

#### EXCELLENCE IN EDUCATION FOR THE 21-L CENTURY

Dr. Ed Manansala, County Superintendent of Schools

May 29, 2019

El Dorado County Board of Supervisors 330 Fair Lane Placerville, CA 95667

RE: El Dorado County Promise Scholarship

Dear Members of the Board of Supervisors:

As the County Superintendent of Schools in El Dorado County, I am in strong support of the proposal to create the El Dorado County Promise Scholarship.

K-12 educators in our county are on the front lines of ensuring that the current generation of El Dorado County students will have every opportunity to succeed in their future lives and careers. Statistics show that students who earn a college degree or certificate will have much higher earnings during their lifetime; therefore, all students should have access to higher education so they may experience the possibility of economic mobility and future success. However, we also see firsthand that many students in our county cannot afford college, because the costs are too great. This includes students who attend community college, who have the same living expenses as any other college student, but with less access to certain types of financial aid.

That is why we are so delighted that El Dorado County students now have access to tuition-fee free education as first time, full time students at our county's community colleges through the local Promise Programs, including at Lake Tahoe Community College, Los Rios Community College District, and Sierra College. This removes one barrier to education—tuition fees.

There are more barriers to be removed, however. The neediest children of El Dorado County will benefit tremendously from the El Dorado Promise Scholarship, which will give them additional resources to cover costs such as textbooks, transportation and childcare that will allow them to afford to stay in school full-time and to reap the benefits of higher education. And not only will our students' lives be improved; our local economy will be strengthened as well by having additional college-educated workers who can be employed at businesses throughout the county.

am pleased to support this proposal and hope that you will allocate county resources towards this important scholarship effort.

Sincerely,

Mananst

Dr. Ed Manansala County Superintendent of Schools

Jeremy Meyers, Superintendent Board of Trustees Bill Drescher, President Darcy Knight, Vice President Ronnie Ebitson, Clerk Jeff Burch, Trustee Joe Scroggins, Trustee

#### **BLACK OAK MINE**

UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Committed to Educational Excellence

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I am pleased to support this proposal and hope that you will allocate county resources towards this important scholarship effort.

Sincerely, Jeremy Meyers Superintendent

Black Oak Mine Unified School District



#### EL DORADO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

"Staking a Claim in our Communities' Future"

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Sincerely,

Ron

Ron Carruth, Ed.D. Superintendent El Dorado Union High School District

## Los Rios Colleges

## 66

Thanks to the Promise Program, I am able to focus more on studying than having to worry about how I am going to pay for my tuition and books. I am very grateful for it, because without it I would not have been able to complete my transfer degree as fast as I did.

LOS RIOS PROMISE

Alina
 Folsom Lake College



## THE LOS RIOS PROMISE

All students in the Sacramento region deserve a quality college education

## What is the Los Rios Promise and who is qualified?

The Los Rios Promise guarantees two years at any Los Rios college will be tuition-fee free for all first time, full-time students. To qualify, students must:

- Enroll in college for the first time
- Take 12 or more units
- File a FAFSA or a California Dream Act application

#### The Los Rios Promise Scholarship

In addition to having their tuition fees waived, Los Rios Promise students with the largest unmet financial need will also receive a \$500 scholarship. The scholarship will help remove other financial barriers to success such as living expenses, books, transportation, and childcare, and make it possible for them to attend full-time.

#### Why does full-time enrollment matter?

A wealth of research has shown that students who go to community college full-time complete their requirements more quickly, which allows them to:







Maximize eligible o financial aid

Reduce overall time to degree completion

Quickly transfer to a four-year university



Join the workforce sooner

The Los Rios Promise program is modeled in part after the College Promise initiative, a nationwide effort to provide free community college education to students for at least one year.









#### Los Rios Colleges FOUNDATION



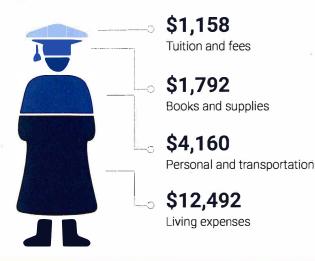


## **BREAKING IT DOWN** The real cost of community college

While community colleges have the lowest tuition fees in higher education, the total cost of college includes far more than tuition and fees. Textbooks, transportation, food, and housing all factor into the cost of higher education.

#### What community college costs for a low-income, independent student

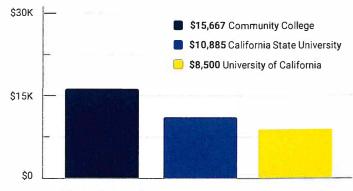
Typical student costs for one year of college:



#### The myth of affordability

Community colleges enroll nearly two-thirds of California's undergraduates, but community college students are eligible for fewer financial aid programs than students who attend college at a UC or CSU campus. In particular, only 5% of our students receive a Cal Grant, whereas almost 40% of UC's and 36% of CSU's undergraduate students receive a Cal Grant.

What is the true cost of one year of college when you factor in financial aid?



\*The Institute for College Access and Success, February 2017













# **STUDENT SNAPSHOT**

Who benefits from the Los Rios Promise?

The California community college system serves more students than any other higher education system in the state and at the lowest cost. However, California community college students still have some of the greatest need.

#### At Los Rios Community College District:



56% of our students are low-income



#### 32% live below the poverty line



26% are the first in their family to attend college

#### A March 2019 report on a survey of nearly 40,000 California community college students shows that:



#### 50%

of respondents were food insecure in the prior 30 days



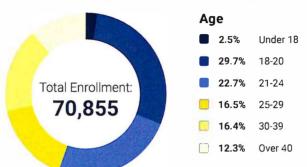
#### 60%

were housing insecure in the previous year

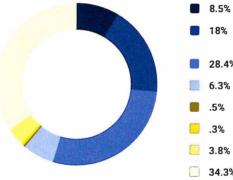


19% of respondents were homeless in the previous year

#### Student demographics - Fall 2018



#### **Race/ethnicity**



	8.5%	African American
	18%	Asian, Filipino, Pacific Islander
	28.4%	Hispanic/Latino
1	6.3%	Multi-Race
	.5%	Native American
)	.3%	Other non-white
1	3.8%	Unknown
ļ	34.3%	White

#### Special populations\*

3.445 **Disabled Students** 

729 Military (Active duty, active reserve, national quard)

251 Foster Youth

\*Self reported

Incarcerated

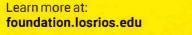
















420

Currently

### LRCCD Enrollment by El Dorado County High Schools: Fall 2019 First Census Data by all first time students taking 12 units or more

High School District	High School	Total Students	Promise Grant	Los Rios Promise
Black Oak Mine Unified	Golden Sierra High	6	4	2
El Dorado County Office of Education	Charter Community and Extended	6	3	3
El Dorado Union High	El Dorado High	55	34	14
El Dorado Union High	Independence Continuation (Diamond Springs / El Dorado Area)	1	1	C
El Dorado Union High	Oak Ridge High	129	36	65
El Dorado Union High	Ponderosa High	93	29	46
El Dorado Union High	Shenandoah High	3	1	2
El Dorado Union High	Union Mine High School	67	34	24
	Total El Dorado Union	348	135	151
Lake Tahoe Unified	Other California High School	2	1	C
Total LRCCD Unduplicated Students			143	156

Notes:

Based on total unduplicated students counts district-wide at Fall 2019 First Census

Where students are first time, taking 12 or more units and self reported they attended an El Dorado County High School

Based on Promise Grant or Los Rios Promise anywhere in the district.

Source: LRCCD First Census Research Database

# Lehi Jujitsu T. Kayas Open Forum Bas III 1919

Search this site



Home

Pricing About Us Student Manual **Rank Requirements** Youth Adult Written Exams Answer Keys Reviews [Untitled] [Untitled] **Newsletter Articles** Blue Belts vs. Black Belts **Belt Ranking System** Dojo Esoteric Principles Francis Merlin "Bud" Estes Fujin Goshin No Maki Henry Seishiro Okazaki Jujitsu in Daily Life Mokusu (Meditation) Nonviolence Mentality Okazaki's Personal History Origins of Jujitsu (Jiu Jitsu) Professors of DZR **Pronunciation Guide** Ray Law **Richard Rickerts** Shu Ha Ri Slow is Smooth, Smooth is Fast Wellness and Fitness Women's Self Defense Forms and References How to Join Contact Us What's on Sensei's mind? **DZR** Timeline

Newsletter Articles > Francis Merlin "Bud" Estes



Professor Francis Merlin "Bud" Estes AJJF Co-founder

Cofounder of the American Judo and Jujitsu Federation (AJJF)

Born on October 1, 1909 in Jackson Hole, Wyoming, Bud Estes was the oldest of four siblings. His parents, James and Olive, were migrant workers and most of the children dropped out of school at around age 15 to help support the family.

At the age of 16, while out hunting with his brother Ivan, a drunk man accused Bud of backing into him. An argument ensued, and Bud received a shotgun blast to the right forearm, head, and shoulder. The injury was severe and took out much of the muscle and bone in his wrist and forearm. Bud spent many months in the hospital recovering.

Bud's family moved to Los Angeles, where he earned a Black Belt in Judo. Bud entered the Salvation Army College in San Francisco, studied to be an officer, and was assigned as a Captain to a group in Honolulu, Hawaii.

While walking down the streets of Honolulu one evening, Bud observed several young thugs attacking what seemed to be an old Japanese gentleman. Believing in his skills and thinking he should equalize the situation, he took on one of the thugs, but he found the rest were taken down easily by the old man. Upon witnessing the quick and easy manner this man introduced a "new discipline" to his attackers, young Bud laid aside his black belt and entered the school where the Japanese American gentleman taught, the Kodenkan, located in Honolulu, Hawaii.

Bud later moved to Chico, California, in 1939 and started the Chico Judo and Jujitsu Academy. He and his wife Lucille (Lukie) lived on the Esplanade in Chico. His wife also taught Jujitsu in Chico. They also taught seminars across the country.

Professor Bud Estes received his Judan (Tenth Degree Black Belt) in 1971. Bud Estes passed away on June 7, 1981.

Co-founder of the AJJF, Professor Bud Estes dedicated over 50 years to the propagation of DanZan Ryu / Kodenkan Jujitsu and is fondly remembered by his family, friends and students as a kind man and a skilled teacher.

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Lehi Jujitsu

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Home Newsletter Articles > Pricing Ray Law About Us Student Manual **Rank Requirements** Youth Adult Written Exams Answer Keys Reviews (Untitled) Newsletter Articles Blue Belts vs. Black Belts Belt Ranking System Dojo **Esoteric Principles** Francis Merlin "Bud" Estes Fujin Goshin No Maki Henry Seishiro Okazaki Juiitsu in Daily Life Mokusu (Meditation) Nonviolence Mentality Okazaki's Personal History Origins of Jujitsu (Jiu Jitsu) Professors of DZR **Pronunciation Guide** Ray Law **Richard Rickerts** Shu Ha Ri Slow is Smooth, Smooth is Fast Wellness and Fitness Women's Self Defense Forms and References How to Join Contact Us What's on Sensei's mind? **DZR Timeline** 



Professor Ray Law AJJF Co-founder

Professor Ray Law was born in 1899 in Roundup, a town in Silver Bow County, Montana. After a varied youth and adolescence, he conceived of a promotional idea in health education, the "Health Clown," and toured under the sponsorship of various health organizations, including the Utah Public Health Association and National Tuberculosis Association.

On July 2, 1923, he married Marie Bounita Law and moved to Northern California. In 1938, Professor Law traveled to Hawaii as part of a public relations effort to make the Islands popular, and there met his neighbor, Henry Okazaki. He studied under Professor Okazaki and returned to the Mainland with his Black Belt and a burning desire to share what he had learned. He settled in Oakland and established the first full-time Danzan Ryu jujitsu school in the United States.

In 24 years, Prof. Law taught over 14,000 students and 116 Black Belts. Among those recipients were (Prof.) Norm C. Nelson; (Prof.) Johnny Congistre; (Prof.) Rory Rebmann; (Prof.) Bill Randle; (Prof.) Bill Morris; (Prof.) Bert Aspinall; (Prof.) Jim Birmingham; (Prof.) Betty Maillette; (Prof.) Don Cross—so many more who went forward to teach and spread the message of Master Okazaki.

Always an organizer, Professor Law became a founding member and past president of the Northern California Judo Federation and its successor, the American Judo and Jujitsu Federation. He created programs for schools, colleges and police agencies.

Professor Law's decades of service did not go unrecognized. As a founder of the American Judo and Jujitsu Federation, he was accorded the rank of 10<sup>th</sup> Degree Black Belt, a rank which had been recognized by the International Judo and Jujitsu League. He served in the capacity of Continental President of the International World Judo Federation, and was a distinguished

member of the International Technical Committee, Danish Sports Judo Federation and the Austrian J.U.V.O. he was inspirational in the creation of both the Southern California Jujitsu Association and Shoshin Ryu Yudanshakai.

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Ноте	
Pricing	DZR T
About Us	
Student Manual	Danzar
Rank Requirements	Dalizai
Youth	1890
Adult	
Written Exams	Seishi
Answer Keys	1898
Reviews	<ul> <li>Hawai</li> </ul>
[Untilled]	1899
[Untitled]	Rayme
[Unlitled]	1906
Newsletter Articles	<ul> <li>Richar</li> </ul>
Blue Belts vs. Black Belts	<ul> <li>Seishi</li> </ul>
Belt Ranking System	1909
Dojo	<ul> <li>Seishir</li> </ul>
Esoteric Principles	<ul> <li>Seishir</li> </ul>
Francis Merlin "Bud" Estes	<ul> <li>Merlin</li> </ul>
Fujin Goshin No Maki	1910
Henry Seishiro Okazaki	<ul> <li>Seishir</li> </ul>
Jujitsu in Daily Life	1912
Mokusu (Meditation)	<ul> <li>John (</li> </ul>
Nonviolence Mentality	1917
Okazaki's Personal History	<ul> <li>Seishi</li> </ul>
Origins of Jujitsu (Jiu Jitsu) Professors of DZR	<ul> <li>Wally</li> </ul>
Pronunciation Guide	1922
Ray Law	<ul> <li>Seishi</li> </ul>
Richard Rickerts	Hachir
Shu Ha Ri	<ul> <li>Seishi</li> </ul>
Slow is Smooth, Smooth is	• Seisiii 1924
Fast	<ul> <li>Seishi</li> </ul>
Wellness and Fitness	<ul> <li>Seisni will later</li> </ul>
Women's Self Defense	1925
Forms and References	• Seishir
How to Join	
Contact Us	Seishir
What's on Sensei's mind?	1927
DZR Timeline	<ul> <li>Seishir</li> <li>1929</li> </ul>
	Profess
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#### imeline

#### n Ryu Jujitsu Historical Timeline

- ro Okazaki is born in Japan.
- ii is annexed as a territory of the United States.
- ond Law is born in Montana.
- rd Rickerts is born in California.
- ro Okazaki arrives in Hawaii.
- o Okazaki moves from Honolulu to Hilo.
- o Okazaki is diagnosed with tuberculosis.
- "Bud" Estes is born in Wyoming.
- o Okazaki begins his study of Judo at the age of 19.
- Cahill is born in Hawaii.
- ro Okazaki studies the Hawaiian fighting arts of Lua.
- Jay, founder of Small Circle Jujitsu, is born in Hawaii.
- ro Okazaki is promoted to Shodan.
- ro Okazaki, son of Seishiro Okazaki, is born in Hawaii.
- ro Okazaki fights and defeats western boxing champion, Carl "Kayo" Morris.
- ro Okazaki travels to Japan to visit various Jujitsu dojos and collects techniques that be included in his system.
- ro Okazaki receives the Judo rank of Sandan from the Kodokan.
- o Okazaki returns to Hawaii.
- ro Okazaki is listed in the Maui directory as Professor Henry Seishiro Okazaki.
- sor Okazaki publishes his book, The Science of Self Defense for Girls and Women.
- sor Okazaki opens the Nikko Sanitorium of Restoration Massage in Honolulu.
- 1931
- Professor Okazaki opens the Kodenkan dojo at his residence.
- The first Kodenkan class consisted five people, including his son, Hachiro
- 1939
- · Professor Okazaki begins teaching Shinyo no Maki.
- Tom Ball is born in California.

1948

• Professor Okazaki suffers a stroke that leaves him partially paralyzed.

• The first organization of Danzan Ryu schools on the U.S. mainland was named Northern California Judo & Jujitsu Association. This organization later becomes the American Judo & Jujitsu Federation.

• The *American Judo & Jujitsu Federation* is founded by Richard Rickerts, Ray Law, Bud Estes and John Cahill.

1950

• Professor Okazaki suffers a stroke.

1951

• Professor Okazaki suffers a massive stroke.

• Professor Okazaki passes away in Honolulu.

1953

• Dennis Estes is born in Washington.

1956

• The American Judo & Jujitsu Federation is incorporated as a California non-profit corporation.

1959

• Hawaii becomes the 50th state.

1961

• Professor John Cahill passes away in California.

1964

• First edition of the AJJF kata manual is published.

1967

• Tom Ball is awarded the title of DZR Professor at 27 years of age.

• Duane Sheely is born in California.

1969

• Professor Ray Law passes away in California.

1977

• The first annual AJJF Black Belt weekend is held in California. 1981

Professor Bud Estes passes away in New York.

1983

• Duane Sheely begins study of Jujitsu at the Bushido Jutsu Kan. 1990

• Professor Richard Rickerts passes away in California.

1996

• AJJF revises its kata manual.

2000

• Dennis Estes is awarded the title of DZR Professor

2009

• Lamar Fisher passes away in California.

2010

• Hachiro Okazaki passes away in Honolulu.

• Sensei Duane Sheely opens Lehi Jujitsu / Yama No Onse Kan in Utah.

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T. White Open Ferlum BUS VIIIIE



November 19<sup>th</sup>, 2019

EDC Board of Supervisors 330 Fair Lane Placerville, CA 95667

Re: Continued Support for EDC Charter & Section 504

Dear County Supervisor,

Thank you for all the work you give to your respective communities within our beautiful county.

As 2020 quickly approaches, the El Dorado County Republican Party would like to reiterate our continued support for the El Dorado County Charter in its entirety. We believe that the County Charter gives the people autonomy and rights that can't be easily tampered with by bureaucrats at the local and state levels.

There has been discussion within the community by some members of your Board, county government employees, and community members about revising sections of the County Charter, including Section 504. This section sets the parameters by which members of our local law enforcement are paid. We believe Section 504 has kept the pay of our local law enforcement stable and appropriate. Most importantly it has restricted the access of bureaucrats to come up with a compensation plan that may leave less money in the paychecks of our local law enforcement officers.

The death of Deputy Brian Ishmael is an unfortunate and stark reminder of why our community's law enforcement officers need to be appropriately paid. Law enforcement is a vital county function and these brave men and women take on a monumental amount of risk, compared to other county government employees.

The people of El Dorado County voted section 504 in and any changes to it should be done at the voter's discretion.

Sincerely,

Todd White Chairman, EDC Republican Party P.O. Box 1656 Shingle Springs, CA 95682 (530) 417-0807 toddwhite2006@hotmail.com