Sec. 130.30.090 - Gates.

The placement of gates across county-maintained rights-of-way shall be prohibited. The following regulations establish a supplemental review and approval procedure for placing gates across non-county maintained roads or private driveways entering residential and nonresidential development. The regulations in this section do not apply to gates serving agricultural uses.

- A. Single- and Multi-unit Residential Development. Single- and multi-unit residential dwellings located on one lot are allowed to construct gates across driveways providing the gates are located a minimum of 20 feet from the edge of pavement, will not swing into a county right-of-way or non-county maintained road or alley, are constructed consistent with applicable fire and building codes, and are in compliance with Subsections D.2 to D.5 (Design Standards for Gated Developments), inclusive, and D.9 ("Anti-directional" devices...) below in this Section.
- B. Nonresidential Development. An Administrative Permit is required, in compliance with Section 130.52.010 (Administrative Permit, Relief, or Waiver) in Article 5 (Planning Permit Processing) of this Title, to establish gates at nonresidential driveway entrances that will prohibit free access/egress to and from the site by either remaining closed during business hours, such as with manned or automatic toll booths, or when being used to prevent public access after close of business. In addition to requirements under Section 130.52.010 (Administrative Permit, Relief, or Waiver), the permit shall be in compliance with Subsections D.1 to D.5 (Design Standards for Gates Developments), inclusive, and D.9 ("Anti-directional" devices at gated entrances...) below in this Section.
- C. Residential Subdivisions. An Administrative Permit shall be required to establish gates across non-county maintained road(s) within a residential subdivision consisting of two or more lots, including condominium developments. An Administrative Permit to establish gates shall not be approved unless the Director finds all of the following:
 - The gate will not impede public access to a public resource, such as a public park, or interfere with existing or planned traffic circulation patterns; and
 - 2. The project conforms to the standards of Subsection D (Design Standards for Gates Developments) below in this Section.
- D. Design Standards for Gated Developments. The following standards shall be required in the design of gated developments. Deviation from these standards shall require a Conditional Use Permit in compliance with <u>Section 130.52.021</u> (Conditional Use Permits) in <u>Article 5</u> (Planning Permit Processing) of this Title, except where conditions are included in a development plan permit or other project conditions.
 - 1. All Administrative Permits shall be subject to review by the Department of Transportation and the local fire district.
 - Design and location of gates shall be consistent with <u>Title 12</u> (Streets, Sidewalks, and Public Places) of the County Code of Ordinances.
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- 3. Road widths and gate openings shall conform to the minimum requirements of Title 14 Fire Safe Regulations.
- 4. At least one lane in each direction shall provide a minimum of 14 feet of unobstructed vertical clearance.
- 5. Gates shall be equipped with an emergency access lock system (approved by the fire department) that shall consist of a padlock in series on manual gates or a key switch on automatic gates. Automatic gates shall also be equipped with a receiver to allow remote activation by emergency vehicles to the satisfaction of the Sheriff's Department and the applicable fire department. Automatic gates shall be equipped with a mechanical release and a loop system to keep the gate open as long as traffic is passing through, and shall be designed to remain in the unlocked position during a power failure.
- 6. Gated entrances shall be designed in compliance with the Design and Improvement Standards Manual (DISM)/Land Development Manual (LDM), or successor document as to approach distance between the gate and the road in order to accommodate vehicular stacking, and between the gated entrance and the gate controller to allow vehicles to turn around within the driveway without backing onto the adjacent road.
- 7. Where entrance gates will create a dead-end road in excess of 150 feet in length, an area shall be provided along said road to allow fire trucks and equipment to turn around. The gradient of the road shall be level enough to allow for safe parking of the emergency vehicle when it is necessary to exit the vehicle for manual gate activation.
- 8. One pedestrian access shall be provided at each gated entrance to a residential or non-residential development. This requirement does not apply to a gate to a single family residence.
- 9. "Anti-directional" devices at gated entrances and exits, such as metal spikes that can cause tire damage, are prohibited.
- 10. Unless already provided for in the recorded Covenants, Conditions & Restrictions (CC&Rs) for the property or subdivision, a maintenance agreement shall be established and recorded for the gated development. The agreement shall identify, and at all times keep in effect, a legal entity responsible for maintaining the gates and associated features.