	
Property Characteris Year Built / Eff: / Gross Area: Building Area: Tot Adj Area: Above Grade: # of Stories: Other Improvements:	tics	Total Rooms/Offices Total Restrooms: Roof Type: Roof Material: Construction: Foundation: Exterior wall: Basement Area:		Garage Area: Garage Capaci Parking Spaces Heat Type: Air Cond: Pool: Quality: Condition:		
Site Information						
Land Use: LA Site Influence:	E 613,600 GRICULTURAL AND	Acres: Lot Width/Depth: Commercial Units: Sewer Type:	60.00 x	County Use: State Use: Water Type: Building Class:		RURAL LAND OVER 20 AC (24)
Land Value: \$2 Improvement Value:	217,460 217,460 217,460	Assessed Year: Improved %: Tax Year:	2016 2016	Property Tax: Tax Area: Tax Exemption:		\$2,262.66 083050

CVL03629 Zoning Propagation Map

June 13, 2017







Radio Frequency Emissions Compliance Report For AT&T MobilitySite Name:Zee EstatesSite Structure Type:MonopineAddress:Gate Lane 1,000' South East of theLatitude:38.810023

intersection of Gate Lane and			
Salmon Falls Road			
Pilot Hill, CA	Longitude:	-121.020325	
July 17, 2017	Project:	New Build	
	Salmon Falls Road	Salmon Falls Road Pilot Hill, CA Longitude:	Salmon Falls RoadPilot Hill, CALongitude: -121.020325

General Summary

AT&T Mobility has contracted Waterford Consultants, LLC to conduct a Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Compliance assessment of the proposed Zee Estates site located at Gate Lane 1,000' South East of the intersection of Gate Lane and Salmon Falls Road, Pilot Hill, CA. This report contains information about the radio telecommunications equipment to be installed at this site and the surrounding environment with regard to RF Hazard compliance. This assessment is based on installation designs and operational parameters provided by AT&T Mobility.

The compliance framework is derived from the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules and Regulations for preventing human exposure in excess of the applicable Maximum Permissible Exposure ("MPE") limits. At any location at this site, the power density resulting from each transmitter may be expressed as a percentage of the frequency-specific limits and added to determine if 100% of the exposure limit has been exceeded. The FCC Rules define two tiers of permissible exposure differentiated by the situation in which the exposure takes place and/or the status of the individuals who are subject to exposure. General Population / Uncontrolled exposure limits apply to those situations in which persons may not be aware of the presence of electromagnetic energy, where exposure is not employment-related, or where persons cannot exercise control over their exposure. Occupational / Controlled exposure limits apply to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure, and can exercise control over their exposure.

	Limits for General Populat	ion/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Limits for Occupational/	Controlled Exposure
Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
30-300	0.2	30	1	6
300-1500	f/1500	30	f/300	6
1500-100,000	1.0	30	5.0	6

f=Frequency (MHz)

In situations where the predicted MPE exceeds the General Population threshold in an accessible area as a result of emissions from multiple transmitters, FCC licensees that contribute greater than 5% of the aggregate MPE share responsibility for mitigation.

Based on the computational guidelines set forth in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Waterford Consultants, LLC has developed software to predict the overall Maximum Permissible Exposure possible at any particular location given the spatial orientation and operating parameters of multiple RF sources. These theoretical results represent worst-case predictions as emitters are assumed to be operating at 100% duty cycle.

Page 1

Waterford Consultants, LLC • 201 Loudoun Street Southeast Suite 300 • Leesburg, Virginia 20175 • 703.596.1022

For any area in excess of 100% General Population MPE, access controls with appropriate RF alerting signage must be put in place and maintained to restrict access to authorized personnel. Signage must be posted to be visible upon approach from any direction to provide notification of potential conditions within these areas. Subject to other site security requirements, occupational personnel should be trained in RF safety and equipped with personal protective equipment (e.g. RF personal monitor) designed for safe work in the vicinity of RF emitters. Controls such as physical barriers to entry imposed by locked doors, hatches and ladders or other access control mechanisms may be supplemented by alarms that alert the individual and notify site management of a breach in access control. Waterford Consultants, LLC recommends that any work activity in these designated areas or in front of any transmitting antennas be coordinated with all wireless tenants.

Analysis

AT&T Mobility proposes the following installation at this location:

- Install twelve (12) new panel antennas
- Install six (6) new RRUS-11, three (3) RRUS-12, twelve (12) RRUS-32

The antennas will be mounted on a 160-foot Monopine with centerlines at 150 and 140 feet above ground level. The antennas will be oriented toward 90, 330 and 210 degrees. The Effective Radiated Power (ERP) in any direction from all AT&T Mobility operations will not exceed 26,556 Watts. Other appurtenances such as RRUs and hybrid cable are not sources of RF emissions. From this site, AT&T Mobility will enhance voice and data services to surrounding areas in licensed 700, 850, 1900, 2100 and 2300 MHz bands. No other antennas are known to be operating in the vicinity of this site.

Power density decreases significantly with distance from any antenna. The panel-type antennas to be employed at this site are highly directional by design and the orientation in azimuth and mounting elevation, as documented, serve to reduce the potential to exceed MPE limits at any location other than directly in front of the antennas. For accessible areas at ground level, the maximum predicted power density level resulting from all AT&T Mobility operations is 0.4105% of the FCC General Population limits (0.0821% of the FCC Occupational limits). Incident at adjacent buildings depicted in Figure 1, the maximum predicted power density level resulting from all AT&T Mobility operations is 0.7055% of the FCC General Population limits (0.1411% of the FCC Occupational limits). The proposed operation will not expose members of the General Public to hazardous levels of RF energy and will not contribute to existing cumulative MPE levels on walkable surfaces at ground or at adjacent buildings by 5% of the General Population limits.

Waterford Consultants, LLC recommends posting contact information signage at the gate that informs personnel entering the site of basic precautions to be followed when working around antennas. RF alerting signage (Caution) should be posted at the base of the proposed Monopine to inform authorized climbers of potential conditions near the antennas. These recommendations are depicted in Figure 2.



Figure 1: Antenna Locations

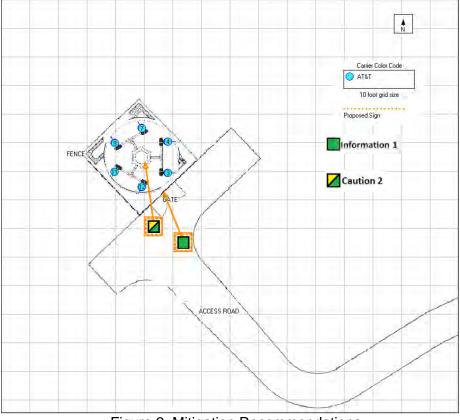


Figure 2: Mitigation Recommendations

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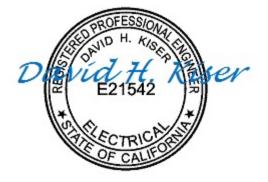
18-1015 | 56 of 141

Compliance Statement

Based on information provided by AT&T Mobility and predictive modeling, the installation proposed by AT&T Mobility at Gate Lane 1,000' South East of the intersection of Gate Lane and Salmon Falls Road, Pilot Hill, CA will be compliant with Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Limits of 47 C.F.R. § 1.1307(b)(3) and 1.1310. RF alerting signage and restricting access to the Monopine to authorized climbers that have completed RF safety training is required for Occupational environment compliance.

Certification

I, David H. Kiser, am the reviewer and approver of this report and am fully aware of and familiar with the Rules and Regulations of both the Federal Communications Commissions (FCC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) with regard to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation, specifically in accordance with FCC's OET Bulletin 65. I have reviewed this Radio Frequency Exposure Assessment report and believe it to be both true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.





Marvair DC Free Air HVAC Unit with 48 VDC Evaporator Fan Motor, 100% Free Cooling and CoolLinks™ Controller

Models ASDCA36-42-48-60-72

PRELIMINARY

General Description

The Marvair[®] ComPac[®] II air conditioners are designed to cool telecommunications shelters where the high internal heat load requires year round cooling-even when ambient temperatures are below 60°F (15°C). To provide cooling during a wide range of ambient conditions, the ASDCA air conditioners have the necessary controls and components for year round cooling. The unit uses the non-ozone depleting R-410A refrigerant.

DC power provides emergency cooling/ventilation

Should there be loss of power to the site, the Marvair DC Free Air unit will continue to cool/ventilate the site by utilizing DC power to introduce outside air into the shelter for free cooling. The DC Free Air unit will continue to ventilate the site and extend the run time of the equipment until battery power is exhausted or, at the minimum, owner specified pull down of battery drain.



ASDCA36

The ASDCA models operate on both AC and DC power. The compressor, condenser fan motor and electric heat operate on AC power, but the evaporator motors, the 100% free cooling economizer damper and the internal control board operate on DC power – an inverter is **not** required. Since these key components are all powered by 48 VDC – the same 48 VDC power used by the shelter's radios- they are always operational.

The 48 VDC power supply connects to an internal DC breaker. From this breaker, power is supplied to the DC indoor blower and control board. A 48 VDC to 24 VDC converter powers the 100% DC free cooling damper.

Free Cooling with the Marvair 100% Full flow Economizer

When the outside air is cool and dry, the economizer damper opens and draws in filtered, outside air to cool the shelter. The Marvair 100% full flow economizer means the same CFM of outside air is brought into the shelter as the rated air flow of the unit. The innovative design of the full flow economizer assembly also allows outside air to exit the building – pressure relief- when the full flow economizer is operating. This design eliminates the need for additional, costly penetrations in the shelter.

Free cooling provides temperature control, energy savings, and increased reliability by decreasing the operating hours of the compressor and the condenser fan. To insure proper operation and optimum performance, all economizers are non-removable, factory installed and tested.

ComPac PDS 9/2013

CoolLinks[™] PLC controller

The Siemens PLC-based CoolLinks controller sequences the operation of the two Marvair ComPac II units to ensure the most energy-efficient conditioning of the shelter space and the most balanced use of the conditioning equipment. The CoolLinks system determines the need to cool or heat the shelter based on an indoor temperature sensor and outside temperature/humidity sensor connected directly to the controller. When cooling or heating is required, the controller selects the unit that was not running in the previous cooling/heating cycle. This lead/lag operation ensures that each unit receives equal runtime and therefore extends the operating life of the units. In the event that one of the units is unavailable, for example, scheduled maintenance, the system will automatically select the active unit. Similarly, if the internal shelter temperature continues to rise/fall, the system will run both units.

For cooling requests, the CoolLinks controller first examines the external shelter conditions to establish whether DC Free Cooling is possible. If acceptable, the 100% full flow economizer damper on the lead unit is opened to 100%. The damper then modulates its position, regulated by the controller, to cool the shelter to the target set point. During extreme cold outdoor temperatures this prevents "shocking" the equipment in the shelter.

If DC Free Cooling is active on one unit and the internal temperature continues to rise, DC Free Cooling will then be activated on the second unit. Should the temperature continue to rise, the DC Free Cooling will be disabled on both units, both economizer dampers will be closed, and mechanical cooling activated on the lead unit. The control scheme allows the CoolLinks controller to make as efficient use of the external air as possible to minimize HVAC power consumption.

The CoolLinks controller communicates with the Marvair air conditioners over Ethernet. Should communications between the controller and one of the units fail, the unit will continue to run in stand-alone mode and cool to a mixed-air set point of 55°F (12.8°C). Whenever communications are restored, the CoolLinks controller will assume control of the air conditioner. An Ethernet connection is also provided for a SNMP interface through which the Network Operations Center can receive traps (alarms), monitor/change cooling and heating set points, and monitor HVAC unit and system operational parameters.

Air Conditioner Alarms and Lockouts

Each air conditioner is monitored over Ethernet and if a problem is detected, an alarm is generated. The alarm is displayed on the CoolLinks PLC in the shelter **and** sent via SNMP trap to the network operations center.

- High Pressure Alarm the refrigerant pressure has exceeded the set point pressure *once* in a cooling cycle. The air conditioner will continue to operate, but notification is sent that there is a high pressure fault.
- High Pressure Lockout Alarm the refrigerant pressure has exceeded the set point pressure *twice* in a cooling cycle. The air conditioner will shut down and notification will be sent that there is a high pressure lockout.
- Low Pressure Alarm the refrigerant pressure has dropped below the set point pressure *once* in a cooling cycle. The air conditioner will continue to operate, but notification is sent that there is a low pressure fault.
- Low Pressure Lockout Alarm the refrigerant pressure has dropped below the set point pressure *twice* in a cooling cycle. The air conditioner will shut down and notification will be sent that there is a low pressure lockout.
- Damper Alarm if the 100% full flow damper does not open when required, an alarm notification is sent that the damper is not open.
- Dirty Filter Alarm a switch monitors the pressure on either side of the filter. If the differential pressure exceeds the set point pressure, an alarm notification is sent that there is not sufficient air flow through the filter.
- Communications Alarm a signal is sent if there is a loss of communication between the air conditioner and the CoolLinks controller.

Shelter & System Alarms

- In addition to the HVAC alarms, the CooLinks controller also provides Shelter and System alarms. The alarm is displayed on the CoolLinks PLC in the shelter **and** also sent via SNMP trap to the network operations center.
- First Stage High Temperature Alarm Inside temperature above 85°F (29.4°C).
- Second Stage High Temperature Alarm Inside temperature above 90°F (32.2°C).
- Low Temperature Alarm Inside temperature is below 45°F (7.2°C).
- Landline Power Alarm A loss of landline power.
- Smoke Alarm If the smoke sensor input to the CoolLinks system is active, the Compressor, Heater, and Indoor Blower Motor on both HVAC units will be shut down and the damper will closed completely. This will stop air flow within the shelter.
- Hydrogen Detector Alarm- If the hydrogen sensor input to the CoolLinks system is active, the damper(s) on units that are not currently in mechanically cooling will be fully opened and the Indoor Blower Motor(s) will be turned on. This will expel noxious gases and introduce outside air into the shelter. If one unit is in mechanical cooling, it will continue to run. The other air conditioner will turn on and operate in the emergency ventilation mode.
- Generator Operation Alarm If the generator running input to the CoolLinks system is active, only one HVAC unit will be permitted to run in mechanical cooling. As the generator is typically sized to run only one HVAC unit, this ensures that the generator load is not exceeded.

Remote Access Data Points

Through the Ethernet connection, the network operations center can monitor and change various data points in the HVAC system and the shelter.

Data Points which can be monitored **and** changed:

- First Stage Cooling Set Point Temperature
- Second Stage Cooling Set Point Differential Temperature
- First Stage Heating Set Point Temperature
- Second Stage Heating Set Point Differential Temperature

Data points which can only be monitored:

- Inside Temperature Current
- Outside Temperature Current
- Outside Humidity Current
- Dew point Current
- Inside Temperature Average Last Hour
- Outside Temperature Average Last Hour
- Outside Humidity Average Last Hour
- Dew point Average Last Hour
- Unit 1 & Unit 2 Mechanical Cooling Time Last Hour
- Unit 1 & Unit 2 Mechanical Cooling Requests Last Hour
- Unit 1 & Unit 2 DC Free Air Cooling Time Last Hour
- Unit 1 & Unit 2 DC Free Air Cooling Requests Last Hour
- Unit 1 & Unit 2 Heating Time Last Hour
- Unit 1 & Unit 2 Heating Requests Last Hour

Standard Features

Designed for Operation in Low Ambient Conditions

- Low ambient control cycles condenser fan to maintain proper refrigerant pressures. Allows operation in mechanical cooling (compressor) down to 0°F (-18°C). Note: low temperature operation is affected by ambient conditions, e.g. wind and humidity.
- Three minute by-pass of the low pressure switch for startup of compressor when outdoor temperatures are below 55°F (13°C).
- Factory built-in economizer.

High Efficiency

- High efficiency compressor.
- Lanced fins standard on all evaporator and condenser coils.

Built-in Reliability

- High pressure switch and low pressure switch with lockout protects refrigerant circuit.
- Adjustable .03 to ten minute delay on make for short cycle protection.

Ease of Installation

- Sloped top with flashing eliminates Service access valves are need of rain hood.
- Built-in mounting flanges facilitate Standard 2" (50 mm) pleated installation and minimize chance of water leaks.
- Supply and return openings exactly match previous models.
- Factory installed disconnect on all units
- Single Point Power Entry complies with latest edition of U.L. Standard 1995

Rugged Construction

- Copper tube, aluminum fin evaporator & condenser coils.
- Field or factory installed heaters on discharge side of evaporator coil (optional)
- Baked on neutral beige finish over galvanneal steel for maximum cabinet life. (Other finishes are available.)

Ease of Service

- standard
- filter with a MERV rating of 8 changeable from outside.
- All major components are readily accessible.
- Front Control Panel allows easy access and complies with NEC clearance codes on redundant side-by-side systems.
- LEDs indicate operational status and fault conditions.
- · Foiled backed insulation on the indoor air path.
- A minimum position potentiometer that can be adjusted to prevent the economizer damper from closing completely. This control ensures that whenever the evaporator fan is operating, fresh air is being introduced into the building.

Kim: are these statements valid?

Grilles

For ASDCA36

20" x 12" (508mm x 356mm) P/N 8067	8
Return Grille:	
28" x 8" (711mm x 203mm) P/N 8067	5
Supply Grille:	

For ASDCA42-48-60-72

Supply Grille: 30" x 10" (762mm x 254mm)..... P/N 80676 Return Grille: 30" x 16" (762mm x 406mm)..... P/N 80679

Factory Installed Accessories

Phase Monitor - Monitors 3Ø power supply and will turn the air conditioner off if power supply is not phased properly. Not required on 1Ø units.

Compressor Sound Jacket - To reduce sound of compressor.

Right & Left Side Compressor Configuration -

The air conditioners can be built with the compressor on the opposite side to facilitate service access when two units are installed side by side. In the 36, the standard location for the compressor is on the right hand side. In the 42-48-60, the standard location for the compressor is on the left hand side. In the 72, the compressor is accessed from the front of the unit and an opposing configuration is not required.

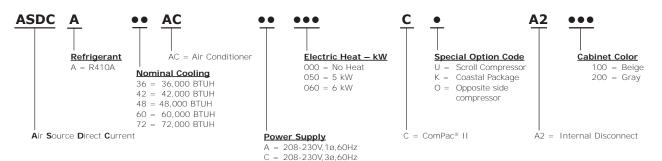
Hard Start Kit - Used on single phase equipment to give the compressor higher starting torque under low voltage conditions. (Field installed only) (Note: Not recommended for use on scroll compressors.)

Options

Coastal Environment Package - Recommended for units to be installed near an ocean or on seacoast. Includes corrosion resistant fasteners, sealed or partially sealed condenser fan motor, protective coating applied to all exposed internal copper and metal in the in the condenser section and an impregnated polyurethane on the condenser coil and fan blades. See Coastal Environmental Technical Bulletin for more details.

Protective Coil Coatings - Either the condenser or evaporator coil can be coated, however, coating of the evaporator coil is not common. For harsh conditions, e.g., power plants, paper mills or sites were the unit will be exposed to salt water, the coil should be coated. Note: Cooling capacity may be reduced by up to 5% on units with coated coils.

MODEL # - ASDCA48ACA050C-A2-100-VAR



Electrical Characteristics - Compressor, Fan & Blower Motors

						-							
BASIC	COMPRE	SSOR	OR OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR					INDOOR BLOWER MOTORS					
MODEL	VOLTS / HZ / PH	RLA ¹	LRA ²	VOLTS / HZ / PH	RPM ³	FLA ⁴	HP⁵	QTY	VDC ⁶	RPM ³	FLA ⁴	HP⁵	
ASDCA36ACA	208/230-60-1	14.7	84.0	208/230-60-1	1075	1.8	1/4	2	48	2070	4.4	1/6	
ASDCA42ACA	208/230-60-1	15.7	84.0	208/230-60-1	825	2.8	1/3	2	48	1930	6.0	1/4	
ASDCA48ACA	208/230-60-1	<mark>18.6</mark>	<mark>102.0</mark>	208/230-60-1	<mark>825</mark>	<mark>2.8</mark>	<mark>1/3</mark>	2	<mark>48</mark>	<mark>1930</mark>	<mark>6.0</mark>	<mark>1/4</mark>	
ASDCA60ACA	208/230-60-1	23.0	130.0	208/230-60-1	825	2.8	1/3	2	48	1930	6.0	1/4	
ASDCA72ACA	208/230-60-1	30.1	158.0	208/230-60-1	825	2.9	1/2	2	48	1930	6.0	1/4	
ASDCA36ACC	208/230-60-3	13.2	88.0	208/230-60-1	1075	1.8	1/4	2	48	2070	4.4	1/6	
ASDCA42ACC	208/230-60-3	13.6	83.1	208/230-60-1	825	2.8	1/3	2	48	1930	6.0	1/4	
ASDCA48ACC	208/230-60-3	13.7	83.1	208/230-60-1	825	2.8	1/3	2	48	1930	6.0	1/4	
ASDCA60ACC	208/230-60-3	15.6	111.0	208/230-60-1	825	2.8	1/3	2	48	1930	6.0	1/4	
ASDCA72ACC	208/230-60-3	22.4	149.0	208/230-60-1	825	2.9	1/2	2	48	1930	6.0	1/4	
¹ RLA = Rated Load	Amps ² LRA = Locked	Rotor Ar	nps ³ RF	PM = Revolutions per N	linute 4	FLA = Ful	Load Am	ps ⁵HP	= Horsep	oower 6'	VDC = Vo	lts, DC	

Summary Electrical Ratings (Wire and Circuit Breaker Sizing)

ELEC.	ELECTRIC HEAT 000 = None 050 = 5 kw				5 kw	060 = 6 kw			
BASIC	VOLTAGE	SPPE ³		SP	PE ³	SPPE ³			
MODEL	PHASE / HZ	MCA ¹	MFS ²	MCA ¹	MFS ²	MCA ¹	MFS ²		
ASDCA36ACA	208/230-1-60	24.2	40	26.0	40				
ASDCA42ACA	208/230-1-60	27.6	45	27.6	45				
ASDCA48ACA	208/230-1-60	30.1	50	30.1	50				
ASDCA60ACA	208/230-1-60	35.6	60	35.6	60				
ASDCA72ACA	208/230-1-60	40.5	60	40.5	60				
ASDCA36ACC	208/230-3-60	18.3	30			18.3	30		
ASDCA42ACC	208/230-3-60	19.8	30			19.8	30		
ASDCA48ACC	208/230-3-60	19.9	30			19.9	30		
ASDCA60ACC	208/230-3-60	22.3	35			22.3	35		
ASDCA72ACC	208/230-3-60	30.9	50			30.9	50		

¹MCA = Minimum Circuit Ampacity (Wiring Size Amps) ²MFS = Maximum Fuse Size ³SPPE = Single Point Power Entry MCA & MFS are calculated at 230 volts on the ACA & ACC models. This chart should only be used as a guideline for estimating conductor size and overcurrent protection. For the requirements of specific units, always refer to the data label on the unit.

Unit Load Amps

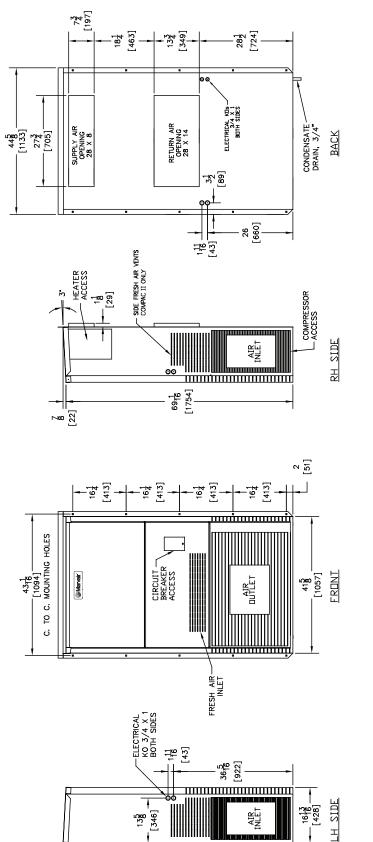
BASIC	VOLTAGE PHASE / HZ	CURRENT LOAD (MOTORS)		LOAD OF RESISTIVE HEATING - ELEMENTS ONLY (AMPS)	
MODEL NUMBER		Compressor & Outdoor Fan	Indoor Blower		EATING AMPS (VAC) RE ON A SEPARATE CIRCUIT
		VAC Amps	DC Amps	05 kW	06 kW
ASDCA36ACA	208/230-1-60	19.7	8.8	20.8	
ASDCA42ACA	208/230-1-60	22.6	12.0	20.8	
ASDCA48ACA	208/230-1-60	24.6	12.0	20.8	
ASDCA60ACA	208/230-1-60	29.0	12.0	20.8	
ASDCA72ACA	208/230-1-60	33.0	12.0	20.8	
ASDCA36ACC	208/230-3-60	15.0	8.8		14.4
ASDCA42ACC	208/230-3-60	16.4	12.0		14.4
ASDCA48ACC	208/230-3-60	16.5	12.0		14.4
ASDCA60ACC	208/230-3-60	18.4	12.0		14.4
ASDCA72ACC	208/230-3-60	25.3	12.0		14.4
		25.3	-		14.4

Heating kW is rated at 240 volts Total heating and cooling amps includes all VAC motors.

Loads are not equally balanced on each phase and values shown are maximum phase loads. Three phase models contain single phase motor loads. Derate heater output by 25% for operation at 208 volts.

ComPac ASDCA PDS 9/2013 new

Dimensional Data - ASDCA36



69<mark>15</mark> [1777]

6





[1028] 8201]

<u>5</u>[45] [888]

[629] 52³

[230] 291

[071] 91 6 - 0

348 346 [90] 116 [27]

BOTTOM MOUNTING BRACKET

⁸6Σ [Σιοι]

[297] 165] 165]

[514] 20북

[592] 10<u>7</u>9

[91] g

416 [116] 0

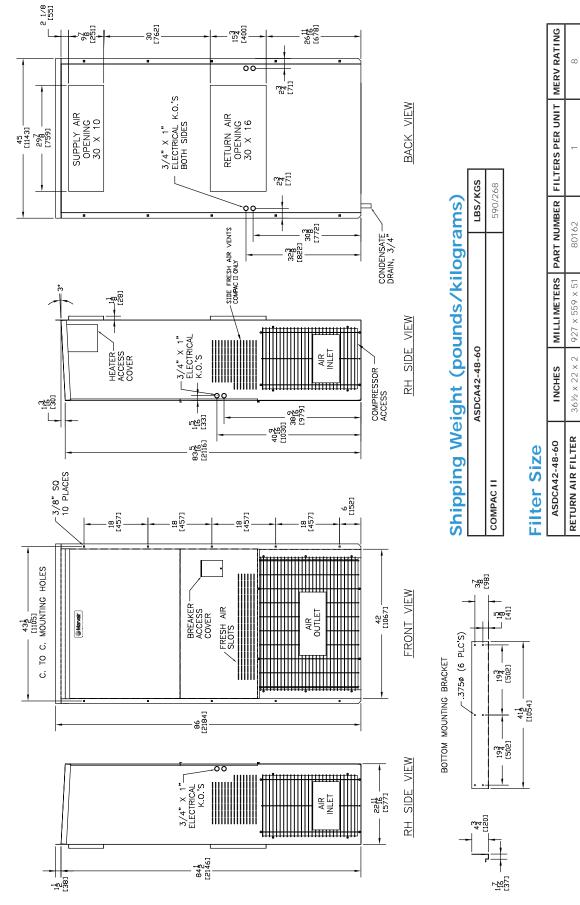




ComPac ASDCA PDS 9/2013 new

1<u>7</u> 1<u>7</u> 137]

Dimensional Data - ASDCA42-48-60

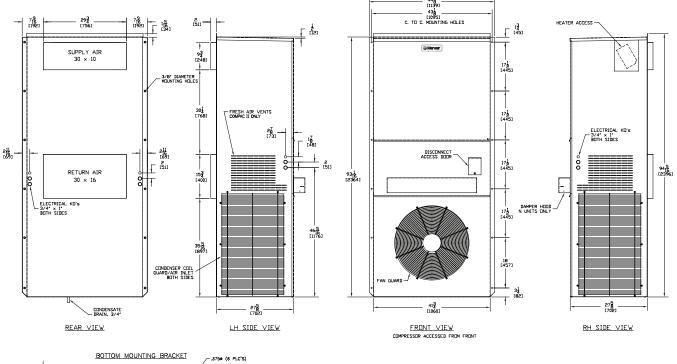


ComPac ASDCA PDS 9/2013 new

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Dimensional Data - ASDCA72





Shipping Weight (pounds/kilograms)

ASDCA72	LBS/KGS
COMPAC II	640/291

Filter Size

ASDCA72	INCHES	MILLIMETERS	PART NUMBER	FILTERS PER UNIT	MERV RATING
RETURN AIR FILTER	18 x 24 x 2	457 x 610 x 51	, 780	2	8



Please consult the Marvair[®] website at www.marvair.com for the latest product literature. Detailed dimensional data is available upon request. A complete warranty statement can be found in each product's Installation/Operation Manual, on our website or by contacting Marvair at 229-273-3636. As part of the Marvair continuous improvement program, specifications are subject to change without notice.



P.O. Box 400 • Cordele, GA 31010 156 Seedling Drive • Cordele, GA 31015 Ph: 229-273-3636 • Fax: 229-273-5154 Email: marvair@airxcel.com • Internet: www.marvair.com 8



Supplement to the ComPac Product Manual for the ASDC air conditioners

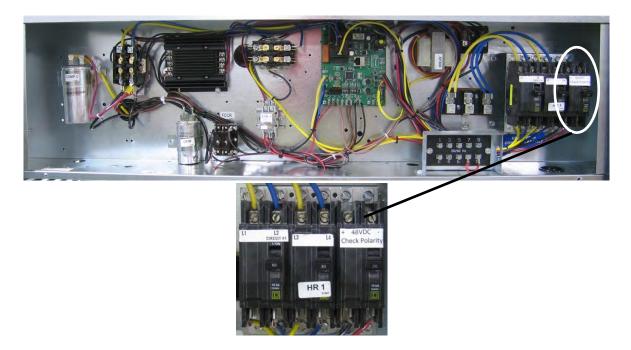
This supplement to the ComPac Product Manual describes the 48 VDC wiring, the connection of the Ethernet cable (page 2) and the CoolLinks[™] Operator Interface Instructions (page 3) for the ASDCA air conditioners. These air conditioners require a 48 Volt DC power to operate the evaporator air movers and the free cooling damper motor.

48 VDC wiring

- 1. If the air conditioners are powered, remove AC **and** DC power to the air conditioners by switching the breakers **in the shelter** to the OFF position.
- 2. Size a 2 conductor wire cable per NEC standard taking into account the ampacity of the DC circuit listed on the rating plate and the location of the power supply. Connect the properly sized cable between a DC breaker in the shelter and the DC breaker in the air conditioner. The DC breaker in the air conditioner is located on the right side of the bank of breakers.
- 3. Turn on the DC breaker in the shelter.
- 4. Verify the polarity and the voltage to make sure the polarity is correct and that there is 48 VDC at the breaker in the air conditioner. If the polarity is not correct, switch the wires.
- Turn on the DC breaker in the air conditioner.
 (See photos on following page.)

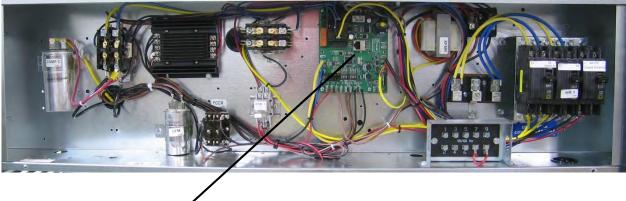
P/N 02014 rev. 1





Connection of PLC controller board in shelter to CoolLinks[™] board in the air conditioner

Route a standard Cat 5e Ethernet cable from the PC board in the air conditioner to the PLC controller in the shelter. If the cable is routed through the air stream, it must be plenum rated. When the PLC is configured, the air conditioners will be designated as AC #1 and AC#2.



CoolLinks Ethernet jack

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Operator Interface Instructions

System Status

The main screen displays the status of the Marvair CoolLinks system and the two Marvair HVAC units. Standing inside the shelter facing the HVAC return air vents, unit 1 is the left-hand unit and unit 2 is the right-hand unit. The fields on the status screen are as follows:

Indoor Temperature:	Indoor temperature from the temperature sensor mounted on the wall between the HVAC return air grilles. This sensor controls the enabling/disabling of the cooling/heating.	
IBM Pushbutton:	Indicates the status of the Indoor Blower Motor (IBM) as Running or Stopped. If the blower motor is not under automatic control, pressing the pushbutton will turn the motor on and off. Press once to turn on and press again to turn off. The motor is under automatic control whenever the HVAC unit is the lead unit, during cooling post- purge, free-air operation, and emergency ventilation.	
Unit Status Panel:	Indicates the status of the HVAC unit as follows:	
	 Lead Yes: unit is lead unit, No: unit is lag unit Cool Yes: unit is cooling, No: unit is not cooling Heat Yes: unit is heating, No: unit is not heating Filter Ok: filter is good, Maint: filter is blocked Comm Yes: PLC comms active, No: PLC comms fault 	
Lead Swap Pushbutton:	Swap the lead and lag unit. Note that if the lag unit	

Lead Swap Pushbutton: Swap the lead and lag unit. Note that if the lag unit is in lockout or has a comms fault, the system will not swap. If the lead unit experiences a lockout or

P/N 02014 rev. 1



comms failure, the system will automatically swap to the lag unit.

- Comfort Mode Pushbutton: Drop the first-stage cooling set point to 75°F to allow a service technician to work comfortably inside the shelter. After one hour the set point will return to its previous value. Comfort mode is also cancelled if the technician enters a new first-stage cooling set point.
- Reset Lockout Pushbutton: Resets the lockout condition on whichever unit is in lockout. Note that a call for cooling must be active before the lockout can be reset.

Outdoor Air: Outside air temperature (°F).

Humidity: Outside air relative humidity (%).

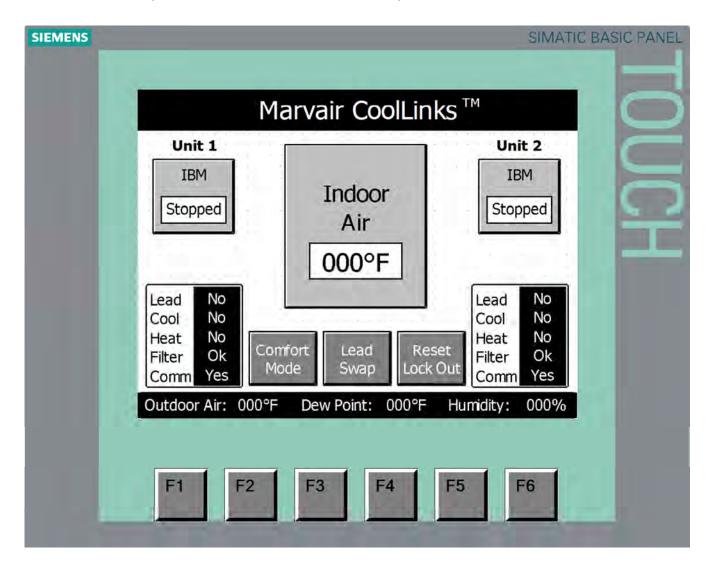
- Dew Point: Dew point temperature (°F). When the calculated dew point (based on outside air temperature and relative humidity) is below the maximum dew point temperature and the free-air enable temperature, and the outside air temperature is below the indoor air temperature, then enable free-air cooling.
- Alarm Message: Active unit alarms are displayed in the alarm message window between the IBM (Indoor blower Motor) pushbutton and the unit status panel. If multiple alarms are present the system scrolls through the active alarms with each alarm displayed for five seconds. If no alarms are present, the message window is blank. Thirteen possible alarm messages may be displayed:
 - High Pressure Switch Alarm
 - Low Pressure Switch Alarm
 - High Pressure Switch Lockout Alarm
 - Low Pressure Switch Lockout Alarm
 - 1st High Indoor Temperature Alarm (> 85°F)

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- 2nd High Indoor Temperature Alarm (> 90°F)
- Low Indoor Temperature Alarm (< 45°F)
- Landline Power Alarm
- Damper Alarm
- Smoke Alarm
- Generator Running
- Hydrogen Alarm
- Communications Alarm

The main screen with each of the operator/display fields is presented below. Note that the six function keys at the bottom of the screen are not currently assigned and have no effect on the operation of the Marvair CoolLinks system.



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Changing Set Points

Set points control the cooling and heating operation of the Marvair CoolLinks system. Basically, there are two groups of set points, cooling first and second stage set points, and heating first and second stage set points. The minimum set point for cooling is 50°F and the maximum set point for heating is 90°F. To access these set points, simply touch the top or bottom of the Indoor Temperature display. This will then enable the set point control panel. If a new set point value is not entered within ten seconds, the display will revert back to the Indoor Temperature display. From the set point control panel, alter the set points as follows:

Cooling First Stage:

Press the Cooling push-button then press the 1st Stage push-button. Both push buttons will turn dark gray with white text and the current cooling first-stage set point value will be displayed. Next, press the set point value to display the numeric entry screen and enter the desired set point. The system will now enable cooling whenever the indoor temperature is 1° F above the set point and disable cooling when the indoor temperature drops to 2° F below the set point.

Cooling Second Stage:

Press the Cooling push-button then press the 2nd Stage push-button. Both push buttons will turn dark gray with white text and the current cooling second-stage set point value will be displayed. Next, press the set point value to display the numeric entry screen and enter the differential set point. The system will now enable second-stage cooling whenever the indoor temperature is 1° F higher than the first-stage cooling set point plus the second stage cooling differential and disable second-stage cooling when the indoor temperature drops to 2° F below the first-stage set point. It is strongly recommend that the second-stage cooling differential be set to a minimum of 5° F to allow the first-stage cooling time to operate fully and to prevent short-cycling of the second unit.



Cooling Example:

First-Stage Set Point: 78°F Second-Stage Differential: 5°F

First-stage cooling will start when the indoor temperature reaches 79°F (set point + 1°F) and will stop when the indoor temperature reaches 76°F (set point -2°F).

Second-stage cooling will start when the indoor temperature reaches 84°F (set point + 1°F + 5°F) and will stop when the indoor temperature reaches 76°F (set point – 2°F).

Note that once first-stage cooling is enabled, the unit will run for at least **five minutes** even if the indoor temperature reaches the disable temperature. This is to prevent short-cycling of the unit and to allow the compressor sufficient time to remove moisture from the air as well cool the shelter.

Heating First Stage:

Press the Heating push-button then press the 1st Stage push-button. Both push buttons will turn dark gray with white text and the current heating first-stage set point value will be displayed. Next, press the set point value to display the numeric entry screen and enter the desired set point. The system will now enable heating whenever the indoor temperature is 1°F below the set point and disable heating when the indoor temperature rises to 1° F above the set point.

Heating Second Stage:

Press the Heating push-button then press the 2nd Stage push-button. Both push buttons will turn dark gray with white text and the current heating second-stage set point value will be displayed. Next, press the set point value to display the numeric entry screen and enter the differential set point. The system will now enable second-stage heating whenever the indoor temperature is 1° F lower than the first-stage heating set point minus the second stage heating differential and disable second-stage heating when the indoor temperature rises to 1° F above the first-stage set point. It is strongly recommend that the second-stage heating differential be set to a minimum of

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two degrees F to allow the first-stage heating time to operate fully and to prevent short-cycling of the second unit.

Heating Example:

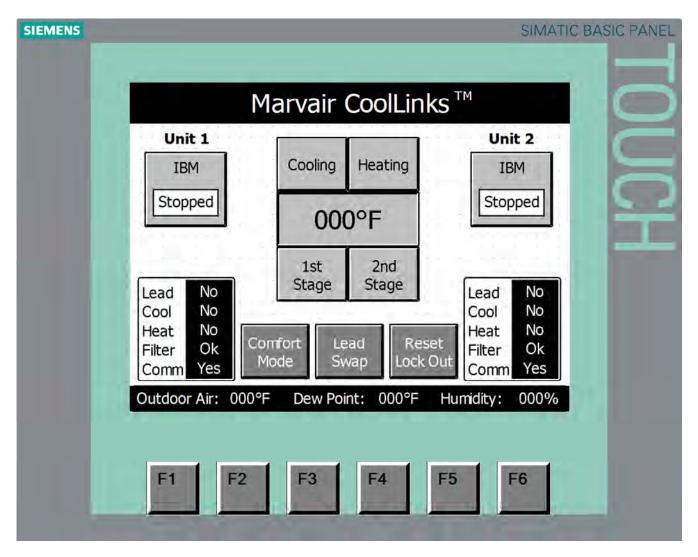
First-Stage Set Point: 60°F Second-Stage Differential: 2°F

First-stage heating will start when the indoor temperature reaches 59°F (set point – 1°F) and will stop when the indoor temperature reaches 61°F (set point + 1°F).

Second-stage heating will start when the indoor temperature reaches 57°F (set point – 1° - 2°F) and will stop when the indoor temperature reaches 61°F (set point + 1°F).

The main screen with the set point control panel is presented below. Note that if the cooling and heating temperature set points overlap, the system will only allow cooling to be active. As with the status screen, the six function keys at the bottom of the screen are not currently assigned and have no effect on the operation of the Marvair CoolLinks system.





DC Free-Air Cooling

When the outside temperature and humidity are below acceptable limits, mechanical cooling is disabled and outside air is introduced to cool the shelter. The position of the damper is first opened to 100% then regulated to maintain a mixed air temperature of 55°F. This set point is user-selectable on the CoolLinks HVAC board for 55°, 57°, 59°, or 61°F. Both the damper and the Indoor Blower Motor are powered by 48 VDC. Every twenty-four hours, the damper is opened to 25% to verify the operation of damper motor, damper fault switch, and damper actuator linkage.

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Emergency Ventilation

The Marvair CoolLinks system will enable emergency ventilation if landline power is lost or if both HVAC units are in lockout. In this situation, the system will fully open the damper and run the Indoor Blower Motor on each HVAC unit. The system will also try to modulate the damper position to maintain a mixed air temperature of 55°F).

Smoke Detection

If the smoke sensor input to the CoolLinks system is active, the Compressor, Heater, and Indoor Blower Motor on both HVAC units will be shut down and the damper will be fully closed. This is to halt the flow of air within the shelter.

Hydrogen Detection

If the hydrogen sensor input to the CoolLinks system is active, the damper(s) on units that are not currently mechanically cooling will be fully opened and the Indoor Blower Motor(s) will be turned on. The intention here is to expel noxious gases and to introduce outside air into the shelter.

Generator Running

If the generator running input to the CoolLinks system is active, only one HVAC unit will be permitted to run mechanical cooling. As the generator is sized to run only one HVAC unit, this ensures that the generator load is not exceeded.

Note: When in generator run mode, the HVAC unit is **not** allowed to operate in the DC Free-Air Cooling mode. This prevents "wet stacking" of the generator because the engine would be running at a small percentage of its capacity.

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SG035 35 kW 5.4L INDUSTRIAL SPARK-IGNITED GENERATOR SET EPA Certified Stationary Emergency

GENERAC INDUSTRIAL

STANDBY POWER RATING

35 kW, 44 kVA, 60 Hz

PRIME POWER RATING* 32 kW, 39 kVA, 60 Hz

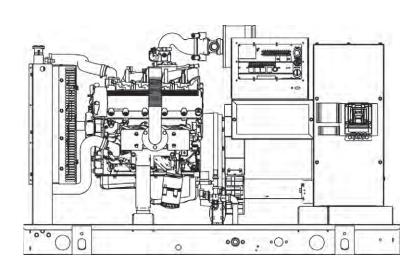


Image used for illustration purposes only

CODES AND STANDARDS

*Built in the USA using domestic and foreign parts

Generac products are designed to the following standards:

*EPA Certified Prime ratings are not available in the U.S. or its Territories.



UL2200, UL508, UL142, UL498



NFPA70, 99, 110, 37



NEC700, 701, 702, 708



ISO9001, 8528, 3046, 7637, Pluses #2b, 4

us fin

NEMA ICS10, MG1, 250, ICS6, AB1



ANSI C62.41



os Dpd IBC 2009, CBC 2010, IBC 2012, ASCE 7-05, ASCE 7-10, ICC-ES AC-156 (2012)

POWERING AHEAD

For over 50 years, Generac has led the industry with innovative design and superior manufacturing.

Generac ensures superior quality by designing and manufacturing most of its generator components, including alternators, enclosures and base tanks, control systems and communications software.

Generac's gensets utilize a wide variety of options, configurations and arrangements, allowing us to meet the standby power needs of practically every application.

Generac searched globally to ensure the most reliable engines power our generators. We choose only engines that have already been proven in heavy-duty industrial application under adverse conditions.

Generac is committed to ensuring our customers' service support continues after their generator purchase.

EPA Certified Stationary Emergency

STANDARD FEATURES

ENGINE SYSTEM

General

- Oil Drain Extension
- Air Cleaner
- Fan Guard
- Stainless Steel flexible exhaust connection
- Factory Filled Oil & Coolant
- Radiator Duct Adapter (open set only)
- Critical Exhaust Silencer (enclosed only)

Fuel System

- Flexible fuel line NPT Connection
- Primary and secondary fuel shutoff

Cooling System

- Closed Coolant Recovery System
- UV/Ozone resistant hoses
- Factory-Installed Radiator
- 50/50 Ethylene glycol antifreeze
- Radiator drain extension

Engine Electrical System

- · Battery charging alternator
- Battery cables
- Battery tray
- Rubber-booted engine electrical connections
- · Solenoid activated starter motor

ALTERNATOR SYSTEM

- UL2200 Genprotect ™
- Class H insulation material
- 2/3 Pitch
- Skewed Stator
- Brushless Excitation
- Sealed Bearings
- Amortisseur winding
- · Full load capacity alternator

GENERATOR SET

- Internal Genset Vibration Isolation
- Separation of circuits high/low voltage
- · Separation of circuits multiple breakers
- Wrapped Exhaust Piping
- Standard Factory Testing
- 2 Year Limited Warranty (Standby rated Units)
- 1 Year Warranty (Prime rated units)
- Silencer mounted in the discharge hood (enclosed only)

ENCLOSURE (IF SELECTED)

- Rust-proof fasteners with nylon washers to protect finish
- High performance sound-absorbing material (L1 & L2)
- Gasketed doors
- · Stamped air-intake louvers
- Air discharge hoods for radiator-upward pointing
- · Stainless steel lift off door hinges
- Stainless steel lockable handles
- Rhino Coat[™] Textured polyester powder coat

CONTROL SYSTEM



Control Panel

- Digital H Control Panel Dual 4x20 Display
- Programmable Crank Limiter
- 7-Day Programmable Exerciser
- Special Applications Programmable PLC
- RS-232/485
- · All-Phase Sensing DVR
- Full System Status
- Utility Monitoring
- Low Fuel Pressure Indication
- 2-Wire Start Compatible
- Power Output (kW)
- Power Factor
- kW Hours, Total & Last Run

- Real/Reactive/Apparent Power
- All Phase AC Voltage
- All Phase Currents
- Oil Pressure
- Coolant Temperature
- Coolant Level
- Engine Speed
- Battery Voltage
- Frequency
- Date/Time Fault History (Event Log)
- Isochronous Governor Control
- · Waterproof/sealed Connectors
- · Audible Alarms and Shutdowns
- Not in Auto (Flashing Light)
- Auto/Off/Manual Switch
- E-Stop (Red Mushroom-Type)
- NFPA110 Level I and II (Programmable)
- Customizable Alarms, Warnings, and Events
- Modbus protocol
- Predictive Maintenance algorithm
- Sealed Boards
- · Password parameter adjustment protection

- Single point ground
- 15 channel data logging
- 0.2 msec high speed data logging
- Alarm information automatically comes up on the display

Alarms

Shutdown)

Low Fuel Pressure Alarm

Battery Voltage Warning

during alarms & warnings

speed Shutdown)

state conditions

codes)

- Oil Pressure (Pre-programmable Low Pressure Shutdown)
- Coolant Temperature (Pre-programmed High Temp Shutdown)

· Engine Speed (Pre-programmed Over

• Alarms & warnings time and date stamped

Snap shots of key operation parameters

Alarms and warnings spelled out (no alarm

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SPEC SHEET

2 OF 6

Alarms & warnings for transient and steady

Coolant Level (Pre-programmed Low Level

EPA Certified Stationary Emergency



CONFIGURABLE OPTIONS

ENGINE SYSTEM

General

- O Engine Block Heater
- O Oil Heater
- O Air Filter Restriction Indicator
- O Stone Guard (Open Set Only)
- O Critical Exhaust Silencer (Open Set Only / Standard on Ultra Low Emissions Option)

Fuel Electrical System

- O 10A & 2.5A UL battery charger
- O Battery Warmer

ALTERNATOR SYSTEM

- O Alternator Upsizing
- O Anti-Condensation Heater
- O Tropical Coating
- O Permanent Magnet Excitation

CIRCUIT BREAKER OPTIONS

- O Main Line Circuit Breaker
- O 2nd Main Line Circuit Breaker
- O Shunt Trip and Auxiliary Contact
- O Electronic Trip Breaker

ENGINEERED OPTIONS

ENGINE SYSTEM

- O Fluid containment Pans
- O Coolant heater ball valves

ALTERNATOR SYSTEM

O 3rd Breaker Systems

CONTROL SYSTEM

O Spare inputs (x4) / outputs (x4) - H Panel Only O Battery Disconnect Switch

RATING DEFINITIONS

Standby - Applicable for a varying emergency load for the duration of a utility power outage with no overload capability.

Prime - Applicable for supplying power to a varying load in lieu of utility for an unlimited amount of running time. A 10% overload capacity is available for 1 out of every 12 hours. The Prime Power option is only available on International applications. Power ratings in accordance with ISO 8528-1, Second Edition

GENERATOR SET

- O Gen-Link Communications Software (English Only)
- O Extended Factory Testing (3 Phase Only)
- O IBC Seismic Certification
- O 8 Position Load Center
- O 2 Year Extended Warranty
- O 5 Year Warranty
- O 5 Year Extended Warranty

ENCLOSURE

- O Standard Enclosure
- O Level 1 Sound Attenuation
- O Level 2 Sound Attenuation
- O Steel Enclosure
- O Aluminum Enclosure
- O 150 MPH Wind Kit
- O 12 VDC Enclosure Lighting Kit
- O 120 VAC Enclosure Lighting Kit
- O AC/DC Enclosure Lighting Kit
- O Door Alarm Switch

CONTROL SYSTEM

- O 21-Light Remote Annunciator
- O Remote Relay Board (8 or 16)
- O Oil Temperature Sender with Indication Alarm
- O Remote E-Stop (Break Glass-Type, Surface Mount)
- O Remote E-Stop (Red Mushroom-Type, Surface Mount)
- O Remote E-Stop (Red Mushroom-Type, Flush Mount)
- O Remote Communication Bridge
- O Remote Communication Ethernet
- O 10A Run Relay
- O Ground Fault Indication and Protection Functions

GENERATOR SET

O Special Testing O Battery Box

ENCLOSURE

O Motorized Dampers O Enclosure Ambient Heaters

3 OF 6

GENERAC[®] | INDUSTRIAL POWER

EPA Certified Stationary Emergency

APPLICATION AND ENGINEERING DATA

ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS

General

UEIIEIAI		Gooling System	
Make	Generac	Cooling System Type	Pressurized Closed Recovery
Cylinder #	8	Water Pump Flow -gal/min (l/min)	38 (144)
Гуре	V	Fan Type	Pusher
Displacement - L (cu In)	5.4L (329.53)	Fan Speed (rpm)	2143
Bore - mm (in)	90.17 (3.55)	Fan Diameter mm (in)	508 (20)
Stroke - mm (in)	105.92 (4.17)	Coolant Heater Wattage	1500
Compression Ratio	9:1	Coolant Heater Standard Voltage	120 V
ntake Air Method	Naturally Aspirated		
lumber of Main Bearings	4		
connecting Rods	Forged	Fuel System	
ylinder Head	Aluminum	Fuel Type	Natural Gas, Propane Vapor
ylinder Liners	No	Carburetor	Down Draft
nition	Single Fire	Secondary Fuel Regulator	Standard
iston Type	Aluminum Alloy	Fuel Shut Off Solenoid	Standard
rankshaft Type	Nodular Iron	Operating Fuel Pressure	7" - 11" H ₂ 0
ifter Type	Hydraulic		Ζ
ntake Valve Material	Steel Alloy		
xhaust Valve Material	Hardened Steel		
lardened Valve Seats	Yes	Engine Electrical System	
Engine Governing		System Voltage	12 VDC
	Flootropio	Battery Charging Alternator	Standard
Governor Frequency Regulation (Steady State)	Electronic ±0.25%	Battery Size	See Battery Index 0161970SBY
		Battery Voltage	12 VDC
ubrication System		Ground Polarity	Negative
)il Pump Type	Gear		
Dil Filter Type	Full-flow sping-on cartridge		
Crankcase Capacity - L (qts)	5.7 (6)		

Cooling System

ALTERNATOR SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Model	390mm
Poles	4
Field Type	Revolving
Insulation Class - Rotor	Н
Insulation Class - Stator	Н
Total Harmonic Distortion	<5%
Telephone Interference Factor (TIF)	<50

Standard Excitation	Brushless
Bearings	Sealed Ball
Coupling	Flexible Disc
Prototype Short Circuit Test	Yes
Voltage Regulator Type	Full Digital
Number of Sensed Phases	All
Regulation Accuracy (Steady State)	±0.25%

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OPERATING DATA

POWER RATINGS

		Natural Gas	Propane Vapor
Single-Phase 120/240 VAC @1.0pf	35 kW	Amps: 146	Amps: 146
Three-Phase 120/208 VAC @0.8pf	35 kW	Amps: 121	Amps: 121
Three-Phase 120/240 VAC @0.8pf	35 kW	Amps: 105	Amps: 105
Three-Phase 277/480 VAC @0.8pf	35 kW	Amps: 53	Amps: 53
Three-Phase 347/600 VAC @0.8pf	35 kW	Amps: 42	Amps: 42

STARTING CAPABILITIES (sKVA)

STARTING	UAPAD	ILIIIE9 (S	SKVA)				sKVA vs. V	/oltage Dip					
				480	VAC					208/2	40 VAC		
Alternator	kW	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	35%
Standard	35	24	36	48	60	72	84	18	27	36	45	54	63
Upsize 1	40	27	41	54	68	81	95	20	31	41	51	61	71
Upsize 2	50	34	52	69	86	103	120	26	39	52	65	77	90
Upsize 3	60	42	63	83	104	125	146	32	47	62	78	94	110

FUEL CONSUMPTION RATES*

Natural Gas	s - ft ³ /hr (m ³ /hr)	Propane Vapor	- ft ³ /hr (m ³ /hr)
Percent Load	Standby	Percent Load	Standby
25%	239 (6.8)	25%	79.7 (2.3)
50%	409 (11.6)	50%	136.6 (3.9)
75%	553 (15.7)	75%	184.4 (5.2)
100%	682 (19.3)	100%	227.7 (6.4)
	* Fuel supply	installation must assess adds fuel consumption rates	t 100% load

* Fuel supply installation must accommodate fuel consumption rates at 100% load.

COOLING

		Standby	
Air Flow (inlet air combustion and radiator)	ft³/min(m ³/min)	2460 (69.7)	
Coolant Flow per Minute	gal/min (l/min)	38 (144)	
Coolant System Capacity	gal (I)	3 (11.36)	
Heat Rejection to Coolant	BTU/hr	144,000	
Max. Operating Air Temp on Radiator	°F (°C)	122 (50)	
Max. Operating Ambient Temperature (before derate)	°F (°C)	110 (43.3)	
Maximum Radiator Backpressure	in H ₂ 0	0.5	

COMBUSTION AIR REQUIREMENT

	Standby	
Flow at Rated Power cfm (m ³ /min)	87 (2.5)	

EXHAUST

		Standby			Standby
Rated Engine Speed	rpm	1800	Exhaust Flow (Rated Output)	cfm (m ³ /min)	260 (7.4)
Horsepower at Rated kW**	hp	54	Max. Backpressure (Post Turbo)	inHg (Kpa)	1.5 (5.1)
Piston Speed	ft/min	1251	Exhaust Temp (Rated Output - post silencer)	°F (°C)	900 (482)
BMEP	psi	72	Exhaust Outlet Size (Open Set)	mm (in)	63.5 (2.5)

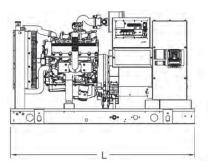
** Refer to "Emissions Data Sheet" for maximum bHP for EPA and SCAQMD permitting purposes.

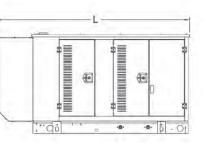
Deration - Operational characteristics consider maximum ambient conditions. Derate factors may apply under atypical site conditions. Please consult a Generac Power Systems Industrial Dealer for additional details. All performance ratings in accordance with ISO3046, BS5514, ISO8528 and DIN6271 standards.

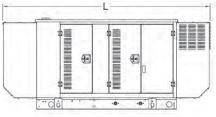
SPEC SHEET

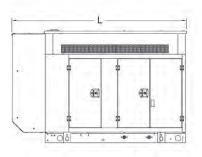
EPA Certified Stationary Emergency

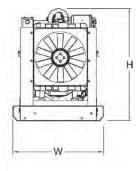


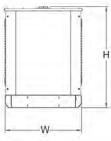












OPEN SET (Includes Exhaust Flex) L x W x H in (mm) 76 (1930) x 37.4 (949.9) x 46 (1176)

Weight lbs (kg)

2199 (997)

GENERAC[®] | INDUSTRIAL

POWER

STANDARD ENCLOSURE

L x W x H in (mm)	94.8 (2408.9) x 38 (965.1) x 49.5 (1258.1)
Weight lbs (kg)	Steel: 2639 (1197) Aluminum: 2417 (1096)

LEVEL 1 ACOUSTIC ENCLOSURE

L x W x H in (mm)	112.5 (2857.1) x 38 (965.1) x 49.5 (1258.1)
Weight Ibs (kg)	Steel: 2719 (1233)

Weight Ibs (kg)

Aluminum: 2451 (1112)

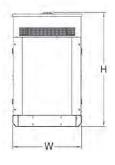
LEVEL 2 ACOUSTIC ENCLOSURE

L x W x H in (mm)	94.8 (2408.9) x 38 (965.1) x 62 (1573.9)
Weight Ibs (kg)	Steel: 2871 (1302) Aluminum: 2517 (1142)

YOUR FACTORY RECOGNIZED GENERAC INDUSTRIAL DEALER

Specification characteristics may change without notice. Please consult a Generac Power Systems Industrial Dealer for detailed installation drawings.

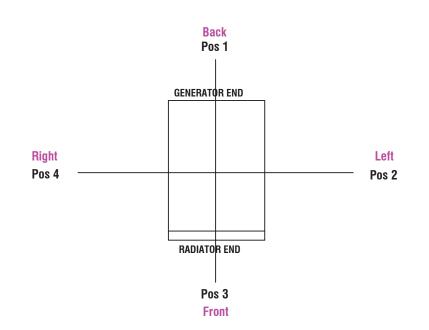
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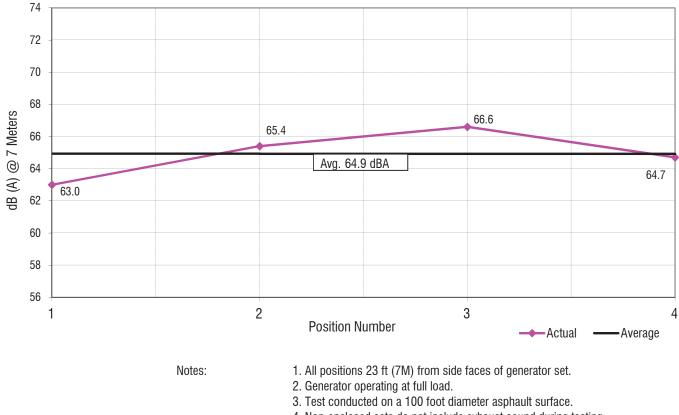




LEVEL 2 ACOUSTIC ENCLOSURE SG35 5.4L



Measured Sound Levels - 60 Hz



4. Non-enclosed sets do not include exhaust sound during testing.





EXHAUST EMISSIONS DATA

STATEMENT OF EXHAUST EMISSIONS 2016 SPARK-IGNITED GENERATORS INDUSTRIAL SERIES

	NON-SCAQMD													
Model	Engine	EPA Engine	Fuel	CATALYST	Comb Cat or	EPA	(Grams/bhp-h	r.	Rated	BHP	Fuel Flow		
Model	ei Eirgine	Engine	Family	Family	TUCI	Req'd	Separate Cat	Cert #	THC	NOx	CO	RPM	DIIF	(lb/hr)
SG035	5.4	GGNXB05.42NN	NG	No	NR	GGNXB05.42NN-049	1.60	2.52	95.32	1800	82.10	36.91		
SG035	5.4	GGNXB05.42NL	LPG	No	NR	GGNXB05.42NL-048	1.24	3.45	112.01	1800	82.30	34.60		
SG050	5.4	GGNXB05.42NN	NG	No	NR	GGNXB05.42NN-049	1.60	2.52	95.32	1800	82.10	36.91		
SG050	5.4	GGNXB05.42NL	LPG	No	NR	GGNXB05.42NL-048	1.24	3.45	112.01	1800	82.30	34.60		
SG050	6.8	GGNXB06.82NL	LPG	No	NR	GGNXB06.82NL-010	1.86	2.67	172.30	1800	84.66	46.55		

NR: Not Required

Refer to page 2 for definitions and advisory notes.

	CALIFORNIA SCAQMD CERTIFIED											
Model	Engine	EPA Engine	Fuel	CATALYST	SCAQMD	EPA	(Grams/bhp-hi	·.	Rated	BHP	Fuel Flow
Mouel	Liigine	Family	ruei	Req'd	CEP #	Cert #	THC	NOx	CO	RPM	DIF	(lb/hr)
SG035	5.4	GGNXB05.42L1	NG	Yes	530212	GGNXB05.42L1-017	0.38	0.22	0.64	1800	81.95	24.91
SG035	5.4	GGNXB05.42L2	LPG	Yes	530215	GGNXB05.42L2-018	0.04	0.10	0.70	1800	81.70	29.13
SG050	5.4	GGNXB05.42L1	NG	Yes	530212	GGNXB05.42L1-017	0.38	0.22	0.64	1800	81.95	24.91
SG050	5.4	GGNXB05.42L2	LPG	Yes	530215	GGNXB05.42L2-018	0.04	0.10	0.70	1800	81.70	29.13
SG050	6.8	GGNXB06.82L6	LPG	Yes	470347	GGNXB06.82L6-024	0.01	0.05	0.50	1800	85.92	34.14

Refer to page 2 for definitions and advisory notes.



EXHAUST EMISSIONS DATA

STATEMENT OF EXHAUST EMISSIONS 2016 SPARK-IGNITED GENERATORS



Effective since 2009, the EPA has implemented exhaust emissions regulations on stationary spark-ignited (gaseous) engine generators for emergency applications. All Generac spark-ignited gensets, including SG, MG, QTA and QT series gensets, that are built with engines manufactured in 2009 and later meet the requirements of 40CFR part 60 subpart JJJJ and are EPA certified. These generator sets are labeled as EPA Certified with decals affixed to the engines' valve covers.

The attached documents summarize the general information relevant to EPA certification on these generator sets. This information can be used for submittal data and for permitting purposes, if required. These documents include the following information:

EPA Engine Family

The EPA Engine Family is assigned by the Manufacturer under EPA guidelines for certification purposes and appears on the EPA certificate.

Catalyst Required

Indicates whether an exhaust catalyst and Air/Fuel Ratio control system are required on the generator set to meet EPA certification requirements. Generally, units rated 80kW and smaller do not require a catalyst to meet EPA certification requirements. Please note that some units that do not require a catalyst to meet EPA certification requirements. Belase note that some units that do not require a catalyst to meet EPA certification requirements. Belase note that some units that do not require a catalyst to meet EPA certification requirements. Belase see "California SCAQMD" below for additional information on this option.

Combination Catalyst or Separate Catalyst

SG and MG series generator sets typically utilize a single combination catalyst/silencer as part of meeting EPA certification requirements. Many QT and QTA series generator sets use the same engines as SG and MG series units, but have different exhaust configurations that require the use of conventional silencers with additional separate catalysts installed.

EPA Certificate Number

Upon certification by the EPA, a Certificate Number is assigned by the EPA.

Emissions Actuals - Grams/bhp-hr

Actual exhaust emission data for Total Hydrocarbons (THC), Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) and Carbon Monoxide (CO) that were submitted to EPA and are official data of record for certification. This data can be used for permitting if necessary. Values are expressed in grams per brake horsepower-hour; to convert to grams/kW-hr, multiply by 1.341. Please see advisory notes below for further information.

California Units, SCAQMD CEP Number

A separate low-emissions option is available on many Generac gaseous-fueled generator sets to comply with the more stringent South Coast Air Quality Management District requirements that are recognized in certain areas in California. Gensets that include this option are also EPA Certified.

General Advisory Note to Dealers

The information provided here is proprietary to Generac and its' authorized dealers. This information may only be disseminated upon request, to regulatory governmental bodies for emissions permitting purposes or to specifying organizations as submittal data when expressly required by project specifications, and shall remain confidential and not open to public viewing. This information is not intended for compilation or sales purposes and may not be used as such, nor may it be reproduced without the expressed written permission of Generac Power Systems, Inc.

Advisory Notes on Emissions Actuals

The stated values are actual exhaust emission test measurements obtained from units representative of the generator types and engines described.

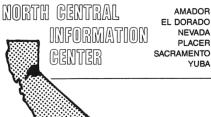
- Values are official data of record as submitted to the EPA and SCAQMD for certification purposes. Testing was conducted in accordance with prevailing EPA
 protocols, which are typically accepted by SCAQMD and other regional authorities.
- No emission values provided are to be construed as guarantees of emissions levels for any given Generac generator unit.
- Generac Power Systems reserves the right to revise this information without prior notice.
- · Consult state and local regulatory agencies for specific permitting requirements.
- The emissions performance data supplied by the equipment manufacturer is only one element required toward completion of the permitting and installation process. State and local regulations may vary on a case-by-case basis and must be consulted by the permit applicant/equipment owner prior to equipment purchase or installation. The data supplied herein by Generac Power Systems cannot be construed as a guarantee of installability of the generator set.

 The emission values provided are the result of multi-mode, weighted scale testing in accordance with EPA testing regulations, and may not be representative of any specific load point.

. The emission values provided are not to be construed as emission limits.

PORTATION ALITY HIGAN 48105	Issue Date: <u>10/20/2015</u> <u>Revision Date:</u> <u>N/A</u>		the terms and conditions represent the following lescribed in the ïcate of conformity does requirements of such a woked or suspended or tificate.
OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION AND AIR QUALITY ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48105	J. Manur I. Bunker, Division Compliance Division		art 60, 1065, 1068, and 60 (stationary only and combined stationary and mobile) and subject to the terms and conditions ach by 40 CFR Part 60 and produced in the stated model year. which conform in all material respects to the asign specifications that applied to those engines described in the year stated on this certificate of the said manufacturer, as defined in 40 CFR Part 60. This certificate of conformity does year stated on this certificate of the said manufacturer, as defined in 40 CFR Part 60. This certificate of conformity does cribed in 40 CFR 1068 20 and authorized in a warrant or court order. Failure to comply with the requirements of such a ons specified in 40 CFR 1068 20 and authorized in a warrant or court order. Failure to comply with the requirements of such a consectified in 40 CFR Part 60. It is also a term of this certificate that this certificate may be revoked or suspended or eed, or delivered for introduction, into commerce in the U.S. prior to the effective date of the certificate.
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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 2016 MODEL YEAR CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY WITH THE CLEAN AIR ACT	Generac Power Systems, Inc. (U.S. Manufacturer or Importer) GGNXB05.42NL-048	ver Systems, Inc. 42NL ation Type: Stationary): 13.4	Parsuant to Section 713 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. section 7347) and 40 CFR Part 60, 1065, and 60 (stationary only and combined stationary and mobile) and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in those provisions, this certificate of conformity is hereby issued with respect to the test engines which have been found to conform to applicable requirements and which represent the following anomed engines. by engine family, nowe fully described in the documentation required by 40 CFR Part 60 and produced in the stated model year. This certificate of conformity covers only those new normod spart-lignme optims which nontom mal material respects of the design specifications that applied to those engines described in the adocumentation required by 40 CFR Part 60 and which are produced during the model year stated on dins certificate of the stated model year. This certificates of conformity does new normed engines imported prior to the effective date of the certificate. It is also an of this certificate that the manufacturer shall consent to all impections described in 40 CFR Part 60. This certificate of conformity does new controdet are produced during the model year stated on dis certificate of the stated model year. This certificate of the other produced in the stated model year. This certificate in the stated model year stated on dis scale a docent during the model year stated on dis scale and model year. This certificate that the manufacturer stall consent to all impections described in 40 CFR Part 60. It is also a term of this certificate that the manufacturer stall consent to all impections described in 40 CFR Part 60. It is also a term of this certificate that the manufacturer stall consent of the certificate that the material specied of the other model year of the certificate may be revoked or suppended or avarent or court order to reasons specified in 40 CFR Part 60. It is also a term of this certificate may be revoked or suspended or avarent or court order to the material state of the scale and
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) A 7 0 4 California State University, Sacramento 6000 J Street, Folsom Hall, Suite 2042 Sacramento, California 95819-6100 phone: (916) 278-6217 fax: (916) 278-5162 email: ncic@csus.edu

5/23/2017

Jared Kearsley Epic Wireless Group 8700 Auburn Folsom Road, Suite 400 Granite Bay, CA 95746 NCIC File No.: ELD-17-37

Records Search Results for AT&T/Epic Wireless/El Dorado County Resource Record Search Request – APN: 104-370-24

Jared Kearsley:

Per your request received by our office on 5/5/2017, a complete records search was conducted by searching California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) maps for cultural resource site records and survey reports in El Dorado County within a 1/4-mile radius of the proposed project area.

Review of this information indicates that the proposed project area contains zero (0) prehistoric-period resource(s) and zero (0) historic-period cultural resource(s). Additionally, one (1) cultural resources study reports on file at this office cover a portion of the proposed project area: 9460.

Outside the proposed project area, but within the 1/4-mile radius, the broader search area contains one (1) prehistoric-period resource(s) and three (3) historic-period cultural resource(s): P-9-54, P-9-55, P-9-818, and P-9-819. Additionally, zero (0) cultural resources study reports on file at this office cover a portion of the broader search area.

In this part of El Dorado County, archaeologists locate prehistoric-period habitation sites "along streams or on ridges or knolls, especially those with southern exposure." (Moratto 1984:290) This region is known as the ethnographic-period territory of the Nisenan, also called the Southern Maidu. The Nisenan maintained permanent settlements along major rivers in the Sacramento Valley and foothills; they also periodically traveled to higher elevations (Wilson and Towne 1978:387-389). The proposed project search area is situated in the Sierra Nevada about a quarter mile south of Norton Ravine. Given the extent of known cultural resources and the environmental setting, there is <u>moderate potential</u> for locating prehistoric-period cultural resources in the immediate vicinity of the proposed project area.

Within the search area, the 1866 GLO plat of T11N, R9E shows no evidence of nineteenth-century historical activity. The 1954 Pilot Hill 7.5' USGS topographical map shows no evidence of twentieth-century historical activity. Given the extent of known cultural resources and patterns of local history, there is <u>moderate potential</u> for locating historic-period cultural resources in the immediate vicinity of the proposed project area.

SENSITIVITY STATEMENT:

- 1) With respect to cultural resources, it appears that the proposed project area <u>is sensitive</u>.
- 2) Should the lead agency/authority require a cultural resources survey, a list of qualified local consultants can be found at <u>http://chrisinfo.org</u>.
- 3) If cultural resources are encountered during the project, avoid altering the materials and their context until a qualified cultural resources professional has evaluated the project area. <u>Project personnel should not collect cultural resources</u>. Prehistoric-period resources include: chert or obsidian flakes, projectile points, and other flaked-stone artifacts; mortars, grinding slicks, pestles, and other groundstone tools; and dark friable soil containing shell and bone dietary debris, heat-affected rock, or human burials. Historic-period resources include: stone or adobe foundations or walls; structures and remains with square nails; mine shafts, tailings, or ditches/flumes; and refuse deposits or bottle dumps, often located in old wells or privies.
- 4) Identified cultural resources should be recorded on DPR 523 (A-J) historic resource recordation forms, available at <u>http://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page_id=1069</u>.
- 5) Review for possible historic-period cultural resources has included only those sources listed in the referenced literature and should not be considered comprehensive. The Office of Historic Preservation has determined that buildings, structures, and objects 45 years or older may be of historical value. If the area of potential effect contains such properties not noted in our research, they should be assessed by an architectural historian before commencement of project activities.

Due to processing delays and other factors, not all of the historical resource reports and resource records that have been submitted to the Office of Historic Preservation are available via this records search. Additional information may be available through the federal, state, and local agencies that produced or paid for historical resource management work in the search area. Additionally, Native American tribes have historical resource information not in the California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) Inventory, and you should contact the California Native American Heritage Commission for information on local/regional tribal contacts.

The California Office of Historic Preservation (OHP) contracts with the California Historical Resources Information System's (CHRIS) regional Information Centers (ICs) to maintain information in the CHRIS inventory and make it available to local, state, and federal agencies, cultural resource professionals, Native American tribes, researchers, and the public. Recommendations made by IC coordinators or their staff regarding the interpretation and application of this information are advisory only. Such recommendations do not necessarily represent the evaluation or opinion of the State Historic Preservation Officer in carrying out the OHP's regulatory authority under federal and state law.

Thank you for using our services. Please contact North Central Information Center at (916) 278-6217 if you have any questions about this record search. An invoice is enclosed.

Sincerely,

Dr. Nathan Hallam, Coordinator North Central Information Center





6355 Riverside Blvd., Suite C, Sacramento, CA 95831 916/ 427-0703 Fax 916/ 427-2175 www.sycamoreenv.com

11 August 2017

Mr. Jared Kearsley Leasing / Zoning Manager Epic Wireless Group 8700 Auburn Folsom Road, Suite 400 Granite Bay, CA 95746 Phone: 916-755-1326

Subject: AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project in El Dorado County, CA

Dear Mr. Kearsley:

Sycamore Environmental prepared a Biological Resources Evaluation (BRE) for the AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project in El Dorado County, CA. The BRE is a baseline document. This letter identifies potential biological resource issues and recommended avoidance and minimization measures.

Trees

The 2004 El Dorado County General Plan Policy 7.4.4.4 requires all new development projects adhere to tree canopy retention and replacement standards. For parcels greater than one acre in size with 1 percent oak tree canopy cover or greater, 90 percent of the canopy must be retained.

Recommendation:

For existing oaks to remain on site, the following tree protection measure should be implemented to minimize impacts:

- Tree Protection Fencing, consisting of four-foot tall, brightly-colored, high-visibility plastic fencing, shall be placed around the perimeter of the oak protection zone (OPZ) (dripline radius + 1 foot) on the project side of existing oak trees;
- Tree protection fencing shall not be moved without prior authorization from the Project Arborist or El Dorado County;
- No parking, portable toilets, dumping or storage of any construction materials, grading, excavation, trenching, or other infringement by workers or domesticated animals is allowed in the OPZ;
- No signs, ropes, cables, or any other item shall be attached to a protected tree, unless recommended by an International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) Certified Arborist;
- Underground utilities should be avoided in the OPZ, but unnecessary shall be bored or drilled. If boring is impossible, all trenching will be done by hand under the supervision of an ISA-Certified Arborist;
- Cut or fill within the dripline of existing native oak trees should be avoided to the greatest extent possible; and
- Any work that takes place within the dripline of protected trees., including pruning of living limbs or roots over two inches in diameter shall be done under the supervision of an ISA-Certified Arborist.

Migratory Birds and Birds of Prey

Under the MBTA, nests that contain eggs or unfledged young are not to be disturbed during the breeding season. Nesting or attempted nesting by migratory birds and birds-of-prey is anticipated from 15 February through 31 August.

Recommendation:

- Tree and vegetation removal shall occur outside of the nesting season (15 January through 31 August annually). All tree removal shall occur between 1 September and 14 January, which is outside of nesting season for MBTA and Fish and Game Code protected birds. If work occurs outside the nesting season, there will be no need to conduct a preconstruction survey for active nests.
- If project work occurs during the nesting season, a qualified biologist shall conduct a preconstruction survey for nesting birds of prey and other birds protected by the MBTA and Fish and Game Code within 15 days prior to the start of construction. The survey area shall cover the Project, a 500 ft radius for nesting birds of prey, and a 100 ft radius for all other MBTA and Fish and Game Code protected birds. If no active nest of a bird of prey, MBTA bird, or other Fish and Game Code-protected bird is found, then no further mitigation measures are necessary.
- Should an active nest of a protected bird be identified, an exclusion zone of 500 feet shall be established around the nest if it is a bird of prey, and 100 feet if it is a protected bird other than a bird of prey. Buffer sizes may be adjusted at the discretion of the biologist depending on the species of bird, the location of the nest relative to the project, the existing level of disturbance, and other site-specific conditions. No work will be allowed in the exclusion zone until the biologist determines that the nest is no longer active, or monitoring determines that a smaller ESA will protect the active nest.
- From 15 February through 31 August, if additional trees or shrubs need to be trimmed and/or removed after construction has started, a survey will be conducted for active nests in the area to be affected. If an active nest is found, the above measures will be implemented.
- If an active nest is identified in or adjacent to the construction zone after construction has started, the above measures will be implemented to ensure construction is not causing disturbance to the nest.

Special-Status Plants

No special-status plants were found during the biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period. No avoidance and minimization measures are necessary for special-status plants.

Please contact me with any questions.

Sincerely an

Jessie Quinn, Ph.D. Ecologist

Enclosure: Biological Resources Evaluation

17077 ATT Zee Estates Cover Letter

2

Biological Resources Evaluation for the AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project

El Dorado County, CA

Prepared by:

Sycamore Environmental Consultants, Inc.

6355 Riverside Blvd., Suite C Sacramento, CA 95831 Phone: 916/ 427-0703 Contact: Jessie Quinn

Prepared for:

Epic Wireless Group, LLC 8700 Auburn Folsom Road, Suite 400 Granite Bay, CA 95746 Phone: 916/755-1326 Contact: Jared Kearsley

August 2017

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Biological Resources Evaluation for the AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629

El Dorado County, CA

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- Appendix C. CNDDB Summary Report and CNPS Inventory Query
- Appendix D. Photographs

I. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

This Biological Resources Evaluation report was prepared for the AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project (Project) to document baseline biological conditions. The approximately 0.413-acre (ac) Biological Study Area (BSA) is located off of Salmon Falls Road in the community of Pilot Hill, in unincorporated El Dorado County, CA. The BSA consists of blue oak woodland and disturbed habitat. The BSA is located on assessor's parcel number (APN) 104-370-24-100.

There is no habitat for federal- or state-listed wildlife or California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) species of special concern in the BSA. Trees and vegetation in and adjacent to the BSA provide habitat for nesting birds protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and Fish and Game Code. The nesting bird season is generally defined as 15 February through 31 August. Impacts to nesting birds are considered during project review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The BSA provides habitat for the following five federal-listed and state-listed plants:

- Stebbins' morning-glory: Federal Endangered, State Endangered, California Native Plant Society (CNPS) Rank 1B.1
- Pine Hill ceanothus: Federal Endangered, State Rare, CNPS Rank 1B.1
- Pine Hill flannelbush: Federal Endangered, State Rare, CNPS 1B.2
- El Dorado bedstraw: Federal Endangered, State Rare, CNPS 1B.2
- Layne's Butterweed: Federal Threatened, State Rare, CNPS 1B.2

The BSA provides habitat for an additional four special-status plants ranked by the California Native Plant Society (CNPS): big-scale balsamroot, chaparral sedge, Red Hill soaproot, and El Dorado County mule ears; and one plant protected by the El Dorado County General Plan: Bisbee Peak rush-rose. No federal-listed, state-listed, or special-status plant species were found during a biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period.

The BSA is in a previously disturbed area within an Important Biological Corridor. The BSA is located in Rare Plant Mitigation Area 1. The BSA is not in an Ecological Preserve, or within Important Habitat for Migratory Deer Herds. Based on aerial images in Google Earth from October 2016, the 60-acre parcel on which the BSA is located contains more than one percent canopy cover of oak woodlands. Projects that occur on parcels that contain more than one percent oak canopy must adhere to General Plan Policy 7.4.4.4. The County expects to adopt a new Oak Resources Management Plan (ORMP) in September 2017 that replaces Policy 7.4.4.4 and 7.4.5.2. The ORMP regulates both oak woodlands and individual oak trees outside of oak woodlands. The project does not require the removal or pruning of oak trees.

There are no wetlands or waters in the BSA.

II. INTRODUCTION

A. Purpose of Report

The purpose of this Biological Resources Evaluation (BRE) report is to document baseline biological resources in the AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project (Project) Biological Study Area (BSA).

B. Project Location

The approximately 0.413-ac BSA is located in the western foothills of the Sierra Nevada Mountains in unincorporated El Dorado County, California. The BSA is located in a rural residential area, and is surrounded by undeveloped mixed oak woodland. The BSA is on the Pilot Hill USGS topographic quad (T11N R9E, Section 18, Mt. Diablo Base & Meridian; Figure 1), and is in the North Fork American Hydrologic Unit (Hydrologic Unit Code 18020128). The geographic coordinates of the BSA are 38.810093° north, 121.020286° west (WGS84), and the UTM coordinates (Zone 10 North) are 671,894 meters east, 4,297,562 meters north. Elevation in the BSA ranges from approximately 1,566 ft to 1,575 ft above sea level. The BSA is located on the northeast facing slope of a hill. Figure 2 is a July 2016 aerial photo of the BSA and surrounding area.

C. Project Applicant

Applicant: AT&T Mobility 2600 Camino Ramon San Ramon, CA 94583

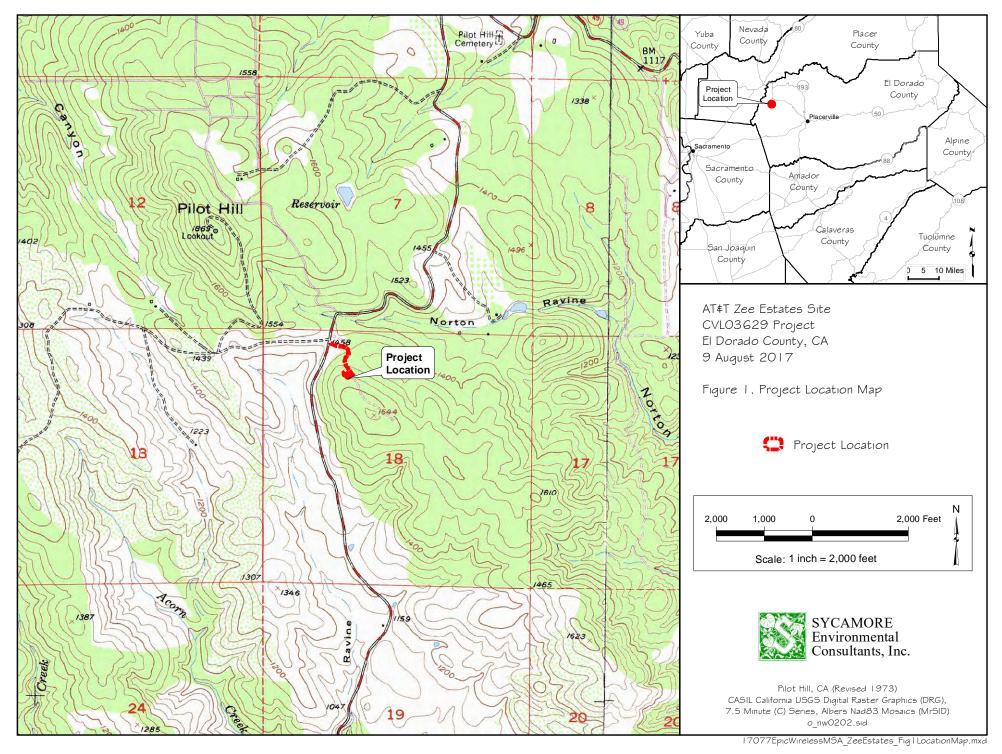
Consulting Planner

Epic Wireless Group, LLC 8700 Auburn Folsom Road, Suite 400 Granite Bay, CA 95746 Phone: 916/755-1326 Contact: Mr. Jared Kearsley

D. Project Description

The proposed AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project (Project) facility tower will be a new 153-ft monopole tower with a new GPS antenna, six wireless antennas and 14 remote radio units (RRUs) mounted at 150 ft; six wireless antennas, one surge protector, and six RRUs mounted at 140 ft; and 21 RRUs and three surge protectors on a collar mount directly below the sectors. In the future, the tower can also accommodate two 4-ft diameter microwave dishes mounted at 92.5 ft. Future antennas can be mounted by other carriers at approximately 132, 125, and 110 ft. The tower has been designed with pine foliage to match the existing surrounding trees. The foliage would extend horizontally approximately 7 ft above the top of the structure to an overall structure height of approximately 160 ft. Antennas will be concealed with socks. The monopole "trunk" and RRUs will be painted brown.

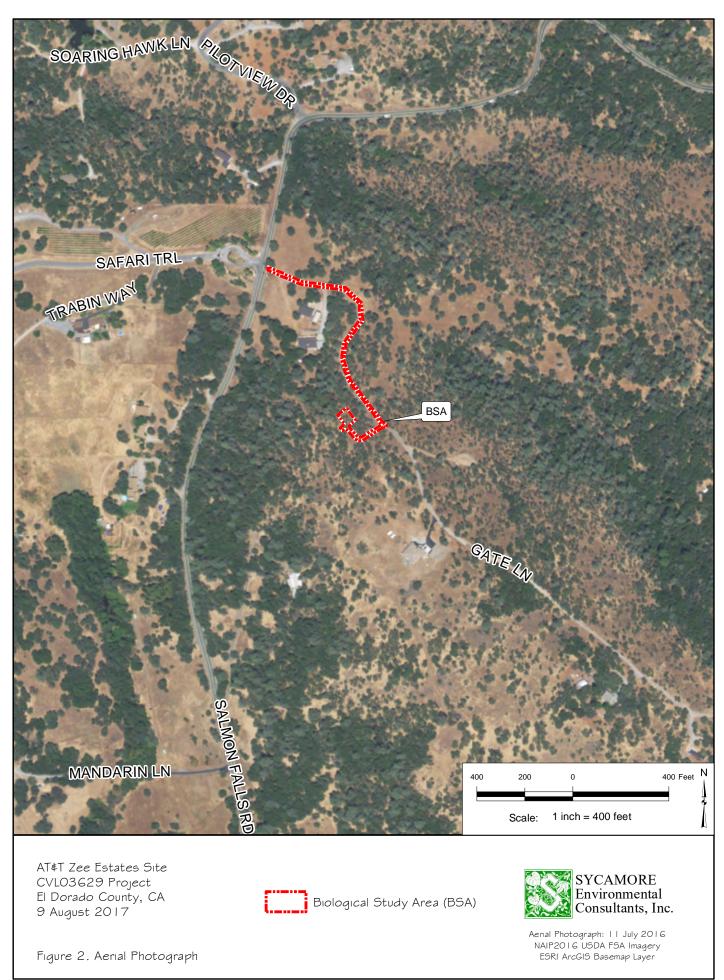
The facility will include a new, approximately 200-ft-long, 12-ft-wide asphalt concrete access road and paired gravel-filled drainage ditch, a new 35 Kw propane generator with a 500-gallon propane tank, and a pre-fabricated equipment shelter. The facility will be located on a 30-ft by 45-ft lease area enclosed with a new 6-ft chain link fence and 12-ft wide double access gate. Connecting the facility with existing power and fiber lines will require excavation of an approximately 1,200-ft long, 5-ft wide linear utility trench along the proposed access road and Gate Lane through which to run cables. The approximately 400 cubic yards of excavated material will be replaced. The cables will be connected to an existing utility pole on Salmon Falls Road at the intersection with Gate Lane. New splice boxes, each for power and fiber, will be installed approximately every 300 ft along the new utility trenches.



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III. STUDY METHODS

A. Studies Conducted

An evaluation of biological resources was conducted to determine whether any special-status plant or wildlife species, their habitat, or sensitive habitats occur in the BSA. Data on known special-status species and habitats in the area was obtained from state and federal agencies. Maps and aerial photographs of the BSA and surrounding area were reviewed. The field survey, map review, and a review of the biology of evaluated species and habitats were used to determine the special-status species and sensitive habitats that could occur in the BSA.

Special-status species in this report are those listed under the federal or state endangered species acts, under the California Native Plant Protection Act, as a California species of special concern or fully protected by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW), that are California Rare Plant Rank 1 or 2 (CNPS 2017), or are protected under the El Dorado County General Plan EIR (2004). Special-status natural communities are waters, wetlands, riparian communities, and any natural community ranked S1, S2, or S3 by CDFW (2010). Special-status species and communities may also include those considered locally important or sensitive. El Dorado County identifies Important Biological Corridors, Ecological Preserve, and Important Habitat for Migratory Deer Herds in its General Plan (2016), and Rare Plan Mitigation areas per the Board of Supervisors Resolution No. 205-98. General Plan Policy 7.4.4.4 requires all new development projects adhere to tree canopy retention and replacement standards. The County expects to adopt a new ORMP in September 2017 that replaces Policy 7.4.4.4 and 7.4.5.2. El Dorado County Zoning Code §130.30.030(G) establishes standards for avoidance and minimization of impacts to wetlands and sensitive riparian habitat as provided in General Plan Policies 7.3.3.4 and 7.4.2.5.

Data received from USFWS, CNDDB, and CNPS records (Appendices B and C) were used to evaluate species and habitats of concern with potential to occur within the BSA. The CNDDB tracks other species that have not been designated by CDFW as a California species of special concern; these species were not evaluated as special-status species in this BRE.

B. Survey Dates, Personnel, and Coverage

Fieldwork for this BRE, covering the 0.413-ac BSA, was conducted by Juan Mejia, Biologist, and Adrienne Levoy, Biologist, on 13 July 2017.

C. Problems Encountered and Limitations That May Influence Results

No problems or limitations were encountered.

D. Literature Search

An official letter and list was obtained from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), Sacramento Field Office on 4 August 2017 (Appendix B). The list identifies federal-listed, candidate, and proposed species that potentially occur in, or could be affected by, the Project.

The California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) was queried prior to field surveys for known occurrences of special-status species in or near the BSA (Pilot Hill Quad and the eight surrounding quads; data dated 4 August 2017; Appendix C). The California Native Plant Society (CNPS) inventory of rare and endangered plants was queried prior to field surveys for known occurrences of special-status plants in

or near the BSA (Pilot Hill Quad and the eight surrounding quads; Appendix C). The list was updated most recently on 8 August 2017. Table 1 lists the USGS quads evaluated.

Gold Hill	Auburn	Greenwood
Rocklin	Pilot Hill	Coloma
Folsom	Clarksville	Shingle springs

Table 1. USGS Quads Evaluated for the AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project

E. Field Survey Methods

Biological surveys conducted for this report consisted of biologists walking through the BSA to determine if any special-status species or their habitat were present. Areas adjacent to the BSA were also inspected for important habitat features such as wetlands/waters. Plant and wildlife species and natural communities were identified and recorded. Potential habitat for special-status species was evaluated. Appendix A is a list of plant and wildlife species observed.

The survey coincided with the evident and identifiable period for all special-status plant species with potential to occur. Plant species observed were either identified on-site or collected and identified later using Baldwin et al. (2012). Nomenclature and taxonomy used in this document follow Baldwin et al. (2012).

A reconnaissance survey for potential wetlands and waters of the U.S. was conducted during the survey. Potential wetland and water features within and adjacent to the BSA were mapped using a sub-meter accurate GPS. A formal jurisdictional delineation of wetlands and waters, using U.S. Army Corps of Engineers standards (USACE 1987; USACE 2008), was not conducted. Photographs of the BSA are in Appendix D.

F. Mapping

Biological communities observed by Sycamore Environmental were mapped using a Trimble GeoXT submeter accurate GPS. The 6 July 2016 aerial photo in Figures 2 and 4 was downloaded from ESRI World Imagery. Biological communities were mapped based on GPS data, field observations, and interpretation of the aerial photographs available on Google Earth (Google 2017).

IV. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The BSA is located in the western foothills of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, approximately 1.7 miles south-southwest from the community of Pilot Hill. Land use adjacent to the BSA consists of undeveloped blue oak woodland and dispersed rural residential properties. Folsom Lake is approximately 7 miles southwest. The parcel on which the BSA is located is approximately 60 acres in size.

A. Soils

Mapped soil units in the BSA were determined using the Soil Survey of El Dorado Area (NRCS 1974). Mapped soil units in the BSA are Rescue very stony sandy loam, 15-30% slopes, and Rescue very stony sandy loam, 30-50% slopes (Figure 3; NRCS 2017). Figure 3 is a soils map.

Rescue very stony sandy loam, 15-30% Percent Slopes:

The Rescue series consists of well-drained soils underlain by gabbrodiorite rocks at a depth of more than 40 inches. A typical profile of Rescue sandy loam, 2-9% slopes, has dark reddish-brown (5YR 3/4) medium acidic sandy loam from 0 to 5 inches, dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4) slightly acidic sandy loam from 5 to 10 inches, yellowish red (5YR 3/6) slightly acidic heavy sandy loam from 10 to 14 inches, dark reddish yellow (5YR 3/6) slightly acidic heavy sandy loam from 26 to 34 inches, yellowish red (5YR 5/6) slightly acidic coarse sandy loam from 34 to 55 inches, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) slightly acidic loamy coarse sand from 55 to 66 inches, and weathered gabbrodiorite at 66 inches. Permeability is moderately slow, surface runoff is slow to medium, and the erosion hazard is slight to moderate.

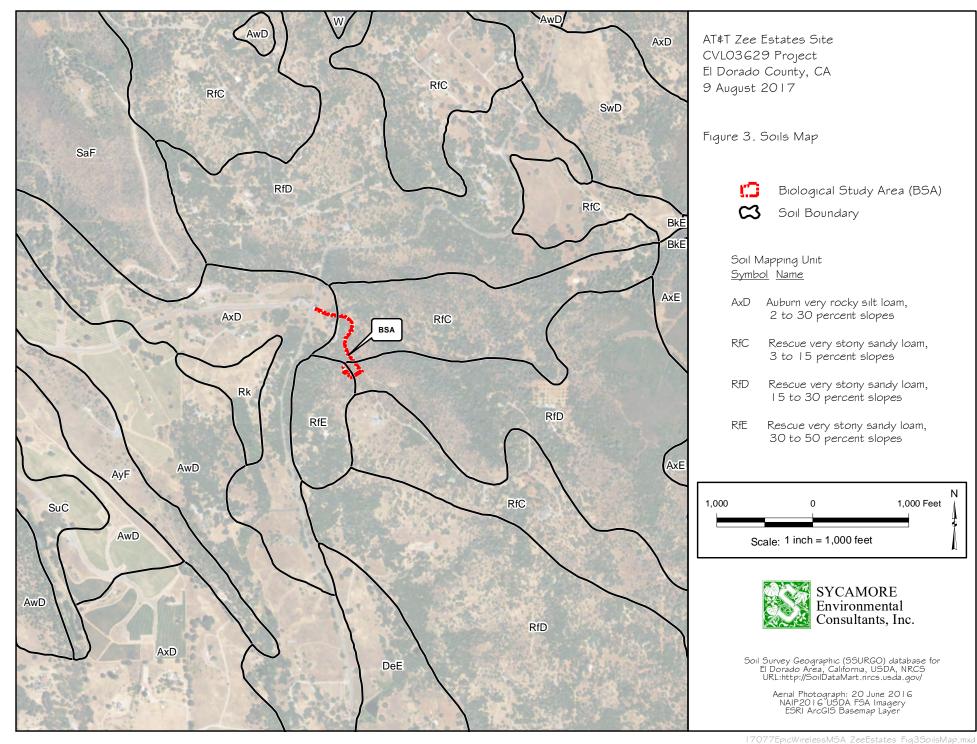
Rescue very stony sandy loam, 30-50% Percent Slopes:

This series is similar to the profile described above, except stones cover 3-15% of the surface and the thickness of the surface layer is only 3 to 8 inches.

B. Weather and Climate Conditions

Fieldwork was conducted on 13 July 2017. Precipitation in California is typically reported for the period from 1 July through 30 June of the next calendar year. The historic average precipitation from 1 July 2016 through 12 July for the nearby Placerville gauge is 38.24 inches (CDEC 2017). From 1 July 2016 through 12 July 2017, the Placerville Gauge received 72.45 inches of rain, or 190% of the average precipitation. The BSA had wetter than average hydrologic conditions during the water year preceding the fieldwork. Weather during the survey was sunny, calm, and dry.

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C. Biological Communities

Biological communities are defined by species composition and relative abundance. Biological communities correlate where applicable with the list of California terrestrial natural communities recognized by CDFW (2010). Descriptions of biological communities present in the BSA are included below. Biological community descriptions include plant species identified during the field surveys. Biological communities are mapped in Figure 4 and their acreages are in Table 2. Photographs of the BSA are in Appendix D.

Biological Community	Vegetation Alliances and CDFW Alliance Codes ¹	Rarity Rank ²	Acreage ³
Blue oak woodland	<i>Quercus douglasii</i> woodland 71.020.00	G4 S4	0.100
Disturbed	-	-	0.313
Total:			0.413

Table 2. Biological Communities in the BSA

¹ Vegetation alliances based on descriptions and classification methods in Sawyer et al. (2009). Alliance codes from CDFW (2010). Some communities may lack recognized vegetation alliances or contain multiple alliances.

² Rarity ranking follows NatureServe's Heritage Methodology and is based on degree of imperilment as measured by rarity, trends, and threats. State (S) ranks of 1-3 are considered highly imperiled by CDFW (2010). Nonnative vegetation has no rarity rank.

³ Acreages were calculated using ArcMap functions.

1. Blue Oak Woodland

A total of 0.100 acre of Blue Oak Woodland occurs in the BSA. The canopy of this community is dominated by Blue oak (*Quercus douglasii*). The understory shrub layer is sparse. Where present, it is dominated by honeysuckle (*Lonicera* sp.) and poison oak (*Toxicodendron diversilobus*). The herb layer is dominated by nonnative grasses and forbs including slender wild oat (*Avena barbata*), tall sock destroyer (*Torilis arvensis*), nit grass (*Gastridium phleoides*), and bristly dogtail grass (*Cynosurus echinatus*).

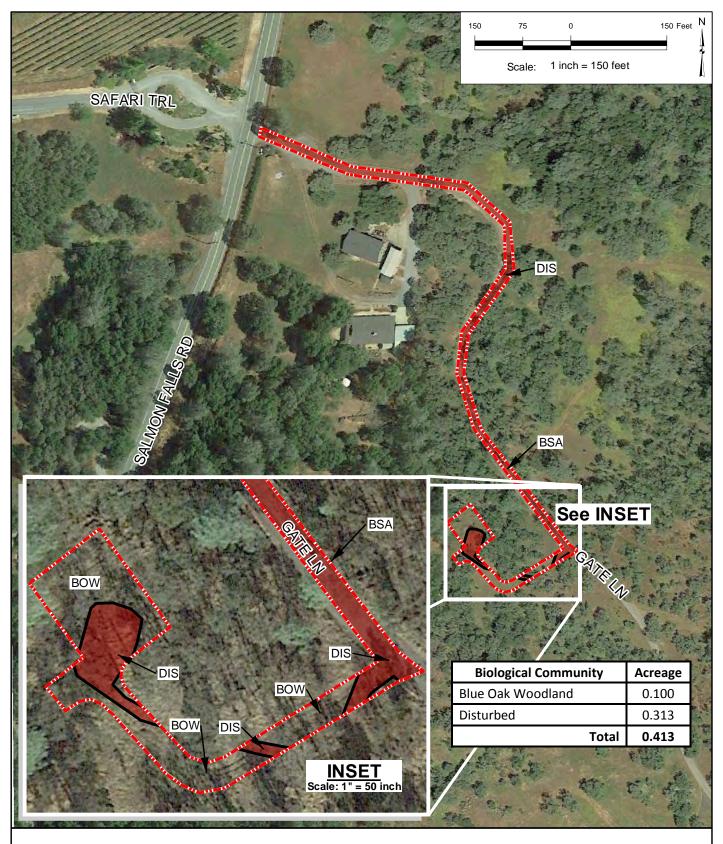
2. Disturbed

A total of 0.313 acre of disturbed land occurs in the BSA. The disturbed area appears to have been cleared using a bulldozer at least one month prior. The majority of this community is bare ground. Where present, vegetation is similar to the herbaceous layer in the blue oak woodland. The disturbed area includes Gate Lane, a paved road that extends north to the intersection with Salmon Falls Road.

D. The Existing Level of Disturbance

The majority of the BSA has a medium level of existing disturbance from the bulldozer disturbance and paved Gate Lane.

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Biological Study Area (BSA) Blue Oak Woodland (BOW) Disturbed (DIS)



Aerial Photograph: 25 October 2016 Google Earth Imagery

Figure 4. Biological Resources Map

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V. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES IN THE BIOLOGICAL STUDY AREA

A. Determination of Special-Status Species in the Biological Study Area

Field surveys were conducted by Sycamore Environmental biologists to determine if individuals or habitat for special-status species identified in the file data were present in the BSA. Special-status species for which suitable habitat is present are discussed below.

Special-status wildlife species, plant species, and communities for which suitable habitat is not present, or whose distributional limits preclude the possibility of their occurrence in the BSA, are not discussed in Section V of this report.

B. Evaluation of Special-Status Natural Communities

Descriptions of the special-status natural communities are in section IV.C above. The BSA is not located within an Ecological Preserve or Important Habitat for Migratory Deer Herds. The BSA is located within an Important Biological Corridor (IBC), in a previously disturbed and developed area. The BSA is in El Dorado County Rare Plant Mitigation Area 1. Mitigation Areas 0 and 1 include areas of gabbro soils that may support the Pine Hill plants. The eight Pine Hill plants are Stebbins' morning-glory, Pine Hill ceanothus, Red Hills soaproot, Pine Hill flannelbush, El Dorado bedstraw, Bisbee Peak rush-rose, Layne's butterweed, and El Dorado County mule ears. The BSA is not in the USFWS recommended preserve area for the gabbro soil (Pine Hill) plants (USFWS 2002). Development on lands in Rare Plant Mitigation Area 1 must mitigate impacts by one of two options:

A. Pay the appropriate fee in lieu of Ecological Preserve Mitigation for the direct or indirect impacts caused by development on rare plants and rare plant habitat; or

B. Participate in the Rare Plant Off-Site Mitigation Program.

Blue Oak Woodland (Quercus douglasii forest alliance; CDFW 071.020.00)

The blue oak woodland community in the BSA is regulated by El Dorado County General Plan Policy 7.4.4.4. All new developments must adhere to the retention standards of the policy. Based on aerial images in Google Earth from October 2016, APN 104-370-24-100 in which the BSA is located contains more than one percent canopy cover of oak woodlands. El Dorado County requires minimum retention standards for oak canopy under the Policy 7.4.4.4 on parcels that contain more than one percent oak canopy. An arborist report was not prepared as part of this Biological Resource Evaluation.

The County expects to adopt a new Oak Resources Management Plan (ORMP) in September 2017 that replaces Policy 7.4.4.4. The ORMP regulates both oak woodlands and individual trees outside of oak woodlands. Mitigation ratios will be based on the percent of oak woodland impacted.

C. Evaluation of Special-Status Wildlife Species

Nesting Birds Listed Under the MBTA or Regulated by CA Fish and Game Code

STATUS: Fish and Game Code 3503.5 protects all birds in the orders Falconiformes and Strigiformes (collectively known as birds of prey). Birds of prey include raptors, falcons, and owls. Migratory birds are protected under the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) of 1918 (16 U.S.C. 703-711). The MBTA makes it unlawful to take, possess, buy, sell, purchase, or barter any migratory bird listed in 50 CFR Part 10 including feathers or other parts, nests, eggs, or products, except as allowed by implementing regulations (50 CFR 21). All migratory bird species are protected by the MBTA. Any

disturbance that causes direct injury, death, nest abandonment, or forced fledging of migratory birds, is restricted under the MBTA. Any removal of active nests during the breeding season or any disturbance that results in the abandonment of nestlings is considered a 'take' of the species under federal law.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: Bird species observed are listed in Appendix A. The BSA provides habitat for birds listed under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and/or regulated by the CA Fish and Game Code. Birds may nest in trees, shrubs, on the ground, and on structures within and adjacent to the BSA.

DISCUSSION: No bird of prey nests or nests of other birds protected by the MBTA or Fish and Game Code were observed in the BSA during biological survey on 13 July. The nesting bird season is generally defined as 15 February to 31 August for most bird species.

D. Evaluation of Special-Status Plants

Big-scale balsamroot (Balsamorhiza macrolepis var. macrolepis)

STATUS: CNPS Rank 1B.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: A perennial herb found in chaparral, cismontane woodland, and valley and foothill grassland, sometimes on serpentine soils, from 295 to 5,100 feet. Big-scale balsamroot blooms March through July (Baldwin et al. 2012).

RANGE: Known from Alameda, Butte, Colusa, El Dorado, Lake, Mariposa, Napa, Placer, Santa Clara, Solano, Sonoma, Tehama, and Tuolumne counties (CNPS 2016).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record for this species is from 1920 and located approximately 3.4 miles west of the BSA. The precise location of the occurrence is unknown and mapped by CNDDB at the site of historical Rattlesnake Bar along the North Fork American River. This site was inundated by Folsom Lake. CNDDB considers this occurrence as possibly extirpated.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for big-scale balsamroot.

DISCUSSION: Big-scale balsamroot was not observed in the BSA during the July 2017 biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period.

Stebbins' morning-glory (Calystegia stebbinsii)

STATUS: Federal Endangered, State Endangered, CNPS Rank 1B.1

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: A perennial rhizomatous herb found in serpentine or gabbroic soils in chaparral openings and cismontane woodland from 600 to 2,400 feet elevation. Stebbins' morning-glory blooms April through July (CNPS 2016).

RANGE: Known from El Dorado and Nevada counties (CNPS 2016).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record for this species is 2 miles south of the BSA along the South Fork American River, from Salmon Falls Road east to Weber Creek. From 1984 to 2007, multiple occurrences of populations ranging from 20 to 15,000 plants were observed.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for Stebbins' morning-glory.

DISCUSSION: Stebbins' morning-glory was not observed in the BSA during the July 2017 biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period.

Chaparral sedge (Carex xerophila)

STATUS: CNPS Rank 1B.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: Chaparral sedge is a newly described perennial, cespitose herb found on serpentine and gabbro soils (Zika et al. 2014). It occurs in uplands in full sun to partial shade, in open forest or chaparral from 1,475 to 2,525 feet. Most collections are from April, May, or June (CCH 2016, Zika et al. 2014). Zika et al. (2014) note it appears chaparral sedge is "an uncommon plant in a declining habitat, and in need of conservation attention."

RANGE: Known from Butte, El Dorado, Nevada, and Yuba counties (CCH 2016, Zika et al. 2014).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record for this species is 3 miles south of the BSA approximately 0.6 to 1.3 air miles east of Salmon Falls Road. Approximately 300 plants were observed in 2015. Habitat consists of trails in cleared or burned areas.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for chaparral sedge.

DISCUSSION: Chaparral sedge was not observed in the BSA during the July 2017 biological survey. Although the survey was not conducted during the blooming period for Chaparral sedge, this species is evident and identifiable year-round. Chaparral sedge does not occur in the BSA.

Pine Hill ceanothus (Ceanothus roderickii)

STATUS: Federal Endangered, State Rare, CNPS Rank 1B.1

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: An evergreen shrub found in serpentine or gabbroic soils in chaparral and cismontane woodland from 800 to 3,600 feet. It blooms April through June (CNPS 2016). Pine Hill ceanothus is a perennial evergreen shrub that is evident and identifiable year-round.

RANGE: Known only from El Dorado County (CNPS 2016).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record for this species is 3 miles south of the BSA along the North and South Fork American River, mostly between Salmon Falls Road and Weber Creek. Pine Hill ceanothus was observed here from 1984 to 2011, in numbers ranging from 7 to 12,000 plants. Habitat consists of Rescue gabbroic soils in chaparral.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for Pine Hill ceanothus.

DISCUSSION: Pine Hill ceanothus was not observed in the BSA during the May 2016 biological survey. Although the survey was not conducted during the blooming period, Pine Hill ceanothus is evident and identifiable year-round. Pine Hill ceanothus does not occur in the BSA.

Red Hills soaproot (Chlorogalum grandiflorum)

STATUS: CNPS Rank 1B.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: A perennial bulbiferous herb found in serpentine or gabbroic soils in chaparral, cismontane woodland, and lower montane coniferous forest from 800 to 4,100 feet. Red Hills soaproot blooms May through June (CNPS 2016).

RANGE: Known from Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Placer, and Tuolumne counties (CNPS 2016).

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KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record for this species is 3 miles south of the BSA along both sides of Highway 50 between Shingle springs and Cameron Park. The record consists 100 to 1,000s of plants growing in openings and disturbed areas in chaparral on gabbroic soils from 1984 to 2015.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for Red Hills soaproot.

DISCUSSION: Red Hills soaproot was not found during the July 2017 biological survey. Although the survey was not conducted during the blooming period, Red Hills soaproot is evident and identifiable in July based on leaf structure.

Bisbee Peak rush-rose (Crocanthemum suffrutescens)

STATUS: CNPS Rank 3.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: An evergreen shrub found in chaparral from 250 to 2,200 feet. Often found on gabbroic or Ione soils; often in burned or disturbed areas in chaparral. Bisbee Peak rush-rose blooms April through August (CNPS 2016).

RANGE: Known from Amador, Calaveras, and El Dorado counties (CNPS 2016).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record for this species is 2 miles south of the BSA, north of the South Fork American River. Bisbee Peak rush-rose was observed at this location between 1981 and 1984.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for Bisbee Peak rush-rose.

DISCUSSION: Bisbee Peak rush-rose was not found during the July 2017 biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period.

Pine Hill flannelbush (Fremontodendron californicum ssp. decumbens)

STATUS: Federal Endangered, State Rare, CNPS 1B.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: An evergreen shrub found in rocky areas of serpentine or gabbroic soils in chaparral and cismontane woodland from 1,400 to 2,500 feet. Pine Hill flannelbush blooms April through July (CNPS 2016). Pine Hill flannelbush is a perennial evergreen shrub that is evident and identifiable year-round.

RANGE: Known from El Dorado County with possible records in Nevada and Yuba counties (CNPS 2016). In El Dorado County, Pine Hill flannelbush is only known from the Pine Hill area.

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record for this species is approximately 5.8 miles south of the BSA along Fairview Drive. Between 1 and 10 plants were observed on a rocky outcrop on top of a ridge on Gabbro soil from 1983 to 2015.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for Pine Hill flannelbush.

DISCUSSION: Pine Hill flannelbush was not found during the July 2017 biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period. Pine Hill flannelbush does not occur in the BSA.

El Dorado bedstraw (Galium californicum ssp. sierrae)

STATUS: Federal Endangered, State Rare, CNPS 1B.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: A perennial herb found in gabbroic soils in chaparral, cismontane woodland, and lower montane coniferous forest from 300 to 1,900 feet elevation. El Dorado bedstraw blooms May through July (Baldwin 2012). El Dorado bedstraw is more likely to be found under oaks and in oak leaf litter, particularly of black oak (BLM 2010).

RANGE: Known only from El Dorado County (CNPS 2016).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record is about 3 miles south of the BSA, 0.5 mile south of New Salmon Falls Bridge. This occurrence is based on an undated collection and a 1958 observation.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for El Dorado bedstraw.

DISCUSSION: El Dorado bedstraw was not found during the July 2017 biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period.

Layne's Butterweed (Packera layneae; syn. Senecio layneae)

STATUS: Federal Threatened, State Rare, CNPS 1B.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: A perennial herb found in rocky areas with serpentine or gabbroic soils in chaparral and cismontane woodland from 650 to 3,560 feet elevation. Blooms April through August (CNPS 2016).

RANGE: Known from Butte, El Dorado, Placer, Tuolumne, and Yuba counties (CNPS 2016).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record, from 2000, is located 2.6 miles southeast of the BSA along the west side of the South Fork American River. Approximately 120 plants were observed in 2000 along a dirt road in a transition area of chaparral to Ponderosa pine forest.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for Layne's butterweed.

DISCUSSION: Layne's butterweed was not found during the July 2017 biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period.

El Dorado County mule ears (Wyethia reticulata)

STATUS: CNPS 1B.2

HABITAT AND BIOLOGY: A perennial rhizomatous herb found in clay or gabbroic soils in chaparral, cismontane woodland, and lower montane coniferous forest from 600 to 2,060 feet. El Dorado County mule ears blooms April through August (CNPS 2016).

RANGE: Known from El Dorado County and Yuba counties (CNPS 2016).

KNOWN RECORDS: The closest CNDDB record is approximately 2.2 miles south of the BSA along both sides of the South Fork American River, near the mouth of Weber Creek. Up to 100,000 plants were observed in gabbroic northern mixed chaparral from 1984 through 2007.

HABITAT PRESENT IN THE BSA: The BSA provides potential habitat for El Dorado County mule ears.

DISCUSSION: El Dorado County mule ears was not found during the July 2017 biological survey conducted during the evident and identifiable period.

E. Potentially Jurisdictional Waters

Field surveys conducted by Sycamore Environmental biologists included evaluation of potential wetlands or waters within the BSA. A formal jurisdictional delineation of wetlands and waters using U.S. Army Corps of Engineers standards (USACE 1987; USACE 2008) was not conducted.

There are no potentially jurisdictional waters in the BSA.

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VII. PREPARERS

Jeffery Little, Vice President, Sycamore Environmental. Over 24 years experience with preparation of NES, BA, and NEPA/CEQA compliance documents, impact analysis, agency formal and informal consultations and permitting. Project management, conducts special-status species surveys, jurisdictional delineations, and prepares mitigation and monitoring plans. CAD/ GIS Manager responsible for data collection, map creation, impact analyses, and report preparation. He holds a California Department of Fish and Wildlife Rare, Threatened and Endangered Plant Voucher Collecting Permit (2081(a)-14-078-V), and is an authorized individual on the CDFW Scientific Collecting Permit (SC-7617). Responsibilities: Principal-in-Charge, QA/QC

Jessica Quinn, Ph.D., Ecology, University of California, Davis, CA. Over 8 years of experience as a professional ecologist. Conducts special-status plant and wildlife surveys; wetland delineations; and prepares CEQA/NEPA reports that document resources, identify impacts, and recommend mitigation measures. She has managed and conducted wetland functional analyses, environmental risk assessments, environmental screening evaluations, and restoration design evaluations, and has received advanced training for CA red-legged frog, NEPA and Habitat Conservation Planning. Her background includes 13 additional years of experience managing and conducting ecological research on mammals, birds, and grassland ecology. Dr. Quinn holds a CDFW Plant Voucher Collecting Permit (#2081(a)-16-053-V), and is an authorized individual on the CDFW Scientific Collecting Permit (SC-7617). Responsibilities: Project manager, report preparation.

Adrienne Levoy, B.S., Conservation and Resource Studies, University of California, Berkeley, CA. Over 9 years experience as a professional biologist. Conducts wildlife surveys, yellow-billed cuckoo, burrowing owl, and Swainson's hawk protocol surveys, biological resource evaluations, worker awareness training, and construction monitoring; prepares impact/mitigation analyses, and assists with permit application preparation. She prepares reports used in the CEQA/NEPA process that document resources, identify impacts, recommends mitigation measures, and assists with permit application preparation. She holds a USFWS recovery permit for listed yellow-billed cuckoo (TE-78073B-0) and a CDFW Scientific Collecting Permit (SC-13362).

Responsibilities: Fieldwork and report preparation.

Juan L. Mejia, B.S., Environmental Science and Management (emphasis Ecology, Conservation and Biodiversity), University of California, Davis, CA. Over 2 years of experience as a professional biologist. Mr. Mejia conducts plant and wildlife surveys, preconstruction and construction monitoring, and assists with preparation of biological resource evaluations, Natural Environment Study reports, permit applications, and other documents used in the CEQA/NEPA process. Serving as both field biologist and technical report writer, he conducts database research on special status species' biology, habitat and distribution. He holds a CDFW Plant Voucher Collecting Permit (2081(a)-15-067-V) and is an authorized individual on the CDFW Scientific Collecting Permit (SC-7617). Responsibilities: Fieldwork, Report preparation

Aramis Respall, GIS Analyst/ CAD Operator. Over 20 years experience in drafting and spatial analysis using AutoCAD map and ArcGIS for public and private projects. Prepares figures for biological and permitting documents, impact analysis maps, and other supporting graphics. Responsibilities: Figure preparation and spatial analysis.

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APPENDIX A

Plant and Wildlife Species Observed

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	N/I^1	CAL-IPC ²
GYMNOSPERM	8			
EUDICOTS				
Anacardiaceae	Toxicodendron diversilobum	Western poison oak	N	
Apiaceae	Daucus pusillus	Daucus	N	
	Torilis arvensis	Tall sock destroyer	Ι	
Asteraceae	Carduus pycnocephalus ssp. Pycnocephalus	Italian thistle	Ι	Moderate
	Leontodon saxatilis	Hairy hawkbit	Ι	
	Tragopogon sp.	Salsify	Ι	
Caprifoliaceae	Lonicera sp.	Honeysuckle		
Fabaceae	Acmispon americanus var. americanus	Deervetch	N	
	Trifolium hirtum	Rose clover	Ι	Limited
Fagaceae	Quercus douglasii	Blue oak	N	
	Quercus wislizeni	Interior live oak	N	
Linaceae	Linum bienne	Flax	Ι	
Rhamnaceae	Ceanothus cuneatus	California-lilac	N	
Rubiaceae	Galium parisiense	Wall bedstraw	Ι	
MONOCOTS				
Poaceae	Aegilops triuncialis	Barbed goat grass	Ι	
	Avena barbata	Slender wild oat	Ι	Moderate
	Brachypodium distachyon	False brome	Ι	Moderate
	Bromus diandrus	Ripgut grass	Ι	Moderate
	Bromus hordeaceus	Soft chess	Ι	Limited
	Elymus caput-medusae	Medusa head	Ι	
	Cynosurus echinatus	Bristly dogtail grass	Ι	Moderate
	Gastridium phleoides	Nit grass	Ι	
Themidaceae	Brodiaea elegans ssp. elegans	Harvest brodiaea	N	
	Triteleia sp.	Triteleia	N	

¹ N = Native to CA; I = Introduced.

² Negative ecological impact according to the California Invasive Plant Council (Cal-IPC 2006).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
BIRDS	
Acorn woodpecker	Melanerpes formicivorus
American goldfinch	Carduelis tristis
American robin	Turdus migratorius
American robin	Turdus migratorius
Ash-throated flycatcher	Myiarchus cinerascens
Black-chinned hummingbird	Archilochus alexandri
Blue-gray gnatcatcher	Polioptila caerulea
Brown-headed cowbird	Molothrus ater
California scrub-jay	Aphelocoma californica
Common raven	Corvus corax
House finch	Carpodacus mexicanus
Lazuli bunting	Passerina amoena
Lesser goldfinch	Carduelis psaltria
Mourning dove	Zenaida macroura
Oak titmouse (Plain titmouse)	Baeolophus inornatus
Red-shouldered hawk	Buteo lineatus
Western bluebird	Sialia mexicana
White-breasted nuthatch	Sitta carolinensis

Wildlife Species Observed

Biological Resources Evaluation AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project El Dorado County, CA

APPENDIX B

USFWS Species List

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United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Sacramento Fish And Wildlife Office Federal Building 2800 Cottage Way, Room W-2605 Sacramento, CA 95825-1846 Phone: (916) 414-6600 Fax: (916) 414-6713



In Reply Refer To: Consultation Code: 08ESMF00-2017-SLI-2835 Event Code: 08ESMF00-2017-E-07768 Project Name: ATT Zee Estates Wireless Tower August 04, 2017

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the Service under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

Please follow the link below to see if your proposed project has the potential to affect other species or their habitats under the jurisdiction of the National Marine Fisheries Service:

http://www.nwr.noaa.gov/protected_species/species_list/species_lists.html

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to

utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan

(http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Sacramento Fish And Wildlife Office

Federal Building 2800 Cottage Way, Room W-2605 Sacramento, CA 95825-1846 (916) 414-6600

Project Summary

Consultation Code:	08ESMF00-2017-SLI-2835
Event Code:	08ESMF00-2017-E-07768
Project Name:	ATT Zee Estates Wireless Tower
Project Type:	COMMUNICATIONS TOWER
Project Description:	The proposed AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project (Project) facility tower will be a new 153-ft monopole tower with a new GPS antenna, six wireless antennas and 14 remote radio units (RRUs) mounted at 150 ft; six wireless antennas, one surge protector, and six RRUs mounted at 140 ft; and 21 RRUs and three surge protectors on a collar mount directly below the sectors. In the future, the tower can also accommodate two 4-ft diameter microwave dishes mounted at 92.5 ft. Future antennas can be mounted by other carriers at approximately 132, 125, and 110 ft. The tower has been designed with pine foliage to match the existing surrounding trees. The foliage would extend horizontally approximately 7 ft above the top of the structure to an overall structure height of approximately 160 ft. Antennas will be concealed with socks. The monopole "trunk" and RRUs will be painted brown. The facility will include a new, approximately 200-ft-long, 12-ft-wide asphalt concrete access road and paired gravel-filled drainage ditch, a new 35 Kw propane generator with a 500-gallon propane tank, and a pre-fabricated equipment shelter. The facility will be located on a 30-ft by 45-ft lease area enclosed with a new 6-ft chain link fence and 12-ft wide double access gate. Connecting the facility with existing power and fiber lines will require excavation of an approximately 1,200-ft long, 5-ft wide linear utility trench along the proposed access road and Gate Lane through which to run cables. The approximately 400 cubic yards of excavated material will be replaced. The cables will be connected to an existing utility pole on Salmon Falls Road at the intersection with Gate Lane. New splice boxes, each for power and fiber, will be installed approximately every 300 ft along the new utility trenches.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/38.809968162051376N121.02028867921746W



Counties:

El Dorado, CA

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 8 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list. Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

Amphibians

NAME	STATUS
California Red-legged Frog <i>Rana draytonii</i> There is a final <u>critical habitat</u> designated for this species. Your location is outside the designated critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2891</u>	Threatened
Fishes	
NAME	STATUS
Delta Smelt <i>Hypomesus transpacificus</i> There is a final <u>critical habitat</u> designated for this species. Your location is outside the designated critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/321</u>	Threatened
Steelhead Oncorhynchus (=Salmo) mykiss Population: Northern California DPS There is a final critical habitat designated for this species. Your location is outside the designated critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1007</u>	Threatened
Insects	
NAME	STATUS
Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle <i>Desmocerus californicus dimorphus</i> There is a final <u>critical habitat</u> designated for this species. Your location is outside the designated critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7850</u>	Threatened

Flowering Plants

NAME	STATUS
El Dorado Bedstraw <i>Galium californicum ssp. sierrae</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5209</u>	Endangered
Layne's Butterweed <i>Senecio layneae</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4062</u>	Threatened
Pine Hill Ceanothus <i>Ceanothus roderickii</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3293</u>	Endangered
Stebbins' Morning-glory <i>Calystegia stebbinsii</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3991</u>	Endangered

Critical habitats

There are no critical habitats within your project area under this office's jurisdiction.

Biological Resources Evaluation AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project El Dorado County, CA

APPENDIX C

CNDDB Summary Report CNPS Inventory Query

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Query Criteria:

Quad IS (Gold Hill (3812182) OR Auburn (3812181) OR Greenwood (3812088) OR Rocklin (3812172) OR Pilot Hill (3812171) OR Coloma (3812078) OR Folsom (3812162) OR Clarksville (3812161) OR Shingle Springs (3812068))

Species	Element Code	Federal Status	State Status	Global Rank	State Rank	Rare Plant Rank/CDFW SSC or FP
Accipiter cooperii	ABNKC12040	None	None	G5	S4	WL
Cooper's hawk						
Agelaius tricolor	ABPBXB0020	None	Candidate	G2G3	S1S2	SSC
tricolored blackbird			Endangered			
Allium jepsonii	PMLIL022V0	None	None	G2	S2	1B.2
Jepson's onion						
Ammonitella yatesii	IMGASB0010	None	None	G1	S1	
tight coin (=Yates' snail)						
Andrena blennospermatis	IIHYM35030	None	None	G2	S2	
Blennosperma vernal pool andrenid bee						
Andrena subapasta	IIHYM35210	None	None	G1G2	S1S2	
An andrenid bee						
Antrozous pallidus	AMACC10010	None	None	G5	S3	SSC
pallid bat						
Aquila chrysaetos	ABNKC22010	None	None	G5	S3	FP
golden eagle						
Ardea alba	ABNGA04040	None	None	G5	S4	
great egret						
Ardea herodias	ABNGA04010	None	None	G5	S4	
great blue heron						
Athene cunicularia	ABNSB10010	None	None	G4	S3	SSC
burrowing owl						
Balsamorhiza macrolepis	PDAST11061	None	None	G2	S2	1B.2
big-scale balsamroot						
Banksula californica	ILARA14020	None	None	GH	SH	
Alabaster Cave harvestman						
Banksula galilei	ILARA14040	None	None	G1	S1	
Galile's cave harvestman						
Bombus morrisoni	IIHYM24460	None	None	G4G5	S1S2	
Morrison bumble bee						
Bombus occidentalis	IIHYM24250	None	None	G2G3	S1	
western bumble bee						
Branchinecta lynchi	ICBRA03030	Threatened	None	G3	S3	
vernal pool fairy shrimp						
Buteo swainsoni	ABNKC19070	None	Threatened	G5	S3	
Swainson's hawk						
Calystegia stebbinsii	PDCON040H0	Endangered	Endangered	G1	S1	1B.1
Stebbins' morning-glory						



Selected Elements by Scientific Name California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database



Species	Element Code	Federal Status	State Status	Global Rank	State Rank	Rare Plant Rank/CDFW SSC or FP
Carex xerophila	PMCYP03M60	None	None	G2	S2	1B.2
chaparral sedge						
Ceanothus roderickii	PDRHA04190	Endangered	Rare	G1	S1	1B.1
Pine Hill ceanothus						
Chlorogalum grandiflorum	PMLIL0G020	None	None	G2	S2	1B.2
Red Hills soaproot						
Clarkia biloba ssp. brandegeeae	PDONA05053	None	None	G4G5T4	S4	4.2
Brandegee's clarkia						
Corynorhinus townsendii	AMACC08010	None	None	G3G4	S2	SSC
Townsend's big-eared bat						
Cosumnoperla hypocrena	IIPLE23020	None	None	G2	S2	
Cosumnes stripetail						
Crocanthemum suffrutescens	PDCIS020F0	None	None	G2Q	S2	3.2
Bisbee Peak rush-rose						
Desmocerus californicus dimorphus valley elderberry longhorn beetle	IICOL48011	Threatened	None	G3T2	S2	
Downingia pusilla	PDCAM060C0	None	None	GU	S2	2B.2
dwarf downingia						
Elanus leucurus	ABNKC06010	None	None	G5	S3S4	FP
white-tailed kite						
Emys marmorata	ARAAD02030	None	None	G3G4	S3	SSC
western pond turtle						
Falco columbarius	ABNKD06030	None	None	G5	S3S4	WL
merlin						
Falco peregrinus anatum	ABNKD06071	Delisted	Delisted	G4T4	S3S4	FP
American peregrine falcon						
Fremontodendron decumbens	PDSTE03030	Endangered	Rare	G1	S1	1B.2
Pine Hill flannelbush						
Fritillaria eastwoodiae	PMLIL0V060	None	None	G3Q	S3	3.2
Butte County fritillary						
Galium californicum ssp. sierrae El Dorado bedstraw	PDRUB0N0E7	Endangered	Rare	G5T1	S1	1B.2
Gratiola heterosepala	PDSCR0R060	None	Endangered	G2	S2	1B.2
Boggs Lake hedge-hyssop						
Haliaeetus leucocephalus bald eagle	ABNKC10010	Delisted	Endangered	G5	S3	FP
Hydrochara rickseckeri	IICOL5V010	None	None	G2?	S2?	
Ricksecker's water scavenger beetle				-	-	
Lasionycteris noctivagans	AMACC02010	None	None	G5	S3S4	
silver-haired bat			-			
Laterallus jamaicensis coturniculus California black rail	ABNME03041	None	Threatened	G3G4T1	S1	FP



Selected Elements by Scientific Name California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database



Species	Element Code	Federal Status	State Status	Global Rank	State Rank	Rare Plant Rank/CDFW SSC or FP
Lathyrus sulphureus var. argillaceus	PDFAB25101	None	None	G5T1T2	S1S2	3
dubious pea						
Lepidurus packardi	ICBRA10010	Endangered	None	G4	S3S4	
vernal pool tadpole shrimp						
Linderiella occidentalis California linderiella	ICBRA06010	None	None	G2G3	S2S3	
Navarretia myersii ssp. myersii	PDPLM0C0X1	None	None	G2T2	S2	1B.1
pincushion navarretia				01.1	0-	
Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool	CTT44110CA	None	None	G3	S3.1	
Northern Hardpan Vernal Pool						
Northern Volcanic Mud Flow Vernal Pool	CTT44132CA	None	None	G1	S1.1	
Northern Volcanic Mud Flow Vernal Pool					_	
Oncorhynchus mykiss irideus steelhead - Central Valley DPS	AFCHA0209K	Threatened	None	G5T2Q	S2	
Orcuttia viscida	PMPOA4G070	Endangered	Endangered	G1	S1	1B.1
Sacramento Orcutt grass						
Packera layneae	PDAST8H1V0	Threatened	Rare	G2	S2	1B.2
Layne's ragwort						
Pandion haliaetus	ABNKC01010	None	None	G5	S4	WL
osprey						
Pekania pennanti	AMAJF01021	Proposed	Candidate	G5T2T3Q	S2S3	SSC
fisher - West Coast DPS		Threatened	Threatened			
Phalacrocorax auritus	ABNFD01020	None	None	G5	S4	WL
double-crested cormorant						
Phrynosoma blainvillii	ARACF12100	None	None	G3G4	S3S4	SSC
coast horned lizard						
Progne subis	ABPAU01010	None	None	G5	S3	SSC
purple martin				_	_	
	AAABH01050	None	Candidate Threatened	G3	S3	SSC
foothill yellow-legged frog		-		0000	0000	
Rana draytonii	AAABH01022	Threatened	None	G2G3	S2S3	SSC
California red-legged frog		Neze	Thusatauad	05	<u>60</u>	
Riparia riparia bank swallow	ABPAU08010	None	Threatened	G5	S2	
Sagittaria sanfordii	PMALI040Q0	None	None	G3	S3	1B.2
Sanford's arrowhead	FWAL1040Q0	None	NONE	65	33	10.2
Spea hammondii	AAABF02020	None	None	G3	S3	SSC
western spadefoot	, DI 02020					
Taxidea taxus	AMAJF04010	None	None	G5	S3	SSC
American badger						
Valley Needlegrass Grassland Valley Needlegrass Grassland	CTT42110CA	None	None	G3	S3.1	
งลแบง เพยนแบบเลรร ษาสรรเล่าน						



Selected Elements by Scientific Name California Department of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database



DIANA

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Species	Element Code	Federal Status	State Status	Global Rank	State Rank	Rare Plant Rank/CDFW SSC or FP
Viburnum ellipticum	PDCPR07080	None	None	G4G5	S3?	2B.3
oval-leaved viburnum						
Wyethia reticulata	PDAST9X0D0	None	None	G2	S2	1B.2
El Dorado County mule ears						

Record Count: 63



Plant List

Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants

27 matches found. Click on scientific name for details

Search Criteria

Found in Quads 3812182, 3812181, 3812088, 3812172, 3812171, 3812078, 3812162 3812161 and 3812068;

Q Modify Search Criteria Second to Excel Modify Columns Modify Sort Display Photos Modify Columns Modify Sort Modify

Scientific Name	Common Name	Family	Lifeform	Blooming Period	CA Rare Plant Rank	State Rank	Global Rank
<u>Allium jepsonii</u>	Jepson's onion	Alliaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	Apr-Aug	1B.2	S2	G2
<u>Allium sanbornii var.</u> <u>sanbornii</u>	Sanborn's onion	Alliaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	May-Sep	4.2	S4?	G3T4?
<u>Balsamorhiza</u> <u>macrolepis</u>	big-scale balsamroot	Asteraceae	perennial herb	Mar-Jun	1B.2	S2	G2
Calandrinia breweri	Brewer's calandrinia	Montiaceae	annual herb	(Jan)Mar- Jun	4.2	S4	G4
Calystegia stebbinsii	Stebbins' morning- glory	Convolvulaceae	perennial rhizomatous herb	Apr-Jul	1B.1	S1	G1
<u>Carex xerophila</u>	chaparral sedge	Cyperaceae	perennial herb	Mar-Jun	1B.2	S2	G2
Ceanothus fresnensis	Fresno ceanothus	Rhamnaceae	perennial evergreen shrub	May-Jul	4.3	S4	G4
Ceanothus roderickii	Pine Hill ceanothus	Rhamnaceae	perennial evergreen shrub	Apr-Jun	1B.1	S1	G1
<u>Chlorogalum</u> grandiflorum	Red Hills soaproot	Agavaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	May-Jun	1B.2	S2	G2
<u>Clarkia biloba ssp.</u> <u>brandegeeae</u>	Brandegee's clarkia	Onagraceae	annual herb	May-Jul	4.2	S4	G4G5T4
<u>Claytonia parviflora ssp.</u> grandiflora	streambank spring beauty	Montiaceae	annual herb	Feb-May	4.2	S3	G5T3
<u>Crocanthemum</u> <u>suffrutescens</u>	Bisbee Peak rush- rose	Cistaceae	perennial evergreen shrub	Apr-Aug	3.2	S2	G2Q
Downingia pusilla	dwarf downingia	Campanulaceae	annual herb	Mar-May	2B.2	S2	GU
<u>Eriophyllum jepsonii</u>	Jepson's woolly sunflower	Asteraceae	perennial herb	Apr-Jun	4.3	S3	G3
<u>Fremontodendron</u> <u>decumbens</u>	Pine Hill flannelbush	Malvaceae	perennial evergreen shrub	Apr-Jul	1B.2	S1	G1
Fritillaria eastwoodiae	Butte County fritillary	Liliaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	Mar-Jun	3.2	S3	G3Q
<u>Galium californicum</u> <u>ssp. sierrae</u>	El Dorado bedstraw	Rubiaceae	perennial herb	May-Jun	1B.2	S1	G5T1
<u>Gratiola heterosepala</u>	Boggs Lake hedge-hyssop	Plantaginaceae	annual herb	Apr-Aug	1B.2	S2	G2
Horkelia parryi	Parry's horkelia	Rosaceae	perennial herb	Apr-Sep	1B.2	S2	G2

8/4/2017 CNPS Inventory Results							
<u>Lathyrus sulphureus</u> var. argillaceus	dubious pea	Fabaceae	perennial herb	Apr-May	3	S1S2	G5T1T2
<u>Lilium humboldtii ssp.</u> humboldtii	Humboldt lily	Liliaceae	perennial bulbiferous herb	May- Jul(Aug)	4.2	S3	G4T3
<u>Navarretia myersii ssp.</u> <u>myersii</u>	pincushion navarretia	Polemoniaceae	annual herb	Apr-May	1B.1	S2	G2T2
<u>Orcuttia viscida</u>	Sacramento Orcutt grass	Poaceae	annual herb	Apr- Jul(Sep)	1B.1	S1	G1
Packera layneae	Layne's ragwort	Asteraceae	perennial herb	Apr-Aug	1B.2	S2	G2
Sagittaria sanfordii	Sanford's arrowhead	Alismataceae	perennial rhizomatous herb (emergent)	May- Oct(Nov)	1B.2	S3	G3
Viburnum ellipticum	oval-leaved viburnum	Adoxaceae	perennial deciduous shrub	May-Jun	2B.3	S3?	G4G5
Wyethia reticulata	El Dorado County mule ears	Asteraceae	perennial herb	Apr-Aug	1B.2	S2	G2

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Biological Resources Evaluation AT&T Zee Estates Site CVL03629 Project El Dorado County, CA

APPENDIX D

Photographs



Photo 1. View from the east end of the BSA up the hill towards the southwest. This photo shows the disturbed area and the site of the future gravel access road. 13 July 2017.



Photo 2. View from the southwest end of the BSA looking down the hill towards the east. This photo shows the site of the future gravel access road. 13 July 2017.

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Photo 3. View from the northwest end of the BSA looking southeast. This photo shows the disturbed area and will be the site of the double-wide access gate. 13 July 2017.



Photo 4. View facing northeast looking down the slope towards the disturbed area that will be the tower site. 13 July 2017.

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Photo 5: View from the west corner of the BSA facing north towards the blue oak woodland community at the edge of the AT&T lease area. 13 July 2017.



Photo 6: View from the northwest corner of the BSA facing north towards the blue oak woodland community outside of the lease area. 13 July 2017.

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